

1. online, reduce to the partial sums problem, in the special case that the number of bits in an update is  $O(1)$ .  $O(\frac{\log n}{\log \log n})$  [2].
2. offline, reduce to offline dominance (or orthogonal range) counting in 2D.  $O(n\sqrt{\log n})$  ( $O(n \log^{d-2+1/d} n)$  when  $d = 2$ ) [1].

## References

- [1] Timothy M Chan and Mihai Pătraşcu. Counting inversions, offline orthogonal range counting, and related problems. In *Proceedings of the twenty-first annual ACM-SIAM symposium on Discrete Algorithms*, pages 161–173. Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics, 2010.
- [2] Paul F Dietz. Optimal algorithms for list indexing and subset rank. In *Workshop on Algorithms and Data Structures*, pages 39–46. Springer, 1989.