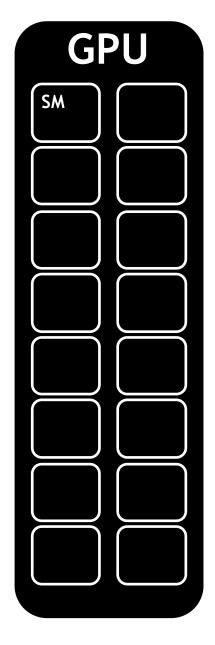
Streaming Multiprocessors

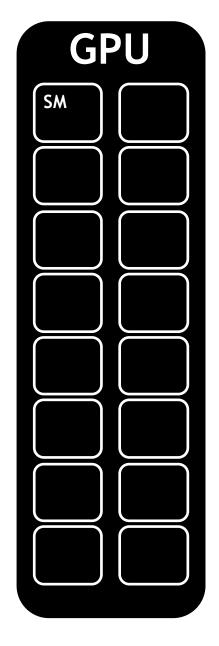


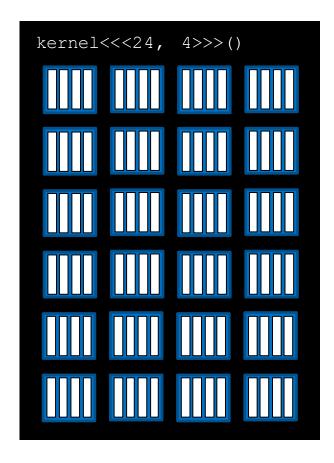
NVIDIA GPUs contain functional units called Streaming Multiprocessors, or SMs

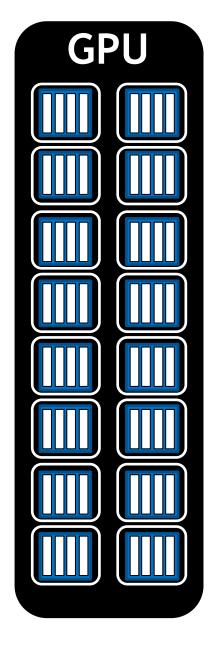


NVIDIA GPUs contain functional units called Streaming Multiprocessors, or SMs

Blocks of threads are scheduled to run on SMs

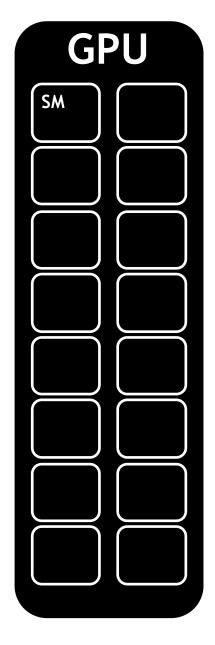


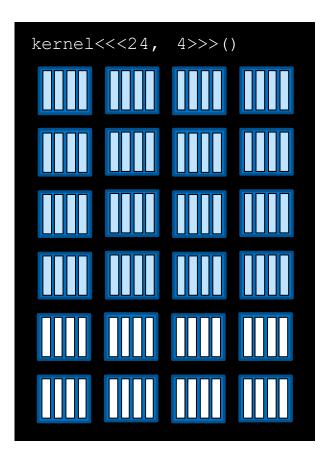




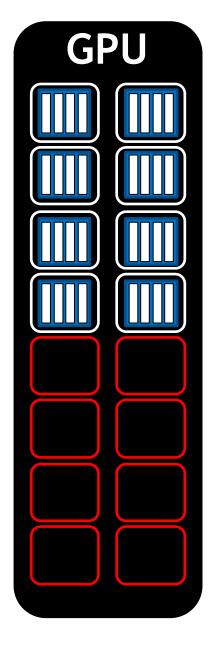
kernel << 24, 4>>> ()

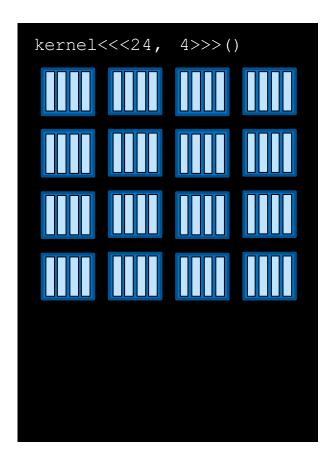
Depending on the number of SMs on a GPU, and the requirements of a block, more than one block can be scheduled on an SM



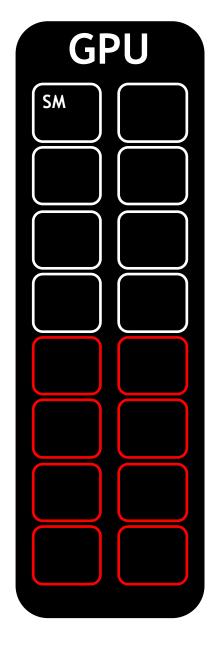


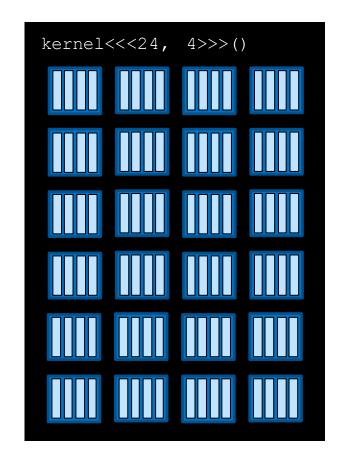
Depending on the number of SMs on a GPU, and the requirements of a block, more than one block can be scheduled on an SM





Grid dimensions divisible by the number of SMs on a GPU can promote full SM utilization





Unified Memory Behavior

resident initially on the CPU or the GPU **GPU** cudaMallocManaged() Time

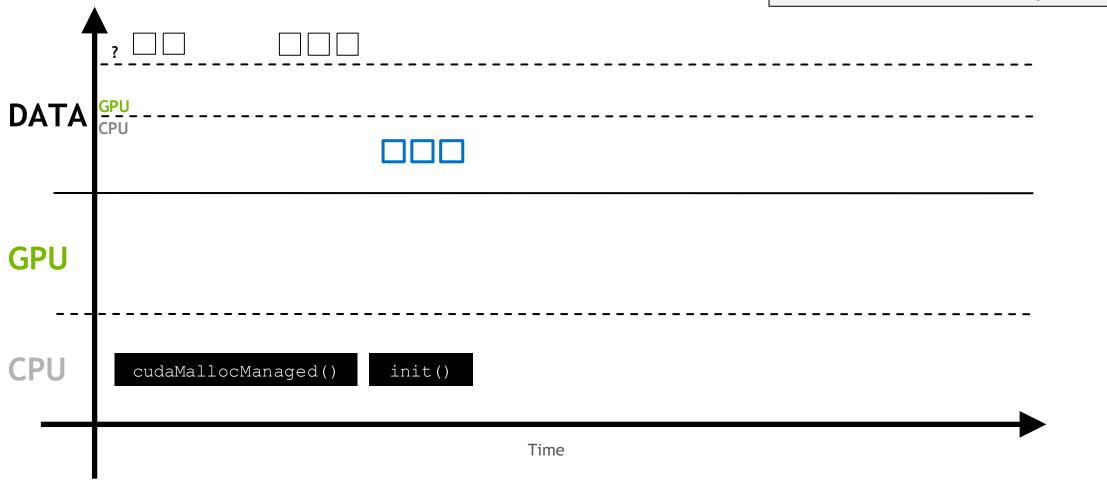


When \mathbf{UM} is allocated, it may not be

for the first time, a page fault will occur **GPU** cudaMallocManaged() init() Time

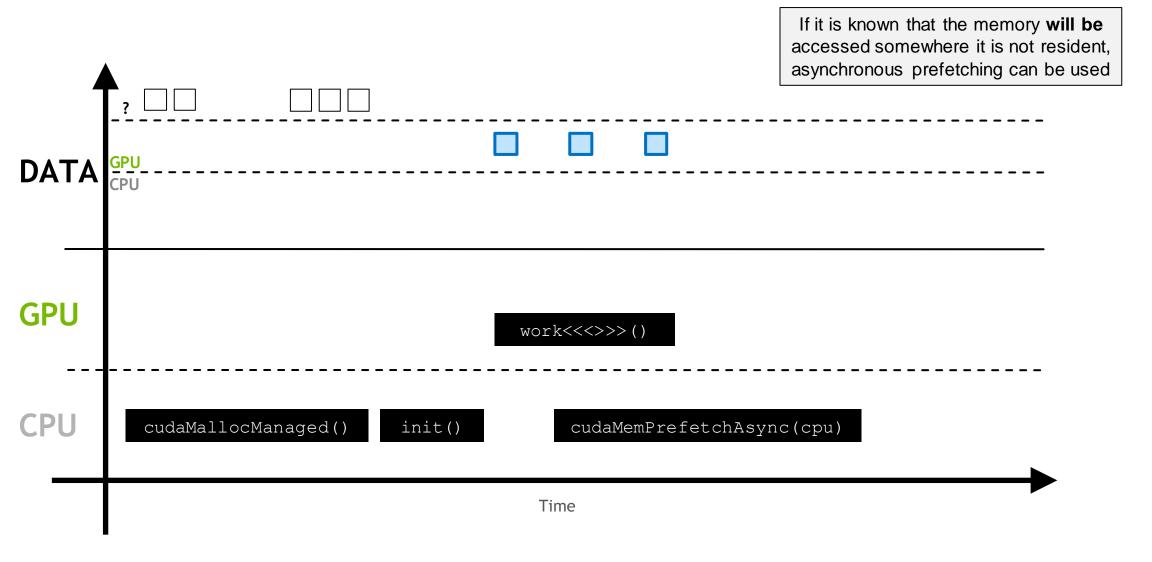
When some work asks for the memory

The page fault will trigger the migration of the demanded memory



This process repeats anytime the memory is requested somewhere in the system where it is not resident **GPU** work<<<>>> () cudaMallocManaged() init() Time

This process repeats anytime the memory is requested somewhere in the system where it is not resident **GPU** work<<<>>> () cudaMallocManaged() init() Time



This moves the memory in larger batches, and prevents page faulting

