

An Efficient Parallel Algorithm for Secured Data Communications Using RSA Public Key Cryptography Method

Christofer Fabián Chávez Carazas

Universidad Nacional de San Agustín

Algoritmos Paralelos

12 de junio de 2017

$$x \Rightarrow z \mid z \approx x$$

$$x \Rightarrow y \Rightarrow z$$

$$y = s(Wx + b)$$

$$z = s(W'y + b)$$

$$\arg \min E = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n (z_i - x_i)$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial W_{ji}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial z} * \frac{\partial z}{\partial Neta} * \frac{\partial Neta}{\partial W_{ji}}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial z} = (z - x)$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial Neta} = (1 - z) * z$$

$$\frac{\partial Neta}{\partial W_{ji}} = y$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial W_{ji}} = (z - x) * (1 - z) * z * y$$

$$\delta = (z - x) * (1 - z) * z$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial W_{ji}} = \left(\sum_{k=0}^N \delta_{ik} W_{ik} \right) * (1 - S_i) * S_i * S_{ji}$$

$$\delta = \left(\sum_{k=0}^N \delta_{ik} W_{ik} \right) * (1 - S_i) * S_i$$

$$E = - \sum_{i=0}^n (x_i \log z_i + (1 - x_i) \log(1 - z_i))$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial z} = \frac{z - x}{(1 - z) * z}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial Neta} = (1 - z) * z$$

$$\frac{\partial Neta}{\partial W_{ji}} = y$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial W_{ji}} = (z - x) * y$$

$$\delta = (z - x)$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial W_{ji}} = \left(\sum_{k=0}^N \delta_{ik} W_{ik} \right) * (S_i - x) * S_{ji}$$

$$\delta = \left(\sum_{k=0}^N \delta_{ik} W_{ik} \right) * (S_i - x)$$

Donde:

x es el vector de entrada

z es el vector de salida

s es la función de activación

y es el vector comprimido