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Subject: MIT 502 - ADVANCED DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

ACTIVITY #2 & 3: ADVANCED SQL & CRUD Function

Activity # 2: ADVANCED SQL

INSTRUCTION: Answer the following questions based on the given tables, and paste the query include the result (*Screenshots*) after each question.

Table Name: EmployeeInfo						// C
Eid	Name	Position	Salary	Age	Address	DeptCode
1	Juan Santos	Manager	20000	35	San Pablo	BPD
2	Miguel Lopez	Secretary	14000	30	San Pablo	CRD
3	Jude King	Sales	12000	34	Calauan	SD
4	Pedro Lao	Manager	20000	28	Rizal	SD
5	Jamar Perez	Sales	12000	30	Rizal	CRD

able	Name: Loan		Table N
Eid	LoanAmount	Date	Depto
1	5000	10/10/2022	BPD
2	2000	09/10/2022	CRD
1	4000	12/31/2021	SD
5	1500	11/18/2021	
5	7000	10/10/2021	

DeptCode	DeptDescription
BPD	BODY AND PAINT DEPARTMENT
CRD	CUSTOMER RELATION DEPARTMENT
SD	SALES DEPARTMENT

1. Write a SQL query that retrieves the Name, Position, DeptCode, and DeptDescription of every employee.





2. Write a SQL query that returns the Name, Position, and total loan amount of every employee who has a loan.

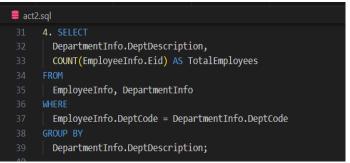




3. Write a SQL query that returns the Name, Position, and Age of employees who don't have loans.



4. Write a SQL query that returns the DeptDescription and the total number of employees in each department.





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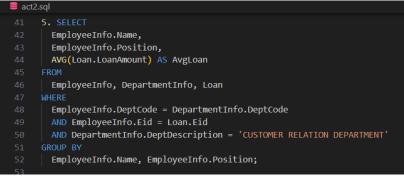
Position

AvgLoan

11000.000000

2000.000000

5. Write a SQL query that returns the Name, Position, and average loan amount of every employee from the CUSTOMER RELATION DEPARTMENT



6. Write SQL statements to create a new table named "PositionInfo" with attributes PositionID (primary key & auto_increment), Position, and Salary. Then, copy the content of the "EmployeeInfo" table (Position & Salary) into the "PositionInfo" table.



7. Create a SQL function that categorizes the age of an employee into brackets: 1-12 (Young), 13-19 (Teen), 20-49 (Adult), and 50 and above (Senior).

Sample query: SELECT CategorizeAge(Age) FROM EmployeeInfo;

```
act2.sql

65  7. DELIMITER //

66

67  CREATE FUNCTION CategorizeAge(age INT)

68  RETURNS VARCHAR(20)

69  BEGIN

70  IF age BETWEEN 1 AND 12 THEN

RETURN 'Young';

72  ELSEIF age BETWEEN 13 AND 19 THEN

RETURN 'Teen';

74  ELSEIF age BETWEEN 20 AND 49 THEN

RETURN 'Adult';

FLSE

76  RETURN 'Senior';

END IF;

80

81  DELIMITER;

82
```

8. Create a SQL procedure that retrieves the Name, Position, and DeptDescription of employees using their Employee ID. **Sample query: CALL GetEmployeeInfo(1)**;

```
act2.sql
      8. DELIMITER //

✓ MySQL returned an empty result set (i.e. zero rows). (Query took 0.0039)

      CREATE PROCEDURE GetEmployeeInfo(IN empId INT)
                                                                                    seconds.)
                                                                                     CREATE PROCEDURE GetEmployeeInfo(IN empId INT) BEGIN SELECT
           EmployeeInfo.Name,
                                                                                     EmployeeInfo.Name, EmployeeInfo.Position,
           EmployeeInfo.Position,
                                                                                    DepartmentInfo.DeptDescription FROM EmployeeInfo, DepartmentInfo
          DepartmentInfo.DeptDescription
                                                                                     WHERE EmployeeInfo.DeptCode = DepartmentInfo.DeptCode AND
                                                                                     EmployeeInfo.Eid = empId; END;
           EmployeeInfo, DepartmentInfo
                                                                                                                        [ Edit inline ] [ Edit ] [ Create PHP code ]
           EmployeeInfo.DeptCode = DepartmentInfo.DeptCode
           AND EmployeeInfo.Eid = empId;
```

9. Create a SQL view that returns all the information from the "EmployeeInfo" table.

```
act2.sql

100 9. CREATE VIEW EmployeeInfoView AS

101 SELECT * FROM EmployeeInfo;

102

103 10. SELECT

Table ▲ Action

| employeeInfoview ★ Browse ★ Structure ﴿ Search ﴾ insert
```

10. Write a SQL query that returns the Name, DeptDescription, and total loans (including employees with no loans) of every employee.

Name	DeptDescription	TotalLoan
Jamar Perez	CUSTOMER RELATION DEPARTMENT	22000.00
Juan Santos	BODY AND PAINT DEPARTMENT	9000.00
Jude King	SALES DEPARTMENT	0.00
Miguel Lopez	CUSTOMER RELATION DEPARTMENT	2000.00
Pedro Lao	SALES DEPARTMENT	0.00

TABLE: tbl_artist

aid	name	talent	salary	age	program
1	Juan Santos	Acting	21000	35	Ang Probinsyano
2	Miguel Lopez	Singing	75000	30	The Voice Ph
3	Jude King	Dancing	48000	34	Eat Bulaga
4	Pedro Lao	Dancing	27000	28	Family Feud
5	Jamar Perez	Dancing	120000	30	Matang Lawin
6	Sandra Kim	Acting	83000	21	Ang Probinsyano
7	Manny Fork	Singing	58000	40	The Voice Ph
8	Mary Tan	Acting	58000	30	Eat Bulaga
9	Ken Kio	Singing	63000	41	Family Feud
10	Sam Jim	Acting	53000	41	Wish Ko Lang

1. Write a query that will return the artist's name starting with the letter "J" Program.



2. Write a query that will return the name and program of the highest-paid artist belonging "to Eat Bulaga".



3. Write a query that will return the total number of artists aged 60 or below.



4. Write a query that will return the total number of artists belonging to the "Ang Probisyano" program.

```
Your SQL query has been executed successfully.

17 SELECT COUNT(*) AS TotalArtists

18 FROM tbl_artist

19 WHERE program = 'Ang Probinsyano';

20

TotalArtists

Your SQL query has been executed successfully.

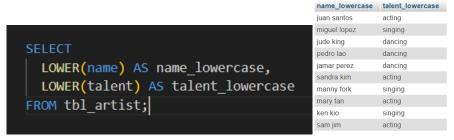
SELECT COUNT(*) AS TotalArtists FROM tbl_artist MHERE program = 'Ang Probinsyano';

Profiling [Edit inline] [Edit] [Explain SQL] [Create PHP code] [Refresh]

Extra options

TotalArtists
```

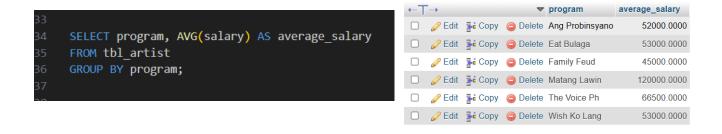
5. Write a query that will return the name of the artist in lowercase and the talent in lowercase format.



6. Write a query that will return the name and age of artists who are 25 years old and below.



7. Write a query that will return the average salary of artists per program.



8. Write a query that will return the information of every artist in descending order by name.





9. Write a query that will return the name and salary of artists where their salary is above the average.

```
←T→
                                           ▼ name
                                                   salary
SELECT name, salary
FROM tbl artist
                            75000
WHERE salary > (
                            ☐ Ø Edit ♣ Copy 		 □ Delete Jamar Perez
                                                   120000
 SELECT AVG(salary) FROM tbl artist
                            83000
);
                            63000
```

10. Write a query that will return the average salary of employees from the parts department.

N/A- What parts department?. Bonus na po i2 sir hehe.

Activity # 3: CRUD Function

INSTRUCTION: Improve the schema (*If necessary*) of the given tables above (*Activity # 2 "EmployeeInfo, LoanAmount, and DepartmentInfo"*). Write a simple application with basic CRUD in any programming/ scripting language with the following functions.

- 1. Retrieve employee information
- 2. Calculate the total loan amount for each employee.
- 3. Retrieve department information for a given employee.
- 4. Apply new loan.
- Upload the application in any paid/free web hosting service (If the application is not web based upload the whole project in your personal Google drive account and share the link).
- Attach the URL and screenshots of your project upon submission.

CRUD Activity

URL: <u>Employee List</u> or localhost:3000/Home.php

Screenshot(s)

