LCS. the numbers in target are distinct, so we can reduce to LIS. $O(n \log \log n)$ [1].

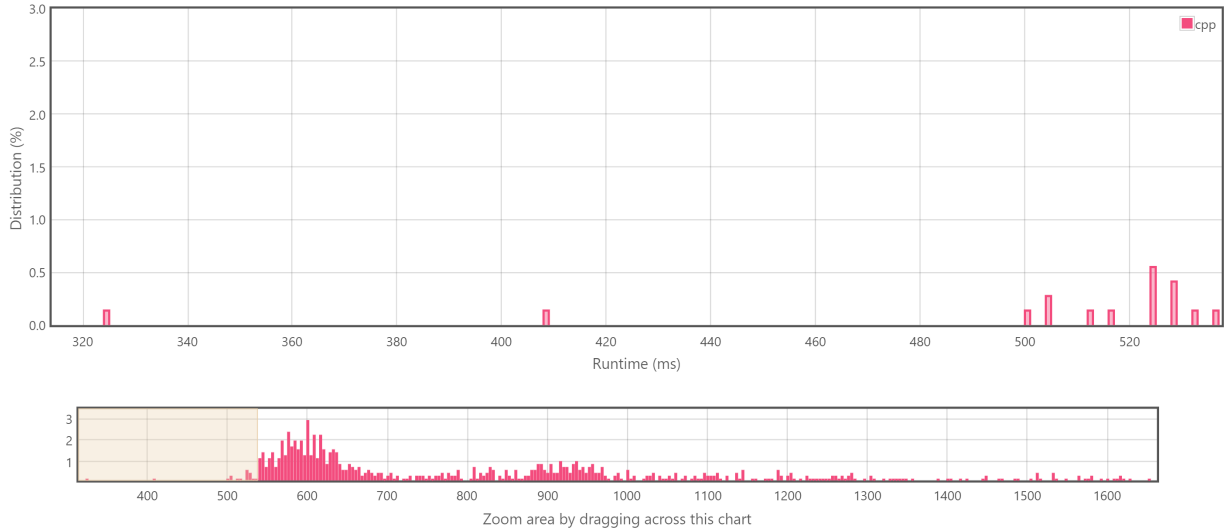
82 / 82 test cases passed.

Status: **Accepted**

Runtime: **224 ms**
Memory Usage: **83.7 MB**

Submitted: **0 minutes ago**

Accepted Solutions Runtime Distribution



Runtime: 224 ms, faster than 100.00% of C++ online submissions for Minimum Operations to Make a Subsequence.

Memory Usage: 83.7 MB, less than 100.00% of C++ online submissions for Minimum Operations to Make a Subsequence.

References

[1] Michael L Fredman. On computing the length of longest increasing subsequences. *Discrete Mathematics*, 11(1):29–35, 1975.