

1. store the numbers in a Trie. for each number  $i$ , query  $\max_j a[j] \text{ xor } a[i]$  takes  $O(w)$ , by walking down the Trie. total time  $O(nw)$ .
2. determine the result bit by bit. We can verify whether we can get an xor result with prefix  $t$  in  $O(n)$  by hashing. total time  $O(nw)$ .
3. Trie.  $O(\frac{nw}{\log w})$ .

Could you do this in  $O(n)$  runtime?

No I can't.

## References