

# RSA® Conference 2019 Asia Pacific & Japan

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BETTER.

SESSION ID: GPS-R03

## Countering Attacks From The Digital Horde

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#RSAC

WHOAMI







hackers must

hackers must **have tools**

hackers must **know**

hackers must **read books**

hackers must **die** ←

hackers must **have apps**

hackers must **be stopped** ←

**why** hackers must **eject the sjws**

**ethical** hackers must **obtain**

**all** hackers must **die** ←

**movies** that hackers must **watch**

*Report inappropriate predictions*

duo





duo

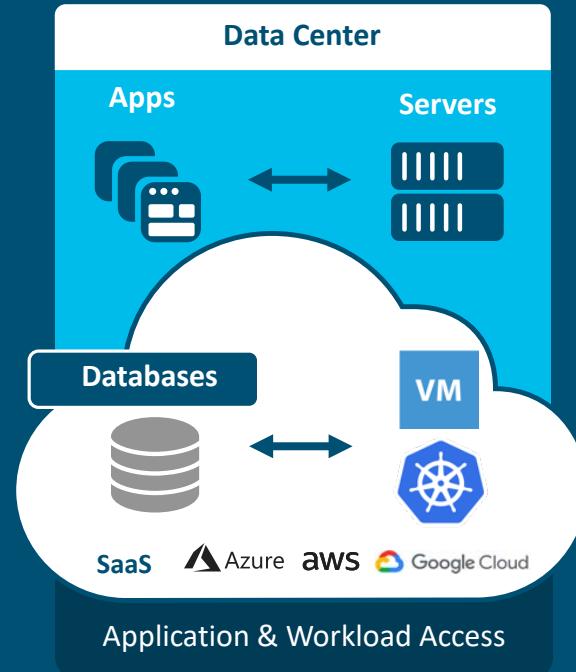
# Securing the Enterprise

Access happens everywhere – how do you get visibility & ensure secure, trusted access?

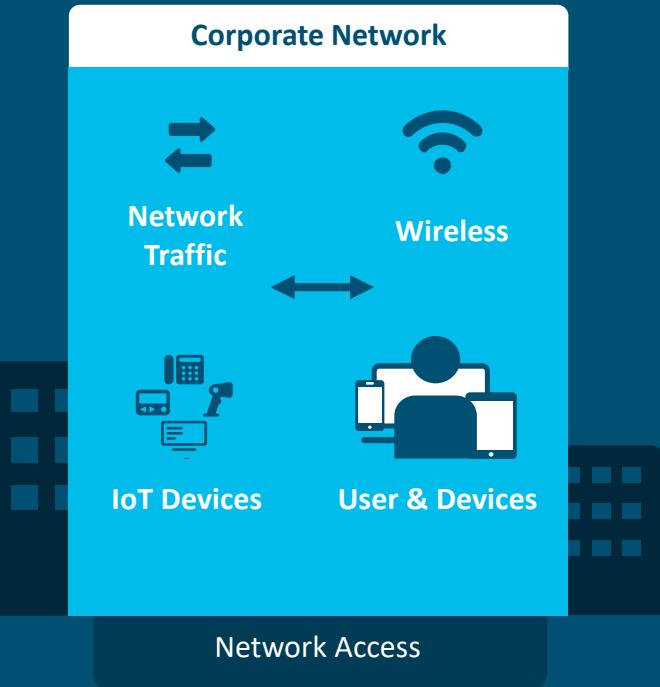
## Workforce



## Workload



## Workplace



# Know Thyself...



# Educational Programs



# Audit All The Things!

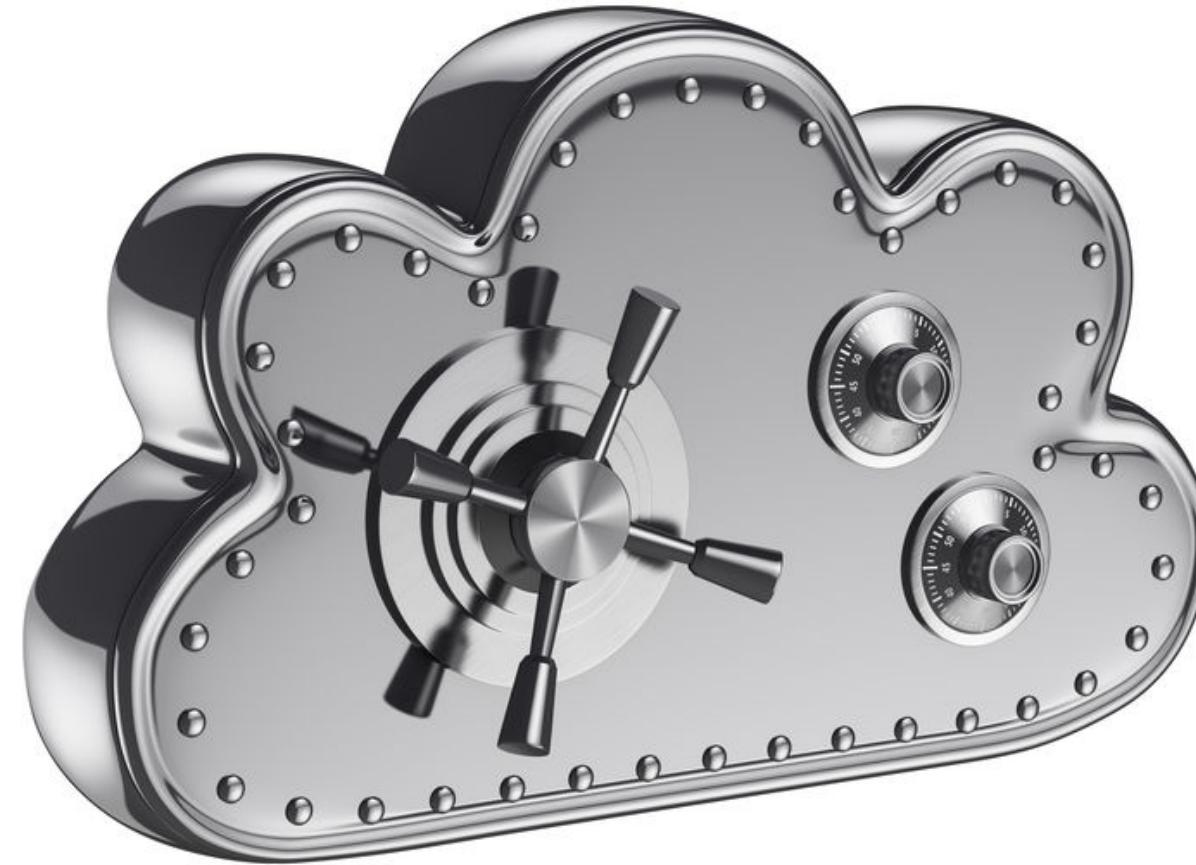
- Testing your breach incident response plan
  - Risks and benefits of information sharing
  - Often Compliance is the adult in the room



# The Risk Register



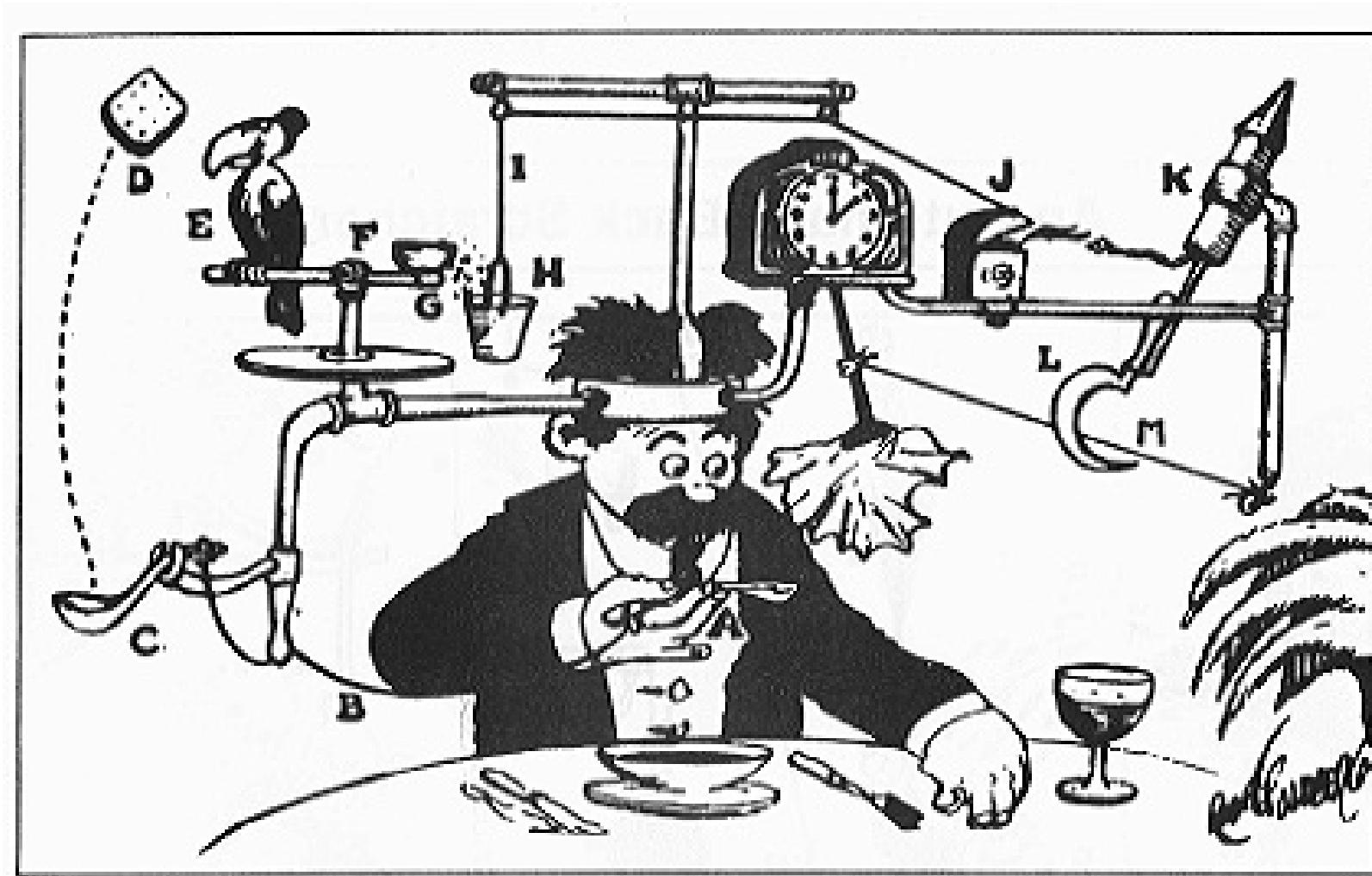
# Encrypt Your Data



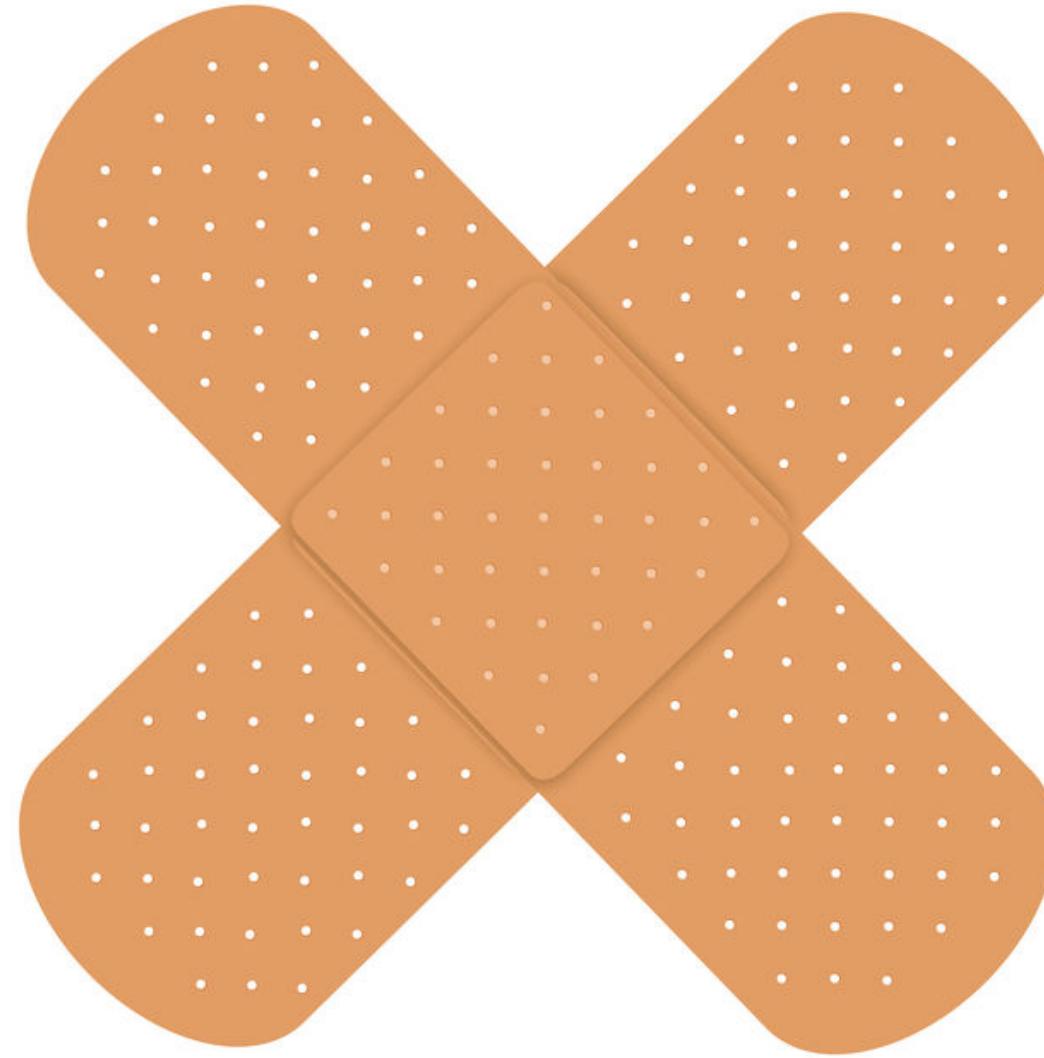
# Backup, Backup, Backup...and Test Them



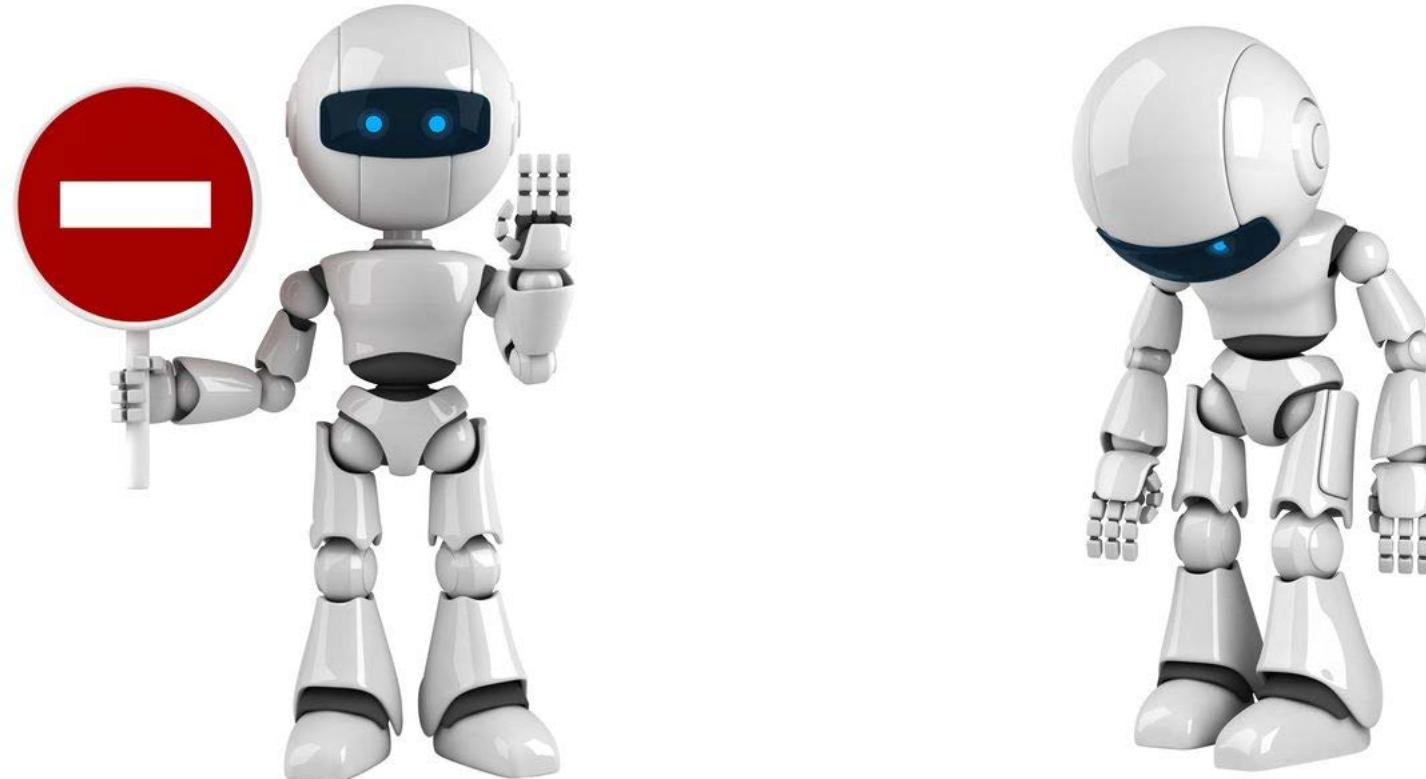
# Defined Repeatable Process



# Patch Management

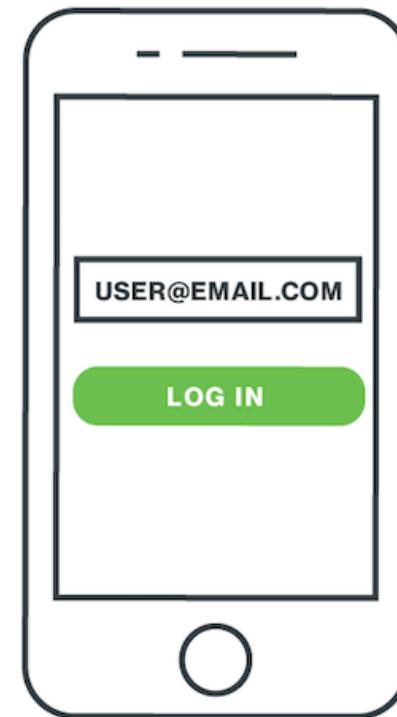


# Time To Say Goodbye To Passwords

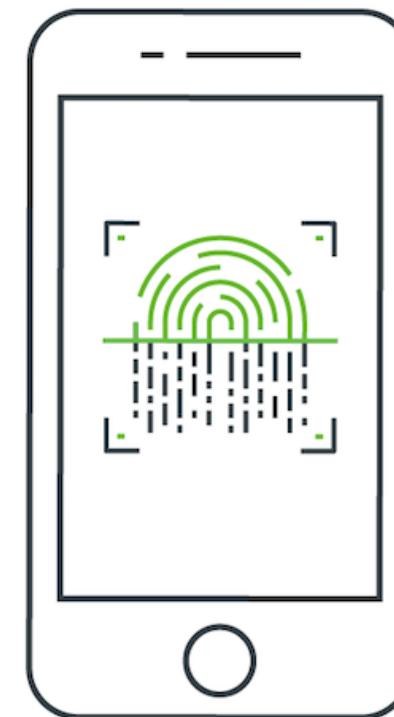


# Multifactor Authentication

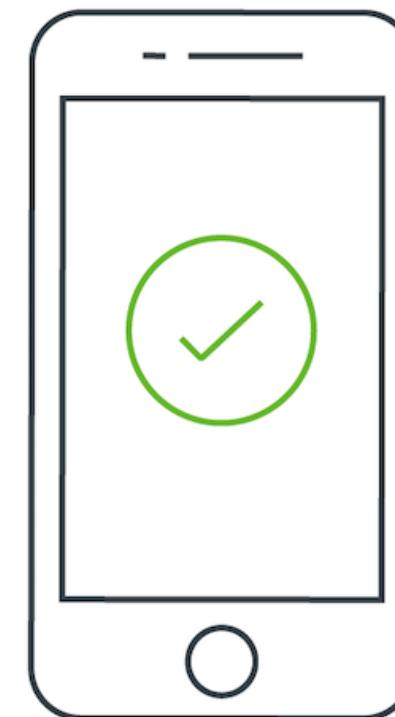
1. LOG IN WITH SMARTPHONE



2. LOCAL DEVICE AUTHENTICATION



3. COMPLETE

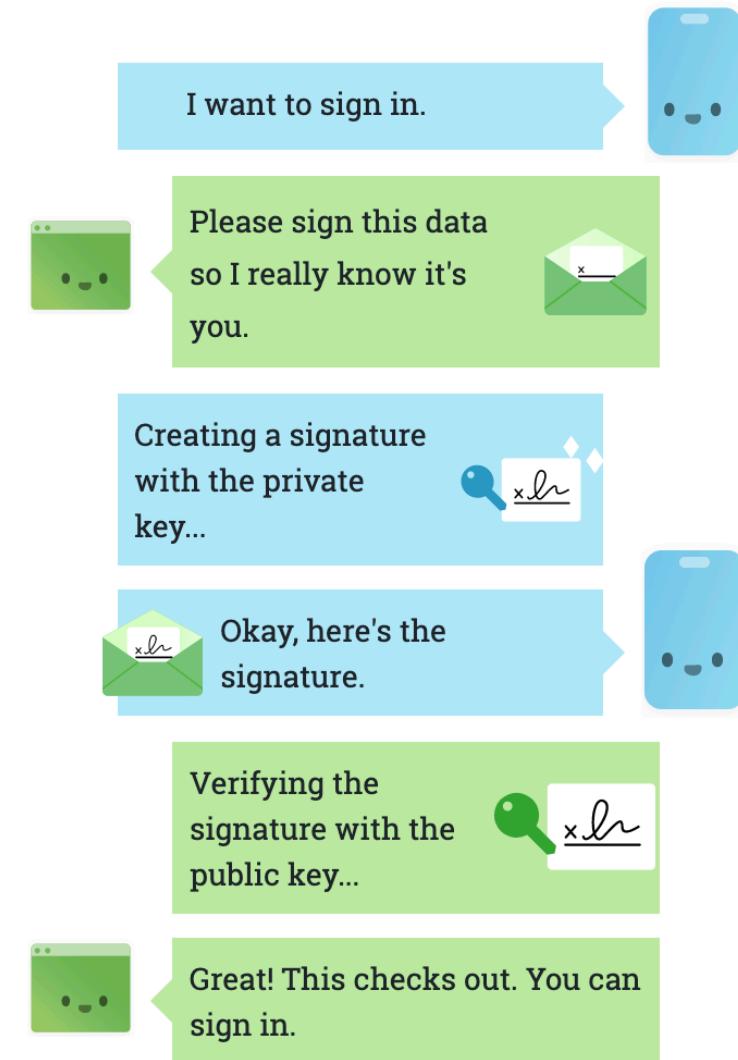


# WebAuthn



# Authenticating with a WebAuthn Credential

After registration has finished, the user can now be authenticated. During authentication an *assertion* is created, which is proof that the user has possession of the private key. This assertion contains a *signature* created using the private key. The server uses the public key retrieved during registration to verify this signature.



Verification will look different depending on the language and cryptography library used on the server. However, the general procedure remains the same.

```
const storedCredential = await getCredentialFromDatabase(  
    userHandle, credentialId);  
  
const signedData = (  
    authenticatorDataBytes +  
    hashedClientDataJSON);  
  
const signatureIsValid = storedCredential.publicKey.verify(  
    signature, signedData);  
  
if (signatureIsValid) {  
    return "Hooray! User is authenticated! 🎉";  
} else {  
    return "Verification failed. 😢"  
}
```

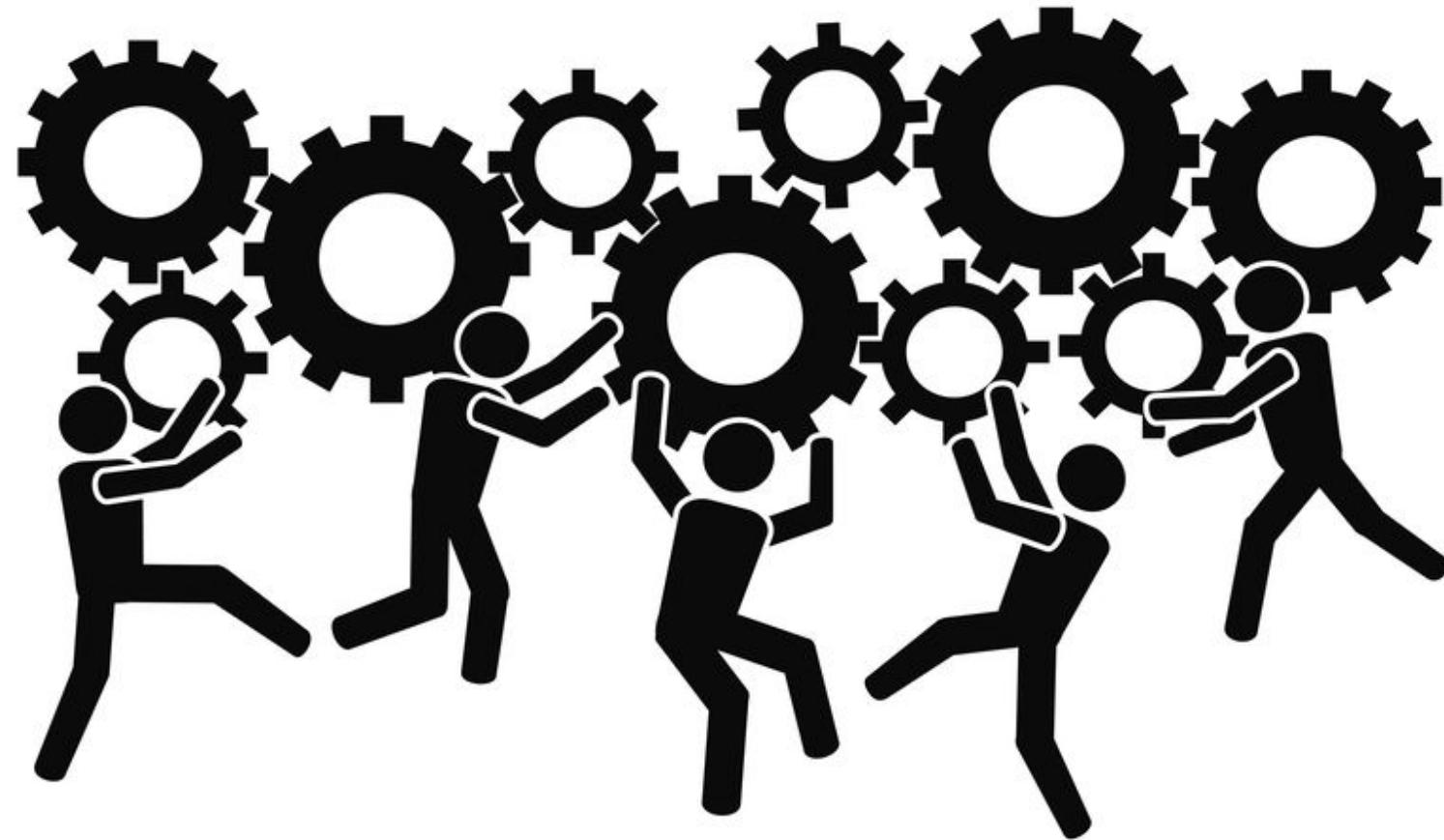
# WebAuthn.io

A demo of the WebAuthn specification



- Do you really need that data?
- Is that data encrypted?
- Is the data safely controlled?
- Roll out a retention policy.

# Cross Organizational Teams



# Protect The Workforce



# Protect The Workload



# Protect The Workplace



# Threats Today, As a Result

A new approach to security is needed – zero trust – to address identity, app & network threats.



## Targeting Identity

81% of breaches involved compromised credentials



## Targeting Apps

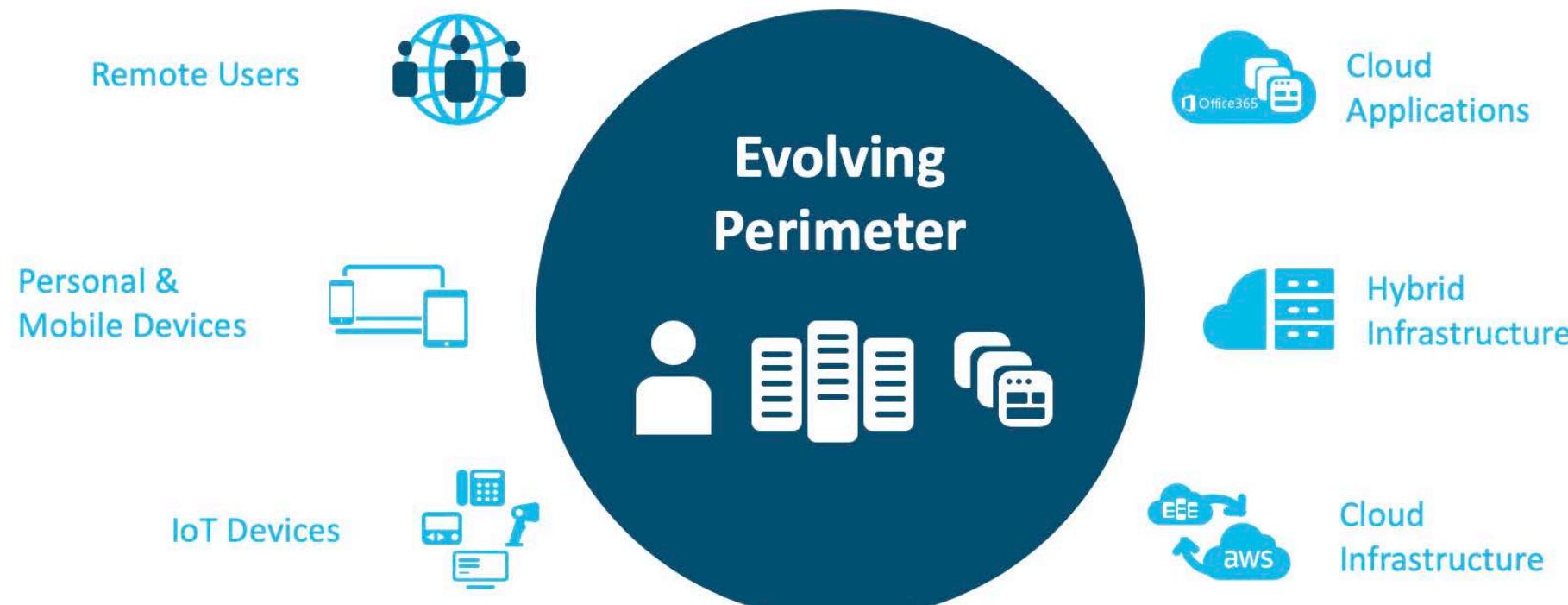
54% of web app vulnerabilities have a public exploit available



## Targeting Network

92% of external pentests led to a breach of network perimeters

# We Must Adapt



# Business Challenges

Increased complexity, attack surface & gaps in visibility

How do we know  
users are who they  
say they are?



Are their devices  
secure & up to date?



What's on the network?  
How does it connect?



## Excessive Trust



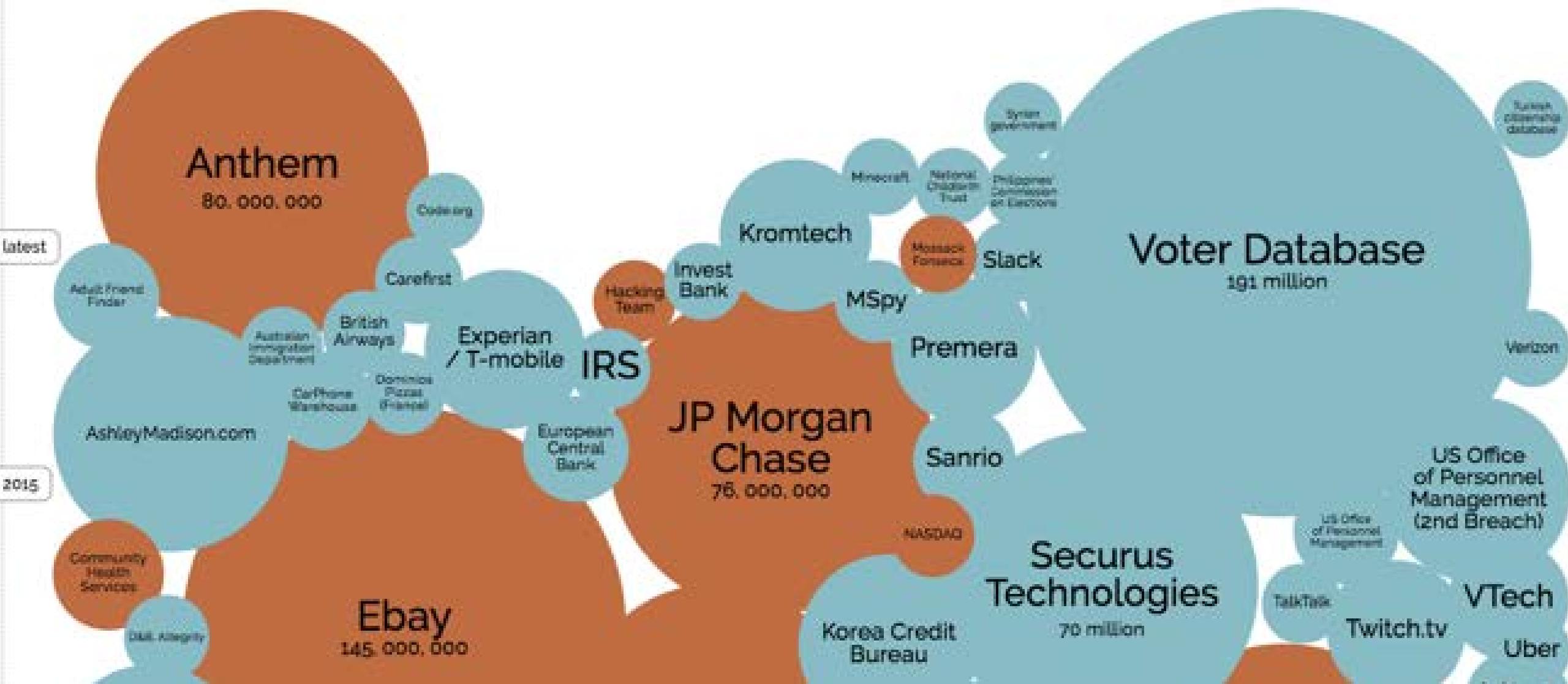
What data's in the cloud?  
Who/what accesses it?

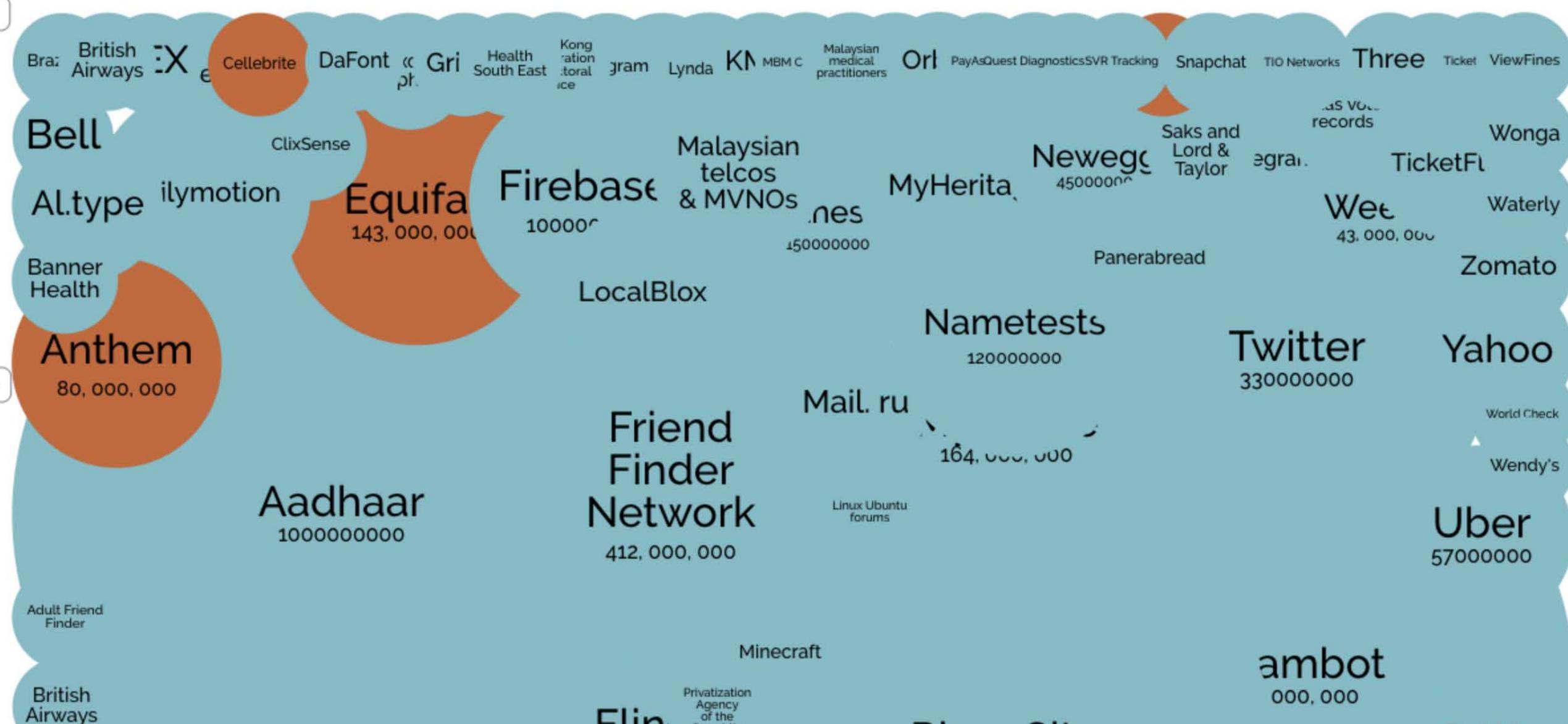


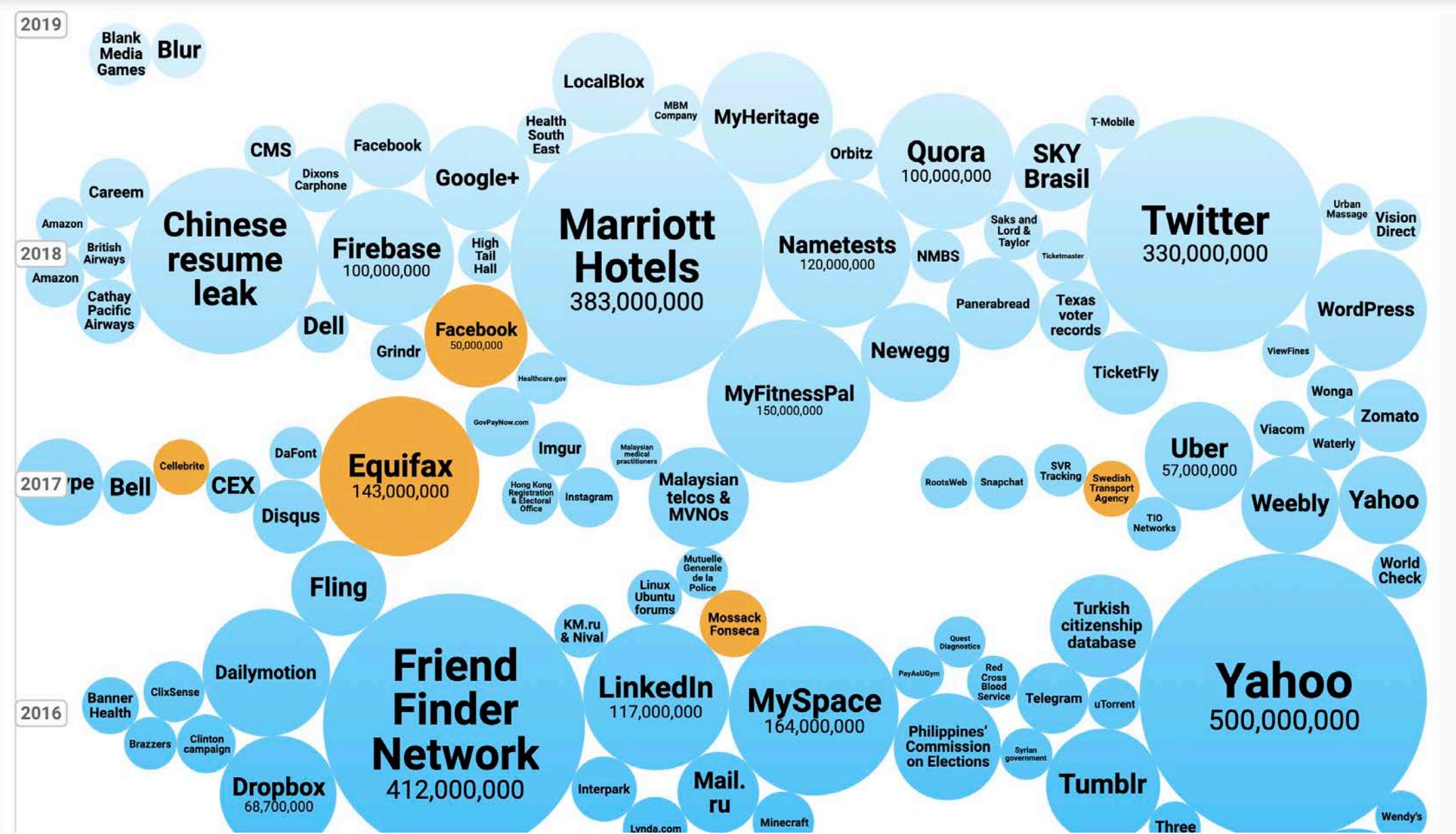
How can we view &  
secure all connections?



What exists in the cloud?  
How does it connect?



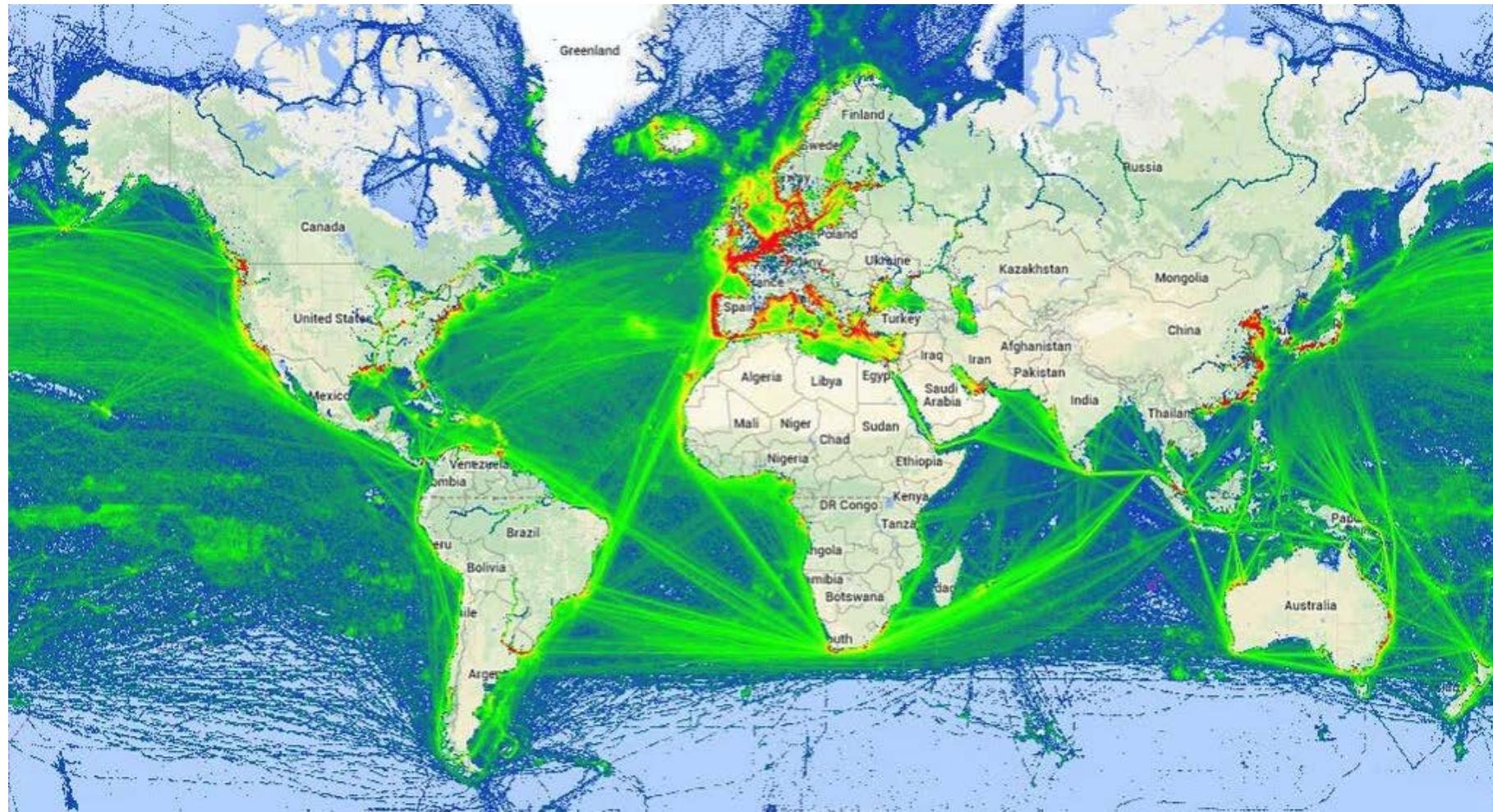




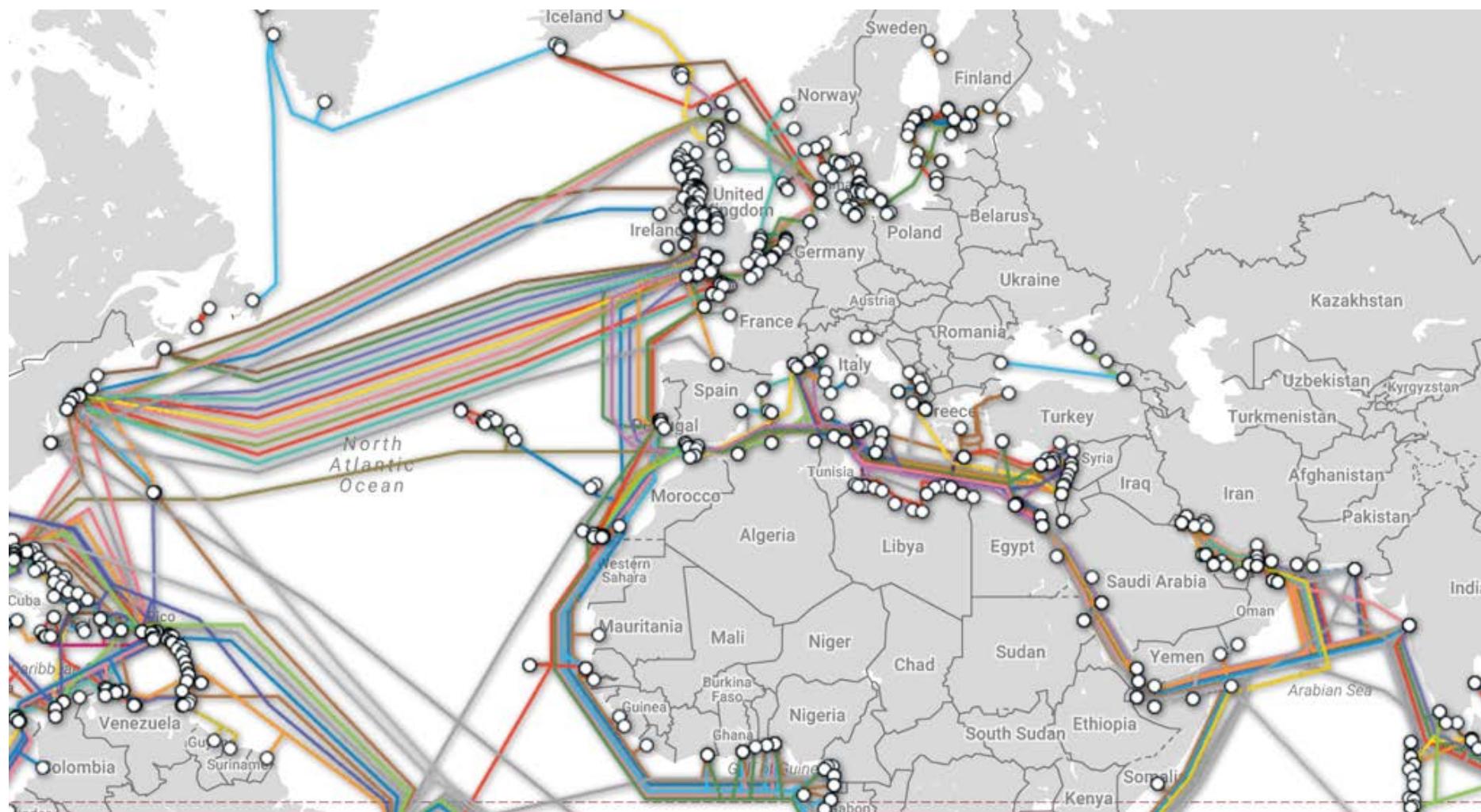
# Businesses Must Understand Their Supply Chain



# Supply Chain



# Submarine Cable Map



# Heist

## In Hours, Thieves Took \$45 Million in A.T.M. Scheme

By MARC SANTORA

Published: May 9, 2013

It was a brazen bank heist, but a 21st-century version in which the criminals never wore ski masks, threatened a teller or set foot in a vault.

[Enlarge This Image](#)



United States attorney's office, Eastern District of New York

Elvis Rafael Rodriguez, left, and Emir Yasser Yeje, two of those charged in Brooklyn on Thursday, posed in March with approximately \$40,000 in cash that the authorities say they were laundering.

In two precision operations that involved people in more than two dozen countries acting in close coordination and with surgical precision, thieves stole \$45 million from thousands of A.T.M.'s in a matter of hours.

In New York City alone, the thieves responsible for A.T.M. withdrawals struck 2,904 machines over 10 hours starting on Feb. 19, withdrawing \$2.4 million.

The operation included sophisticated computer experts operating in the shadowy world of Internet hacking, manipulating financial information with the stroke of a few keys, as well as common street criminals, who used that information to loot the automated teller machines.

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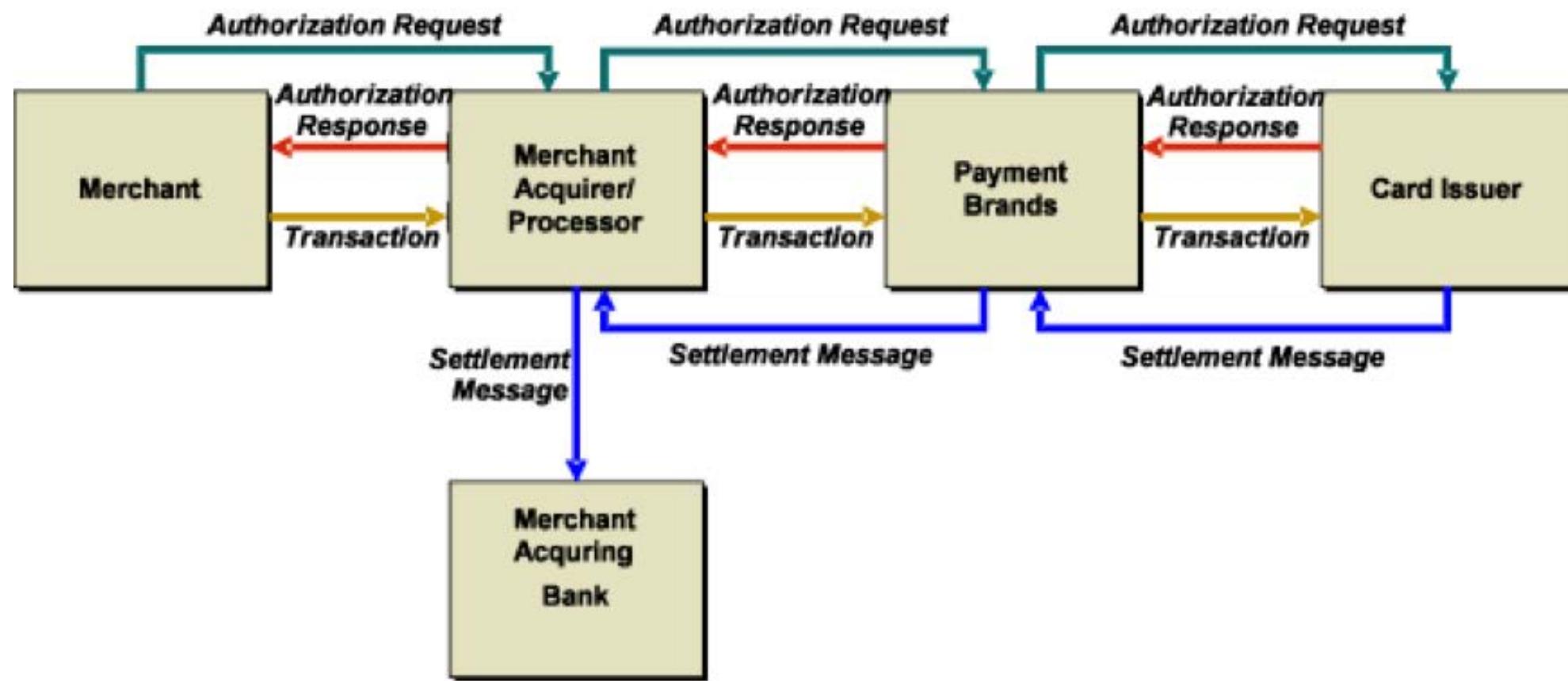
[REPRINTS](#)

BELLE  
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# New York



# The Flow



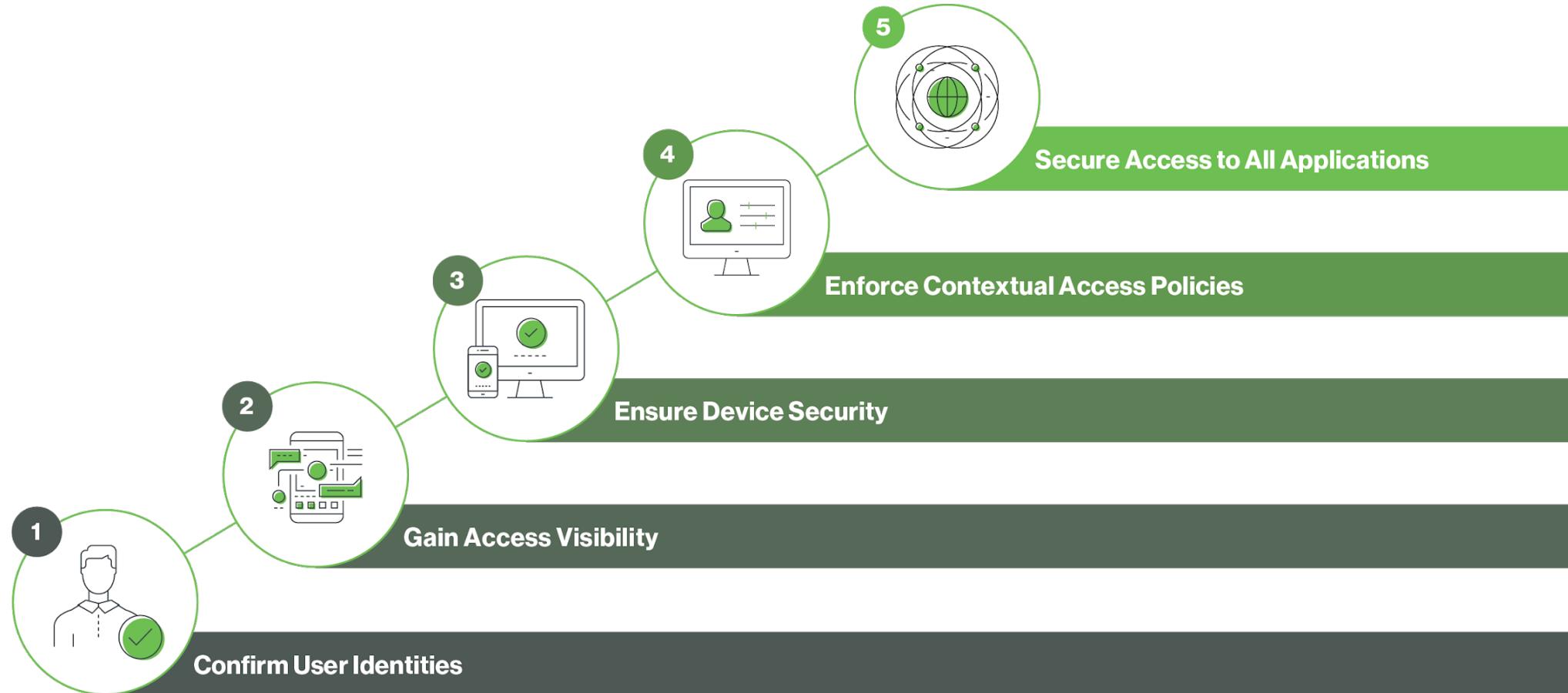
# The Penetration Test



# Stepping Stone to Compromising High Value Target



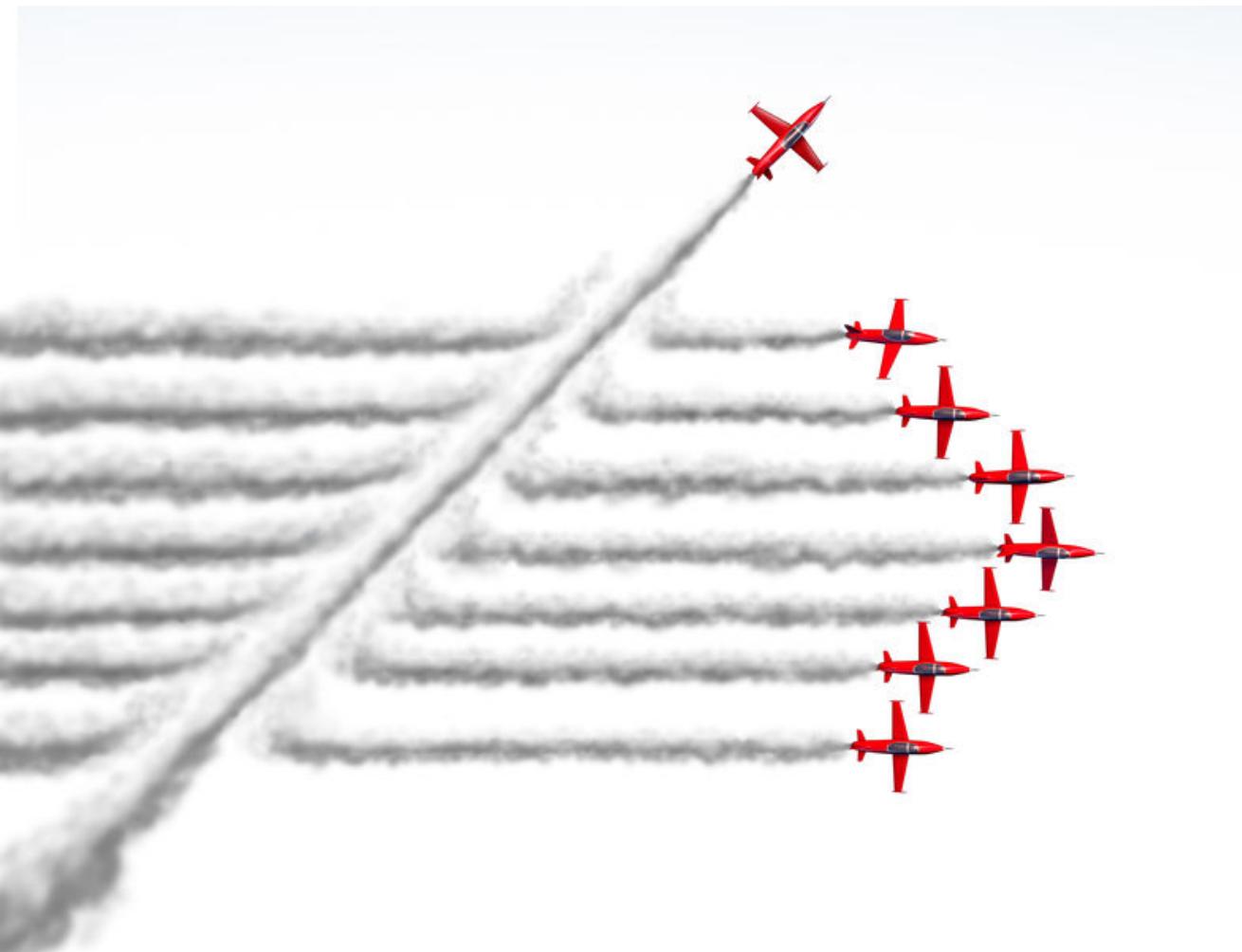
# Strategically Think About Securing Business



# Digital Transformation & SRE



# Attackers Will Improvise



# Return To Core Fundamentals



# Apply What You Have Learned Today

- Next week you should:
  - Identify critical assets, users and applications within your organization
- In the first three months following this presentation you should:
  - Have a clearly defined risk register
  - Define appropriate controls to move towards a zero trust landscape.
- Within six months you should:
  - Begin a project to move towards a zero trust model.
  - Drive an implementation project to reduce risk in your environment.

# RSA® Conference 2019 Asia Pacific & Japan

Thanks for listening!

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