# Lab 6 - La Quinta is Spanish for next to Denny's, Pt. 1 Visualizing spatial data

## Elham khatim p

#### Student ID:2201001444

Load the needed packages. Note: dsbox is not yet on CRAN. For now, you need to install it before you load the library. Uncomment, by deleting # from, the two lines of code below.

```
install.packages("devtools")
devtools::install_github("rstudio-education/dsbox")
```

Load the libraries here.

```
library(tidyverse)
library(dsbox)
```

To help with our analysis we will also use a dataset on US states, which is located in your repository's data folder.

```
states <- read_csv("data/states.csv")</pre>
```

## **Exercises**

1. What are the dimensions of the Denny's dataset? (Hint: Use inline R code and functions like nrow and ncol to compose your answer.) What does each row in the dataset represent? What are the variables?

dim(dennys)

```
## [1] 1643 6
head(dennys)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 6
##
     address
                                                              longitude latitude
                                      city
                                                  state zip
##
     <chr>
                                      <chr>
                                                  <chr> <chr>
                                                                   <dbl>
                                                                            <dbl>
## 1 2900 Denali
                                                        99503
                                                                  -150.
                                                                             61.2
                                      Anchorage
                                                 AK
## 2 3850 Debarr Road
                                      Anchorage
                                                 AK
                                                        99508
                                                                  -150.
                                                                             61.2
## 3 1929 Airport Way
                                      Fairbanks
                                                 AK
                                                        99701
                                                                  -148.
                                                                             64.8
## 4 230 Connector Dr
                                      Auburn
                                                  AL
                                                        36849
                                                                   -85.5
                                                                             32.6
## 5 224 Daniel Payne Drive N
                                                        35207
                                                                   -86.8
                                                                             33.6
                                      Birmingham AL
## 6 900 16th St S, Commons on Gree Birmingham AL
                                                        35294
                                                                   -86.8
                                                                             33.5
```

The 'dennys' dataset has 1,643 rows and 6 columns. Each row represents location information about a denny's restaurant.

2. What are the dimensions of the La Quinta's dataset? What does each row in the dataset represent? What are the variables?

```
dim(laquinta)
```

```
## [1] 909 6
```

#### head(laquinta)

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 6
##
     address
                                  city
                                                state zip
                                                            longitude latitude
##
     <chr>>
                                  <chr>
                                                <chr> <chr>
                                                                 <dbl>
                                                                           <dbl>
## 1 793 W. Bel Air Avenue
                                  "\nAberdeen" MD
                                                      21001
                                                                 -76.2
                                                                            39.5
## 2 3018 CatClaw Dr
                                                      79606
                                                                 -99.8
                                                                            32.4
                                  "\nAbilene"
                                                TX
## 3 3501 West Lake Rd
                                  "\nAbilene"
                                                      79601
                                                                 -99.7
                                                                            32.5
                                                TX
## 4 184 North Point Way
                                  "\nAcworth"
                                                GA
                                                      30102
                                                                 -84.7
                                                                            34.1
## 5 2828 East Arlington Street "\nAda"
                                                OK
                                                      74820
                                                                 -96.6
                                                                            34.8
## 6 14925 Landmark Blvd
                                  "\nAddison"
                                                TX
                                                      75254
                                                                 -96.8
                                                                            33.0
```

This dataset has 909 rows and 6 columns. Each row represents location information about laquinta's hotel.

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3. Add a country variable to the Denny's and Laquinta's datasets and set all observations equal to "United States". Remember, you can use the mutate function for adding a variable. Make sure to save the result of this as dn and lq, respectively, so that the stored data frame contains the new variable going forward.

For Denny's

```
dn <- dennys %>%
    mutate(country = "United States")
```

For La Quinta

```
lq <- laquinta %>%
    mutate(country = "United States")
```

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4. Which states have the most and fewest Denny's locations? What about La Quinta? Is this surprising? Why or why not?

For Denny's - Most

```
dn %>%
   count(state) %>%
   arrange(desc(n))
```

```
## # A tibble: 51 x 2
##
      state
                 n
##
      <chr> <int>
##
    1 CA
               403
    2 TX
##
               200
##
    3 FL
               140
##
    4 AZ
                83
##
    5 IL
                56
    6 NY
                56
##
    7 WA
                49
##
##
    8 OH
                44
    9 MO
                42
                40
## 10 PA
## # ... with 41 more rows
```

CA, which stands for California has the most Denny's locations. It is not surprising because it is the largest state in the US by population.

For Denny's - Fewest

```
dn %>%
    count(state) %>%
    arrange((n))
## # A tibble: 51 x 2
##
      state
                n
##
      <chr> <int>
##
   1 DE
                 1
    2 DC
##
                 2
    3 VT
                 2
##
##
    4 AK
                 3
##
   5 IA
                 3
##
    6 NH
                 3
    7 SD
                 3
##
##
    8 WV
                 3
##
  9 LA
## 10 MT
## # ... with 41 more rows
```

DE, Delaware has the fewest locations. It is not surprising because it is one of the smallest US states by population.

For La Quinta - Most

```
lq %>%
   count(state) %>%
   arrange(desc(n))
```

```
## # A tibble: 59 x 2
##
      state
                 n
##
      <chr> <int>
##
    1 TX
               237
##
    2 FL
                74
##
    3 CA
                56
##
    4 GA
                41
    5 TN
                30
##
##
    6 OK
                29
                28
##
   7 LA
##
                27
    8 CO
## 9 NM
                19
## 10 NY
                19
## # ... with 49 more rows
```

TX, Texas has the most La Quinta locations. The surprising thing is that Texas has more locations than California. This despite the fact that California has more population and has stronger economy than Texas

For La Quinta - Fewest

```
lq %>%
  count(state) %>%
  arrange((n))
```

```
## # A tibble: 59 x 2
## state n
```

```
##
       <chr> <int>
##
    1 AG
##
    2 ANT
    3 BC
##
                  1
##
    4 CH
    5 FM
##
                  1
    6 ME
##
                  1
    7 ON
##
                  1
##
    8 QR
                  1
##
    9 SL
                  1
## 10 VE
                  1
## # ... with 49 more rows
```

### 10 states with only one La Quinta Locations

5. Which states have the most Denny's locations per thousand square miles? What about La Quinta?

\textcolor{red}{We are interested in the number of locations per state, which we could find in Denny's or La Quinta's datasets, and the area of each state, which is only available in the states dataset, which we imported earlier from the Data folder using the code states <- read\_csv("data/states.csv").}

Joining Denny's and states

##

7 CT

6 Connecticut

```
dn %>%
  count(state) %>%
  inner_join(states, by = c("state" = "abbreviation"))
## # A tibble: 51 x 4
##
      state
                n name
                                              area
##
      <chr> <int> <chr>
                                             <dbl>
                 3 Alaska
                                          665384.
##
    1 AK
##
    2 AL
                 7 Alabama
                                           52420.
##
    3 AR
                 9 Arkansas
                                          53179.
##
    4 AZ
               83 Arizona
                                          113990.
              403 California
                                          163695.
##
    5 CA
##
    6 CO
                29 Colorado
                                          104094.
##
    7 CT
                12 Connecticut
                                            5543.
    8 DC
                 2 District of Columbia
                                              68.3
    9 DE
##
                 1 Delaware
                                            2489.
## 10 FL
               140 Florida
                                           65758.
## # ... with 41 more rows
Joining La Quinta's and states
lq %>%
  count(state) %>%
  inner_join(states, by = c("state" = "abbreviation"))
## # A tibble: 48 x 4
##
      state
                n name
                                   area
##
      <chr> <int> <chr>
                                  <dbl>
##
    1 AK
                2 Alaska
                                665384.
##
    2 AL
                16 Alabama
                                 52420.
##
    3 AR
                13 Arkansas
                                 53179.
##
                                113990.
    4 AZ
                18 Arizona
##
    5 CA
                56 California
                                163695.
##
    6 CO
                27 Colorado
                                104094.
```

5543.

```
## 8 FL 74 Florida 65758.

## 9 GA 41 Georgia 59425.

## 10 IA 4 Iowa 56273.

## # ... with 38 more rows
```

We need to add an identifier variable which we'll call establishment and set the value to "Denny's" and "La Quinta" for the dn and lq data frames, respectively.

```
dn <- dn %>%
  mutate(establishment = "Denny's")

lq <- lq %>%
  mutate(establishment = "La Quinta")
```

Since the two data frames (dn and lq) have the same columns, we can easily bind them with the bind\_rows function:

```
dn_lq <- bind_rows(dn, lq)</pre>
```

We can plot the locations of the two establishments using a scatter plot, and color the points by the establishment type. Note that the latitude is plotted on the x-axis and the longitude on the y-axis.

```
ggplot(dn_lq, mapping = aes(x = longitude, y = latitude, color = establishment)) +
    geom_point()
```



The graph figure shows that indeed there are many La Quinta hotels that located next to Denny's restaurants. We could also see from the figure that there is the presence of the two chains across the US as the figure almost depict the exact map of the country. The figure also indicates the presence of these chains in Alaska (top-left), Hawaii (bottom-left), and some cities in Central America(bottom-right)

Knit, commit, and push your changes to GitHub with an appropriate commit message. Make sure to commit

and push all changed files so that your Git pane is cleared up afterwards and review the md document on GitHub to make sure you're happy with the final state of your work.