



ASIA 2019

MARCH 26-29, 2019

MARINA BAY SANDS / SINGAPORE

Keep Everyone In Sync
Effective Approaches Borrowed
from Open Source Communities

Wang Kang
Alibaba Group

#BHASIA

@BLACK HAT EVENTS

Researcher = Sniper + Observer

- As a cybersecurity researcher, one needs to stay focused on some specified area, while keeping a wide observation of the whole industry.
 - However, we cannot afford the whole day observing.
 - A friendly, productive and helpful cybersecurity community could be one's observer, watching one's back.

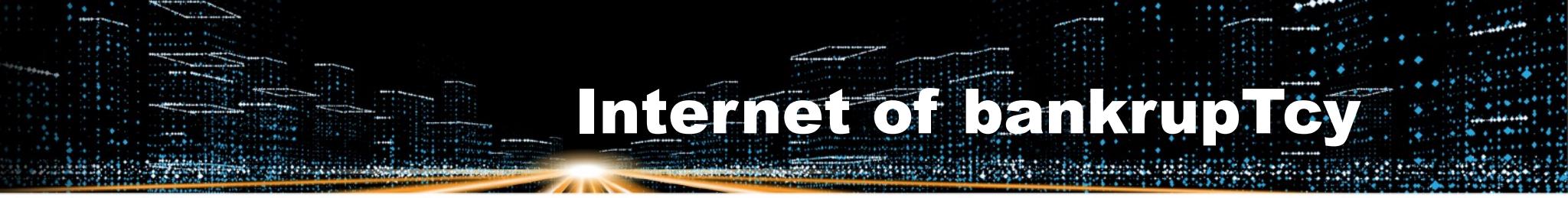


Image courtesy of the movie 'Operation Red Sea'

“Productive and Helpful”

— Roger Dingledine <arma@mit.edu> at Thu, 28 Dec 2017 23:40:50

$\frac{1}{4}$ Problems



A digital graphic of a city skyline composed of numerous small blue dots, set against a dark background. A bright orange light source at the bottom center creates a lens flare effect, illuminating the base of the buildings.

Internet of bankrupTcy

- Bankruptcy of Email

- **Bankruptcy of Email**

Email bankruptcy is deleting or ignoring all emails older than a certain date, due to an overwhelming volume of messages. The term is usually attributed to author Lawrence Lessig in 2004, though it can also be attributed to Dr. Sherry Turkle in 2002. An insurmountable volume or backlog of legitimate messages (e.g. on return from an extended absence) usually leads to bankruptcy.

During the act of declaring email bankruptcy, a message is usually sent to all senders explaining the problem, that their message has been deleted, and that if their message still requires a response they should resend their message.

- Bankruptcy of Email
- Bankruptcy of Instant-Message

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- Bankruptcy of News

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- Bankruptcy of Instant-Message
- Bankruptcy of Read It ~~Later~~ Never™
- Bankruptcy of News
- Bankruptcy of RSS
- Bankruptcy of Focus

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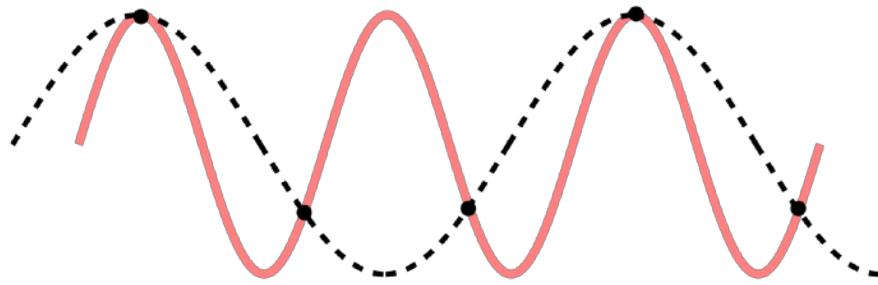
- Bankruptcy of Email
- Bankruptcy of Instant-Message
- Bankruptcy of Read It ~~Later~~ Never™
- Bankruptcy of News
- Bankruptcy of RSS
- Bankruptcy of Focus
- Intelligence Oversupply

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- Forever-online needed.
 - Do we really need to be forever online?
- Distraction.
 - Push notification
- Lots of clients with proprietary protocols.
- Flooding, stickers, flatterers, no serious/helpful discussion.
- Centralized.
- No threading.
- No archive.

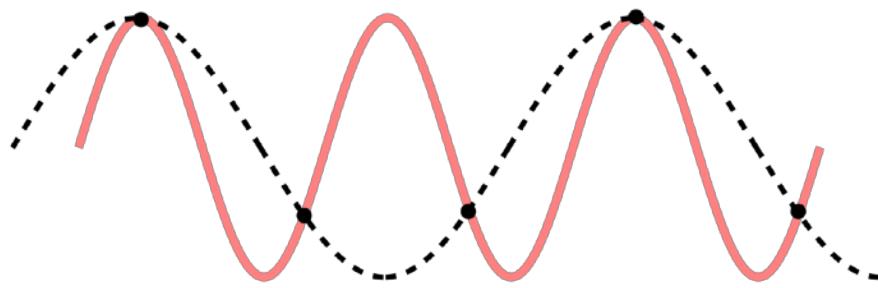
- Nyquist Theorem



The samples of two sine waves can be identical when at least one of them is at a frequency above half the sample rate.

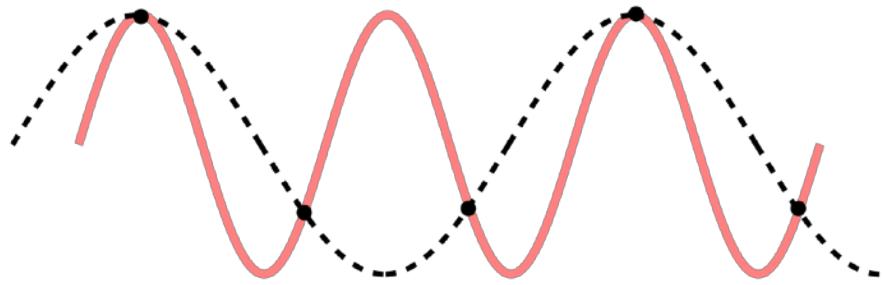
- Wikipedia

Why cannot trust AI categorizer



Why cannot trust AI categorizer

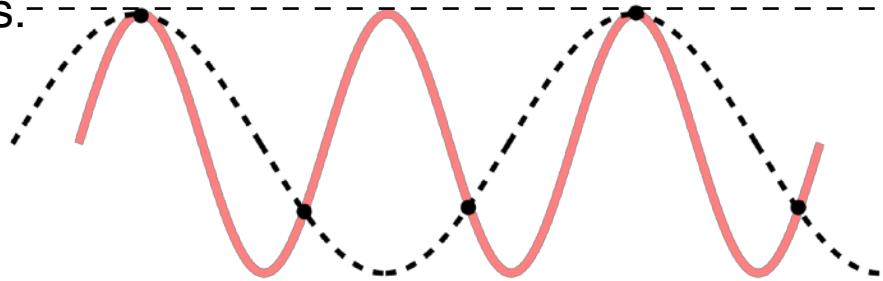
- They are flatterers.



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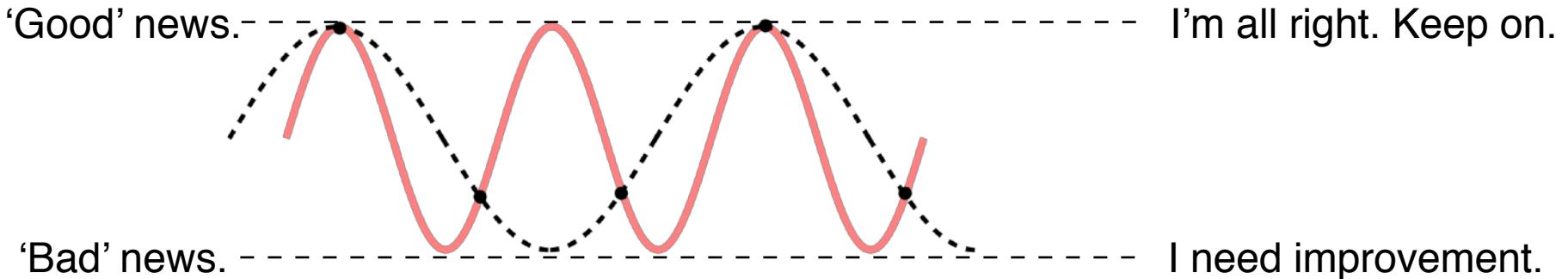
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‘Good’ news. - - - - - I’m all right. Keep on.



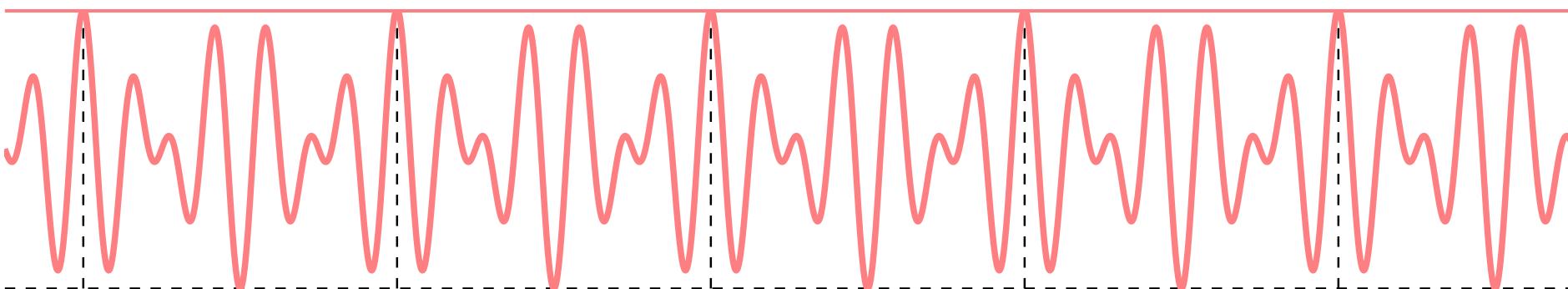
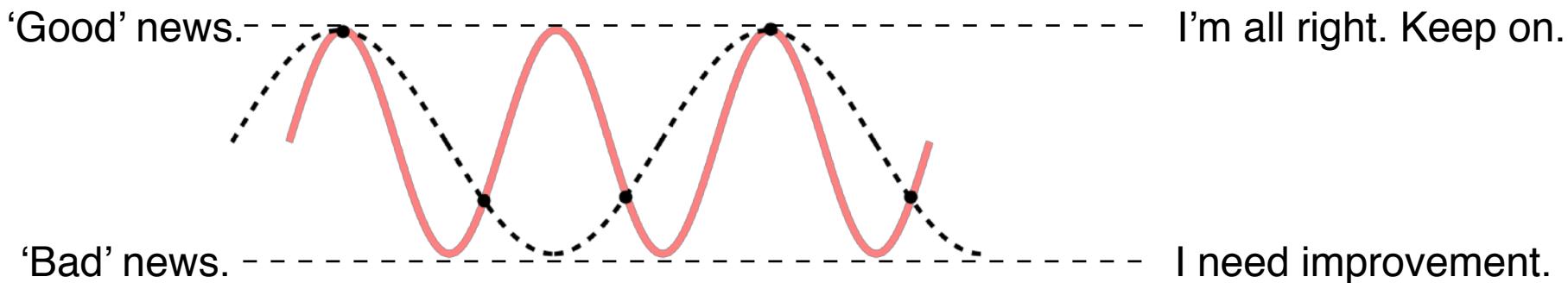
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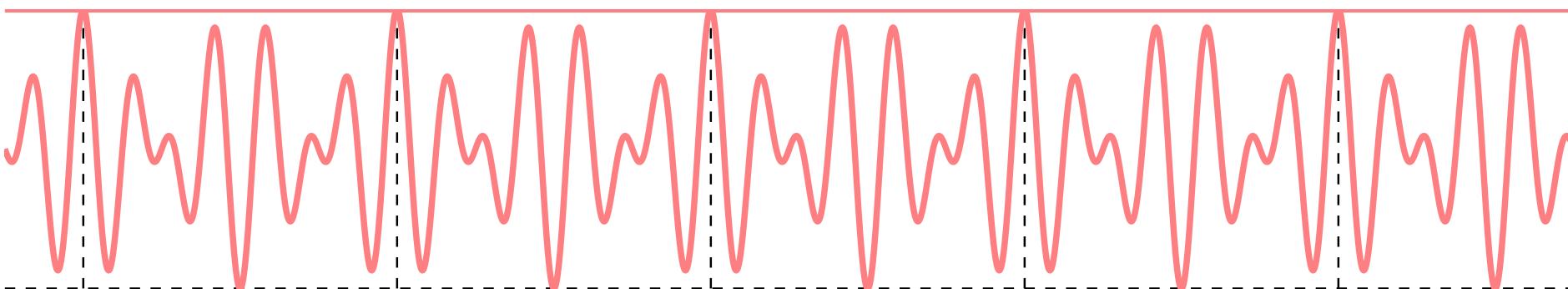
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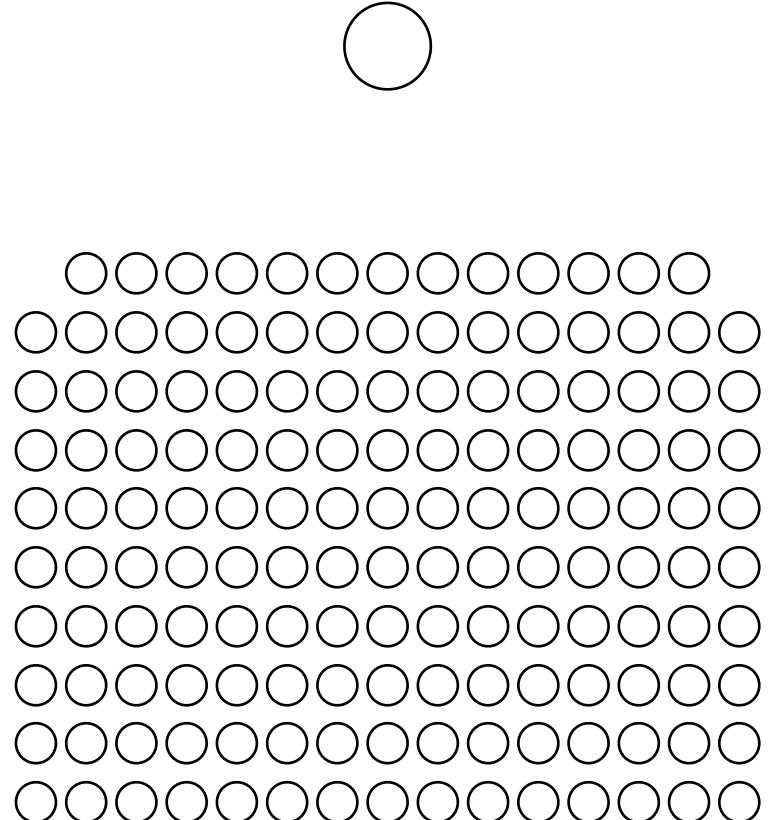
‘Good’ news. - - - - - I’m all right. Keep on.

‘Bad’ news. - - - - - I need improvement.

“I’m the best. Keep on.”



- 148
 - $148^{4.55} \approx 7.5$ billion (Global population)
- Report (Digest) by level.
- Con:
 - Information distortion.
 - Information asymmetry.
 - Information imbalances.



* for inspiration purpose, further scientific description needed.



Distraction Everywhere

#BHASIA

 @BLACK HAT EVENTS



Distraction Everywhere

- Ultimate focus war between users and ‘Product Managers’

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 - We lose keyboard (est. 1874). They give us touch screen.

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 - We lose async Email. They give us push notification and IM.
 - And we have to be online forever.

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 - We lose serious news and productive discussion. They give us stickers ... and cats.

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 - So, we are the ‘products’?



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 - Goldfish: 9 secs | Internet-connected Human: 8 secs.



Human Waits for Machine

- Andy and Bill's Law
 - ~~Why we still couldn't have a smooth Office Word.~~
- Pro users' experience not improved for the past decades.

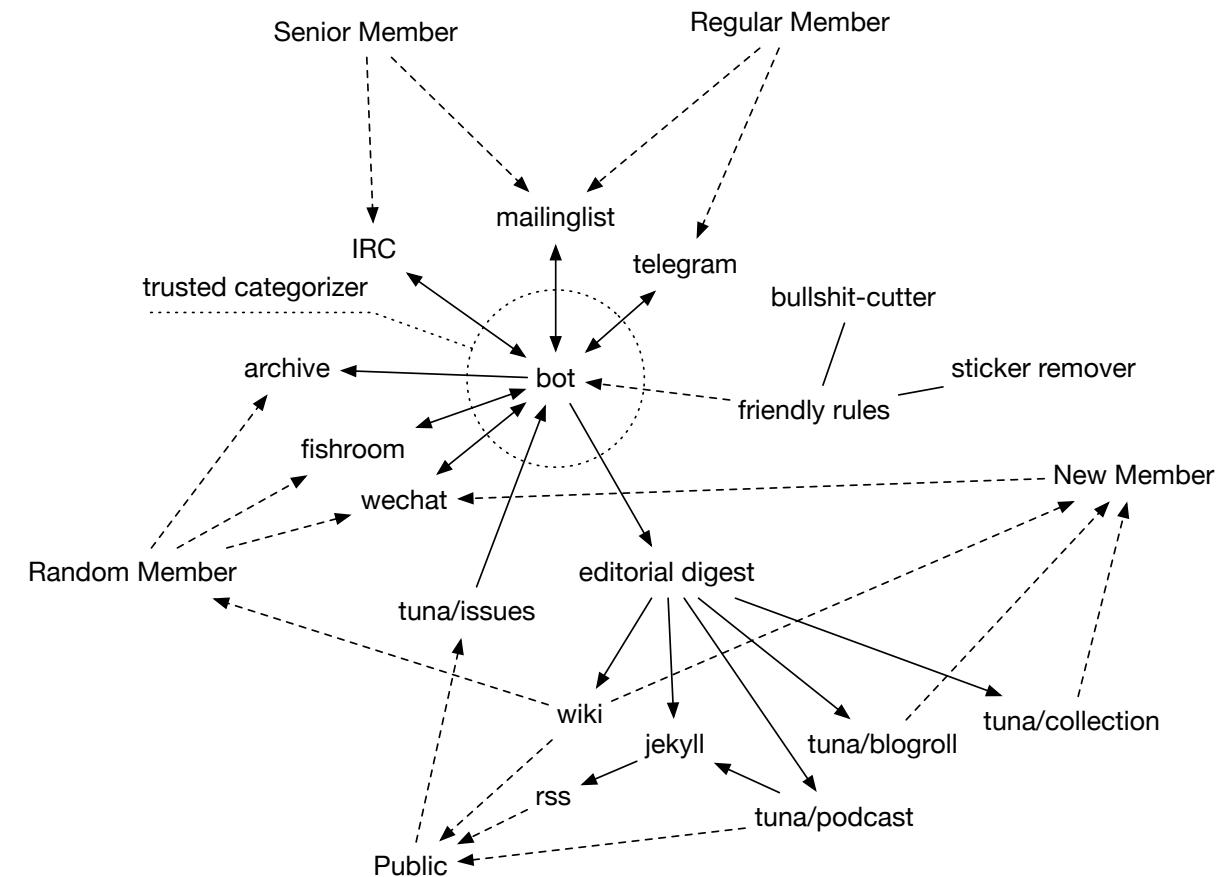
[Source: Computer latency: 1977-2017](#)

computer	latency (ms)	year	clock	# T
apple 2e	30	1983	1 MHz	3.5k
ti 99/4a	40	1981	3 MHz	8k
custom haswell-e 165Hz	50	2014	3.5 GHz	2G
commodore pet 4016	60	1977	1 MHz	3.5k
sgi indy	60	1993	.1 GHz	1.2M
custom haswell-e 120Hz	60	2014	3.5 GHz	2G
thinkpad 13 chromeos	70	2017	2.3 GHz	1G
imac g4 os 9	70	2002	.8 GHz	11M
custom haswell-e 60Hz	80	2014	3.5 GHz	2G
mac color classic	90	1993	16 MHz	273k
powerspec g405 linux 60Hz	90	2017	4.2 GHz	2G
macbook pro 2014	100	2014	2.6 GHz	700M
thinkpad 13 linux chroot	100	2017	2.3 GHz	1G
lenovo x1 carbon 4g linux	110	2016	2.6 GHz	1G
imac g4 os x	120	2002	.8 GHz	11M
custom haswell-e 24Hz	140	2014	3.5 GHz	2G
lenovo x1 carbon 4g win	150	2016	2.6 GHz	1G
next cube	150	1988	25 MHz	1.2M
powerspec g405 linux	170	2017	4.2 GHz	2G
packet around the world	190			
powerspec g405 win	200	2017	4.2 GHz	2G
symbolics 3620	300	1986	5 MHz	390k

Summary of Challenges

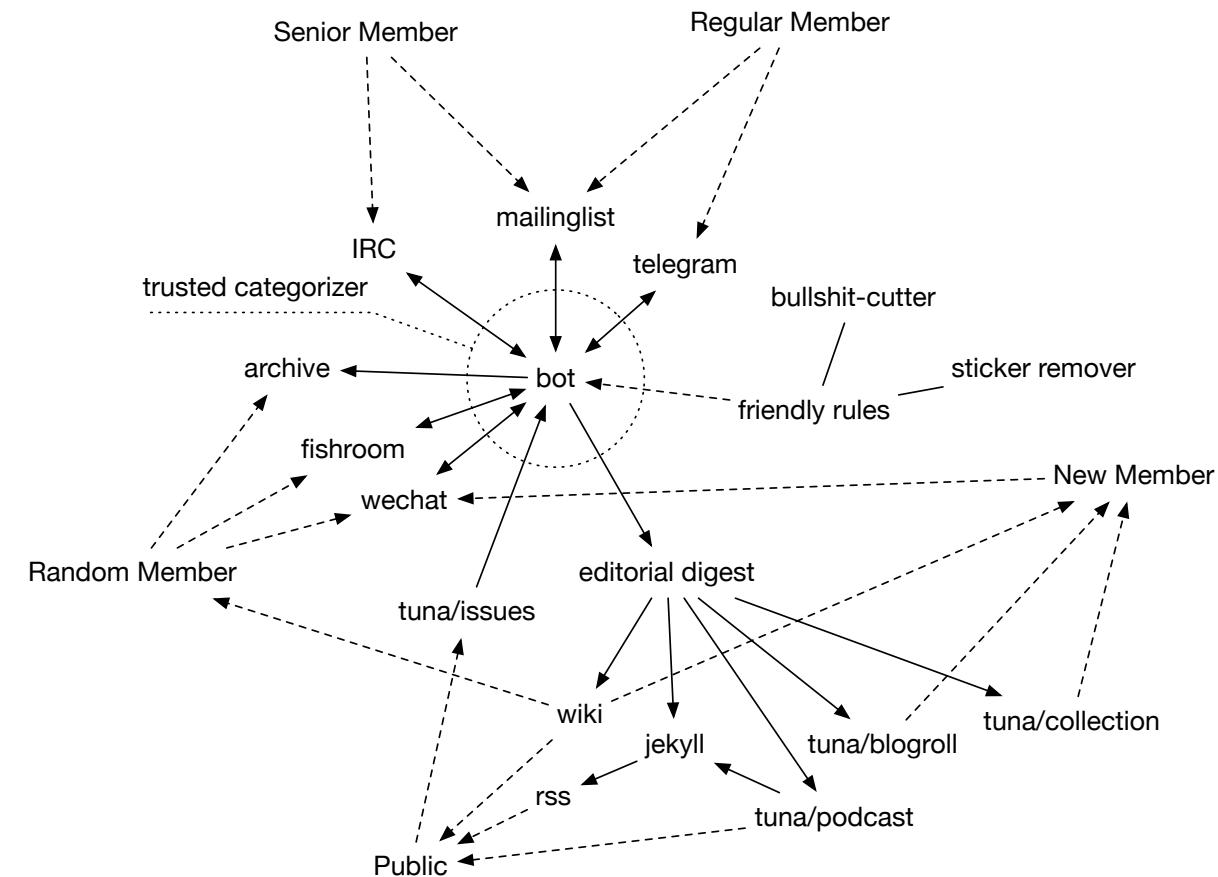
- Key Communication Challenges in Cybersecurity Communities:
 - Fragmentation of communication tools.
 - The large scale of messages.
 - The capacity of messaging handling for end-user needed to be improved.
 - Instant messages are much more valuable but are more time-consuming for individual researchers to follow.
 - Lack of openly accessible message archives.
 - Lack of digested-output service.
 - New members vs. Senior members:
 - FAQ, Topic, Kernel-newbies

Conclusions First



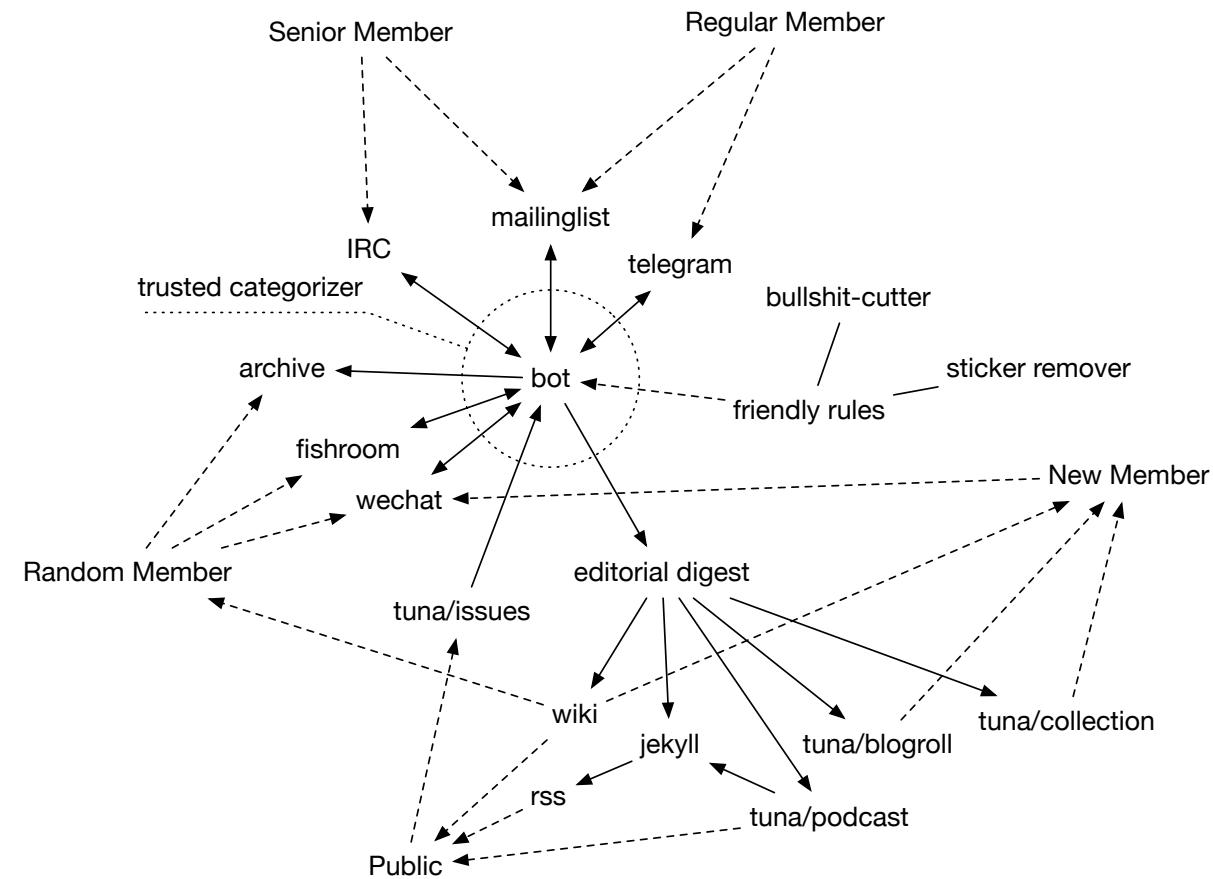
Conclusions First

- **Leave no one behind.**
 - Bridge everything. All user-agents respected.
 - All members considered. Newbie friendly. Senior members won't get bored. Remote members connected.
 - Async is the new sync. Don't have to stay online 7-24.
 - Meetup Events: Speaker ↔ {Local, Remote, Async} Audiences. Don't have to show up at each event.



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- **Everyone reads everything.**
 - Accessible Archive: Always wait for you.
 - HiFo: High Throughput Info Handling
 - Low Latency: Speed up! Let machines wait for human.
 - Large Volume: No information asymmetry. Avoid report by level.
 - Trusted Categorizer.
 - Categorizer from the originator. Never trust commercial categorizer.
 - More channels/topics, even for the same group of people.
 - Editorial Digest.



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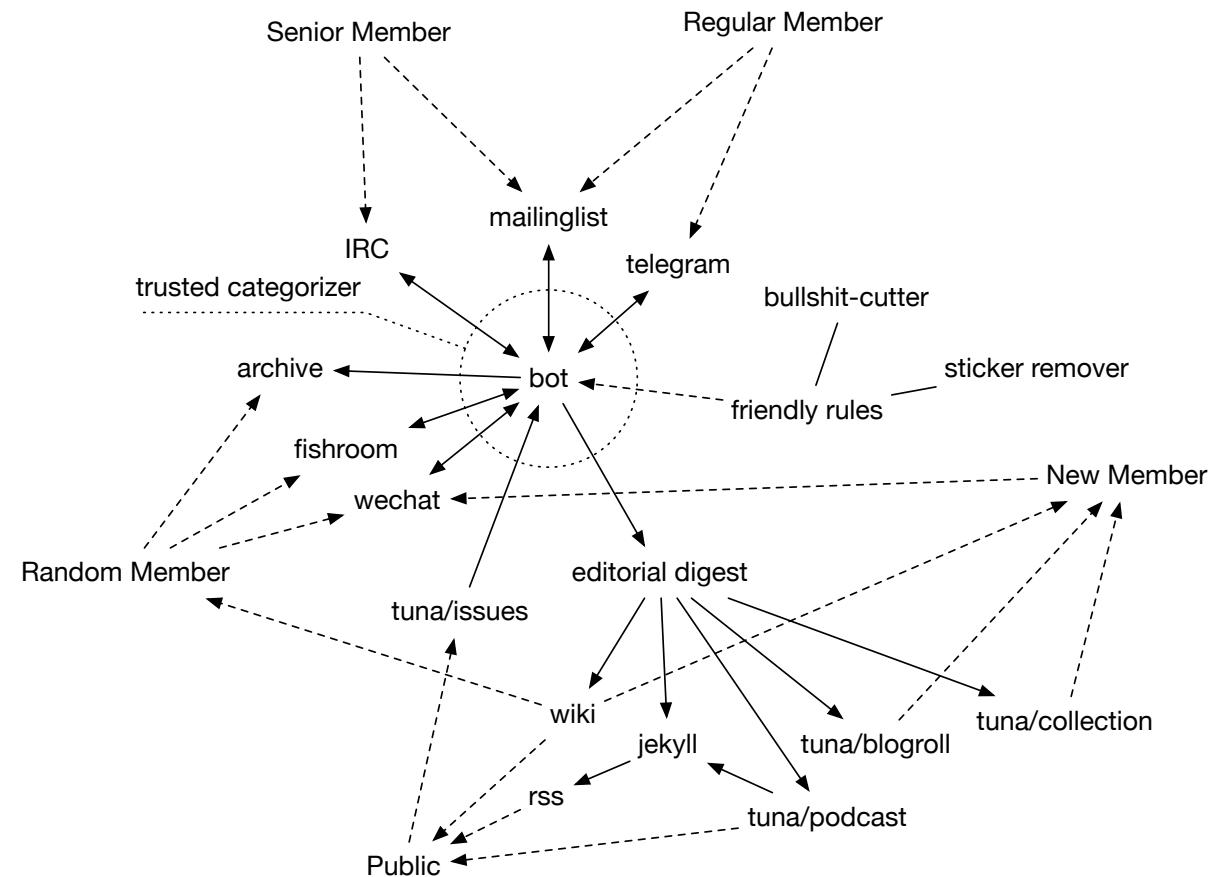
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- **Helpful & Productive**

- Rule out toxic behaviors with bot.
- No Blackhole: Everyone should be a 'filter', avoid pure 'sink'. Provide as many feedback paths as possible.
- Human Routing: Broadcast your skills & needs. Help finds you.





2/4 Learn from Big Names

... who face the same but bigger problems,
and their solutions.

> “I am the least organised person you'll ever meet. My desk is a complete mess.I don't organise my emails – everything is in one big email folder,” says Linus.

```
$ grep "User-Agent: " results-f-Torvalds.mbox |sort |uniq -c
```

```
413 User-Agent: Alpine 1.00 (LFD 882 2007-12-20)
1075 User-Agent: Alpine 1.10 (LFD 962 2008-03-14)
2031 User-Agent: Alpine 2.00 (LFD 1167 2008-08-23)
 786 User-Agent: Alpine 2.01 (LFD 1184 2008-12-16)
   24 User-Agent: Alpine 2.02 (LFD 1266 2009-07-14)
     4 User-Agent: Alpine 2.03 (LFD 1266 2009-07-14)
     1 User-Agent: Alpine 2.10 (LFD 1266 2009-07-14)
     2 User-Agent: Alpine 2.11 (LFD 23 2013-08-11)
      7 User-Agent: Alpine 2.20 (LFD 67 2015-01-07)
      2 User-Agent: Alpine 2.21.999 (LFD 260 2018-02-26)
      2 User-Agent: Alpine 2.21 (LFD 202 2017-01-01)
      8 User-Agent: K-9 Mail for Android
     15 User-Agent: KNode/0.7.2
      1 User-Agent: Mutt/1.5.21 (2010-09-15)
      1 User-Agent: Thunderbird 2.0.0.0 (Windows/20070326)
```

Only wimps use tape backup: real men just upload their important stuff on ftp, and let the rest of the world mirror it ;)

- Torvalds, Linus (1996-07-20).

13042 out of 23956 emails in LKML sent by Linus Torvalds are written with PINE/Alpine.

PINE: 7510, 1998-07-10 ~ 2007-04-16

Alpine: 5532, 2007-04-18 ~ 2018-07-11

Ref: [\[1\]](#) [\[2\]](#)



- Access to computers - and anything which might teach you something about the way the world really works - should be unlimited and total. Always yield to the Hands-On Imperative!
- All information should be free.
- Mistrust authority - promote **decentralization**.
- Hackers should be judged by their acting, not bogus criteria such as degrees, age, race, or position.
- You can create art and beauty on a computer.
- Computers can change your life for the better.
- Don't litter other people's data.
- **Make public data available**, protect private data.

— <https://www.ccc.de/en/hackerethics>



ALPINE 2.21.9999 MESSAGE TEXT

Message 2 of 32 ALL FWD

Date: 25 Aug 91 20:57:08 GMT
From: Linus Benedict Torvalds <torvalds@klaava.Helsinki.FI>
Newsgroups: comp.os.minix
Subject: What would you like to see most in minix?

Hello everybody out there using minix -

I'm doing a (free) operating system (just a hobby, won't be big and professional like gnu) for 386(486) AT clones. This has been brewing since april, and is starting to get ready. I'd like any feedback on things people like/dislike in minix, as my OS resembles it somewhat (same physical layout of the file-system (due to practical reasons) among other things).

I've currently ported bash(1.08) and gcc(1.40), and things seem to work. This implies that I'll get something practical within a few months, and I'd like to know what features most people would want. Any suggestions are welcome, but I won't promise I'll implement them :-)

Linus (torvalds@kruuna.helsinki.fi)

PS. Yes - it's free of any minix code, and it has a multi-threaded fs. It is NOT portable (uses 386 task switching etc), and it probably never will support anything other than AT-harddisks, as that's all I have :-(.

[ALL of message]

? Help < MsgIndex P PrevMsg - PrevPage D Delete R Reply
0 OTHER CMDS > ViewAttach N NextMsg Spc NextPage U Undelete F Forward

#BHASIA

@BLACK HAT EVENTS



ALPINE 2.21.9999 MESSAGE TEXT

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ALPINE 2.21.9999 MESSAGE TEXT

Message 18 of 32 ALL

Date: Thu, 5 Jul 2007 18:01:38 -0700 (PDT)
From: Linus Torvalds <torvalds@linux-foundation.org>
To: Jesper Juhl <jesper.juhl@gmail.com>
Cc: Dmitry Torokhov <dtor@insightbb.com>, Andrew Morton <akpm@linux-foundation.org>, LKML <linux-kernel@vger.kernel.org>
Subject: Re: [git pull][resend] Input updates for 2.6.22-rc7

On Fri, 6 Jul 2007, Jesper Juhl wrote:

>
> > I'm constantly surprised by just how _many_ ways MUA's find to screw up.
>
> 'pine' actually seems to work pretty damn well once you disable the
> flowed-text "feature".

Yes. And 'alpine', it's modern version, does even better, but you also need to make sure to disable " downgrade-multipart-to-text".

I've been using alpine for a while now, and it's nice to see it be utf-8 capable and able to handle other charsets well.

So as a former pine user, I can recommend upgrading.

Linus

[ALL of message]

? Help < MsgIndex P PrevMsg - PrevPage D Delete R Reply
0 OTHER CMDS > ViewAttach N NextMsg Spc NextPage U Undelete F Forward

(Categorizer Failure)

[Gmail Spam Filter Changes Bite Linus Torvalds](#)

Posted by timothy on Tuesday July 21, 2015 @11:21AM from the managing-by-remote dept.

An anonymous reader points out The Register's story that recent changes to the spam filters that Google uses to pare down junk in gmail [evidently are a bit overzealous](#). Linus Torvalds, who famously likes to manage by email, and whose email flow includes a lot of mailing lists, isn't happy with it. Ironically perhaps, it was only last week that the Gmail team blogged that its spam filter's rate of false positives is down to less than 0.05 per cent. In his post, Torvalds said his own experience belies that claim, and that [around 30 per cent of the mail in his spam box turned out not to be spam](#). "It's actually at the point where I'm noticing missing messages in the email conversations I see, because Gmail has been marking emails in the middle of the conversation as spam. Things that people replied to and that contained patches and problem descriptions," Torvalds wrote.

- Slashdot: <https://it.slashdot.org/story/15/07/21/1453248/gmail-spam-filter-changes-bite-linus-torvalds>



Linus Torvalds
Public
Jul 18, 2015

Dear Google Mail Team,

I've said very nice things about your spam filter in the past, but I'm afraid I am going to have to take it all back. I'm currently going through the spam for the last week, and have gone through about a third of it.

Something you did recently has been an unmitigated disaster. Of the roughly 1000 spam threads I've gone through so far, right now 228 threads were incorrectly marked as spam.

That's not the 0.1% false positive rate you tried to make such a big deal about last week. No. That's over 20% of my spambox being real emails with patches and pull requests. Almost a quarter!

I don't know how to even describe the level of brokenness in those kinds of spam numbers. There were a few pages of email (I've got it set up so it shows me 50 threads per page) where more than half of the "spam" wasn't.

Quite frankly, that sucks. It's not acceptable. Whatever you started doing a few days ago is completely and utterly broken.

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see, because gmail has been marking emails in the middle of the conversation as spam. Things that people replied to and that contained patches and problem descriptions.

They didn't try to sell me a bigger penis or tell me about how somebody is cheating on me. Really.

You dun goofed. Badly. Get your shit together, because a 20% error rate for spam detection is making your spam filter useless.

[Edit: looks like it started four days ago. As of July 13, it looks like a big swath of lkml has been marked as spam for me.]

[Edit 2: final numbers: out of around 3000 spam threads, I had to mark 1190 threads as "not spam". So the numbers actually got worse: about 30% of my spam-box wasn't actually spam. It started around 1pm on Monday, July 13th. The problem really is that clear, that I can tell pretty much when it started]

[Edit 3: it wasn't just patches, and it's not just lkml. There were things like Junio's recent git v2.5.0-rc2 announcement etc. The new gmail spam filter hates any mailing list emails, apparently. In the time I wrote the last note, I got seven more emails marked as spam, two of which weren't.]

March 8, 2006

Marissa Mayer prefers Pine to Gmail

Marissa Mayer, VP, Search Products and User Experience at Google confesses to CNN Money that she doesn't use Gmail for her business mail.

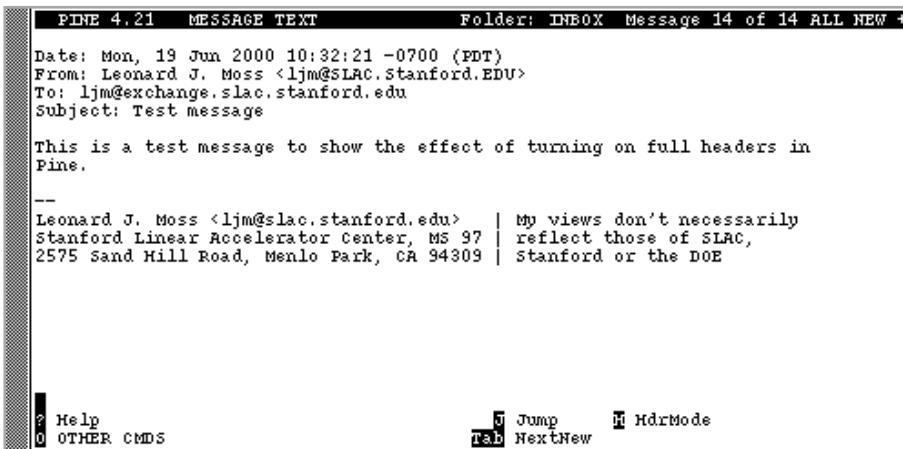
"I don't feel overwhelmed with information. I really like it. I use Gmail for my personal e-mail – 15 to 20 e-mails a day – but on my work e-mail I get as many as 700 to 800 a day, so I need something really fast. I use an e-mail application called Pine, a Linux-based utility I started using in college. It's a very simple text-based mailer in a crunchy little terminal window with Courier fonts. I do marathon e-mail catch-up sessions, sometimes on a Saturday or Sunday. I'll just sit down and do e-mail for ten to 14 hours straight."

Pine is a mail program developed at the University of Washington. It has a lot of keyboard shortcuts and countless ways to sort, shuffle, and sift through your email.

Ref: [\[1\]](#) [\[2\]](#) [\[3\]](#)



PHOTO: ROBYN TWOMEY

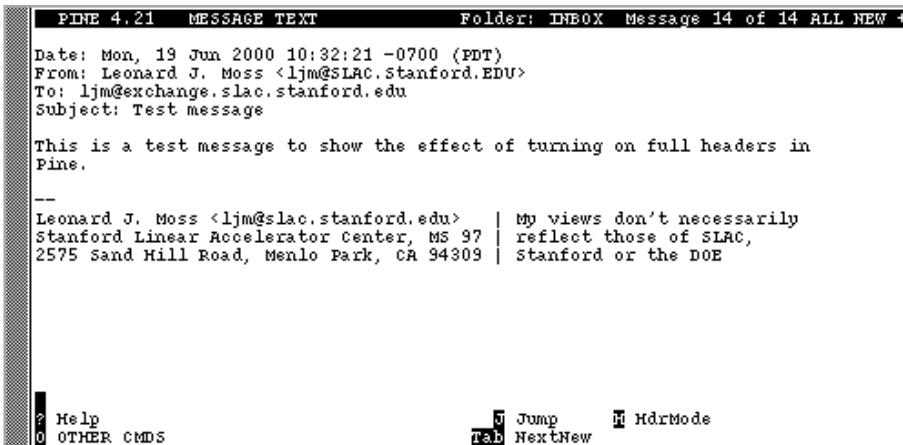


PINE, Alpine

Pine was the defacto email client for so many universities (including mine);
these kids today don't know what they were missing!

It was a rare window of human Time On Earth where every single person at my massive nearly 100K-size college used Control-X to send every email.

- [[Source](#)]



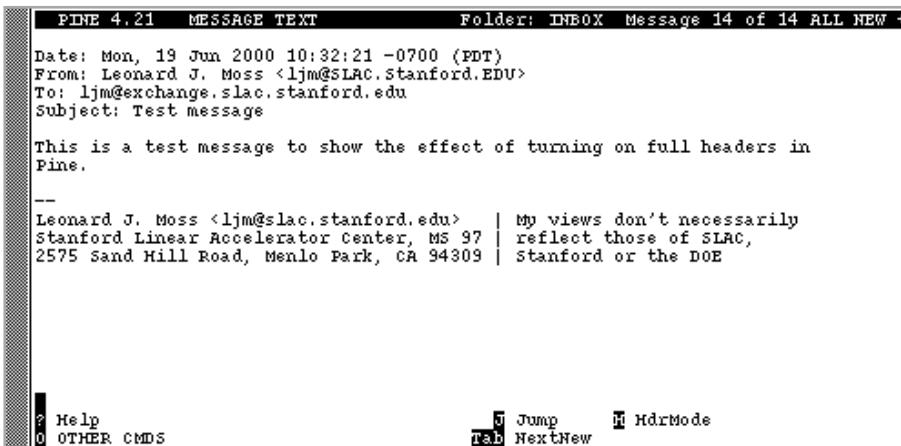
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If you invest a bit in getting acquainted with Alpine, setting up accounts, rules, and filters and reading the well-written documentation, Alpine can make you very productive: everything is literally at your fingertips and nothing distracts. - [[Source](#)]



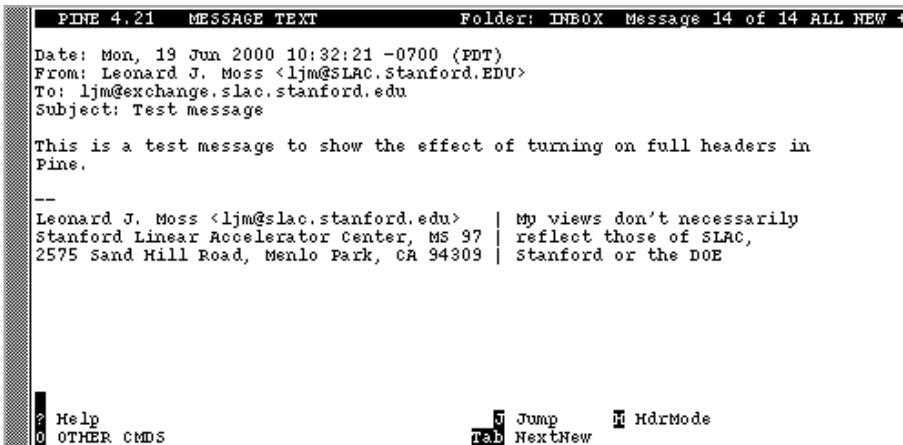
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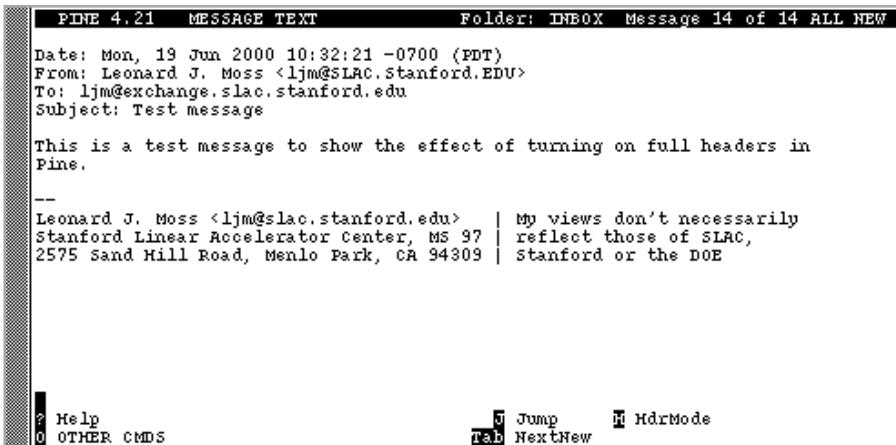


Other popular text-based email readers which followed elm and took it as an inspiration include Pine (1989) and Mutt (1995). From about 1995 elm slipped in popularity and functionality, and it now sees relatively little use.

- [Wikipedia: Elm](#)



- *Program for Internet News and E-mail*
- The living old-school Internet.
- Pico -> Nano



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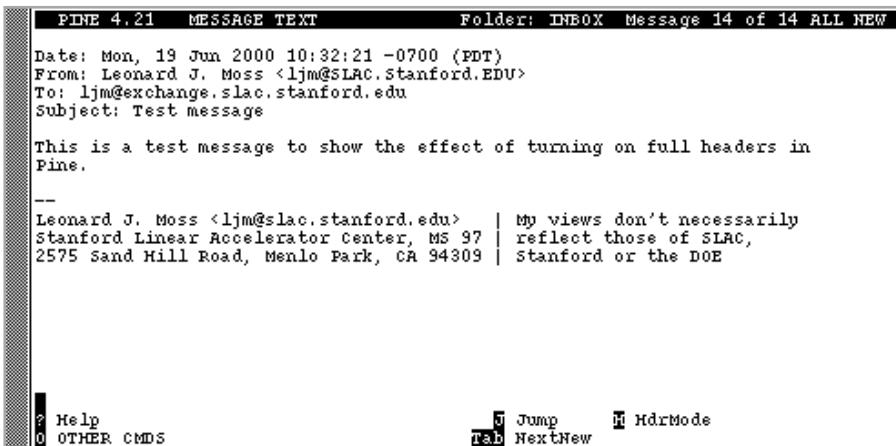
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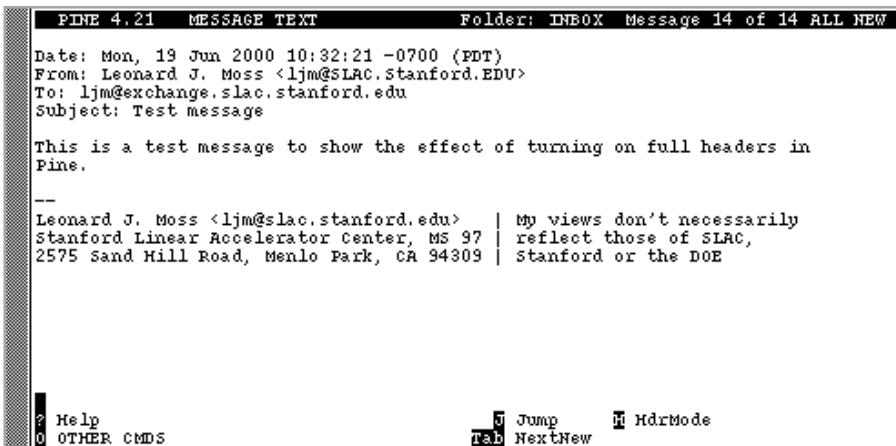
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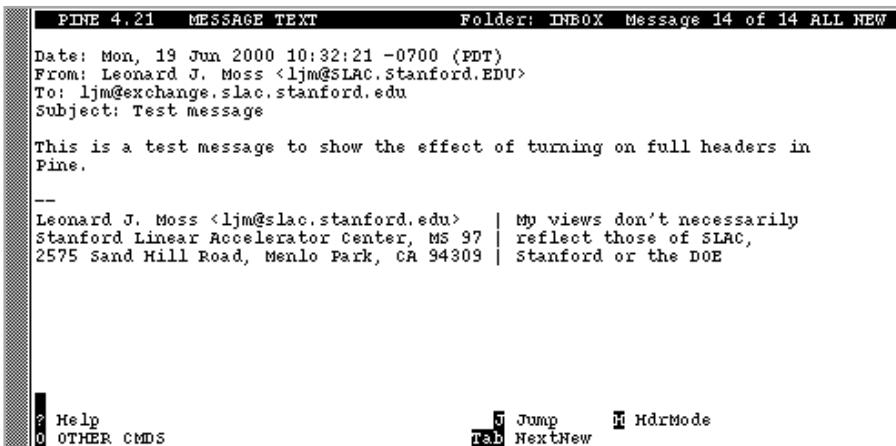
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What role do you play in the community and/or what subsystem do you work on?

I currently manage the stable kernel releases for the kernel and am the subsystem maintainer of USB, driver core, staging drivers, serial, tty, char, and a few other minor ones.

What are your favorite productivity tools for software development? What do you run on your desktop?

I live in my email client (mutt), and my editor (vim), and couldn't survive without them. Other tools I use on a daily basis are git and quilt for kernel development, Chrome and Firefox for web browsing, and irssi for irc communication. I usually run GNOME 3 on my desktop, but sometimes get frustrated with it and revert back to OpenBox or i3m. I also test KDE every once in a while just to ensure that I'm not missing anything.

What mailing list or IRC channel will people find you hanging out at? What conference(s)?

I'm on the linux-usb and linux-kernel mailing lists, along with a number of other Linux kernel related lists, and **have been trying to swear off of IRC as I find it a great distraction**. You can always find me at almost any [Linux Foundation conference](#), as well as a number of other conferences throughout the year (CUSEC, Linux Plumbers, etc.)



<https://www.linux.com/news/30-linux-kernel-developers-30-weeks-greg-kroah-hartman>

Richard Matthew Stallman

Cellular Phones

I see that cellular phones are very convenient. I would have got one, if not for certain reprehensible things about them.

Cell phones are tracking and surveillance devices. They all enable the phone system to record where the user goes, and many (perhaps all) can be remotely converted into listening devices.

In addition, most of them are computers with nonfree software installed. Even if they don't allow the user to replace the software, someone else can replace it remotely. Since the software can be changed, we cannot regard it as equivalent to a circuit. A machine that allows installation of software is a computer, and computers should run free software.

Nearly every cell phone has a universal back door that allows remote conversion into a listening device. (See *Murder in Samarkand*, by Craig Murray, for an example.) This is as nasty as a device can get.

From the book *Alone Together*, by Sherry Turkle, I learned that portable phones make many people's lives oppressive, because they feel compelled to spend all day receiving and responding to text messages which interrupt everything else. Perhaps my decision to reject this convenience for its deep injustice has turned out best in terms of convenience as well.

When I need to call someone, I ask someone nearby to let me make a call. If I use someone else's cell phone, that doesn't give Big Brother any information about me.

<https://stallman.org/rms-lifestyle.html>

<https://stallman.org/stallman-computing.html>

I am careful in how I use the Internet.

I generally do not connect to web sites from my own machine, aside from a few sites I have some special relationship with. I usually fetch web pages from other sites by sending mail to a program (see <https://git.savannah.gnu.org/git/womb/hacks.git>) that fetches them, much like wget, and then mails them back to me. Then I look at them using a web browser, unless it is easy to see the text in the HTML page directly. I usually try lynx first, then a graphical browser if the page needs it (using konqueror, which won't fetch from other sites in such a situation).

<https://git.savannah.gnu.org/git/womb/hacks.git>
GNU Womb : Hacks

The sub-project of the GNU Womb package contains a few random hacks that have been found on the GNU machines.

- grab-url-from-mail: Fetch web pages using email.
- webxfer: Execute commands on a remote host using HTTP (see README.webxfer for details).



ALPINE 2.21.9999 MESSAGE TEXT

Message 2 of 8 75%

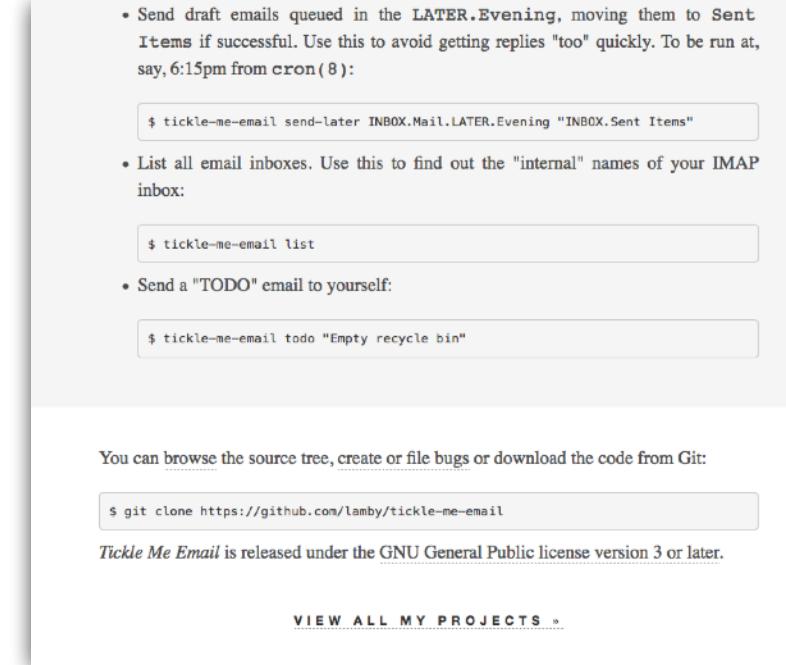
Regards,

Chris Lamb
lamby@debian.org  chris-lamb.co.uk

? Help < MsgIndex P PrevMsg - PrevPage D D
0 OTHER CMDS > ViewAttach N NextMsg Spc NextPage U U



The screenshot shows the homepage of the Tickle Me Email project. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for Help, MsgIndex, PrevMsg, PrevPage, NextMsg, and NextPage. Below the navigation is a dark header with the text "Fork me on GitHub" and the name "CHRIS LAMB". The main title "TICKLE ME EMAIL" is centered above a navigation menu with links for BLOG, PROJECTS, and ABOUT. Below the menu is a link to "VIEW ALL MY PROJECTS". A sub-header reads "Toolbox for implementing GTD-like behaviours in your IMAP inbox." Under the heading "Examples:", there are two bullet points with code examples. The first example shows how to rotate emails between different folders using cron(8). The second example shows how to move an email from a delayed folder to the inbox using cron(8).



This screenshot shows the right side of the Tickle Me Email website. It includes a sidebar with links for "Send draft emails queued in the LATER.Evening, moving them to Sent Items if successful. Use this to avoid getting replies "too" quickly. To be run at, say, 6:15pm from cron(8):" and "List all email inboxes. Use this to find out the "internal" names of your IMAP inbox:". Below these are sections for "Send a "TODO" email to yourself:" and "Empty recycle bin:". At the bottom, there's a link to "VIEW ALL MY PROJECTS" and a note about the source code being available on GitHub.

Guido van Rossum

You can send email for me to guido (at) python.org. I read everything sent there, but if you ask me a question about using Python, it's likely that I won't have time to answer it, and will instead refer you to help (at) python.org, comp.lang.python or StackOverflow. If you need to talk to me on the phone or send me something by snail mail, send me an email and I'll gladly email you instructions on how to reach me.

- <https://gvanrossum.github.io/>



I have been a happy man ever since January 1, 1990, when I no longer had an email address. I'd used email since about 1975, and it seems to me that 15 years of email is plenty for one lifetime.

Email is a wonderful thing for people whose role in life is to be on top of things. But not for me; my role is to be on the bottom of things. What I do takes long hours of studying and uninterrupted concentration. I try to learn certain areas of computer science exhaustively; then I try to digest that knowledge into a form that is accessible to people who don't have time for such study.

[...]

I have a wonderful secretary who looks at the incoming postal mail and separates out anything that she knows I've been looking forward to seeing urgently. Everything else goes into a buffer storage area, which I empty periodically.

My secretary also prints out all nonspam email messages addressed to `taocp@cs.stanford.edu` or `knuth-bug@cs.stanford.edu`, so that I can reply with written comments when I have a chance.

[...]

I mean, if the message asks a question instead of reporting an error --- I try not to get angry. I used to just throw all such sheets in the wastebasket. But now I save them for scratch paper, so that I can print test material for *The Art of Computer Programming* on the blank sides.

[...]

'I don't even have an e-mail address. I have reached an age where my main purpose is not to receive messages.' --- Umberto Eco, quoted in the *New Yorker*



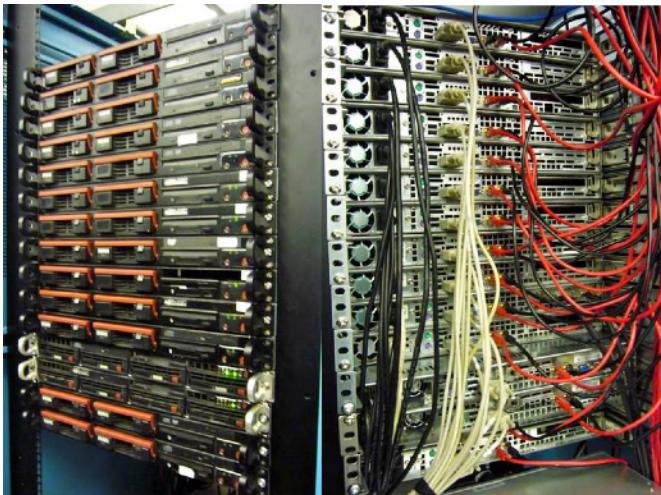
LATEX



Live Demo

A brief tour of the good old days.

- NetBSD, since 1987
- Live demo:
 - ssh.sdf.org
 - alpine
- See Also: [elevator.txt](#)



[SDF Public Access UNIX System .. Est. 1987]

[join](#) [welcome](#) [faq](#) [status](#) [members](#) [projects](#) [store](#) [tour](#) [gopher](#) [abuse](#) [dialup](#) [dsl](#) [minecraft](#) [social](#)
[tilde](#) [nihongo](#) [europa](#) [webmail](#) [gallery](#) [usermap](#) [irc](#) [tutorials](#) [software](#) [telnet](#) [ssh](#)

Create a Free UNIX Shell Account

Your E-Mail:

Preferred Login:

[Alternative methods](#)

MacOS X users, click here: <ssh://new@sdf.org>

Web Browser users may use our HTML5 SSH client: <https://ssh.sdf.org>

Linux/UNIX users can type 'ssh new@sdf.org' at their shell prompts.

For Microsoft Windows we highly recommend the free SSH client [putty.exe](#).

If you have any questions or cannot figure out how to use **SSH**, live help is available on IRC via [irc.sdf.org](#) in the **#helpdesk** channel.

Please be sure fill in the description with your login and membership option.

©1987-2065 [SDF Public Access UNIX System](#), Inc. 501(c)(7)

(this page was generated using ksh, sed and awk)

SDF is a NetBSD development site. We are the largest NetBSD installation in the world. Because of this the SDF cluster serves as a testbed for future NetBSD releases. We are currently testing the new NetBSD-8 release and are working through a short list of bugs. If the SDF cluster is unavailable, check <http://www.sdf.org> for NetBSD developer status. Debugging takes time but is much faster with a live system.

Thank you for supporting NetBSD, a free alternative to Linux and Windows Server.

```
you have 1 pending notification
type 'notes -r' to retrieve it
[20-Feb-19 22:56:54    kagevf          kagevf          vega$]
% I love this place!
=====
[25-Feb-19 02:37:00    rondnelly        Rond          Brazil]
% This place is amazing, thanks you all!
=====
[02-Mar-19 03:41:21    rametep          rametep          AUS]
% The longer one is alone, the easier it is to hear the song of the earth.
=====
[08-Mar-19 08:21:22    fukwad           hal9000          earth]
% Give me more Qbits Now!!!
=====
[10-Mar-19 14:45:41    railey           railey          Firmament]
% And it is easier to hear your own thoughts.
=====
[12-Mar-19 19:03:35    yeetmaster64     Yeetmaster64     Yeetland earth]
% I like to yeet in the yeet with some nice yeet.
=====
[14-Mar-19 17:45:46    macu             Bern ch]
% I love this place!
6833 guestbook entries.
```

Welcome to the SDF Public Access UNIX system. (est. 1987)

```
For quick help, type 'help'
For detailed questions and answers, type 'faq'
For user discussion boards and software requests, type 'bboard'
For interactive discussions, type 'com'
To setup your homepage, type 'mkhomepg'
to create your URL http://example.freeshell.org, type 'mkhomepg -a'
```

Explore and Enjoy!

```
$ alpine
```

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N	2	Sunday	David Chmelik	(998) give & get help here?
N	3	Feb 14	Kévin	(1K) Re: This is sdf.help
N	4	Feb 12	To: sdf.help	(1K) Re: This is sdf.help
N	5	Jan 26	Kevin	(553) This is sdf.help
N	6	Jan 9	Memnon Anon	(872) This is sdf.help

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F Forward

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Date: Sat, 26 Jan 2019 15:31:42 -0500
From: Kevin <kevin@mmn.cx>
Newsgroups: sdf.help
Subject: This is sdf.help

-> and now it has a posting.

And now there is a second posting, may there be a third shortly.

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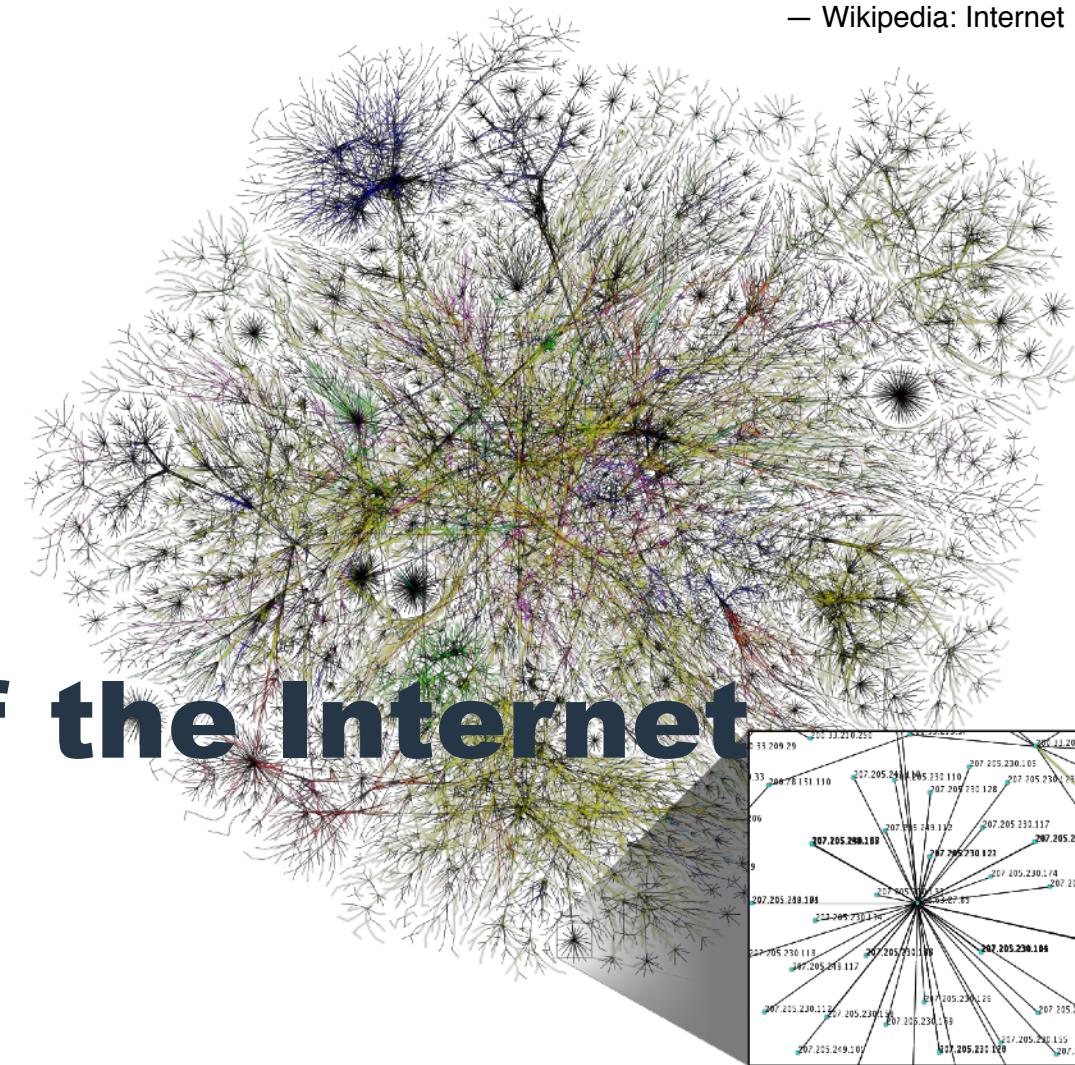
Date: Thu, 14 Feb 2019 05:11:44 +0100
From: Kévin <kevin@mmn.on.ca>
Newsgroups: sdf.help
Subject: Re: This is sdf.help

Le 12/02/2019 à 18:11, scateu a écrit :
>
> ...and the third

If only somebody was so kind to make a fourth....

? Help < MsgIndex P PrevMsg - PrevPage D Delete R Reply
0 OTHER CMDS > ViewAttach N NextMsg Spc NextPage U Undelete F Forward

— Wikipedia: Internet

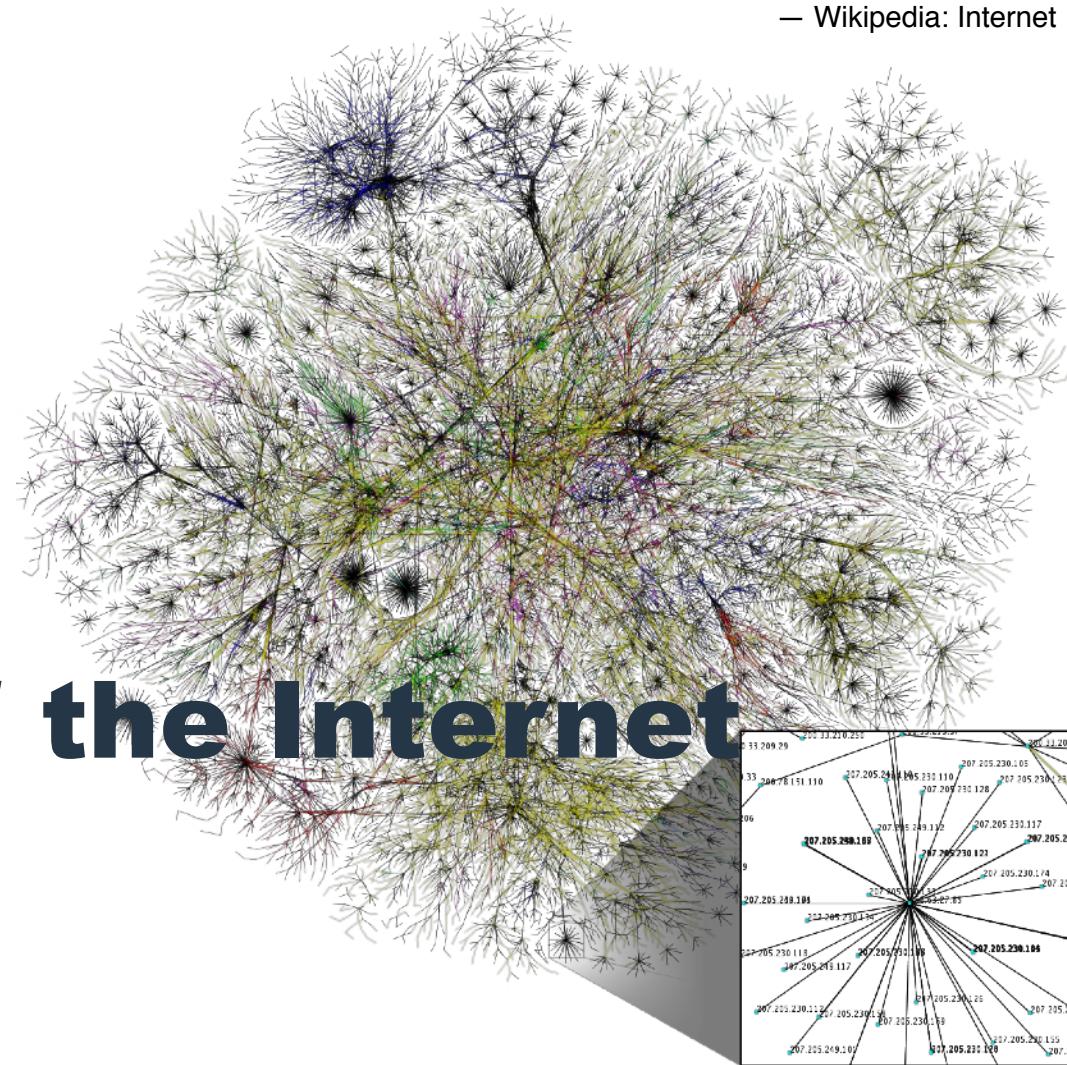


¾ Learn from designs of the Internet

*Our best success was not computing,
but hooking people together.*

— David D. Clark

— Wikipedia: Internet



¾ Learn from designs of the Internet



Quotes from Vint Cerf, inventor of the Internet



Quotes from Vint Cerf, inventor of the Internet

“The internet is a reflection of our society and that mirror is going to be reflecting what we see. If we do not like what we see in that mirror the problem is not to fix the mirror, we have to fix society.”



Quotes from Vint Cerf, inventor of the Internet

“The internet is a reflection of our society and that mirror is going to be reflecting what we see. If we do not like what we see in that mirror the problem is not to fix the mirror, we have to fix society.”

“The more we can organize, find and manage information, the more effectively we can function in our modern world.”



Quotes from Vint Cerf, inventor of the Internet

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“The more we can organize, find and manage information, the more effectively we can function in our modern world.”

“Information flow is what the Internet is about. Information sharing is power. If you don't share your ideas, smart people can't do anything about them, and you'll remain **anonymous and powerless**.”





Internet Principles

#BHASIA

 @BLACK HAT EVENTS

Decentralization and tolerance are the life and breath of Internet.

— Tim Berners-Lee

Decentralization and tolerance are the life and breath of Internet.

— Tim Berners-Lee

We reject: kings, presidents and voting

We believe in: rough consensus and running code.

— David Clark, 1992, “*A Cloudy Crystal Ball*”, IAB



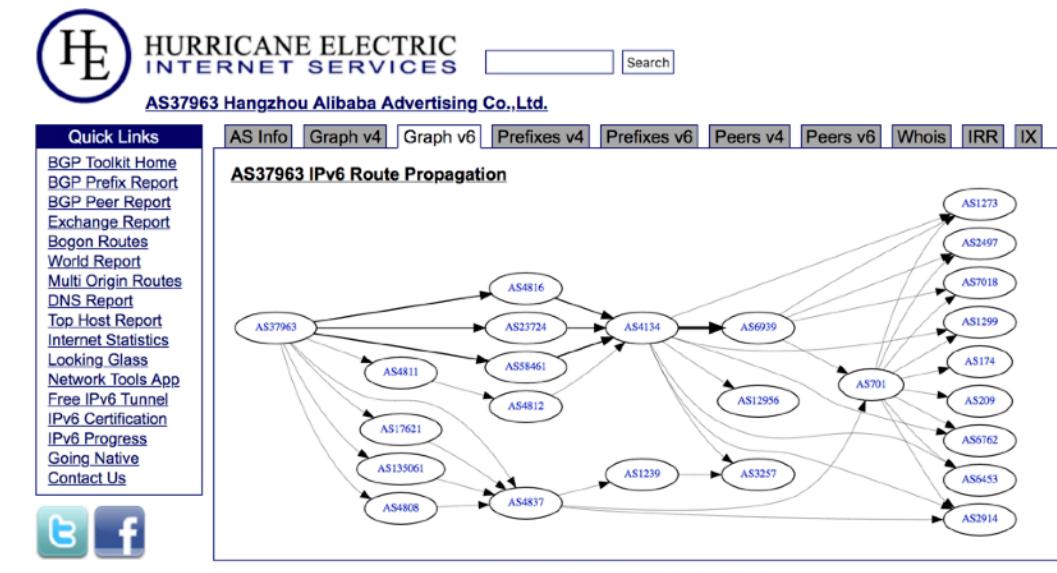
BGP

#BHASIA

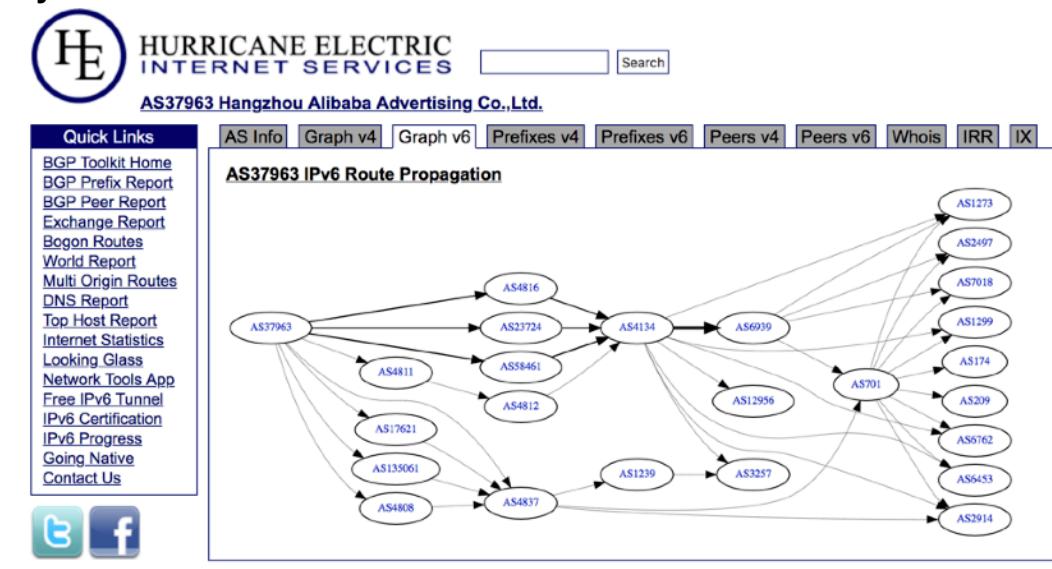
 @BLACK HAT EVENTS

- Internet: addressing and routing.

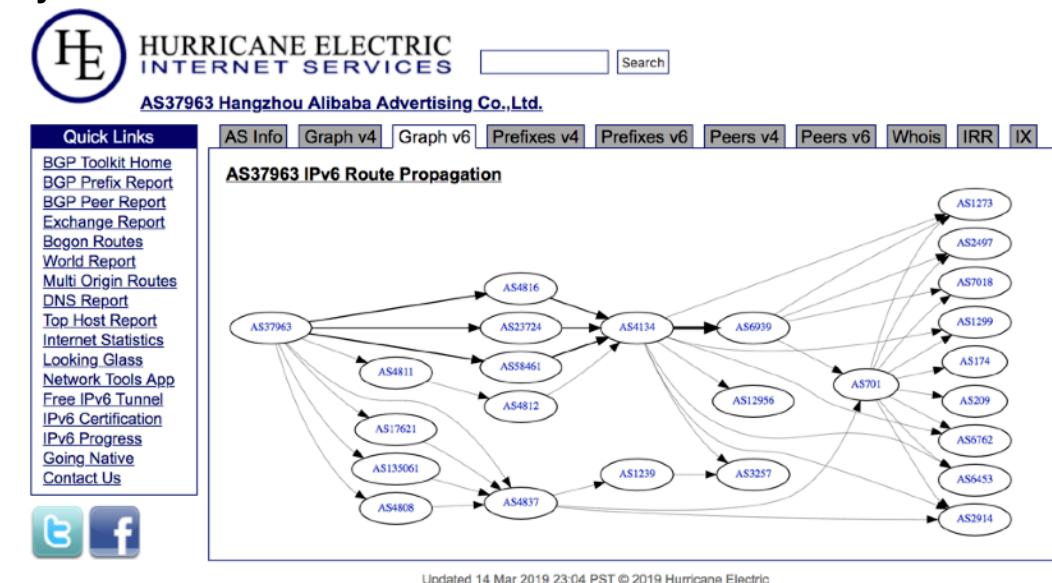
- Internet: addressing and routing.



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- BGP overview
 - BGP advertises network reach-ability within an autonomous system
 - BGP forms neighbor relationships
 - BGP uses metrics to rank router reach-ability



- Internet: addressing and routing.
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 - BGP advertises network reach-ability within an autonomous system
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 - BGP uses metrics to rank router reach-ability
- Broadcast your skills and your needs.
 - Questions will be passed on to you.
 - Answers will be passed on to you.
 - Inspirations will be passed on to you.
 - Listen and Serve.
 - “We call it our Who Knows What database.” — [Wolfram](#)
 - Human Routing.
 - metric?
 - Library of Congress Classification (LCC) ?





Broadcast Your Skills and Needs

#BHASIA

 @BLACK HAT EVENTS



Broadcast Your Skills and Needs

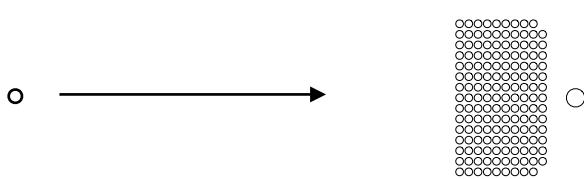
o

#BHASIA

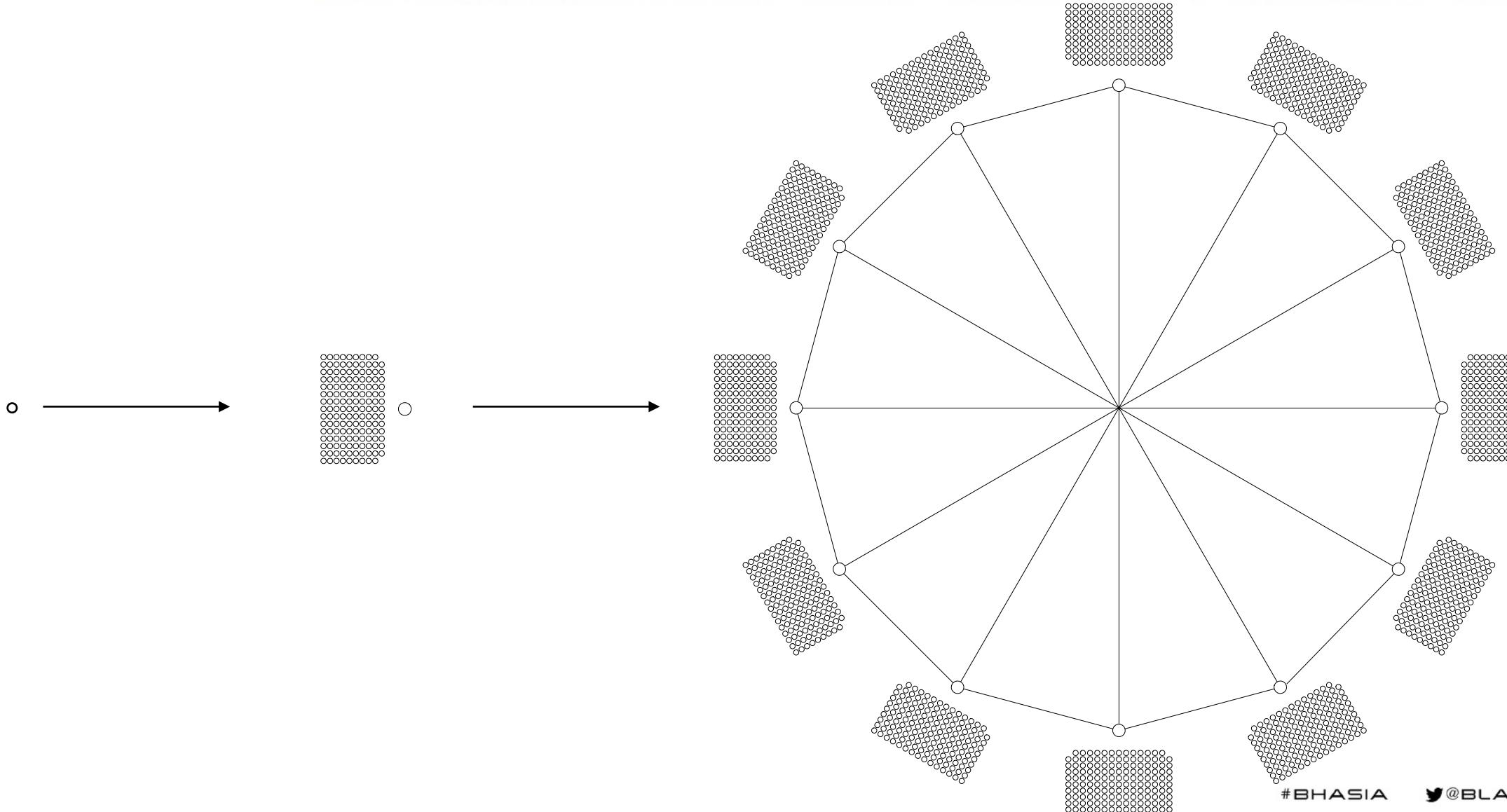
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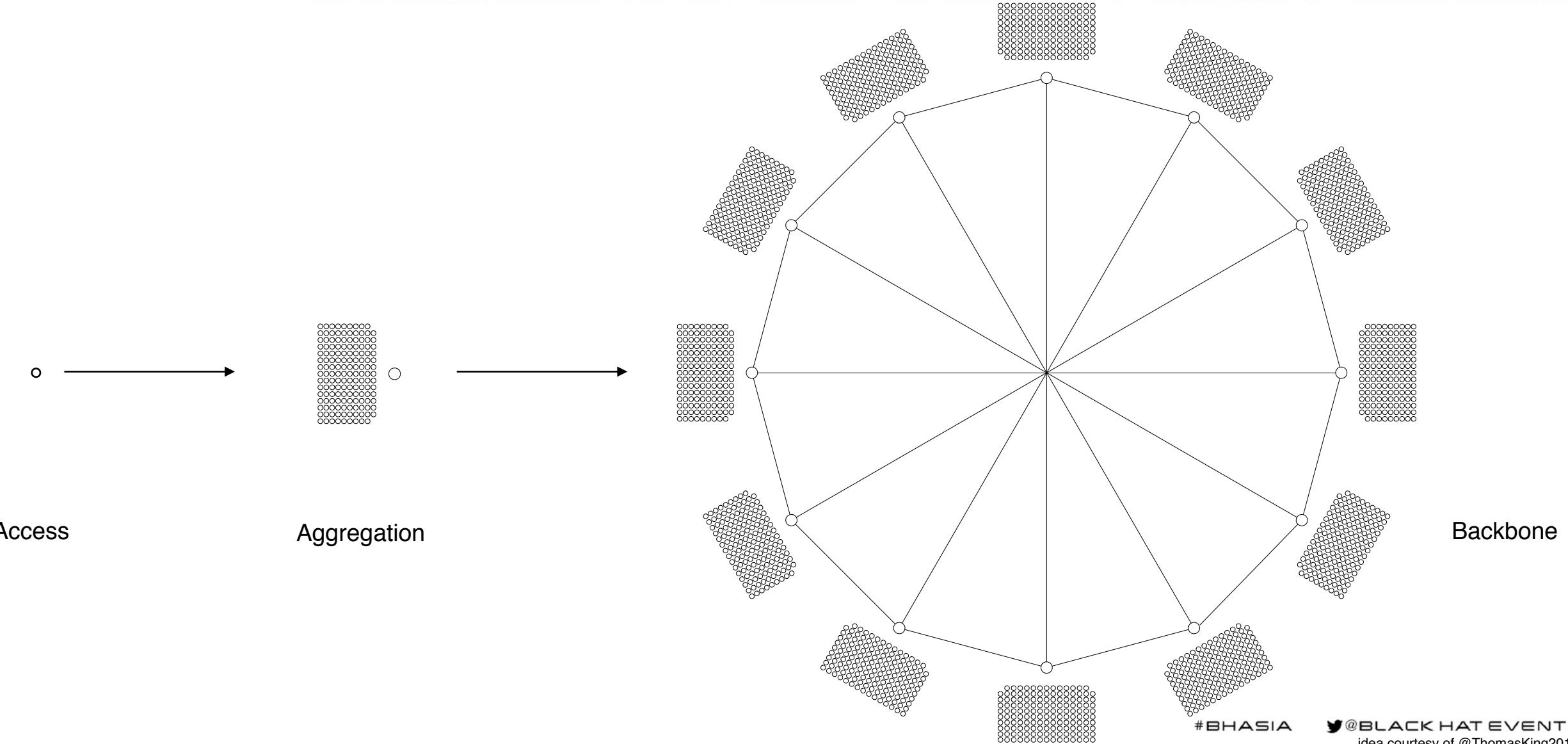
Broadcast Your Skills and Needs



Broadcast Your Skills and Needs



Broadcast Your Skills and Needs





Information Handling Model



Information Handling Model

- Speak | Retell | Listen

Information Handling Model

- Speak | Retell | Listen
- Writer | Reader | Communicator (Roger Angell, Foreword of "*Elements of Style*")

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- Source | Filter | Sink (GNURadio)

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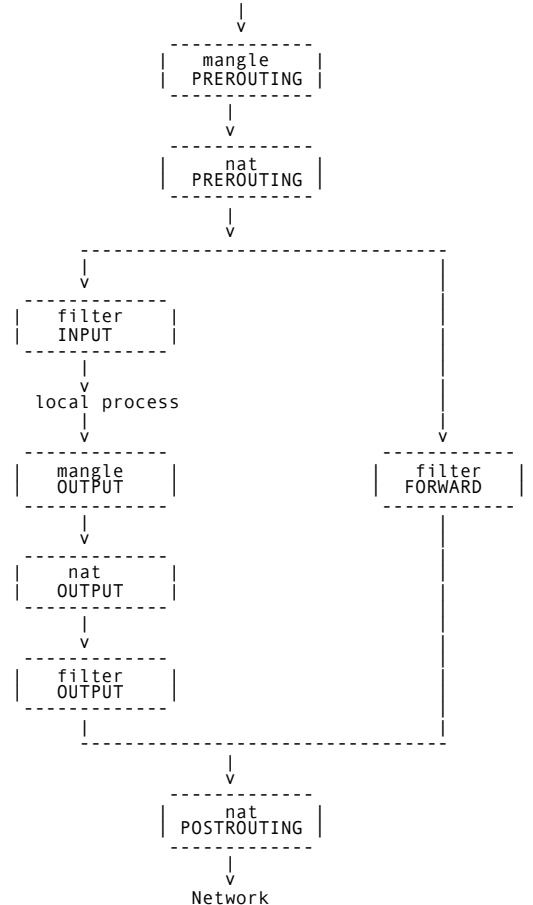
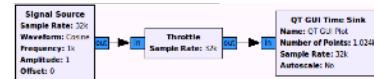
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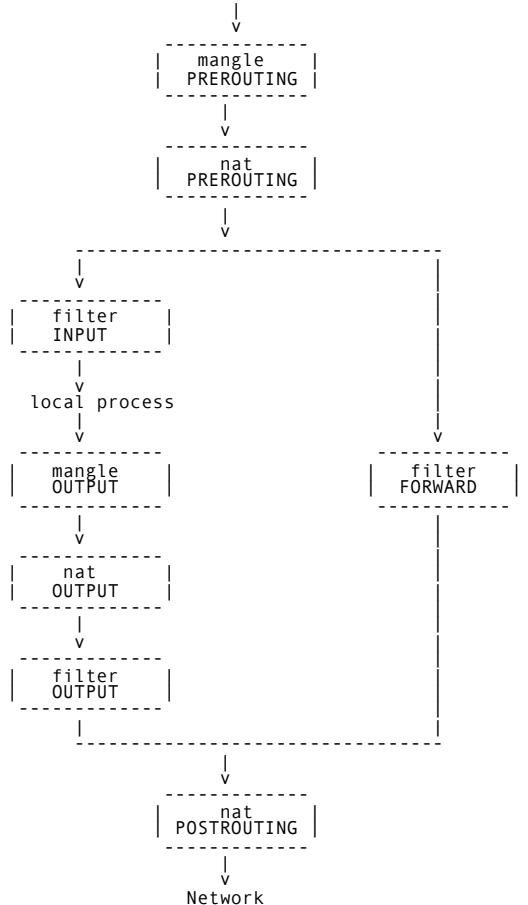
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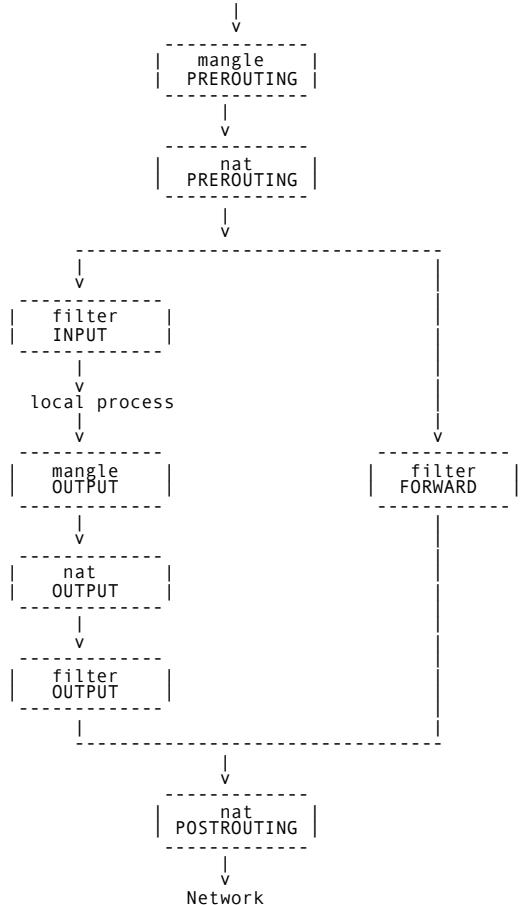
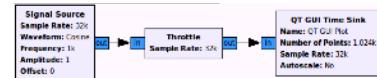
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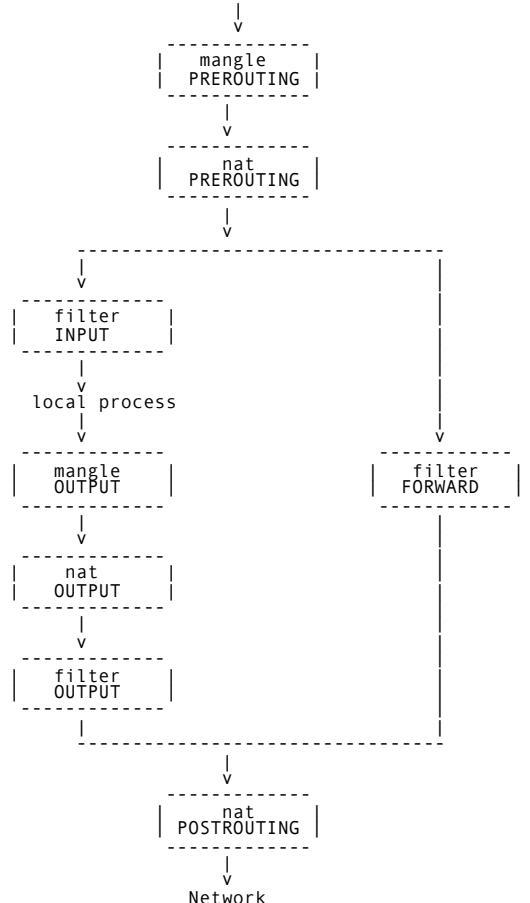
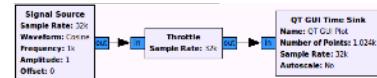
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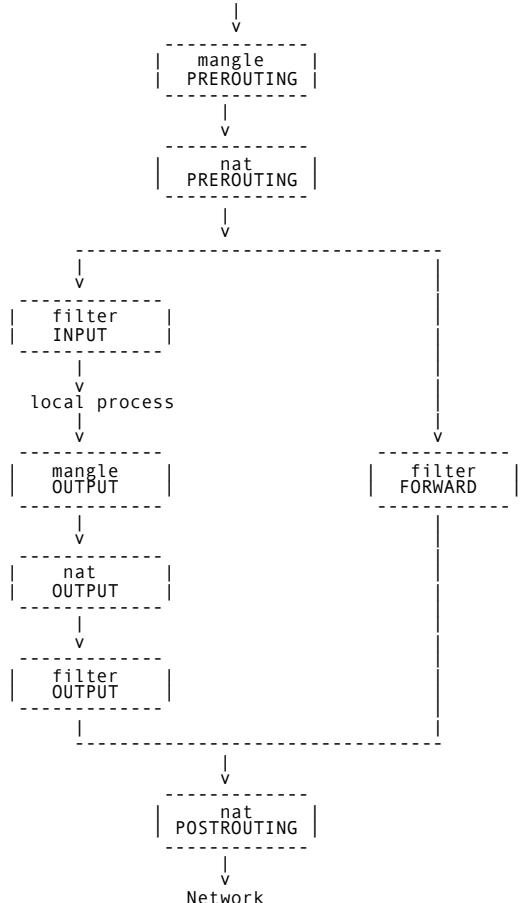
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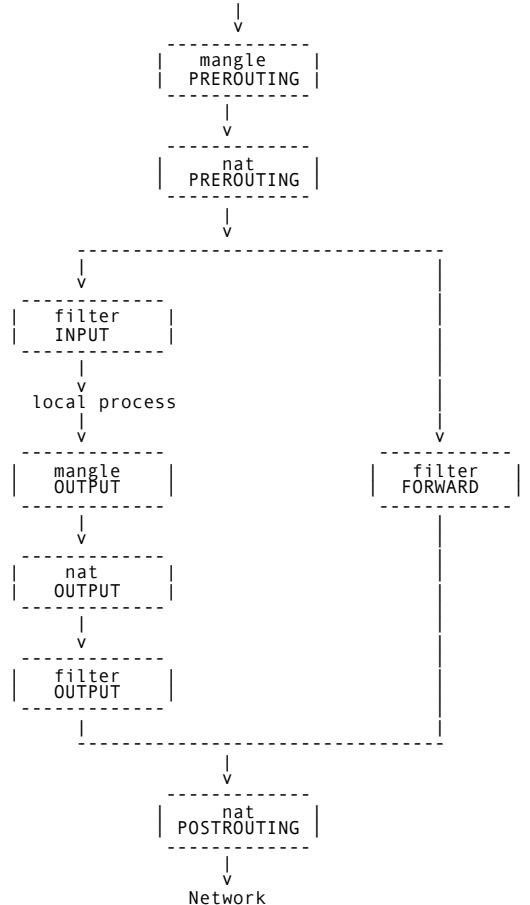
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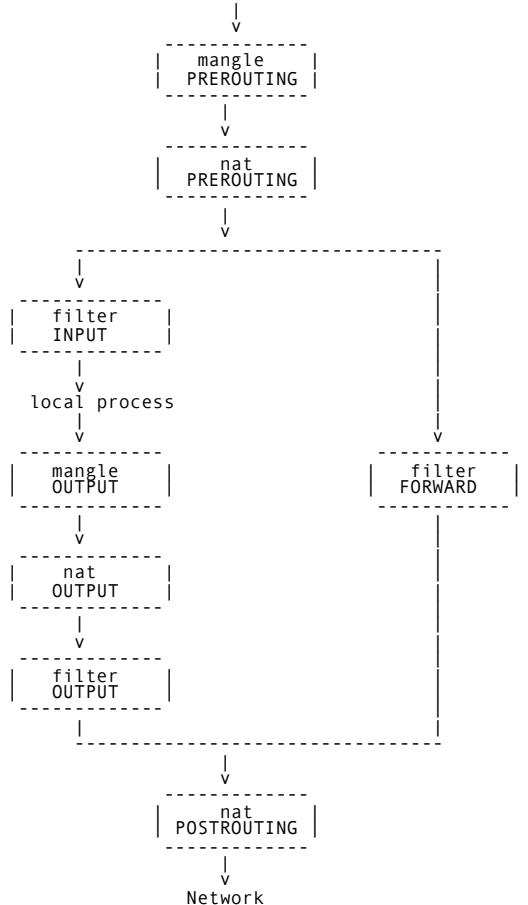
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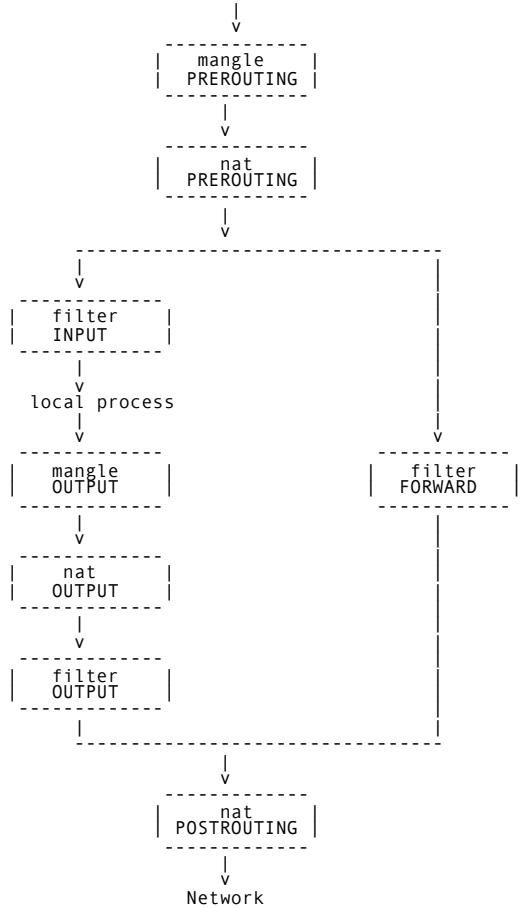
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- **NOTE:**
 - A pure ‘sink’ is not helpful for the community, which should be avoided.
 - Instead of private-accessible tech notes, public notes / independent blogs / searchable discussions should be used.



```
/*
=====
 * Copyright 1988-2006 University of Washington
 *
 * Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License");
 * you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
 * You may obtain a copy of the License at
 *
 *     http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
 *
=====
 */
/* Program: RFC 2822 and MIME routines
 *
 * Author: Mark Crispin
 * Networks and Distributed Computing
 * Computing & Communications
 * University of Washington
 * Administration Building, AG-44
 * Seattle, WA 98195
 * Internet: MRC@CAC.Washington.EDU
 *
 * Date: 27 July 1988
 * Last Edited: 30 August 2006
 *
 * This original version of this file is
 * Copyright 1988 Stanford University
 * and was developed in the Symbolic Systems Resources Group of the
Knowledge
 * Systems Laboratory at Stanford University in 1987-88, and was
funded by the
 * Biomedical Research Technology Program of the National Institutes of
Health
 * under grant number RR-00785.
 */
```

```
#define MAXGROUPDEPTH 50          /* RFC [2]822 doesn't allow any group
nesting */
#define MAXMIMEDEPTH 50           /* more than any sane MIMEgram */

/* Output buffering for RFC [2]822 */

typedef long (*soutr_t) (void *stream, char *string);
typedef long (*rfc822out_t) (char *tmp, ENVELOPE *env, BODY
*body, soutr_t f,
                           void *s, long ok8bit);

typedef struct rfc822buffer {
    soutr_t f;                  /* I/O flush routine */
    void *s;                     /* stream for I/O routine */
    char *beg;                   /* start of buffer */
    char *cur;                   /* current buffer pointer */
    char *end;                   /* end of buffer */
} RFC822BUFFER;

typedef long (*rfc822outfull_t) (RFC822BUFFER *buf, ENVELOPE *env, BODY
*body,
                                long ok8bit);

/* Function prototypes */

char *rfc822_default_subtype (unsigned short type);
void rfc822_parse_msg_full (ENVELOPE **en, BODY **bdy, char *s, unsigned
long i,
                            STRING *bs, char *host, unsigned long depth,
                            unsigned long flags);
```

```
/*
=====
 * Copyright 1988-2006 University of Washington
 *
 * Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License");
 * you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
 * You may obtain a copy of the License at
 *
 *     http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
 *
=====
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Email

Photo courtesy of @AndiMann

#BHASIA

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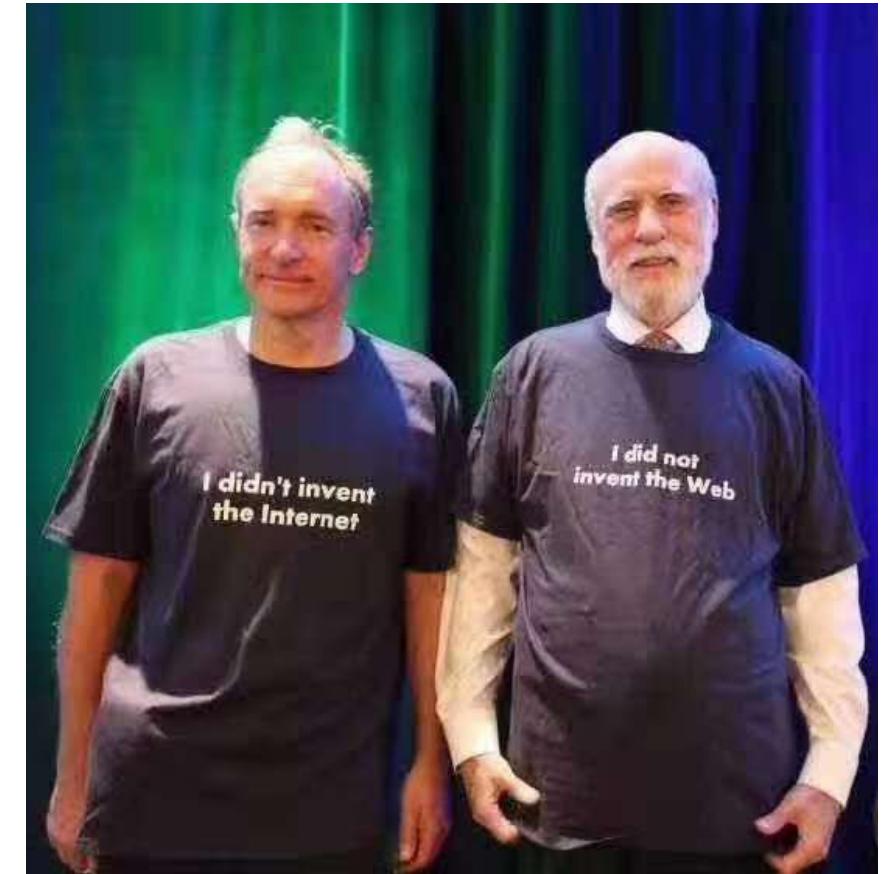


Photo courtesy of @AndiMann

Who invented email?

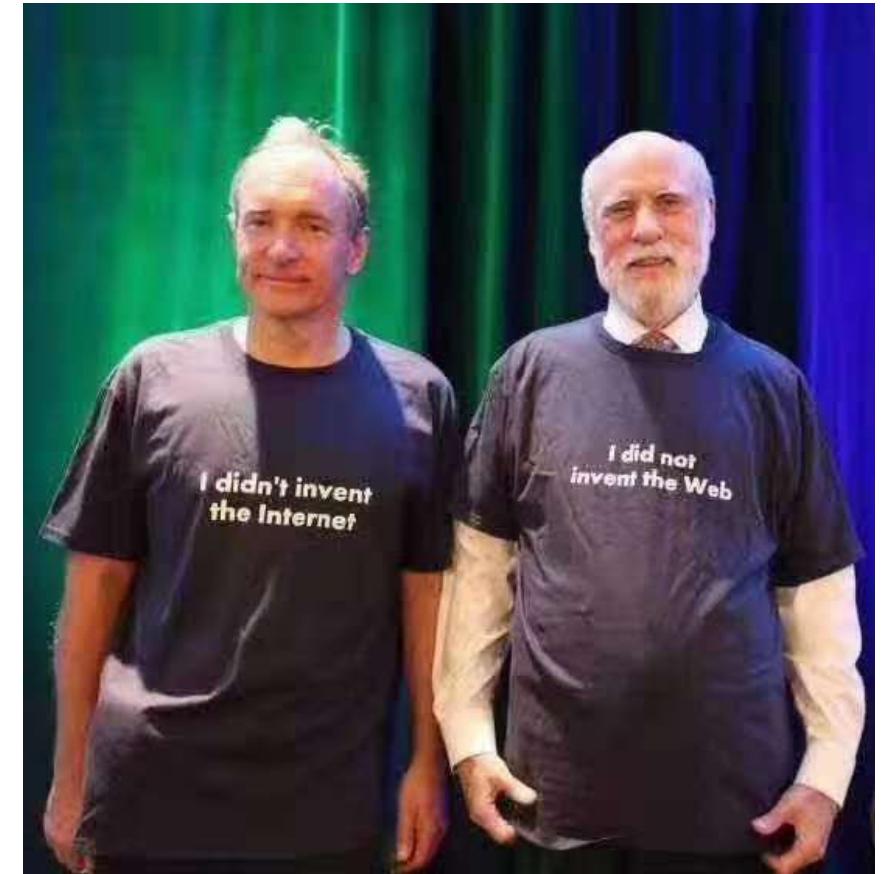


Photo courtesy of @AndiMann

Who invented email?

- *Email is much older than ARPANet or the Internet. It was never invented; it evolved from very simple beginnings.*

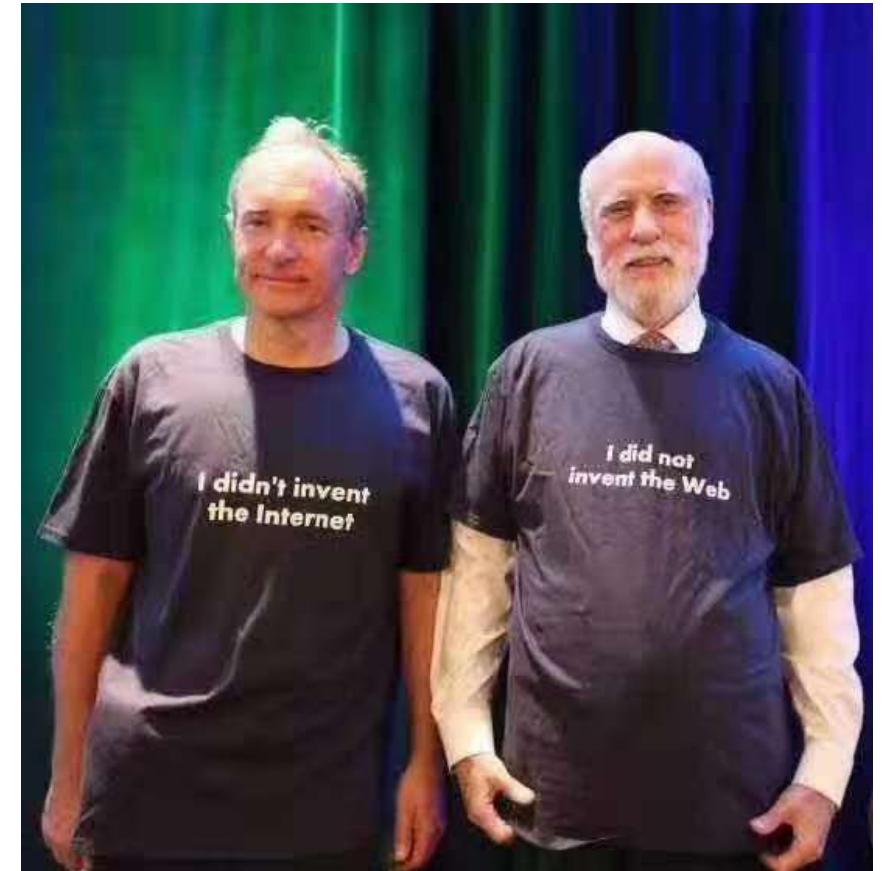


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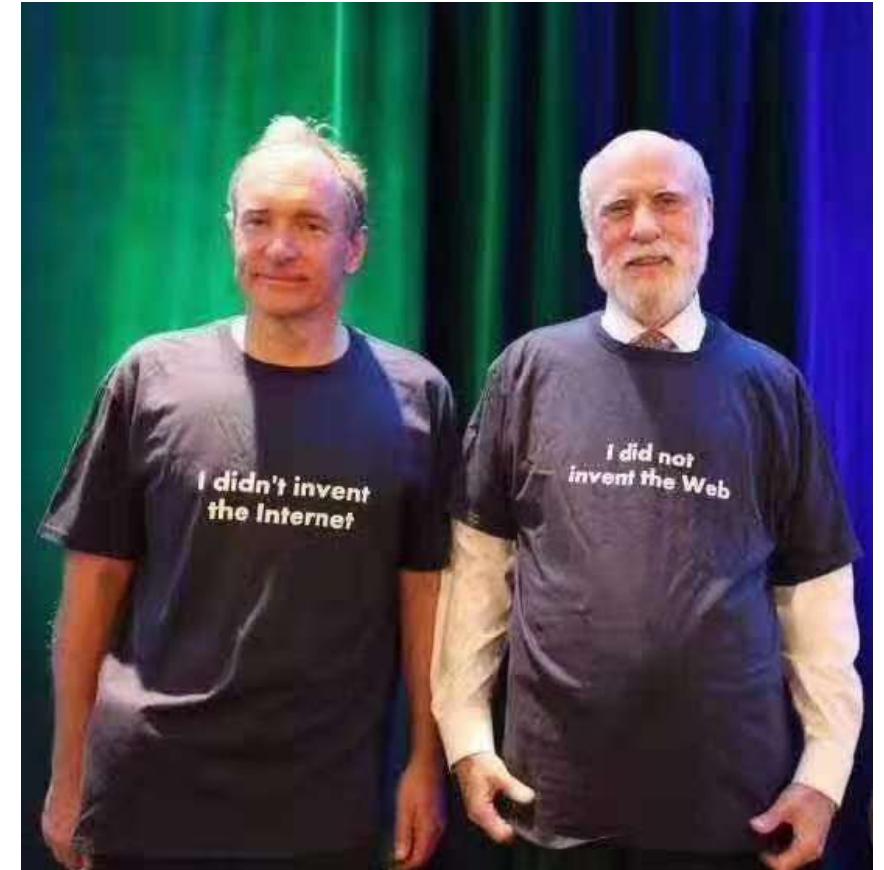


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- *This concept of communicating via email from organisation to organisation was the impetus for the advent of the internet itself.*
- *E-mail has often been called the killer application of the Internet.*

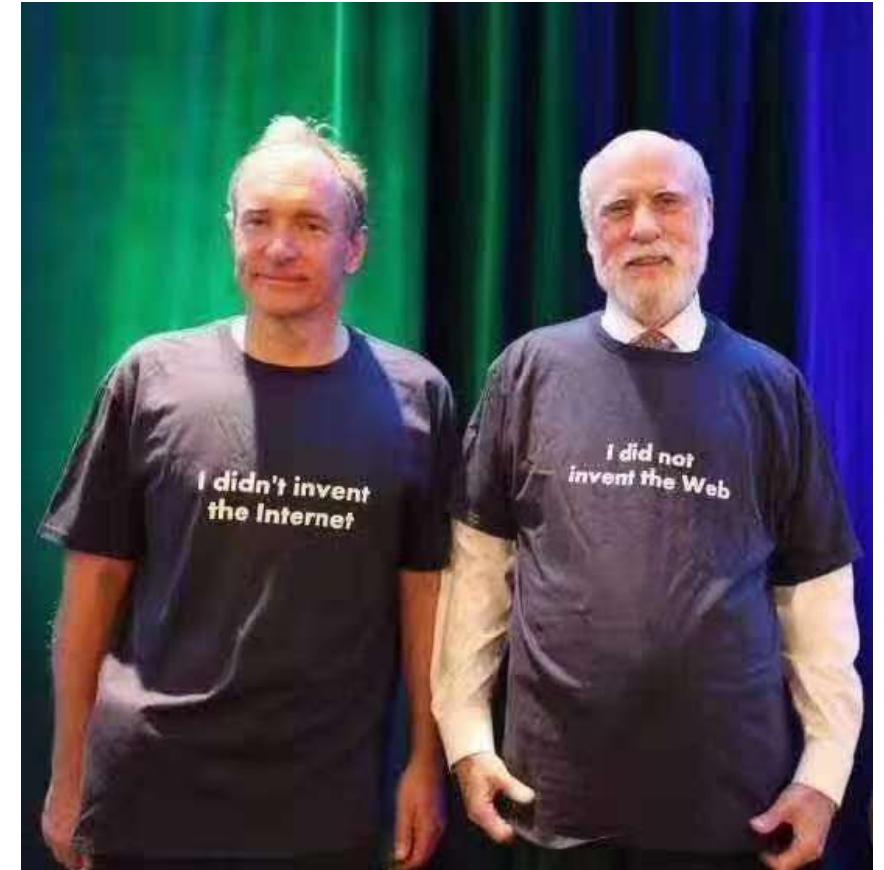


Photo courtesy of @AndiMann

Date: 6 Aug 91 14:56:20 GMT
 From: Tim Berners-Lee <timbl@info.cern.ch>
 Newsgroups: alt.hypertext
 Subject: Re: Qualifiers on Hypertext links...

In article <1991Aug2.115241@ardor.enet.dec.com> kannan@ardor.enet.dec.com (Nari Kannan) writes:

```
>
>   Is anyone reading this newsgroup aware of research or development efforts
>   in
>   the
>   following areas:
>
>   1. Hypertext links enabling retrieval from multiple heterogeneous sources
>   of
>   information?
```

The WorldWideWeb (WWW) project aims to allow links to be made to any information anywhere. The address format includes an access method (=namespace), and for most name spaces a hostname and some sort of path.

We have a prototype hypertext editor for the NeXT, and a browser for line mode terminals which runs on almost anything. These can access files either locally, NFS mounted, or via anonymous FTP. They can also go out using a simple protocol (HTTP) to a server which interprets some other data and returns equivalent hypertext files. For example, we have a server running on our mainframe (<http://cernvm.cern.ch/FIND> in WWW syntax) which makes all the CERN computer center documentation available. The HTTP protocol allows for a keyword search on an index, which generates a list of matching documents as another virtual hypertext document.

If you're interested in using the code, mail me. It's very prototype, but available by anonymous FTP from info.cern.ch. It's copyright CERN but free distribution and use is not normally a problem.

The NeXTstep editor can also browse news. If you are using it to read this,

[START of message]

? Help	< MsgIndex	P PrevMsg	- PrevPage	D Delete	R Reply
0 OTHER CMDS	> ViewAttach	N NextMsg	Spc NextPage	U Undelete	F Forward

The NeXTstep editor can also browse news. If you are using it to read this, then click on this: <<http://info.cern.ch/hypertext/WWW/TheProject.html>> to find out more about the project. We haven't put the news access into the line mode browser yet.

We also have code for a hypertext server. You can use this to make files available (like anonymous FTP but faster because it only uses one connection). You can also hack it to take a hypertext address and generate a virtual hypertext document from any other data you have - database, live data etc. It's just a question of generating plain text or SGML (ugh! but standard) mark-up on the fly. The browsers then parse it on the fly.

The WWW project was started to allow high energy physicists to share data, news, and documentation. We are very interested in spreading the web to other areas, and having gateway servers for other data. Collaborators welcome! I'll post a short summary as a separate article.

Tim Berners-Lee
 World Wide Web project
 CERN
 1211 Geneva 23, Switzerland

timbl@info.cern.ch
 Tel: +41(22)767 3755
 Fax: +41(22)767 7155
 (usual disclaimer)

[END of message]

? Help	< MsgIndex	P PrevMsg	- PrevPage	D Delete	R Reply
0 OTHER CMDS	> ViewAttach	N NextMsg	Spc NextPage	U Undelete	F Forward



A digital illustration of a city skyline composed of numerous small blue and white dots, giving it a pixelated or futuristic appearance. The city is set against a dark background with a bright, glowing orange and yellow light source at the bottom, creating a horizon line and a sense of depth.

Why do people love Email?

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 - [Debian](#) | Linux Kernel

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 - Without fear, no pressure, won't disappear. Can be caught up finally.
 - 'GTD' compatible. eg: [tickle-me-email](#) by Lamby, Leader of Debian project.
 - *Email is a push technology.*
 - *Email is delivered to the recipient so they don't have to work to get it -- they just open their Inbox and there it is.*
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 - *Email has the power of one-to-many.*
- Successful model:
 - Subject | From | To | Cc | Fcc | Headers | Contents
 - Subject is the Abstract, from the originator. Likewise in scientific papers.
 - Store-and-forward: Accept | Forward | Deliver | Store Messages.
 - Thread.

- imap.ietf.org – public accessible archive of IETF emails.

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ALPINE 2.21.9999 FOLDER COLLECTION EDIT [A] Folder: INBOX 16 Messages +

```
Nickname : IETF
Server   : imap.ietf.org/anonymous
Path     : Shared Folders/
View     :
```

Fill in the fields above to add a Folder Collection to your
COLLECTION LIST screen.
Use the "G" command to get help specific to each item, and
use "X" when finished.

^G Get Help **^X** eXit/Save **^Y** PrvPg/Top **^K** Cut Line
^C Cancel **^D** Del Char **^V** NxtPg/End **^U** UnDel Line

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^\G Get Help  ^\X eXit/Save  ^\Y PrvPg/Top  ^\K Cut Line  
^\C Cancel    ^\D Del Char  ^\V NxtPg/End  ^\U UnDel Line
```

```
ALPINE 2.21.9999 MAIN MENU [A]   Folder: INBOX 16 Messages +  
  
?      HELP          - Get help using Alpine  
C      COMPOSE MESSAGE - Compose and send/post a message  
I      MESSAGE INDEX   - View messages in current folder  
L      FOLDER LIST    - Select a folder OR news group to view  
A      ADDRESS BOOK    - Update address book  
S      SETUP           - Configure Alpine Options  
Q      QUIT            - Leave the Alpine program  
  
For Copyright information press "?"  
GOTO folder in <IETF> : behave  
^\G Help      ^\T ToFldrs  ^\P Prev Collection  ^\W INBOX  ^\X ListMatches  
^\C Cancel    Ret Accept  ^\N Next Collection TAB Complete
```

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ALPINE 2.21.9999 MESSAGE INDEX [A] <IETF> behave Msg 10,002 of 11,501 +

<pre>N 9999 22/Oct/11 Brian E C Re: [BEHAVE] I-D Action: draft-wing-behave-dhcpv6-reconfigure-00. N 10000 23/Oct/11 Ray Belli [BEHAVE] FW: New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave-nat N 10001 24/Oct/11 Ray Belli [BEHAVE] FW: New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave-nat N 10002 24/Oct/11 Xing Li Re: [BEHAVE] presentations at IETF82 N 10003 24/Oct/11 Simon Per Re: [BEHAVE] FW: New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave N 10004 24/Oct/11 Ray Belli Re: [BEHAVE] FW: New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave N 10005 24/Oct/11 Simon Per Re: [BEHAVE] FW: New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave N 10006 24/Oct/11 Ray Belli Re: [BEHAVE] New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave-nat N 10007 24/Oct/11 Simon Per Re: [BEHAVE] New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave-nat N 10008 24/Oct/11 Ray Belli Re: [BEHAVE] New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave-nat N 10009 24/Oct/11 internet- [BEHAVE] I-D Action: draft-ietf-behave-lsn-requirements-04.txt</pre>	? Help < FlDrList P PrevMsg - PrevPage D Delete R Reply O OTHER CMDS > [ViewMsg] N NextMsg Spc NextPage U Undelete F Forward
---	---

ALPINE 2.21.9999 MAIN MENU [A] Folder: INBOX 16 Messages +

L FOLDER LIST – Select a folder OR news group to view	? HELP – Get help using Alpine C COMPOSE MESSAGE – Compose and send/post a message I MESSAGE INDEX – View messages in current folder A ADDRESS BOOK – Update address book S SETUP – Configure Alpine Options Q QUIT – Leave the Alpine program
--	---

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^G Help **^T** ToFltrs **^P** Prev Collection **^W** INBOX **^X** ListMatches
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^C Cancel **^D** Del Char **^V** NxtPg/End **^U** UnDel Line

ALPINE 2.21.9999 MESSAGE INDEX [A] <IETF> behave Msg 10,002 of 11,501 +

<pre>N 9999 22/Oct/11 Brian E C Re: [BEHAVE] I-D Action: draft-wing-behave-dhcpv6-reconfigure-00. N 10000 23/Oct/11 Ray Belli [BEHAVE] FW: New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave-nat N 10001 24/Oct/11 Ray Belli [BEHAVE] FW: New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave-nat N 10002 24/Oct/11 Xing Li Re: [BEHAVE] presentations at IETF82 N 10003 24/Oct/11 Simon Per Re: [BEHAVE] FW: New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave N 10004 24/Oct/11 Ray Belli Re: [BEHAVE] FW: New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave N 10005 24/Oct/11 Simon Per Re: [BEHAVE] FW: New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave N 10006 24/Oct/11 Ray Belli Re: [BEHAVE] New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave-nat N 10007 24/Oct/11 Simon Per Re: [BEHAVE] New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave-nat N 10008 24/Oct/11 Ray Belli Re: [BEHAVE] New Version Notification for draft-bellis-behave-nat N 10009 24/Oct/11 internet- [BEHAVE] I-D Action: draft-ietf-behave-lsn-requirements-04.txt</pre>	? Help < FlDrList P PrevMsg - PrevPage D Delete R Reply O OTHER CMDS > [ViewMsg] N NextMsg Spc NextPage U Undelete F Forward
---	---

ALPINE 2.21.9999 MAIN MENU [A] Folder: INBOX 16 Messages +

? HELP - Get help using Alpine	C COMPOSE MESSAGE - Compose and send/post a message	I MESSAGE INDEX - View messages in current folder
L FOLDER LIST - Select a folder OR news group to view		
A ADDRESS BOOK - Update address book	S SETUP - Configure Alpine Options	Q QUIT - Leave the Alpine program

For Copyright information press "?"

GOTO folder in <IETF> : behave

^G Help **^T** ToFltrs **^P** Prev Collection **^W** INBOX **^X** ListMatches
^C Cancel **Ret** Accept **^N** Next Collection **TAB** Complete

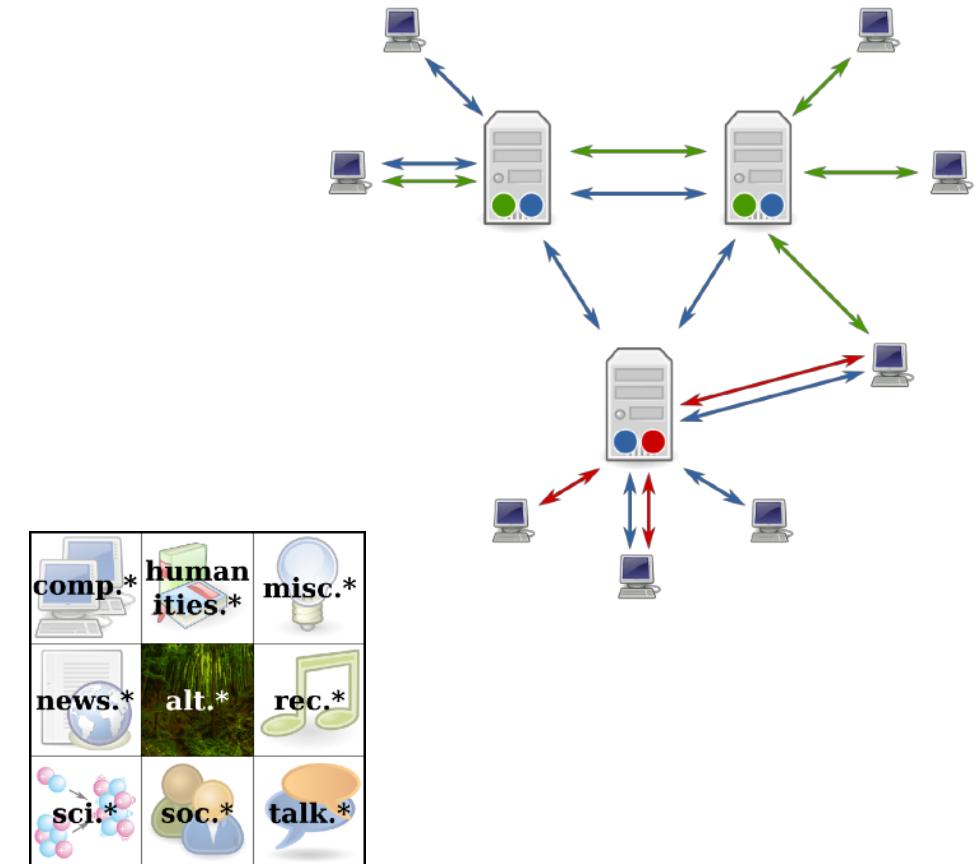
ALPINE 2.21.9999 MESSAGE TEXT [A] <IETF> behave Msg 11,193 of 11,501 72% +

Date: Sun, 20 Oct 2013 20:56:10
 From: Xing Li <xing@cernet.edu.cn>
 To: Simon Perreault <simon.perreault@viagenie.ca>
 Cc: behave@ietf.org
 Subject: Re: [BEHAVE] WG Action: Conclusion of Behavior Engineering for Hindrance Avoidance (behave)

Simon Perreault 写道:
 > Le 2013-10-17 20:37, ietfdbh a écrit :
 > > I would like to personally thank Dave and Dan for their efforts chairing
 > > this WG.
 > > I found them excellent to work with.
 >
 > +1!
 >
 > Simon
+1!

? Help **< MsgIndex** **P PrevMsg** **- PrevPage** **D Delete** **R Reply**
O OTHER CMDS **> ViewAttch** **N NextMsg** **Spc NextPage** **U Undelete** **F Forward**

- in.coming
- out.going
- Async
- satellite sites
 - decentralized to some extent
 - leafnode, cache
- BBS



— Wikipedia

Well, the thank-you's have been rather ebullient all day long today and I feel somewhat embarrassed by the attention. Especially given how long it took us to get the archive on line and visible! It has to be close to 10 years now. Sigh. The story is more a story of fits and starts than of resolve. And our contribution accounts for some (most?) of the first 10 years of the Google archive.

If I recall correctly, the issue of Henry Spencer's (actually, the University of Toronto, Department of Zoology's) NetNews archive was raised at a Usenix conference in the early 90's. The question: can we get at them? Bruce Jones was especially interested in this. Henry's answer was that it really wasn't going to be easy because he had neither the disk space nor the tape drive to pull them all down to make them available.

I, it turned out, did. So one bright winter day I drove from London (Ontario Canada) to Toronto (Ontario Canada) -- a two hour drive in my shiny new pickup truck and picked up 141 magtapes from the Zoology department at UofT and brought them back to the Department of Computer Science at the University of Western Ontario. (A not unimpressive bandwidth, by the way, of some 18Mb/sec :-) never underestimate the bandwidth of a pickup truck on the highway!)

Then with the help of several people (some of whom have not yet been credited) we started to pull the data off of the tapes and onto disks in both the Computer Science department and the Robarts Research Institute. Lance Bailey, then with the Robarts Research Institute, did the pulling there and I with assistance from Bob Webber did it at Computer Science. Bruce Jones from UCSD took some vacation time and came up here to help pull data down for a week or so as well.

But we quickly ran out of space and time: Lance left Robarts for UBC, Bruce's vacation ended, and Bob and I got busy doing other things (like our jobs). As a result, the archive project made very little progress over the next few years.

Then Brewster Kahle started pushing on us (thanks Brewster!) to get it done. He even bought us a large disk to hold the archive when we truly ran out of space. With the help of Sue Thielen, who was out of work and bored, we got all of the rest of the tapes read down onto that disk. Unfortunately, that disk was not "close enough" to either a tape drive or the ftp server to make the data available to anyone. And it wasn't organized in anyway usefully.

Brewster pushed very gently for a very long time but the new archive project was far from the top of the list of projects I was supposed to be working on and I just never got it going again.

Late this summer Michael Schmitt from Google started pushing as well. And as luck would have it, I was able to hire a student to do the final sorting of the archive as well. And, that luck still holding, I managed to "steal" enough space on the ftp server for the entire archive! But it still took months to get that figured out and the archive transferred to a machine from which they pull the archive. It was the middle of October before we were able to make the collection available to Google. And it is actually available, although totally unsorted, to anyone who wants it and can deal with pulling some 160 files ranging in size from 1.4Mb to 65Mb. Just drop me a line to say please and we'll arrange to make it visible to you.

I'd still like to impose a bit more order on the raw archives than we have but the time just hasn't allowed for that...

David Wiseman, Dec 11, 2001



<https://archive.org/download/utzoo-wiseman-usenet-archive>

<https://macgui.com/blogs/?e=343>

#BHASIA

 @BLACK HAT EVENTS

- Bridges NNTP, RSS, and Mailing List

```
ALPINE 2.21.9999   FOLDER LIST [H] <lo> el.vger.linux-kernel 1,999 Msgs
```

```
News groups on news.gmane.org/nntp
```

announce	linux.kernel.announce
comp.ai.machine-learning	linux.kernel.arm
comp.encryption.general	linux.kernel.kernelnewbies
comp.encryption.openssl.announce	linux.network
comp.mobile.osmocom.announce	linux.openwall.devel
comp.mobile.osmocom.baseband.devel	linux.openwall.user
comp.mobile.osmocom.sdr	mail.alpine.info
comp.mobile.osmocom.simtrace	mail.mailman.announce
comp.mozilla.devel.privacy	mail.mailman.devel
comp.security.forensics	mail.mailman.user
comp.security.openwall.announce	mail.pine.announce
comp.security.openwall.crypto	mail.public-inbox.general
comp.security.phishings	mail.rss2email
comp.video.x265.devel	network.tor.announce
discuss	network.tor.user
emacs.devel	org.eff.openwireless
ietf.acme	org.fsf.announce

```
? Help      < ClctnList  P PrevFldr    - PrevPage A Add      R Rename  
0 OTHER CMDS > [ViewFldr] N NextFldr  Spc NextPage D Delete  W WhereIs
```

• Bridges NNTP, RSS, and Mailing List

ALPINE 2.21.9999 FOLDER LIST [H] <lo> el.vger.linux-kernel 1,999 Msgs

News groups on news.gmane.org/nntp

announce

comp.ai.machine-learning
 comp.encryption.general
 comp.encryption.openssl.announce
 comp.mobile.osmocom.announce
 comp.mobile.osmocom.baseband.devel
 comp.mobile.osmocom.sdr
 comp.mobile.osmocom.simtrace
 comp.mozilla.devel.privacy
 comp.security.forensics
 comp.security.openwall.announce
 comp.security.openwall.crypto
 comp.security.phishings
 comp.video.x265.devel
 discuss
 emacs.devel
 ietf.acme

linux.kernel.announce
 linux.kernel.arm
 linux.kernel.kernelnewbies
 linux.network
 linux.openwall.devel
 linux.openwall.user
 mail.alpine.info
 mail.mailman.announce
 mail.mailman.devel
 mail.mailman.user
 mail.pine.announce
 mail.public-inbox.general
 mail.rss2email
 network.tor.announce
 network.tor.user
 org.eff.openwireless
 org.fsf.announce

? Help < ClctnList P PrevFldr - PrevPage A Add R Rename
 0 OTHER CMDS > [View Fldr] N NextFldr Spc NextPage D Delete W WhereIs

ALPINE 2.21.9999 MESSAGE TEXT

Message 1 of 5 96%

Date: Thu, 14 Feb 2019 00:50:22 -0200
 From: Renato Fabbri <renato.fabbri@gmail.com>
 To: gmane-discuss@hawk.netfonds.no, gmane-discuss@quimby.gnus.org
 Newsgroups: gmane.discuss
 Subject: status of GMANE

Dear GMANEr,
 last blog post is from Sep/2016:
<http://home.gmane.org/>

links in the "Reading" page are not working:
<http://dir.gmane.org/> [dir.gmane.org]

does any of you have a clear status of the API?

PS. I am mainly interested in downloading thousands
 of email messages to mine them and verify complex networks
 hypotheses. I did that in 2015 and before via RSS.

Best regards,
 Renato

? Help < MsgIndex P PrevMsg - PrevPage D Delete R Reply
 0 OTHER CMDS > ViewAttch N NextMsg Spc NextPage U Undelete F Forward

- Everything is email, including patch.
 - git-send-email
- Every Email is a git commit.
- Serving NNTP.
- Push Model vs Pull Model
- <https://lwn.net/Articles/748184>

ALPINE 2.21.9999 FOLDER LIST [A] Folder: INBOX 58 Messages +

News groups on nntp.lore.kernel.org/nntp

com.zx2c4.lists.wireguard
fr.lip6.systeme.coccinelle
org.infradead.lists.linux-amlogic
org.infradead.lists.linux-arm-kernel
org.infradead.lists.linux-i3c
org.infradead.lists.linux-mtd
org.infradead.lists.linux-riscv
org.kernel.vger.backports
org.kernel.vger.bpf
org.kernel.vger.linux-block
org.kernel.vger.linux-bluetooth
org.kernel.vger.linux-btrfs
org.kernel.vger.linux-cifs
org.kernel.vger.linux-clk
org.kernel.vger.linux-crypto
org.kernel.vger.linux-ext4
org.kernel.vger.linux-fsdevel
org.kernel.vger.linux-hwmon
org.kernel.vger.linux-hyperv
org.kernel.vger.linux-iio
org.kernel.vger.linux-integrity
org.kernel.vger.linux-kernel
org.kernel.vger.linux-media
org.kernel.vger.linux-mips
org.kernel.vger.linux-modules
org.kernel.vger.linux-nfs
org.kernel.vger.linux-parisc
org.kernel.vger.linux-pci
org.kernel.vger.linux-renesas-soc
org.kernel.vger.linux-rt-users
org.kernel.vger.linux-rtc
org.kernel.vger.linux-security-module
org.kernel.vger.linux-sgx
org.kernel.vger.linux-trace-devel
org.kernel.vger.linux-trace-users
org.kernel.vger.linux-watchdog
org.kernel.vger.linux-wireless
org.kernel.vger.netdev
org.kernel.vger.netfilter-devel
org.kernel.vger.rcu
org.kernel.vger.selinux
org.kernel.vger.selinux-refpolicy
org.kernel.vger.stable
org.kernel.vger.util-linux
org.kernelnewbies.kernelnewbies
org.kvack.linux-mm
org.ozlabs.lists.linuxppc-dev

[Subscribed to "org.kernel.vger.linux-rt-users"]

? Help < ClctnList P PrevFldr - PrevPage A Add R Rename
0 OTHER CMDS > [View Fldr] N NextFldr Spc NextPage D Delete W WhereIs



ALPINE 2.21.9999 MESSAGE INDEX [H]

<lore> org.kernel.vger.linux-kernel

Msg 1,976 of 1,999 NEW

- N 1961 Thu 11:40 Alec Ari Compiling error if CONFIG_CPU_SUP_INTEL is disabled
- N 1962 Thu 13:05 NeilBrown . [PATCH 0/3] Three rhashtable improvements
- N 1963 Thu 13:05 NeilBrown |-[PATCH 1/3] rhashtable: use cmpxchg() in nested_table_alloc()
- N 1964 Thu 13:05 NeilBrown |-[PATCH 2/3] rhashtable: don't hold lock on first table throughout insertion.
- N 1965 Thu 13:05 NeilBrown \-[PATCH 3/3] rhashtable: rename rht_for_each*continue as *from.
- N 1966 Thu 13:07 Gwendal Grign Re: [PATCH] loop: drop caches if offset or block_size are changed
- N 1967 Thu 13:24 Kangjie Lu [PATCH v3] hid: logitech: check the return value of create_singlethread_workqueue
- N 1968 Thu 13:37 Kangjie Lu [PATCH] infiniband: i40iw: fix potential NULL pointer dereferences
- N 1969 Thu 13:46 Kangjie Lu [PATCH] hyperv: a potential NULL pointer dereference
- N 1970 Thu 13:47 Yue Haibing . [PATCH v2] appletalk: Fix potential NULL pointer dereference in unregister_snap_client
- N 1971 Thu 05:03 David Miller . \->
- N 1972 Thu 11:18 YueHaibing \->
- N 1973 Thu 13:53 Kangjie Lu [PATCH] pci: pci-tegra: fix a potential NULL pointer dereference
- N 1974 Thu 13:56 Kangjie Lu [PATCH] pci: pcie-rcar: fix a potential NULL pointer dereference
- N 1975 Thu 13:58 Kangjie Lu [PATCH] pci: pcie-xilinx: fix a missing-check bug for __get_free_pages
- N 1976 Thu 14:02 Kangjie Lu [PATCH] power: charger-manager: fix a potential NULL pointer dereference
- N 1977 Thu 14:10 Kangjie Lu [PATCH] rapidio: fix a NULL pointer dereference when create_workqueue fails
- N 1978 Thu 14:15 Sergey Senozh [PATCH] tcp: don't use __constant_cpu_to_be32
- N 1979 Thu 14:17 Sergey Senozh . [PATCH 1/2] cifs: remove unused status severity defines
- N 1980 Thu 14:17 Sergey Senozh |-[PATCH 2/2] cifs: don't use __constant_cpu_to_le32()
- N 1981 Thu 14:54 Steve French \->
- N 1982 Thu 14:27 Naoya Horiguchi Re: [Qestion] Hit a WARN_ON_ONCE in try_to_unmap_one when running syzkaller
- N 1983 Thu 14:30 Kangjie Lu [PATCH] scsi: qla4xxx: fix a potential NULL pointer dereference
- N 1984 Thu 14:36 Sergey Senozh . [PATCH 1/2] scsi: qla4xxx: do not use __constant_cpu_to_leXX
- N 1985 Thu 14:36 Sergey Senozh \-[PATCH 2/2] scsi: qla2xxx: do not use __constant_cpu_to_leXX
- N 1986 Thu 14:37 Kangjie Lu [PATCH] scsi: ufs: fix a missing check of devm_reset_control_get

[Sorting "org.kernel.vger.linux-kernel" | 100% |]

? Help

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EVENTS



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Kernelnewbies is a community of aspiring Linux kernel developers who work to improve their [Kernels](#) and more experienced developers willing to share their knowledge.

Kernelnewbies can be found on the [MailingList](#), [IRC](#) (irc.oftc.net #kernelnewbies), the [web forum](#) and this wiki.

Outreachy

Potential Outreachy applicants, please go to the [Outreachy Intro page](#).

ChangeLog

A human readable changelog for the Linux kernel can be found on the [LinuxChanges](#) page.

Reporting Bugs

If you think you've found a Linux kernel bug, follow the directions on the [FoundBug](#) page to report it.

Hacking

So you want to be a Linux kernel developer? Go complete our [tutorial](#) for creating your first kernel patch, or read [Linux Kernel Hacking](#).

Do you want to figure out how a certain kernel subsystem works? Go to our [subsystems](#) page.

Glossary

Confused by kernel terminology? Look at our [KernelGlossary](#)...

- Wiki
- FAQs
- LLVM Weekly
- IETF Daily Dose
- [LWN.org](#)



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Kernel coverage at LWN.net

LWN.net's coverage of Linux kernel development is detailed, technical, and timely.

The article index

See [the LWN Kernel Index](#) for instant access to all LWN kernel articles, organized by topic.

Recent LWN.net kernel articles

LWN runs kernel-oriented content every week. Some of our more recent articles in this area include:

March 14, 2019	The creation of the io.latency block I/O controller
March 8, 2019	5.1 Merge window part 1
March 7, 2019	Controlling device peer-to-peer access from user space
March 5, 2019	Two topics in user-space access
March 1, 2019	A kernel unit-testing framework
February 28, 2019	Core scheduling
February 26, 2019	Reimplementing printk()
February 26, 2019	Memory-mapped I/O without mysterious macros
February 22, 2019	Containers as kernel objects — again
February 21, 2019	Development statistics for the 5.0 kernel
February 18, 2019	The case of the supersized shebang
February 15, 2019	Per-vector software-interrupt masking
February 13, 2019	io_uring, SCM_RIGHTS, and reference-count cycles
February 7, 2019	Concurrency management in BPF
February 5, 2019	Fixing page-cache side channels, second attempt
January 26, 2019	Snowpatch: continuous-integration testing for the kernel
January 23, 2019	The RCU API, 2019 edition
January 21, 2019	Persistent memory for transient data
January 18, 2019	A proposed API for full-memory encryption
January 17, 2019	Defending against page-cache attacks

Recent kernel patches

A few of the most recently posted kernel patches are listed below; see [the LWN Kernel Patches Page](#) for full access to the patch database.

- Chang S. Bae: [x86: Enable FSGSBASE instructions](#). (March 15, 2019)
- Andrey Konovalov: [arm64: untag user pointers passed to the kernel](#). (March 15, 2019)

The Daily Dose of IETF

"Be conservative in what you send and liberal in what you accept"

« Prev

Issue 3310 — 2019-03-04

Next »

IETF-Anounce List

- [Last Call: <draft-ietf-regext-bundling-registration-09.txt> \(Extensible Provisioning Protocol \(EPP\) Domain Name Mapping Extension for Strict Bundling Registration\) to informational RFC](#)
- [IETF 104 Final Agenda](#)

[more messages >](#)

New RFCs



- [RFC 8506 on Diameter Credit-Control Application](#)

[more recent RFCs >](#)

New and Revived Drafts

- [Digital Product Life Cycle Model](#) (draft-algermissen-digital-product-life-cycle-model)
- [BGP Security Tracking](#) (draft-beck-bgp-security-tracking)
- [Segment routing for SD-WAN paths over hybrid networks](#) (draft-dunbar-sr-sdwan-over-hybrid-networks)
- [Extended Tokens and Stateless Clients in the Constrained Application Protocol \(CoAP\)](#) (draft-ietf-core-stateless)
- [Minimal TCP Convergence-Layer Protocol](#) (draft-ietf-dtn-mtcpcl)
- [OSPF Extension for Prefix Originator](#) (draft-ietf-lsr-ospf-prefix-originator)
- [TLS 1.3 Extension for Certificate-based Authentication with an External Pre-Shared Key](#) (draft-ietf-tls-tls13-cert-with-extern-psk)

Drafts Sent to IESG

- [Resource Indicators for OAuth 2.0](#) (draft-ietf-oauth-resource-indicators): Active ➤ Publication Requested
- [Traversal Using Relays around NAT \(TURN\): Relay Extensions to Session Traversal Utilities for NAT \(STUN\)](#) (draft-ietf-tram-turnbis): Active ➤ Publication Requested

IESG Progress

- [BGP-LS extensions for Segment Routing BGP Egress Peer Engineering](#) (draft-ietf-idr-bgpls-segment-routing-epe): AD Evaluation ➤ ::Revised I-D Needed
- [IS-IS Extensions for Segment Routing](#) (draft-ietf-isis-segment-routing-extensions): Publication Requested ➤ AD Evaluation
- [JSON Meta Application Protocol](#) (draft-ietf-jmap-core): IESG Evaluation::Revised I-D Needed ➤ ::AD Followup
- [JMAP for Mail](#) (draft-ietf-jmap-mail): IESG Evaluation::Revised I-D Needed ➤ ::AD Followup
- [YANG Module Tags](#) (draft-ietf-netmod-module-tags): In Last Call ➤ Waiting for Writeup
- [Extensible Provisioning Protocol \(EPP\) Domain Name Mapping Extension for Strict Bundling Registration](#) (draft-ietf-regext-bundling-registration): Publication Requested ➤ In Last Call

DNS Long-Lived Queries (draft-sekar-dns-llq)

□ [TLS Resumption across Server Name Indications for TLS 1.3](#) (draft-sy-tls-resumption-group)

Updated Drafts

- [Limited Domains and Internet Protocols](#) (draft-carpenter-limited-domains)
- [YANG Geo Location](#) (draft-chopps-netmod-geo-location)
- [The 'payto' URI scheme for payments](#) (draft-dold-payto)
- [Subnet ID Deprecation for IPv6](#) (draft-dykim-6man-sid6)
- [Measures against cache poisoning attacks using IP fragmentation in DNS](#) (draft-fujiiwara-dnsop-fragment-attack)
- [Updates to Requirements for IPv6 Options](#) (draft-herbert-ipv6-update-optps)
- [BIER BFD](#) (draft-hu-bier-bfd)
- [An Architecture for IPv6 over the TSCH mode of IEEE 802.15.4](#) (draft-ietf-6tisch-architecture)
- [BGP Control Plane for NSH SFC](#) (draft-ietf-bess-nsn-bgp-control-plane)
- [Deterministic Networking \(DetNet\) Security Considerations](#) (draft-ietf-detnet-security)
- [Distributed-Denial-of-Service Open Threat Signaling \(DOTS\) Architecture](#) (draft-ietf-dots-architecture)
- [Distributed Denial of Service \(DDoS\) Open Threat Signaling Requirements](#) (draft-ietf-dots-requirements)
- [Delay-Tolerant Networking TCP Convergence Layer Protocol Version 4](#) (draft-ietf-dtn-tcpclv4)
- [Structure of the IETF Administrative Support Activity, Version 2.0](#) (draft-ietf-iasa2-rfc4071bis)
- [JSON Meta Application Protocol](#) (draft-ietf-jmap-core)
- [JMAP for Mail](#) (draft-ietf-jmap-mail)
- [MPLS Transport Encapsulation For The SFC NSH](#) (draft-ietf-mpls-sfc-encapsulation)

Drafts Sent to RFC Editor

Other Status Changes

- [Extended Tokens and Stateless Clients in the Constrained Application Protocol \(CoAP\)](#) (draft-harke-core-stateless): Active ➤ Replaced by draft-ietf-core-stateless

RFC Editor Status Changes

- [DNS Scoped Data Through "Underscore" Naming of Attribute Leaves](#) (draft-ietf-dnsop-attrleaf): ➤ AUTH48
- [DNS Attrleaf Changes: Fixing Specifications with Underscored Node Name Use](#) (draft-ietf-dnsop-attrleaf-fx): ➤ AUTH48

IPR Disclosures



[more IPR disclosures >](#)

IESG/IAB/IAOC/Trust Minutes

more minutes: [IESG >](#) [IAB >](#) [IAOC >](#) [Trust >](#)

Liaison Statements

[more liaison statements >](#)

Classified Ads

LLVM Weekly - #214, Feb 5th 2018

Welcome to the two hundred and fourteenth issue of LLVM Weekly, a weekly newsletter (published every Monday) covering developments in LLVM, Clang, and related projects. LLVM Weekly is brought to you by Alex Bradbury. Subscribe to future issues at <http://llvmweekly.org> and pass it on to anyone else you think may be interested. Please send any tips or feedback to asb@asbradbury.org, or @llvmweekly or @asbradbury on Twitter.

News and articles from around the web

Reminder: the deadline for paper submissions for EuroLLVM 2018 is this Friday, February 9th. Adrien Guinet has released DragonFFI, a C Foreign Function Interface (FFI) library based on Clang/LLVM. It aims to provide broader ABI support than libffi and to work around the limitations of Python's cffi C parser through the use of Clang.

On the mailing lists

- Fāng-rùi Sòng started a discussion on [moving the LLVM developer-facing utility scripts to Python 3](#).
- Tanya Lattner is looking for help in fleshing out the LLVM GSoC'18 proposed projects list.
- Paul Robinson gave a helpful summary of recent work on improving 'debuggability' of optimized code.
- George Karpenkov wrote up [short investigation of exploration strategies and paths for Clang analyzer](#).
- Sean Perry has been looking at implementing support for -fexec-charset and -finput-charset, and is seeking feedback.

LLVM commits

- LLVM's policies on library layering and header isolation have been documented in the coding standards doc. r324004.
- The sigil for machine IR physical registers is now \$ rather than %. r323922.
- Support has been added to dsymutil for generating Apple accelerator tables. r323655.
- update_test_checks.py and update_llc_test_checks.py have been refactored to share common code. r323718.

- A scheduling model has been added for the Exynos M3. r323773.
- A new extension is now supported, linker options can be passed from the frontend to the linker through the linker_options section. r323783.
- The X86 retpoline think insertion pass is now a machine function pass rather than a module pass. r323915.
- InstCombine will now canonicalise to i8/i16/i32 operations even if the resulting type isn't legal according to the datalayout. See the llvm-dev thread for more justification. r324174.

Clang commits

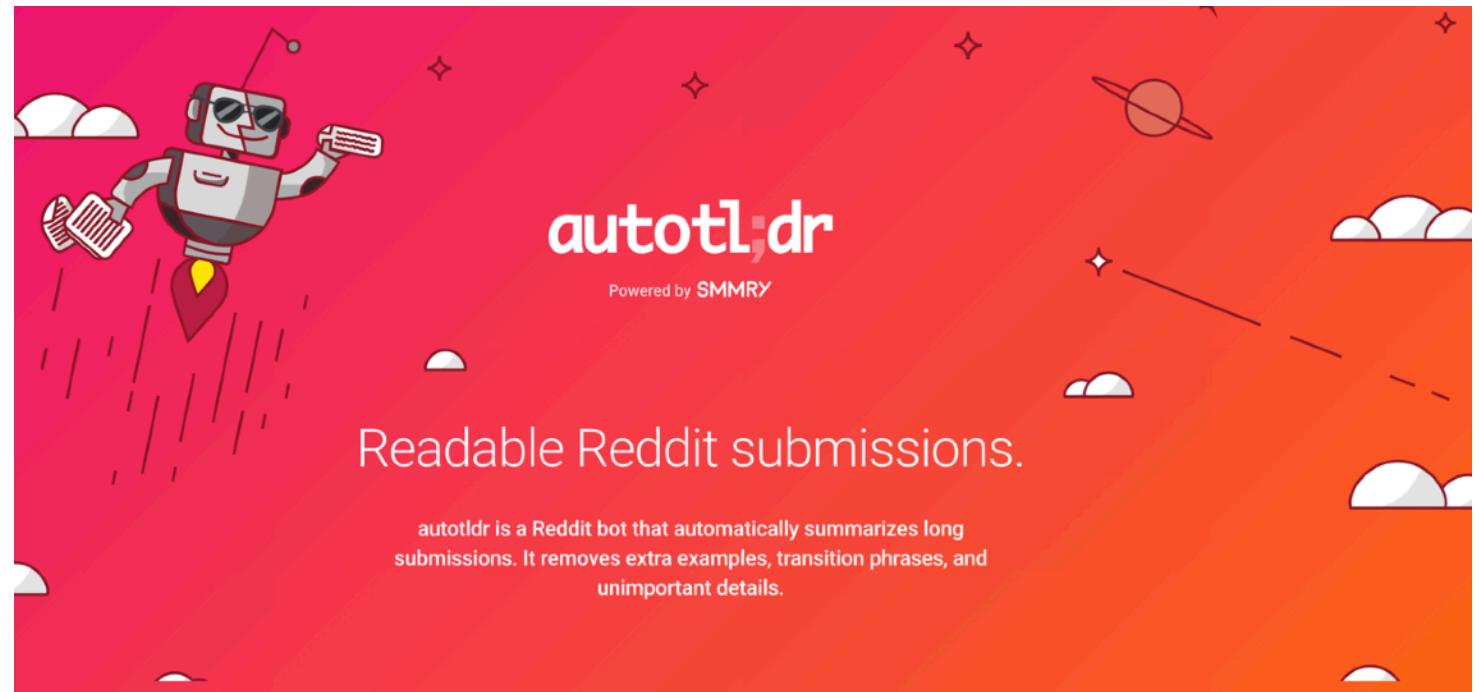
- Debug information is now generated for C99 VLA (variable-length array) types. r323952.
- Partial support for CUDA-9.1 has been added to Clang. r323713.
- clangd has been refactored to pass its Context object implicitly using thread local storage. r323872.

Other project commits

- As previously announced, a number of experimental APIs that have been superseded by versions adopted by the C++ standard have been removed. experimental/optional, experimental/any, experimental/numeric and experimental::sample. r323971, r323972, r323975, r323979.
- The libcxxabi demangler gained improved support for variadic templates and seen a large refactoring. r323906, r324111.
- New python utilities were added to make it easier to write LLDB tests for when LLDB is acting as a client of a gdb-remote connection. r323636.
- LLDB tests are now compiled out-of-tree. r323803.

SUBSCRIBE AT LLVMWEEKLY.ORG.

- <http://autotldr.io/>





4/4

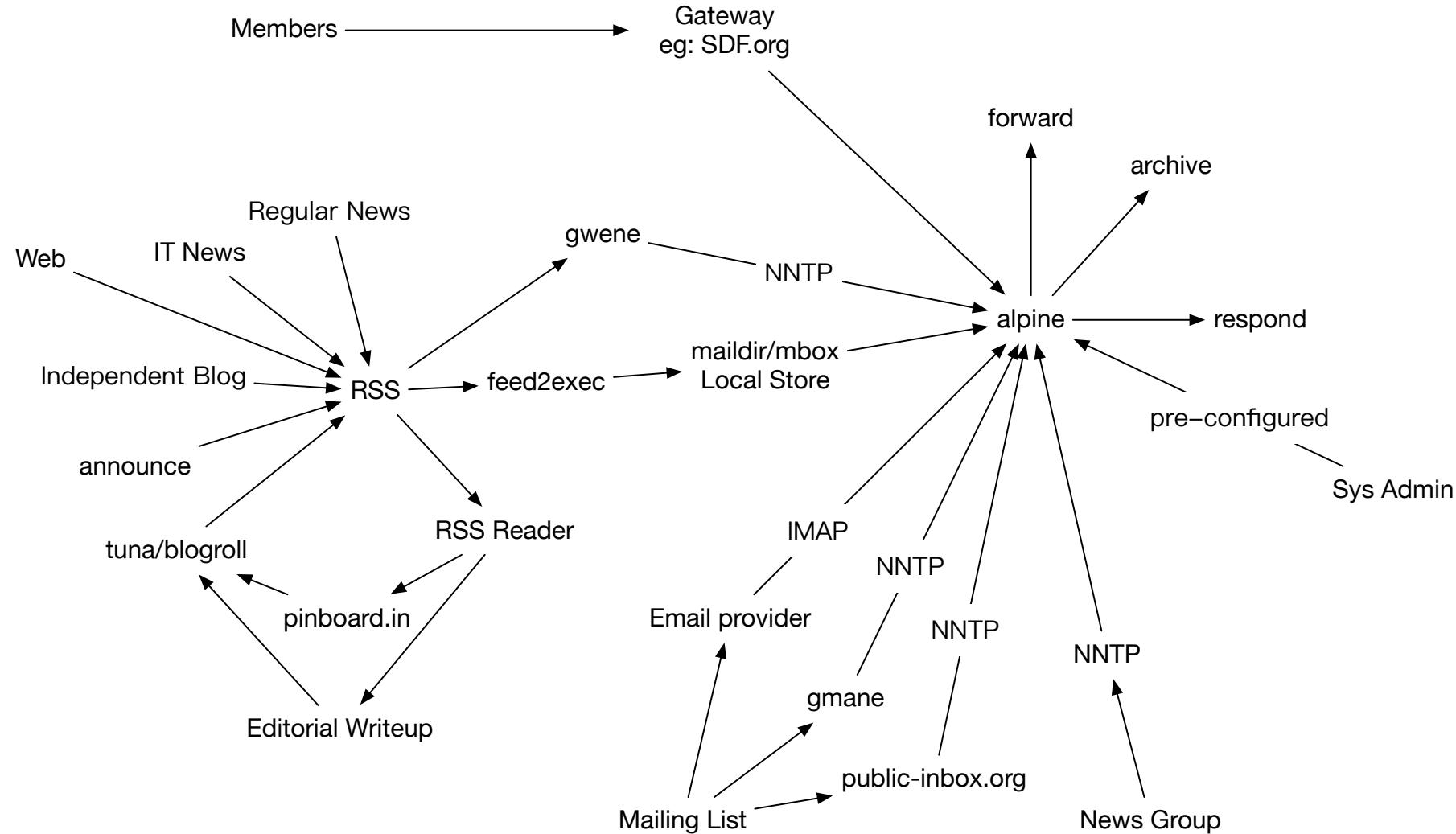
Our Practices

“HiFo”: High Throughput Information Handling

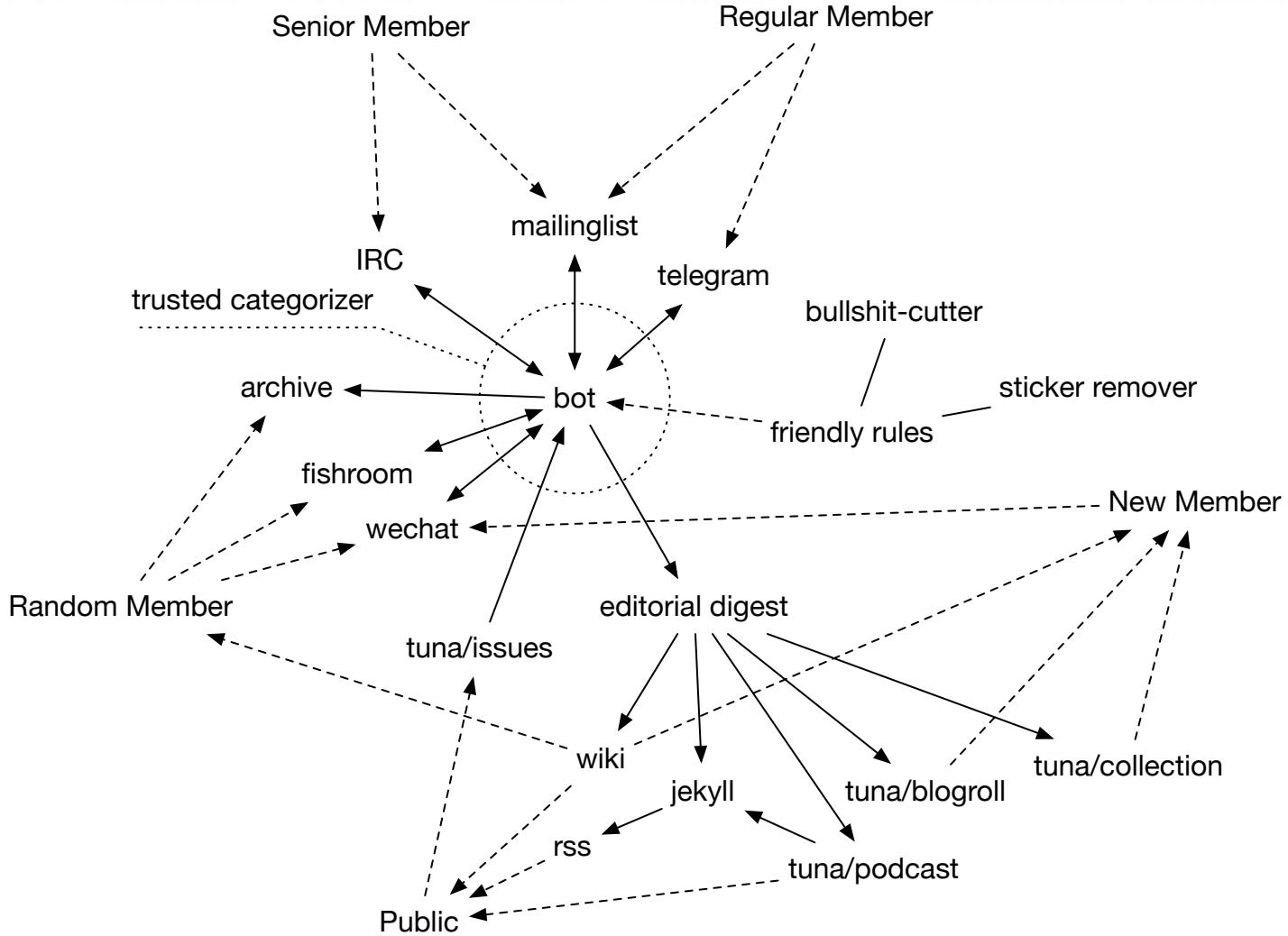
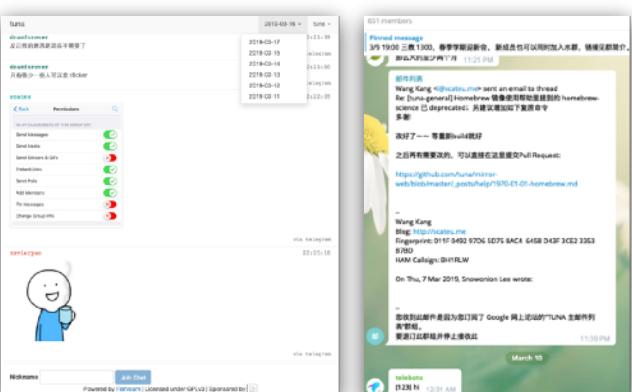
- Everyone reads everything.
- Async + full-coverage
- Decrease latency of each operation.
 - Keep machine waiting for human beings, instead of human waiting for machines.
 - Maildrop; Message-Drop
- Database-leak-style News Reading
 - Read all the news. (subjects, at least)
 - Get the whole, non-biased picture.

computer	latency (ms)	year	clock	# T
apple 2e	30	1983	1 MHz	3.5k
ti 99/4a	40	1981	3 MHz	8k
custom haswell-e 165Hz	50	2014	3.5 GHz	2G
commodore pet 4016	60	1977	1 MHz	3.5k
sgi indy	60	1993	.1 GHz	1.2M
custom haswell-e 120Hz	60	2014	3.5 GHz	2G
thinkpad 13 chromeos	70	2017	2.3 GHz	1G
imac g4 os 9	70	2002	.8 GHz	11M
custom haswell-e 60Hz	80	2014	3.5 GHz	2G
mac color classic	90	1993	16 MHz	273k
powerspec g405 linux 60Hz	90	2017	4.2 GHz	2G
macbook pro 2014	100	2014	2.6 GHz	700M
thinkpad 13 linux chroot	100	2017	2.3 GHz	1G
lenovo x1 carbon 4g linux	110	2016	2.6 GHz	1G
imac g4 os x	120	2002	.8 GHz	11M
custom haswell-e 24Hz	140	2014	3.5 GHz	2G
lenovo x1 carbon 4g win	150	2016	2.6 GHz	1G
next cube	150	1988	25 MHz	1.2M
powerspec g405 linux	170	2017	4.2 GHz	2G
packet around the world	190			
powerspec g405 win	200	2017	4.2 GHz	2G
symbolics 3620	300	1986	5 MHz	390k

High Throughput Information Handling



- Bridge Everything:
 - All User-Agents welcome!
 - Matterbridge | Fishroom
- Trusted Categorizer
 - Different Channel, Topic: Random | Serious | Newbies | Topic-specific
- Editorial Digest
 - blogroll | podcast
- Public, {Random, New, Regular, Senior} Member
- Friendly Rules





Friendly Rules: Sticker Remover / Auto Folding



- Stickers are toxic for a serious community.
 - Proof of no work. Infectious.
 - Not good for 'productive'. Not good for 'helpful'.
 - Flooding the screen.
 - At least, emoji is character-size. Stickers are way large.



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- *We make sure human speaks human language.*

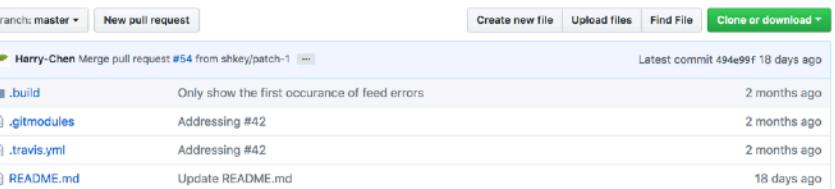


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- Bot is better. Workflow must be enforced automatically.
 - Sticker-removal bot. Or administrative policy.
- *We make sure human speaks human language.*
- In real world, if one cannot push the product manager to implement a functionality
 - be like a hacker — file a patent, push again.

Patent Filed: 201730467649.9

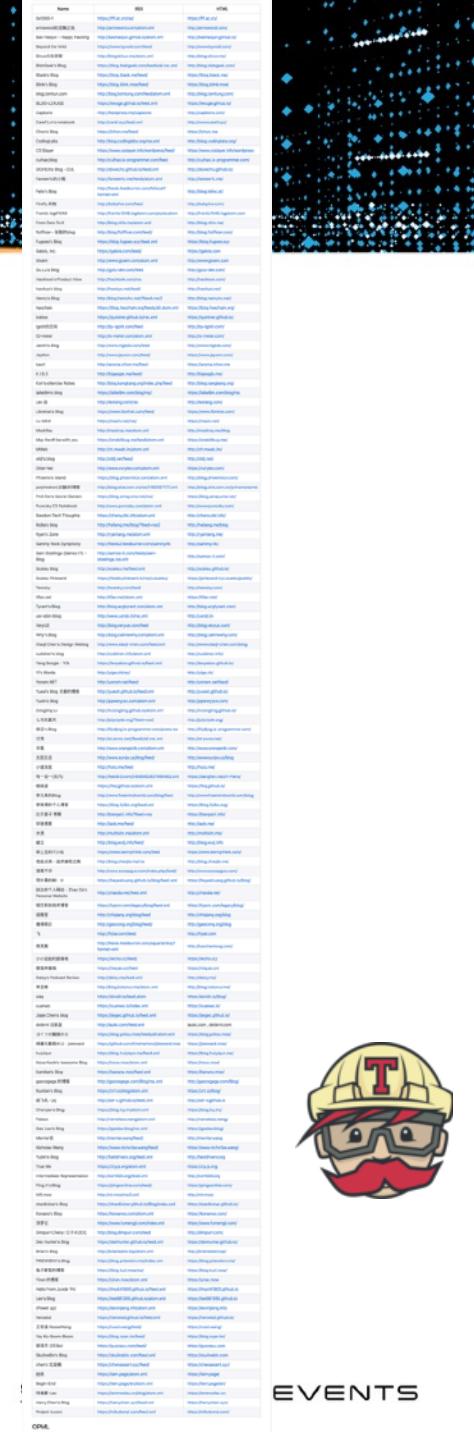
Blogroll

- List of independent blogs of community members.
- A simple markdown file hosted at GitHub.
- Submission by pull-requests.
- Complied into OPML.
- Surprisingly works.



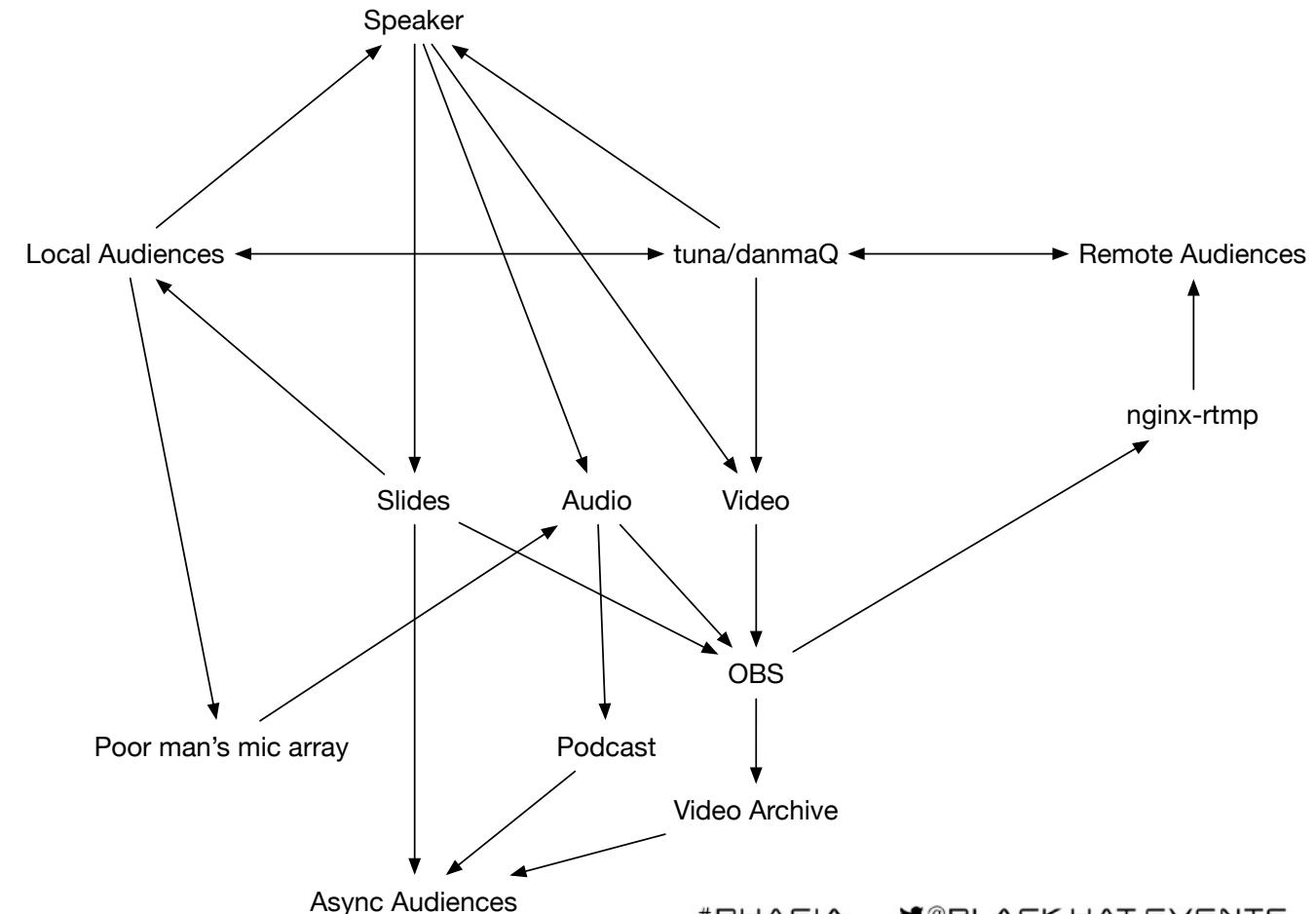
A screenshot of a GitHub pull request interface. At the top, there are buttons for 'Branch: master', 'New pull request', 'Create new file', 'Upload files', 'Find File', and 'Clone or download'. The pull request details show 'Harry-Chen Merge pull request #54 from shikey/patch-1' with a status of 'Latest commit 494e99f 18 days ago'. Below this, a table lists four file changes:

File	Description	Time
.build	Only show the first occurrence of feed errors	2 months ago
.gitmodules	Addressing #42	2 months ago
.travis.yml	Addressing #42	2 months ago
README.md	Update README.md	18 days ago



Weekly Meet-up Events

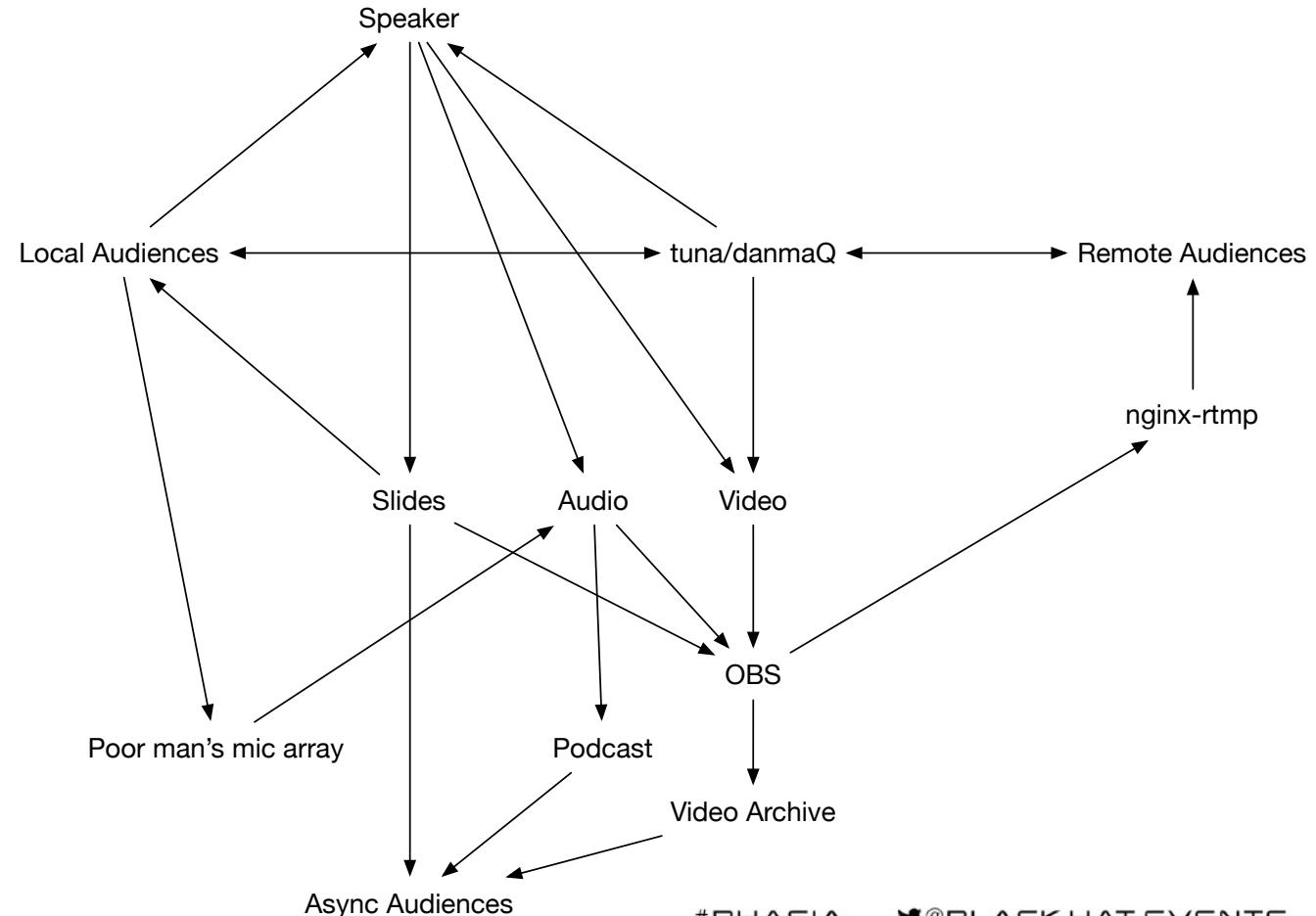
- Live feedback from local and remote audiences.
- Local | Remote | Async Audiences
- Podcast is awesome.



- See also: C3VOC

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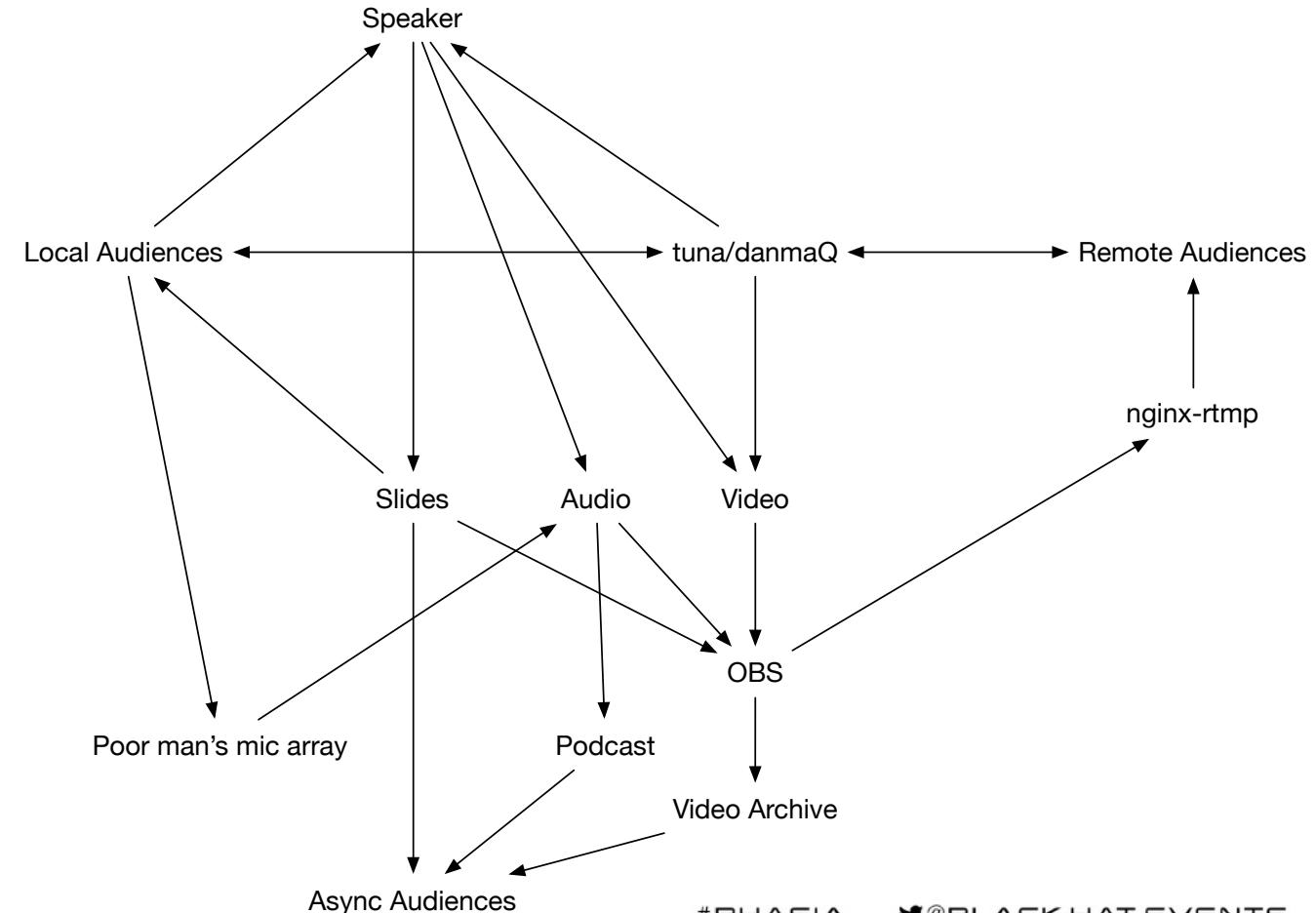
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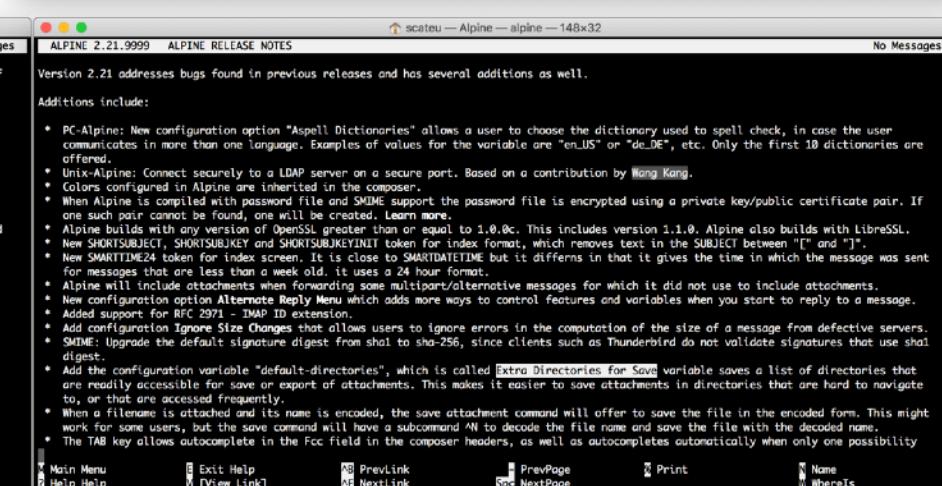
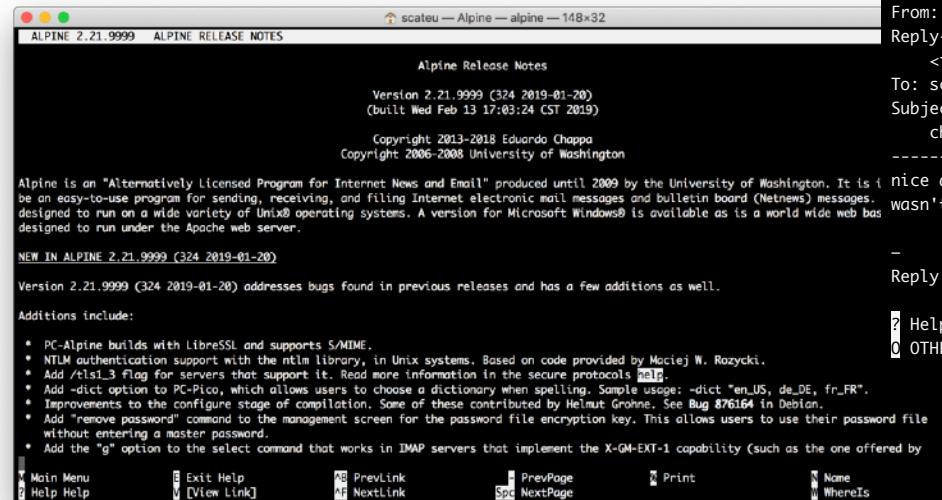
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Some of My Contributions

- * Unix-Alpine: Connect securely to a LDAP server on a secure port. Based on a contribution by Wang Kang.
- * Fix an error where the string "ldap " instead of "ldap" was being used to form a URL. Reported and fixed by Wang Kang.
- * Kerberos was included twice in OSX due to a double definition of gss coming from the configure script and imap/Makefile. Remove the double definition from imap/Makefile. Reported and patched by Wang Kang.
- * In some rare cases, when attachments are deleted before saving emails, the filenames will be displayed in RFC1522 representation, instead of in decoded form. Reported and patched by Wang Kang.



ALPINE 2.21.9999 MESSAGE TEXT

Message 4 of 8 64%

Date: Wed, 16 Jan 2019 04:58:02 +0000
 From: Eric Wong
 To: Wang Kang
 Cc: meta@public-inbox.org, alpine-info@u.washington.edu,
 Konstantin Ryabitsev <konstantin@linuxfoundation.org>
 Subject: [PATCH] nntp: header responses use CRLF consistently

Thanks, I'm pretty sure the following will fix it.

Not sure why others hadn't noticed since there's a lot of Alpine users judging from Message-IDs. Anyways I managed to replicate it quickly with alpine in Debian ("alpine -url news://...") and strace quickly showed me the difference.

Deploying to news.public-inbox.org shortly.
 Cc-ing Konstantin for kernel.org.

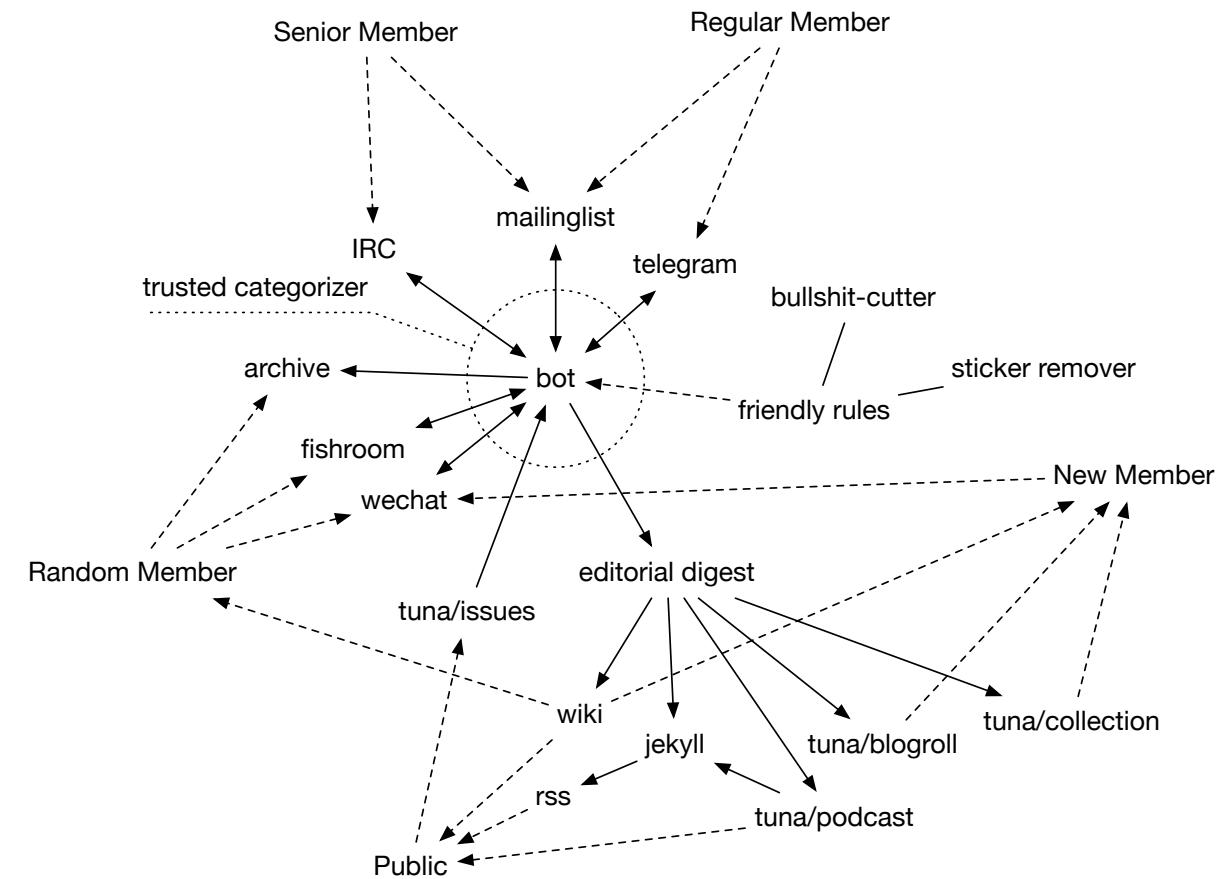
-----8<-----
 Subject: [PATCH] nntp: header responses use CRLF consistently

Alpine is apparently stricter than other clients I've tried w.r.t. using CRLF for headers. So do the same thing we do for bodies to ensure we only emit CRLFs and no bare LFs.

Reported-by: Wang Kang

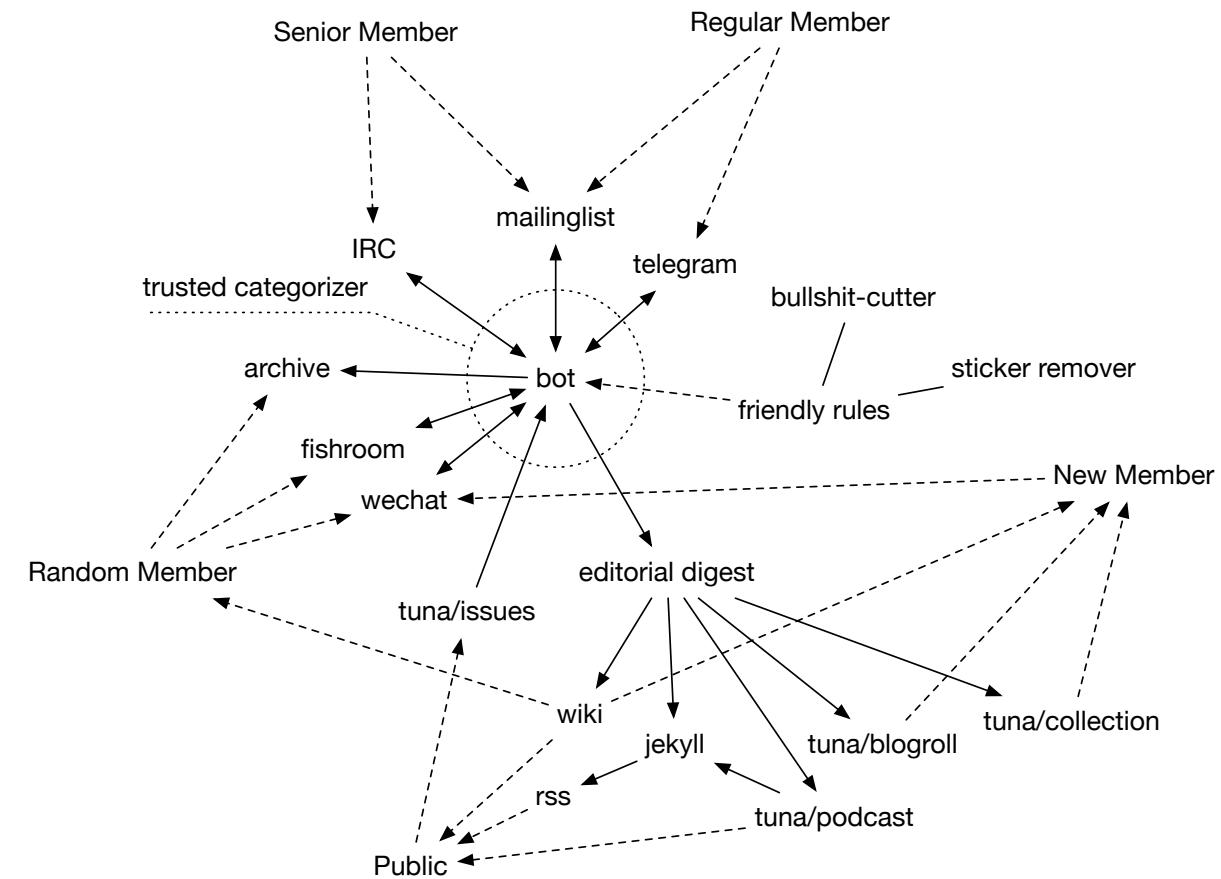
? Help < MsgIndex P PrevMsg P PrevPage D Delete R Reply
 0 OTHER CMDS > ViewAttch N NextMsg Spc NextPage U Undelete F Forward

Key Takeaways



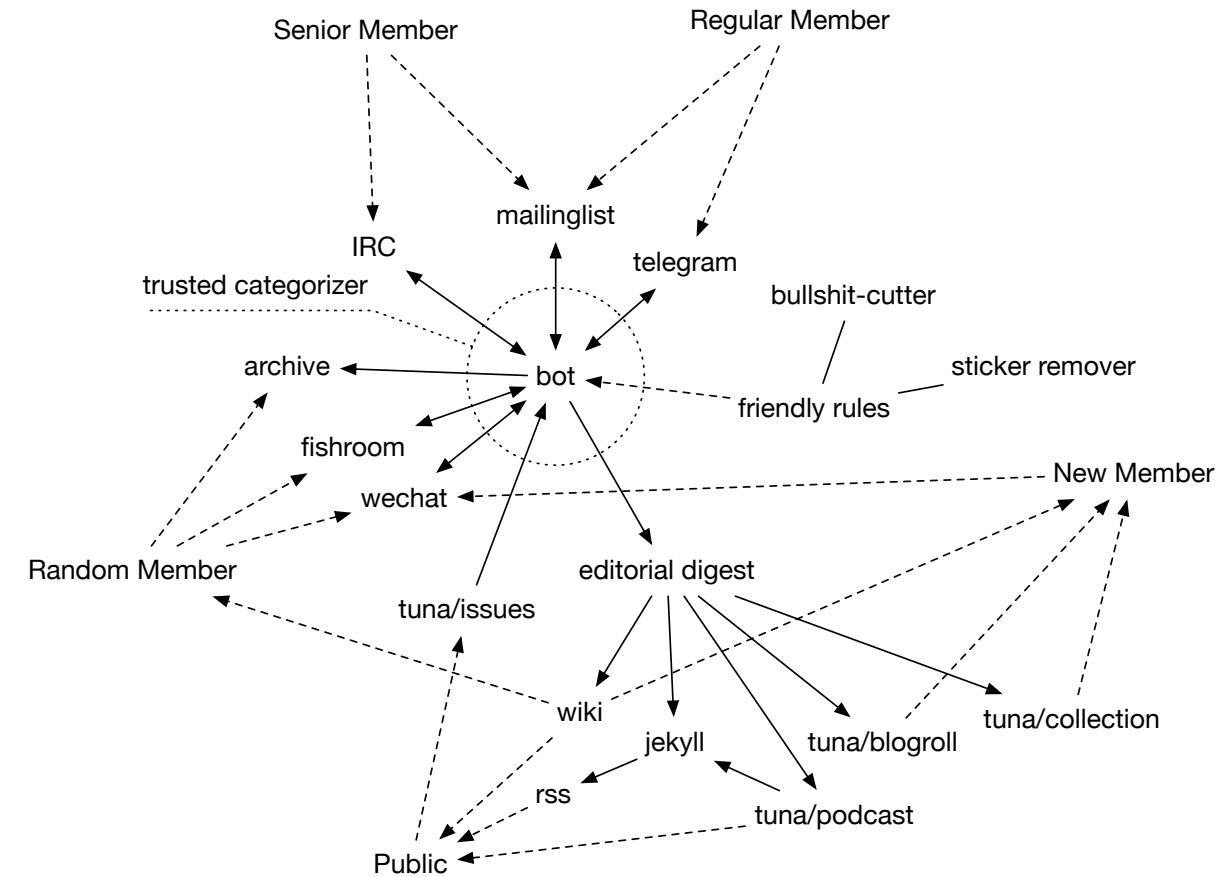
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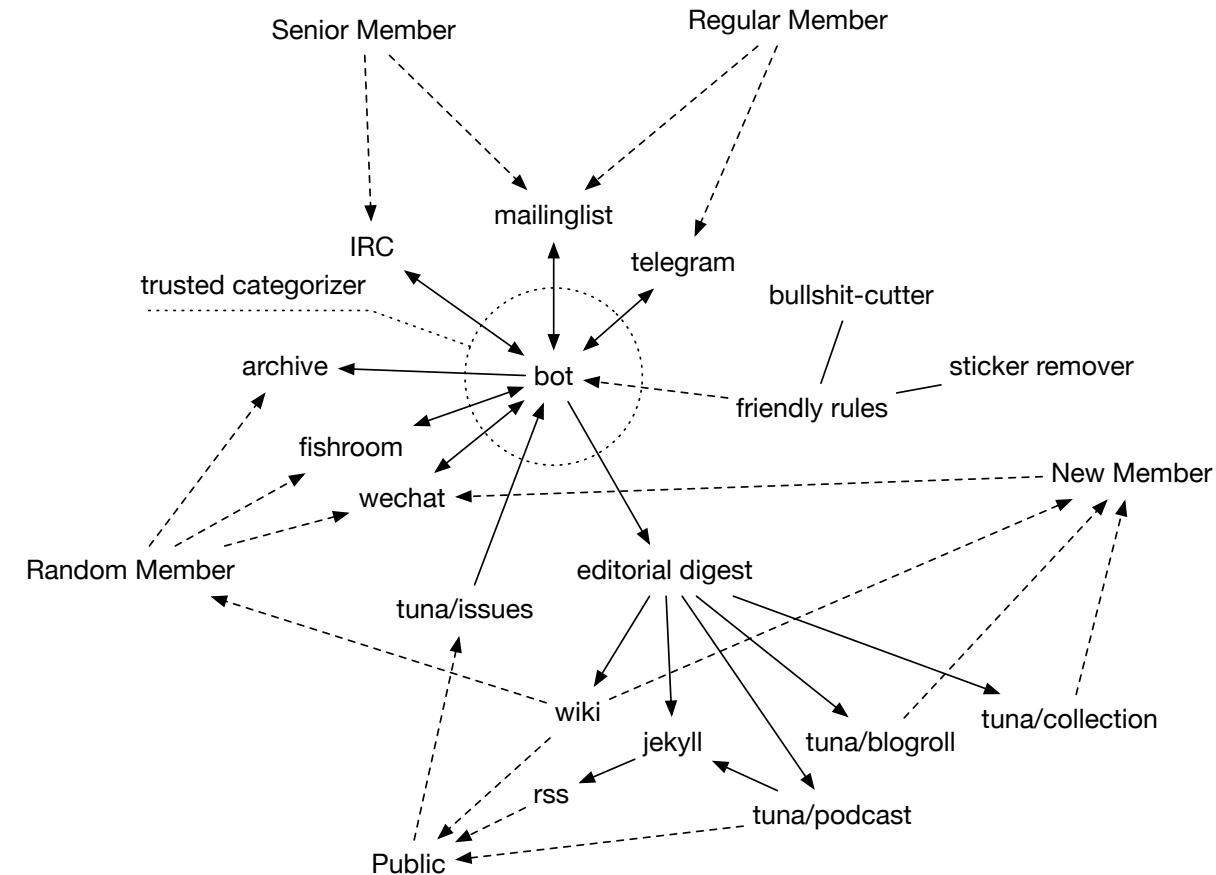
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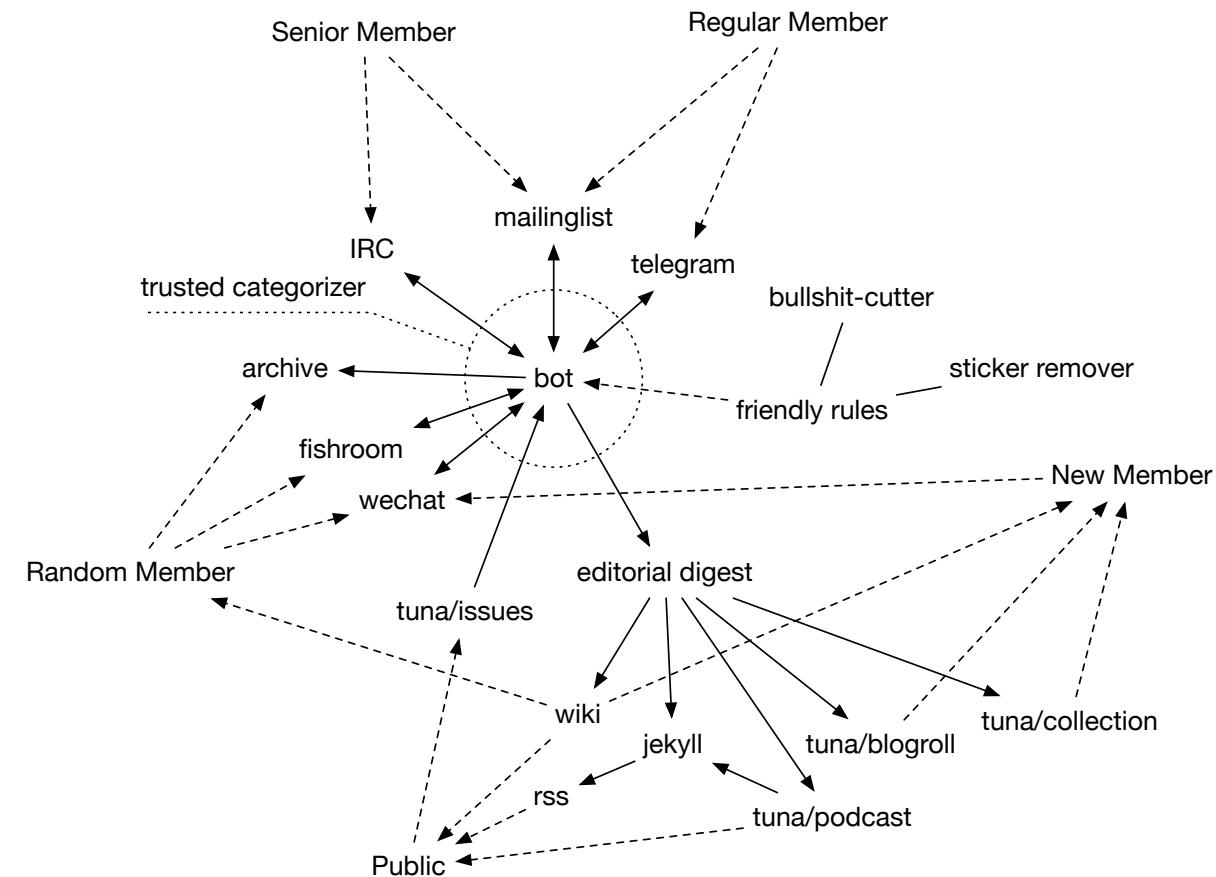
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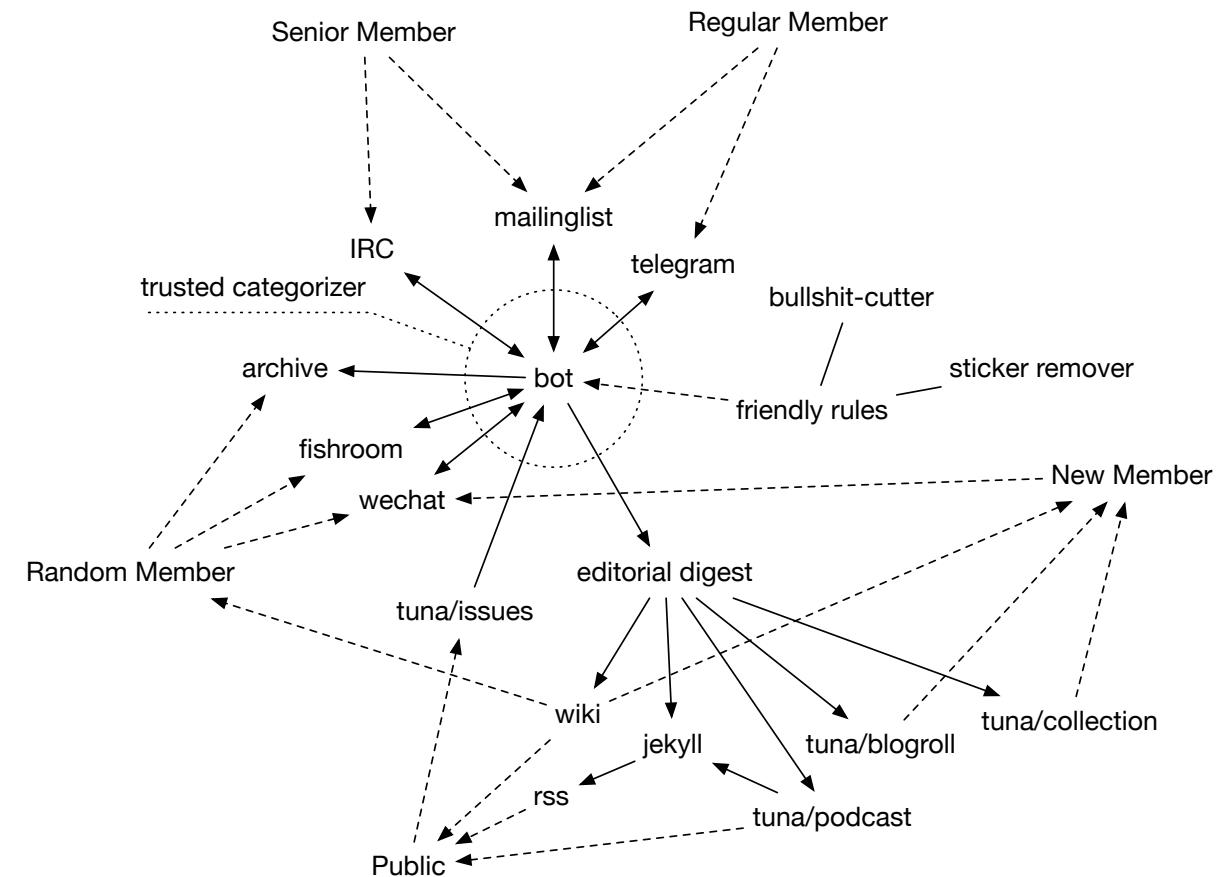
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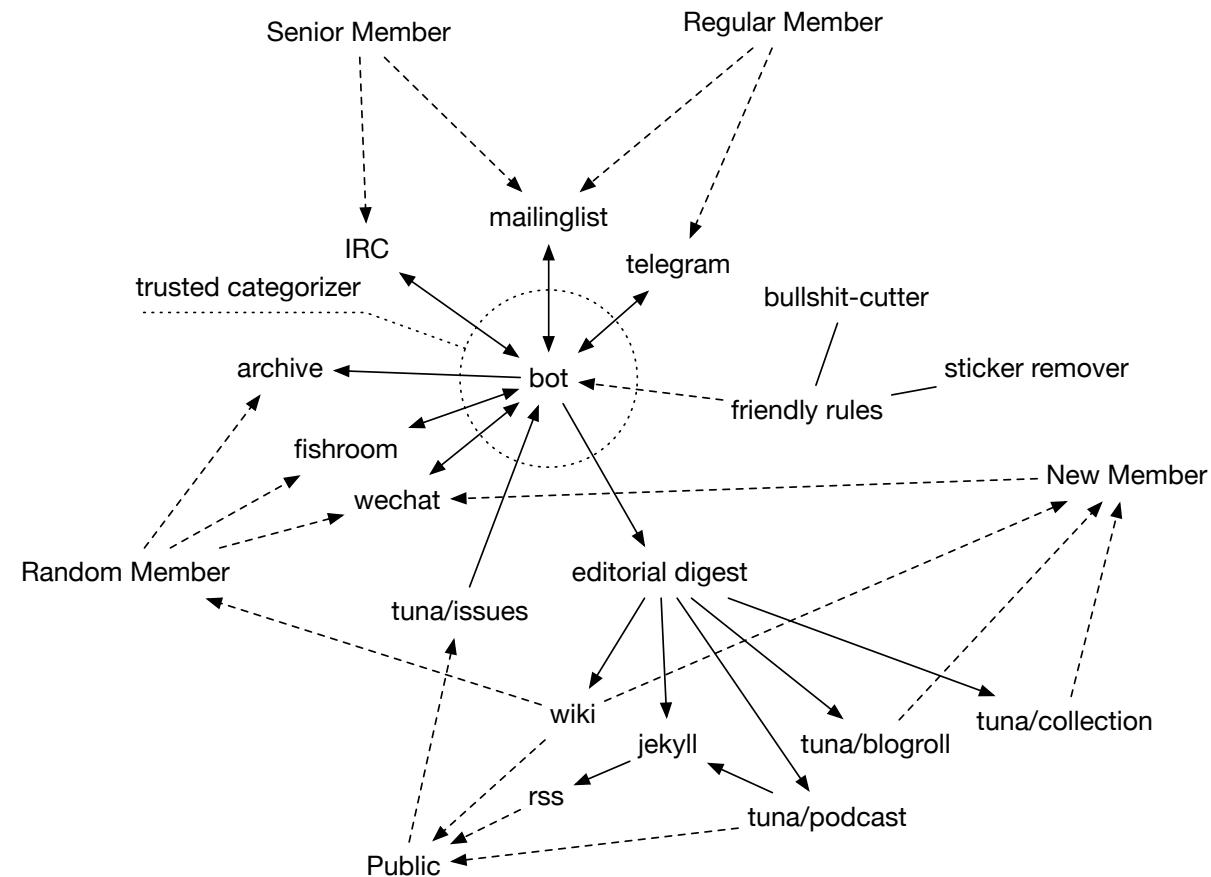
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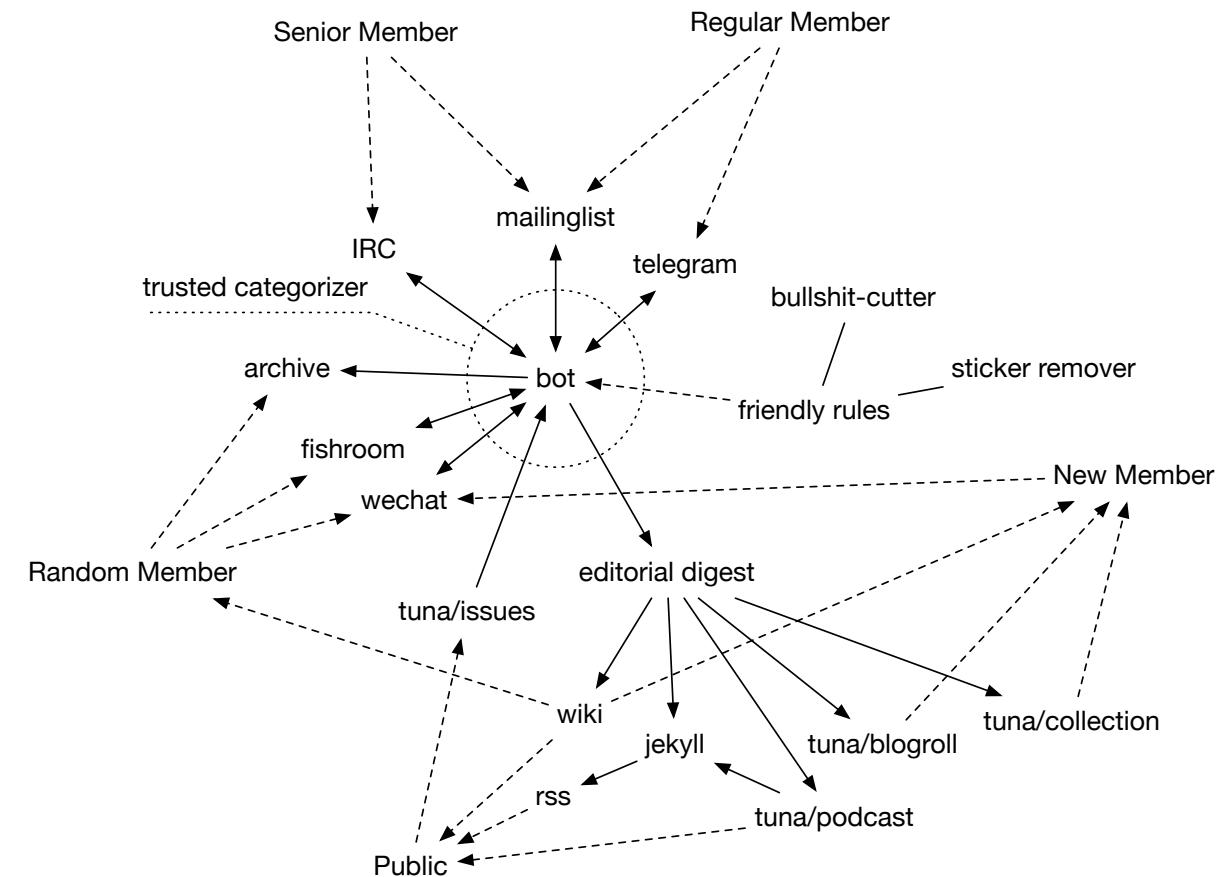
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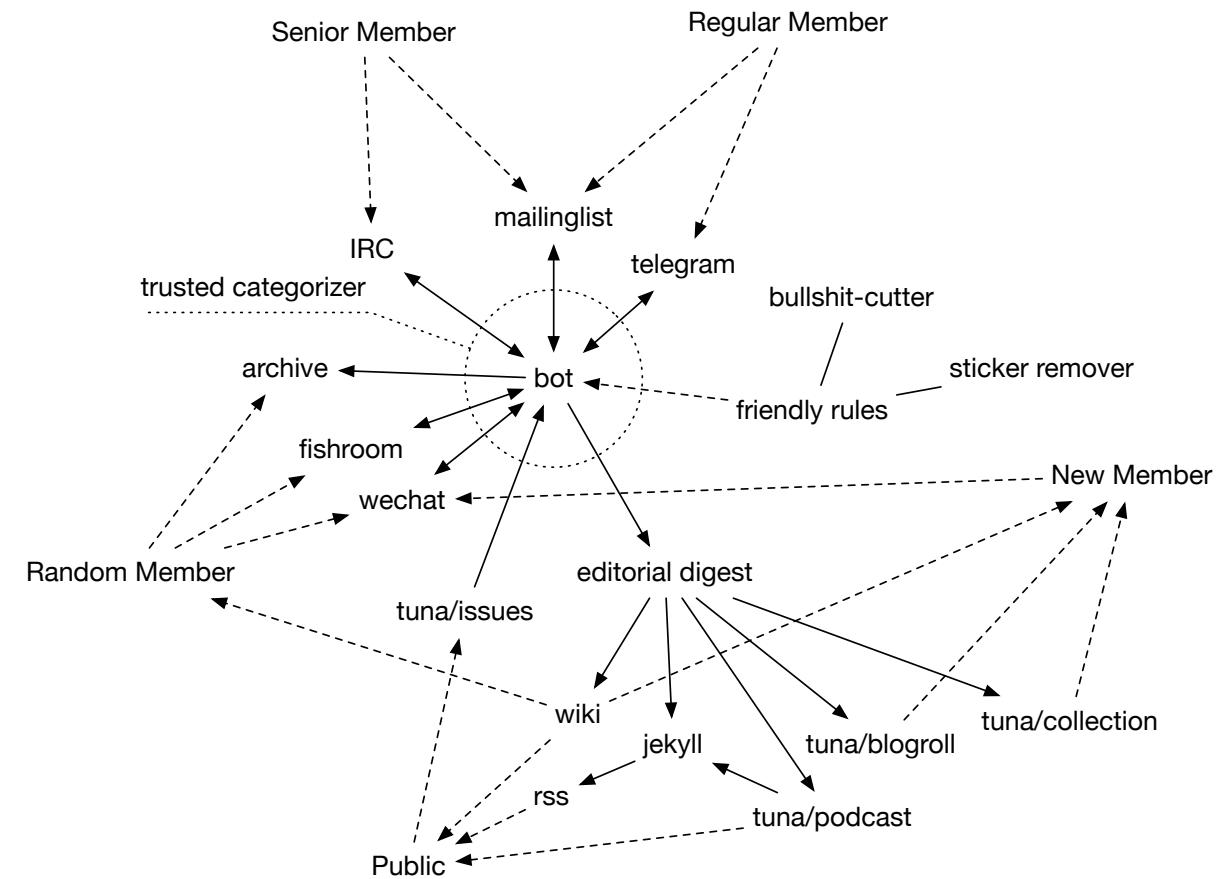
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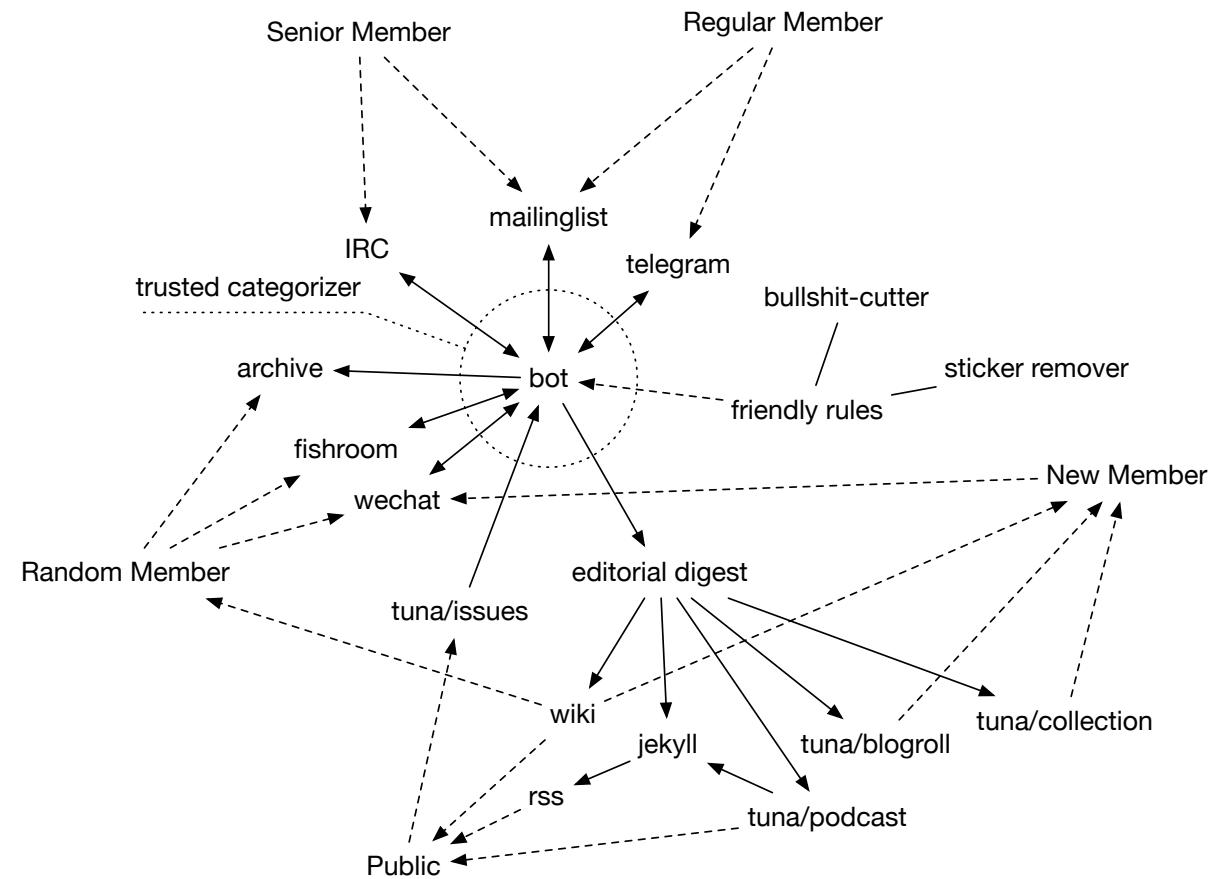
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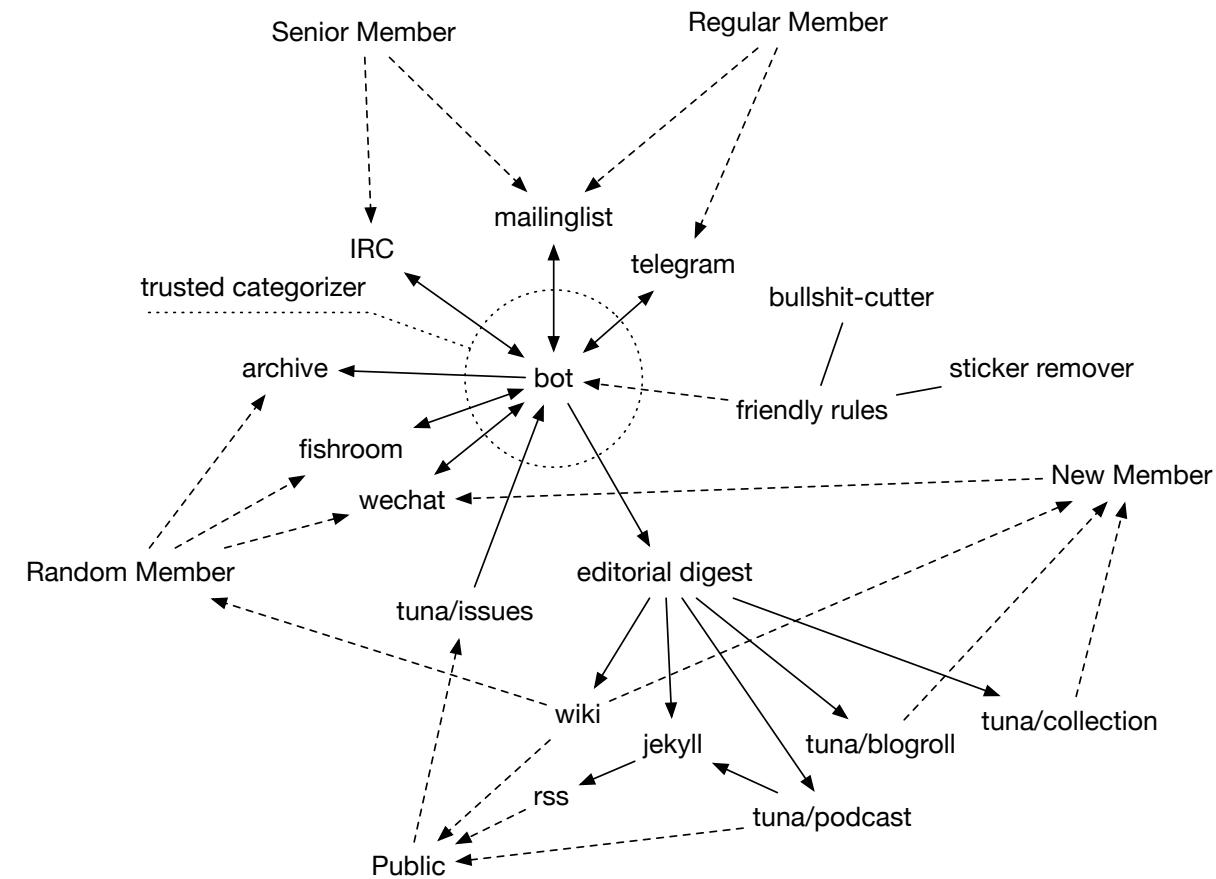
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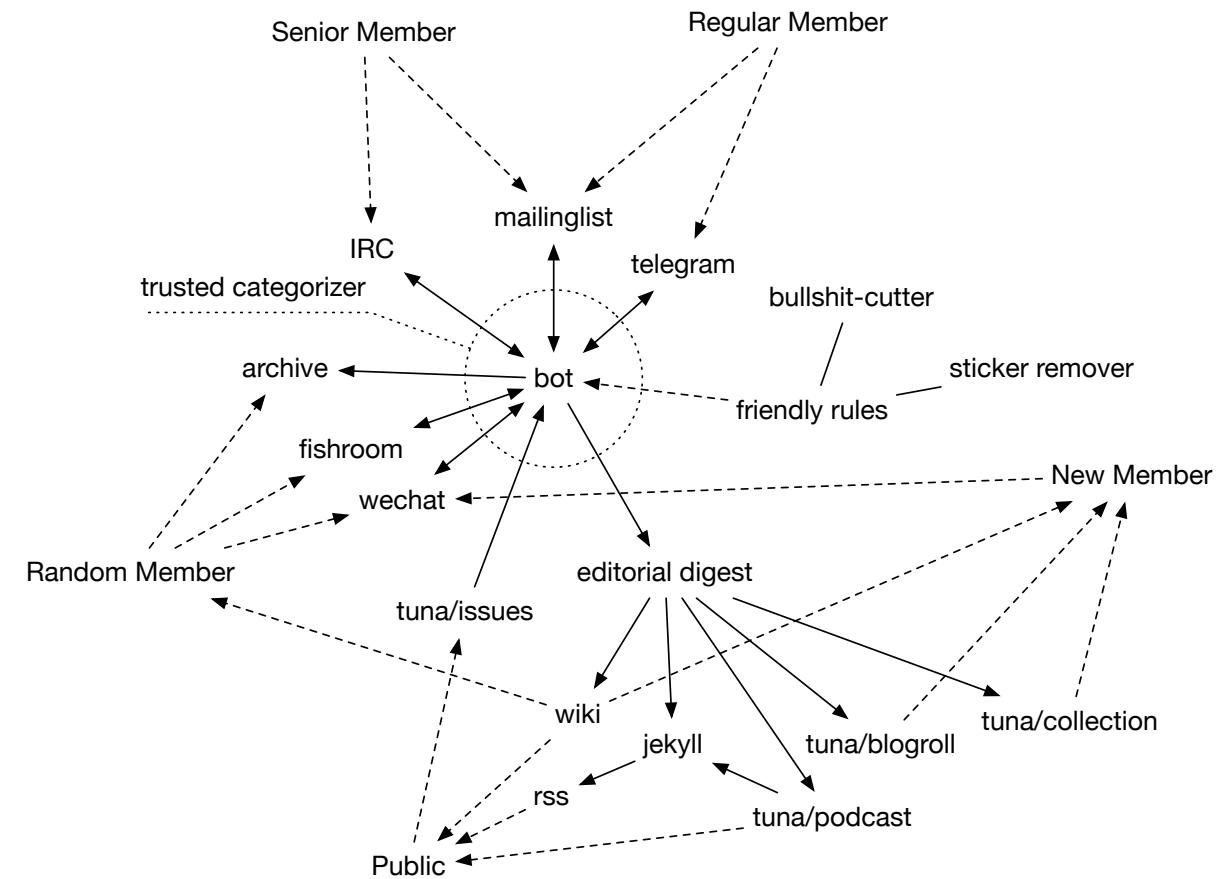
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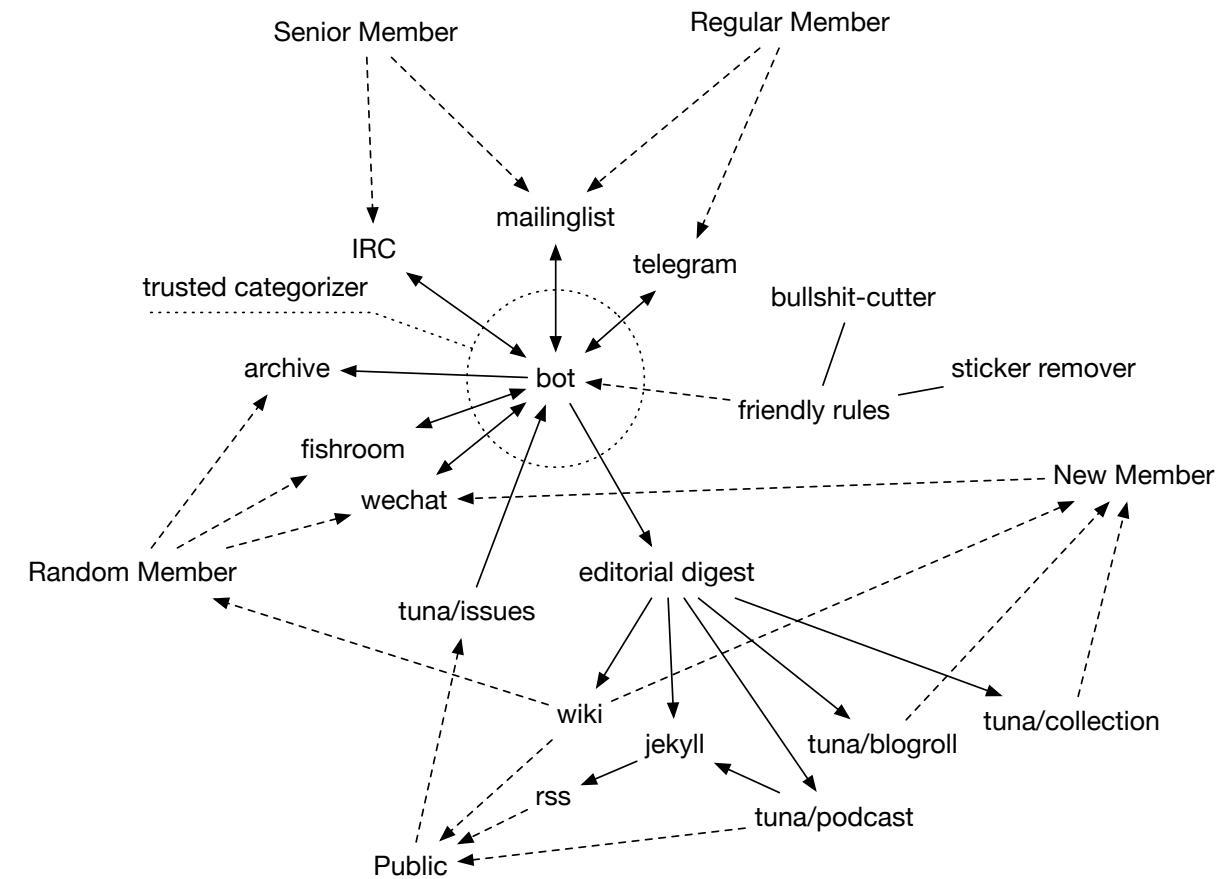
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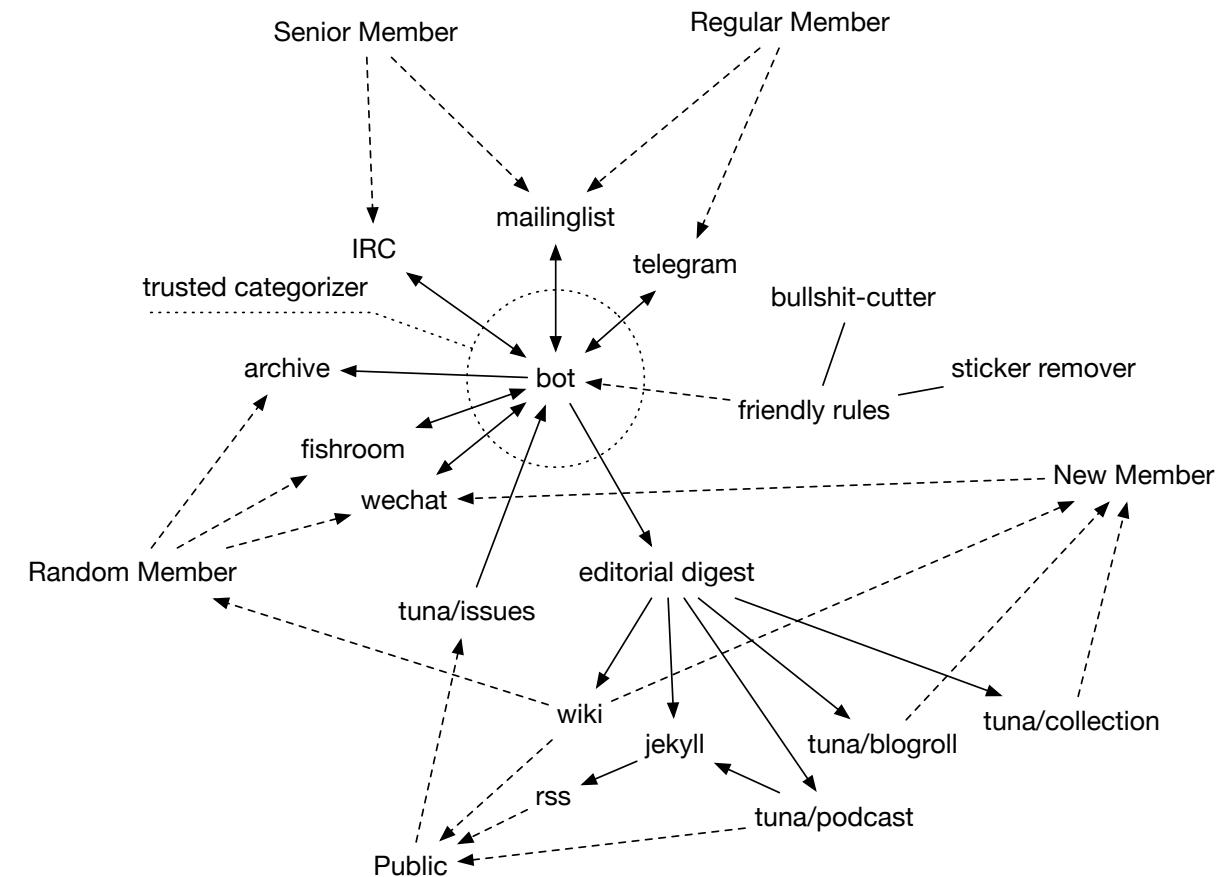
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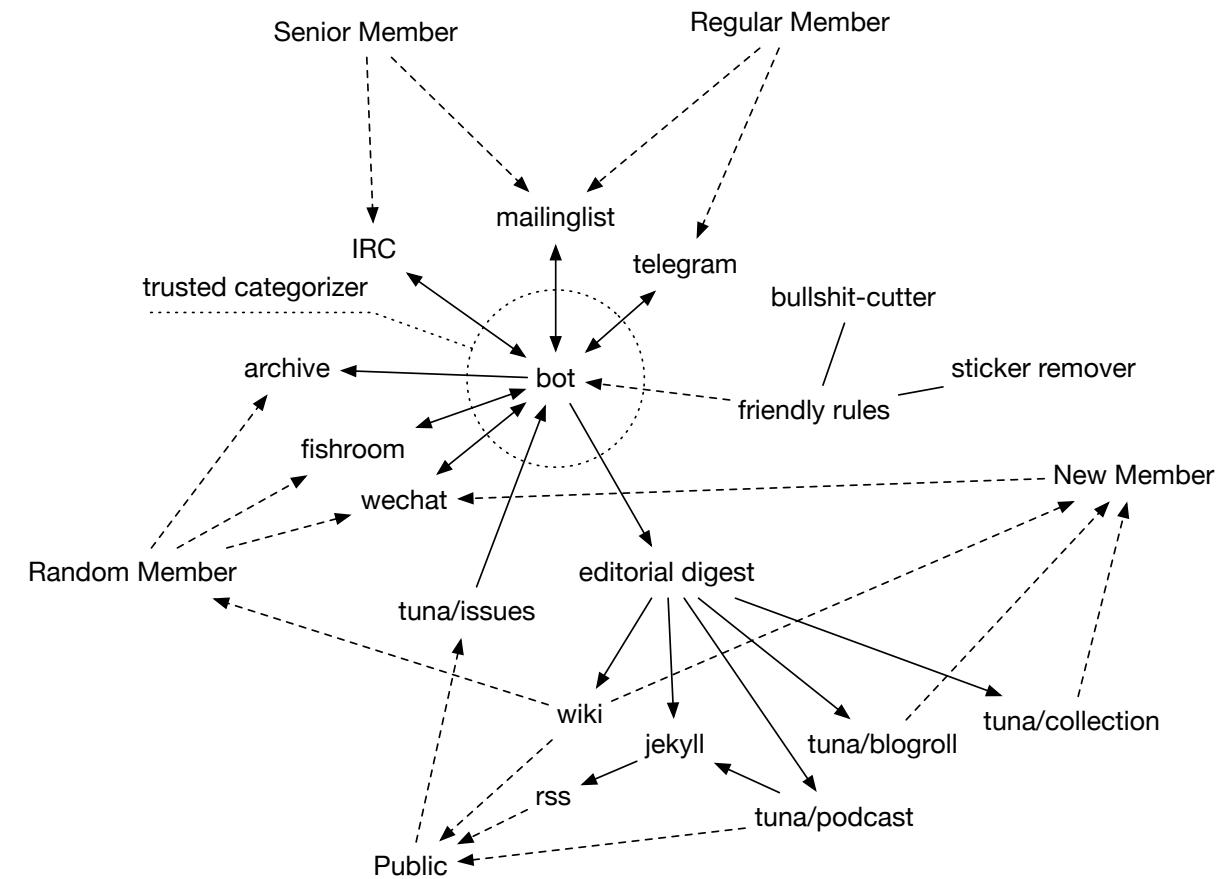
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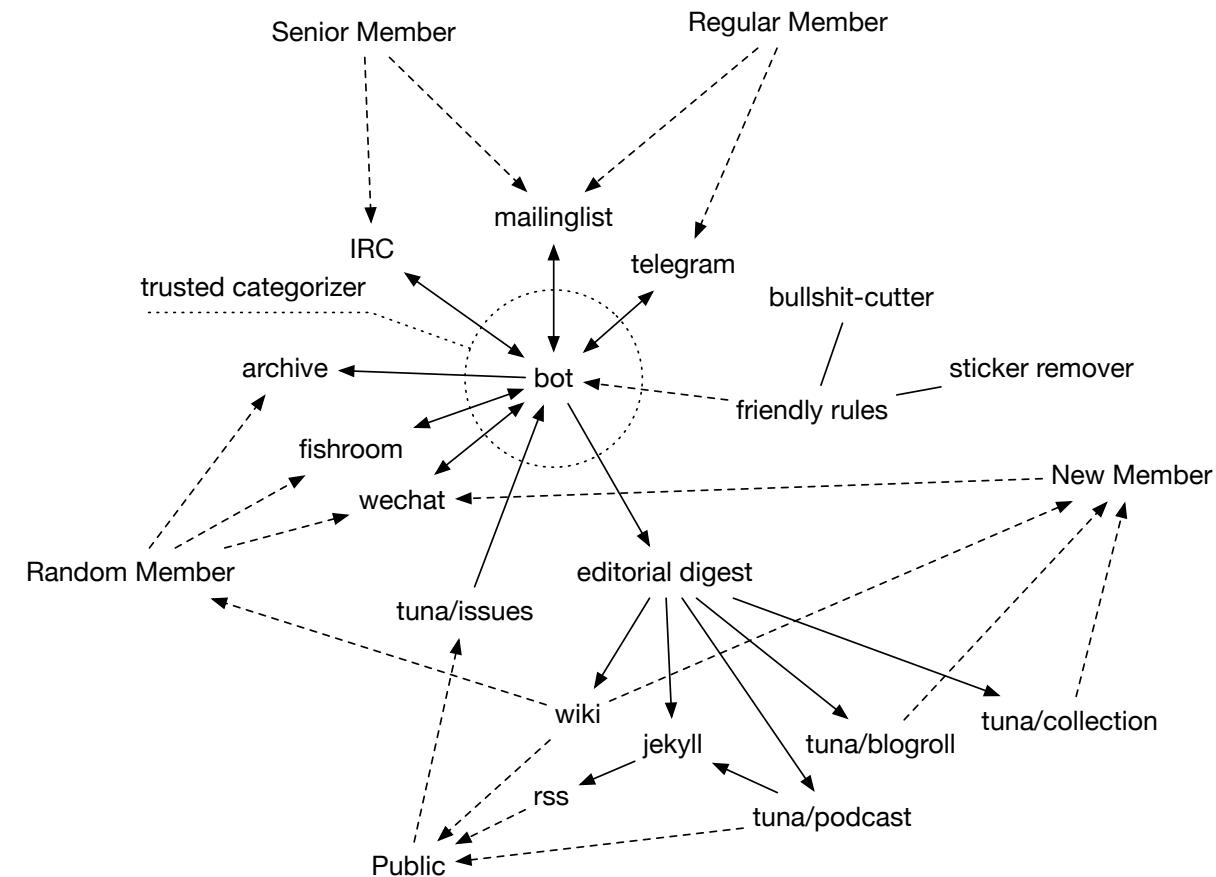
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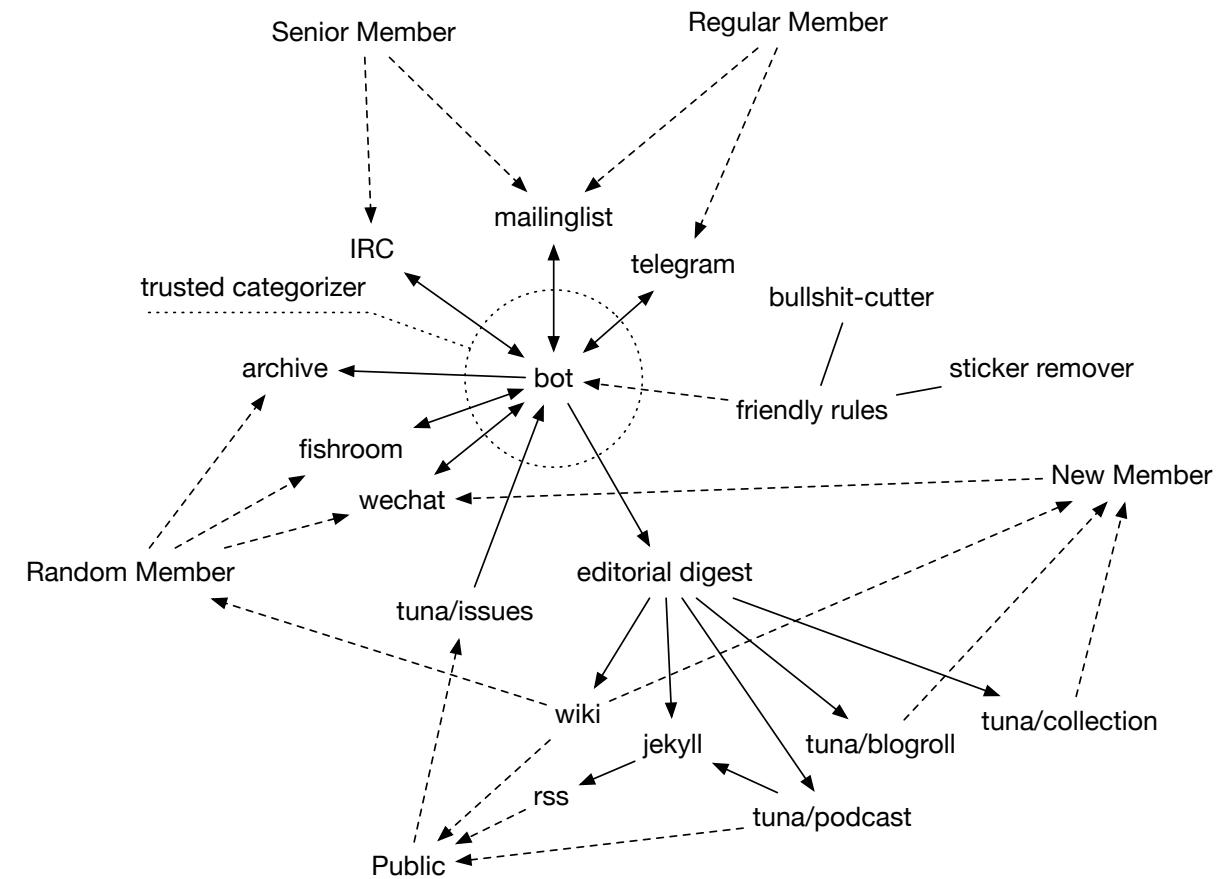
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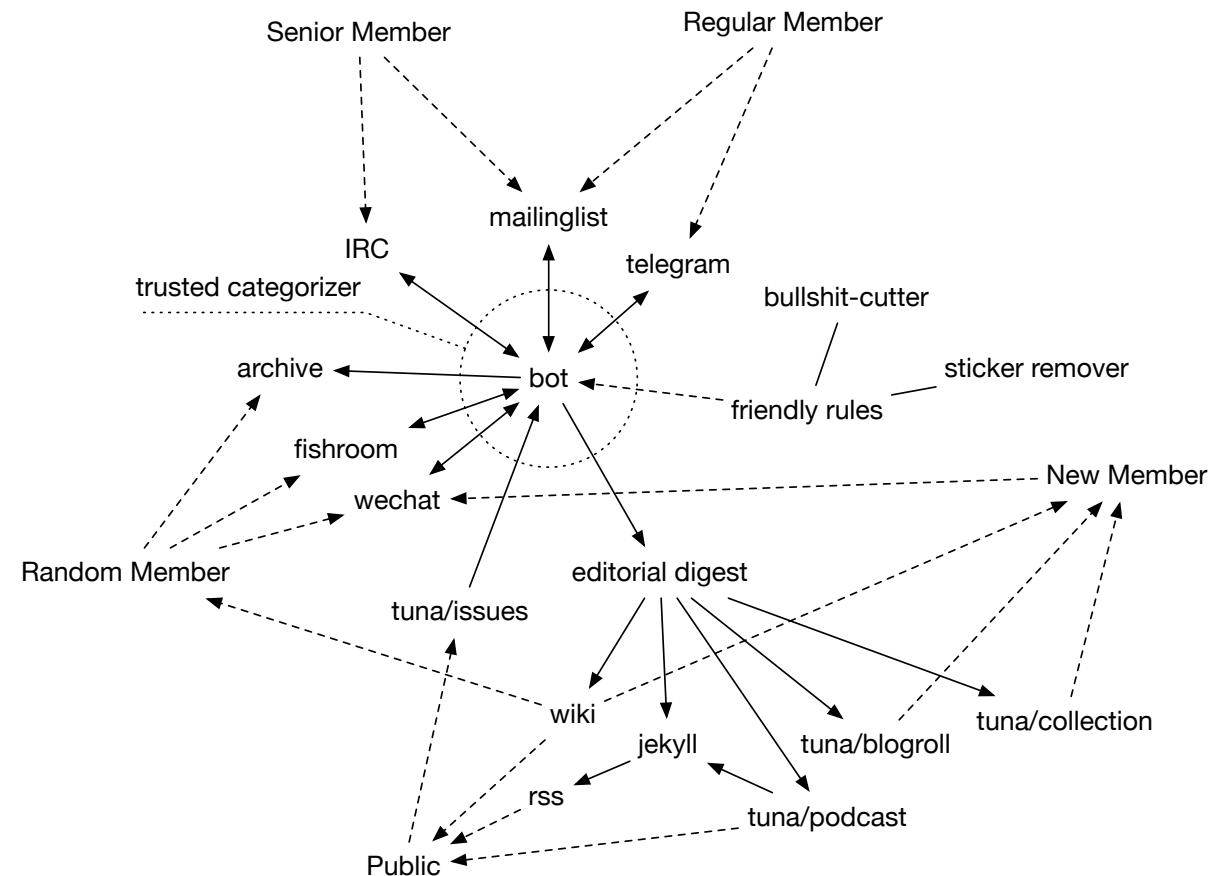
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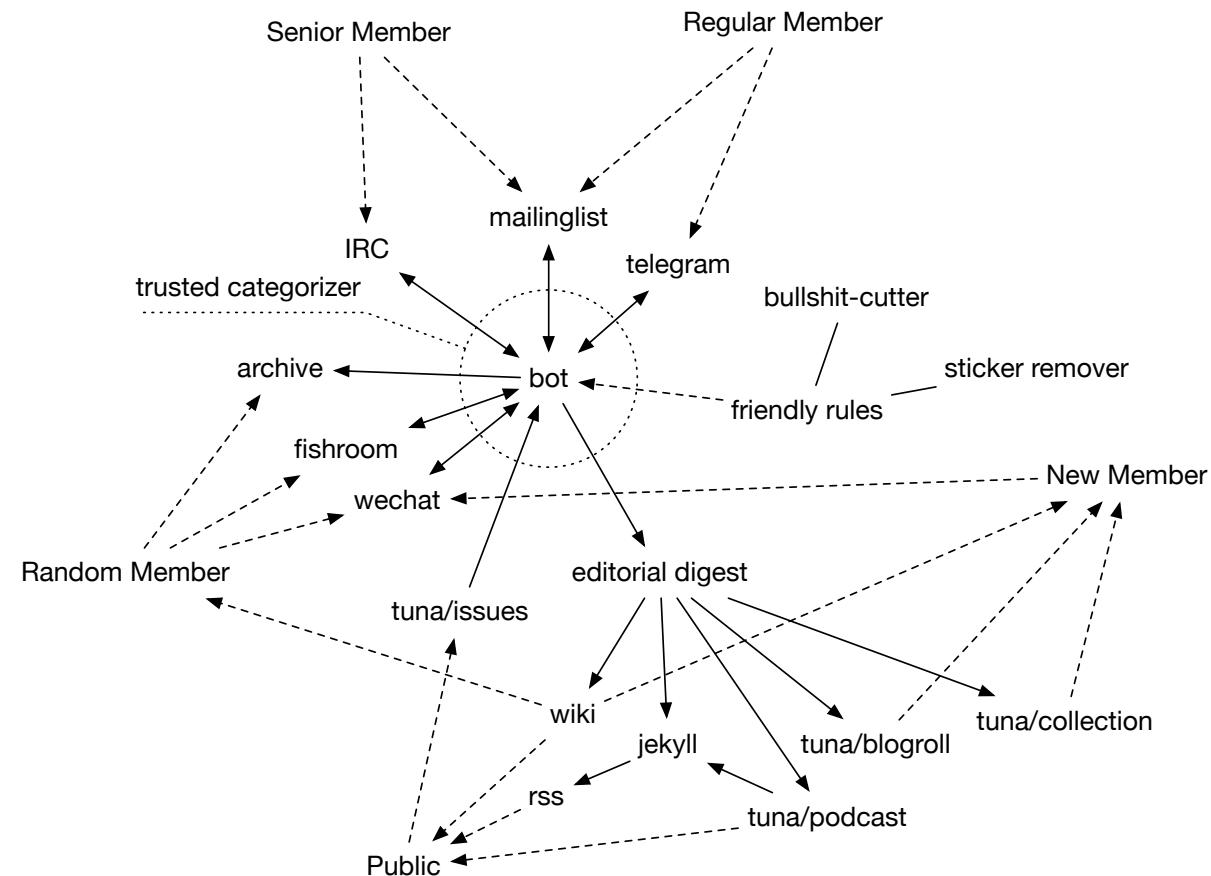
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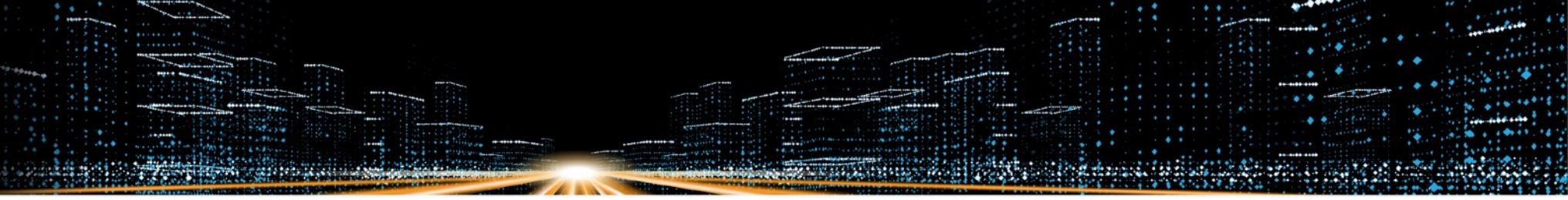
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 - No Blackhole: Everyone should be a 'filter', avoid pure 'sink'. Provide as many feedback paths as possible.
 - Human Routing: Broadcast your skills & needs. Help finds you.





Thank you.