

Let n denote the length of the input string, m denote the number of strings in the dictionary, and L denote the total length of the dictionary.

1. DP. $O(nm)$.
2. let $f[i]$ denote whether the prefix $s[1..i]$ can be segmented into a sequence of dictionary words. use Aho-Corasick automation to compute f . at each position, we need to walk to the root according to the failure pointers, and there are at most $O(\min\{m, \sqrt{L}\})$ steps. $O(n \cdot \min\{m, \sqrt{L}\} + L)$.
3. $\tilde{O}(nL^{\frac{1}{3}} + L)$ [1].

References

- [1] Karl Bringmann, Allan Grønlund, and Kasper Green Larsen. A dichotomy for regular expression membership testing. In *2017 IEEE 58th Annual Symposium on Foundations of Computer Science (FOCS)*, pages 307–318. IEEE, 2017.