assume $|\Sigma| \le w$ (since 26 < 32).

- 1. we can represent all characters in a string by a word. testing whether two strings share any common letter is O(1). in total $O(n^2)$.
- 2. first sort all strings in decreasing order. let C(s) denote the set of letters in string s, and let f[S] be a bitset with n bits representing all strings with no letter appear in S, where S is a set of letters. let $d = \Theta(\log n)$, we precompute, this takes $O(2^d n)$ time, we need to find the first 1 in the bitset. $O(\frac{n^2|\Sigma|}{w\log n})$.

References