This is BZOJ1736: [Usaco2005 jan] The Wedding Juicer.

- 1. use priority queue to maintain the lowest point on the boundary, and repeatedly perform floodfill starting from the lowest point. $O(\operatorname{sort}(nm))$.
- 2. sorting+union find data structure, merge the regions (with the same height) from low to high. $O(\operatorname{sort}(nm) + nm \cdot \alpha(nm))$.
- 3. reduce to single source bottleneck shortest path (minimax path, minimizing the weight of the maximum-weight edge in the path). The graph is undirected, so we can reduce to minimum spanning tree. expected O(nm) [1].
- 4. let t be a parameter. merge the regions until each region has size $\geq t$, by finding the minimum weight edge incident to that region using brute force (each region with size O(t) has degree O(t)). maintain the regions using union find data structure. then shrink each region into a single node, the new graph is planar, and by Euler's formula we know $|E| = O(|V|) = O(\frac{nm}{t})$. then use algorithm 1 on the new graph in $O(\operatorname{sort}(\frac{nm}{t}))$ time. set $t = \sqrt{\frac{\operatorname{sort}(nm)}{nm}}$, $O(\sqrt{nm \cdot \operatorname{sort}(nm)} + nm \cdot \alpha(nm))$.

References

[1] David R Karger, Philip N Klein, and Robert E Tarjan. A randomized linear-time algorithm to find minimum spanning trees. *Journal of the ACM (JACM)*, 42(2):321–328, 1995.