

Solution 14: Palindrome Check with Two Pointers

1) Which strings are palindromes?

- "level" : True
 - "robot" : False
 - "ABBA" : True
 - "" : True
 - "A" : True
-

2) Fill in the blanks: the two pointers idea

- `left` starts at 0
- `right` starts at `len(s) - 1`

We keep looping while `left < right`.

Inside the loop:

- If `s[left] != s[right]`, then `palindrome = False`.
 - If they match, we do:
 - `left = left + 1`
 - `right = right - 1`
-

3) Trace the output: "ABCBA"

It prints two lines (then `left == right` and the loop stops):

```
0 4 A A  
1 3 B B
```

4) Trace the output: "ABCDBA"

It prints three lines (then it finds a mismatch at `C` vs `D` and breaks):

```
0 5 A A  
1 4 B B  
2 3 C D
```

5) Empty string

`len(s) - 1` is `-1`, so `left < right` is `0 < -1` (False). The loop never runs.

Output:

```
True
```

6) Debugging (2 bugs)

Wrong lines: - Line A: `right = len(s)` - Line B: `right = right + 1`

Corrected lines: - Line A: `right = len(s) - 1` - Line B: `right = right - 1`

7) Fill in the missing code

One correct completion:

```
s = "racecar"

palindrome = True
left = 0
right = len(s) - 1

while left < right:
    if s[left] != s[right]:
        palindrome = False
        break
    left = left + 1
    right = right - 1

print(palindrome)
```

8) Print the first mismatch (if any)

One possible solution:

```
s = "ABCDXDCBA"

left = 0
right = len(s) - 1
found = False

while left < right:
    if s[left] != s[right]:
        print(s[left], s[right])
        found = True
        break
    left = left + 1
    right = right - 1

if found == False:
    print("No mismatch")
```

Output:

```
C D
```