National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences, Lahore Campus



Course: Program: Due Date:

Sections:

Design and Analysis of Algorithms BS (CS)

Feb 18, 2025 (by 4:10 PM in class)

CS-6A

Exam: Assignment#1

Course Code: Semester: Total Marks: CS-2009 Spring 2025 80

Instruction/Notes:

Instructions: Plagiarism in any form will not be tolerated. Only handwritten, hard copy assignments will be accepted.

Q#1: Derive the recurrence of following recursive algorithms. (Marks 12)

```
Part(a) Split Data (Arr[], left, right){
                                                           Part(b)
  If (left < right) {
                                                           Temp(A[], B[], N){
    Split Data (Arr, left, right-1)
                                                             if(N==1)
    Split Data (Arr, left+1, right)
                                                                return
    View Data (Arr, left, right)
                                                             Temp(A+N/2,B, N/2) + Temp(A, B + N/2, N/2)
  }
                                                             Temp(A+N/2,B, N/2) + Temp(A, B + N/2, N/2)
                                                             Temp(A+N/2,B, N/2) + Temp(A, B + N/2, N/2)
View Data (Arr[], left, right){
                                                             Temp(A+N/2,B, N/2) + Temp(A, B + N/2, N/2)
  i=left
                                                             Temp(A+N/2,B, N/2) + Temp(A, B + N/2, N/2)
  N Arr[left+right]
                                                             Temp(A+N/2,B, N/2) + Temp(A, B + N/2, N/2)
  While (i < right) {
                                                             Temp(A+N/2,B, N/2) + Temp(A, B + N/2, N/2)
                                                             Temp(A+N/2,B, N/2) + Temp(A, B + N/2, N/2)
    i = left
    k = 1
                                                             Solve(A,B,N)
    while (j < right) {
      N Arr[k] = Arr[j]
                                                           Solve (A[], B[], N){
      print Arr[i]
                                                             for(i=1 to N){
      k = k+1
                                                               for(j=1 to i){
      j = j*2
                                                                  print A[i]*B[j]
    }
                                                               }
    j++
                                                             }
  }
                                                           }
Part (c):
                                                           Part(d): Stooge-Sort (Arr [], left, right){
Mystery (N){
                                                             if (Arr[left] > A[right])
  If (N > 1)
                                                                exchange(A[left], A[right])
    Print "Deriving recurrence is fun"
                                                             if (left > right)
    Mystery (2N/3)
                                                               return
    for (i=1 to N)
                                                             else{
       Print "Solving recurrence is fun"
                                                               third = (right - left + 1)/3
                                                               Stooge-Sort (Arr, left, right - third)
    Mystery (N/5)
  }
                                                               Stooge-Sort (Arr, left + third, right)
}
                                                                Stooge-Sort (Arr, left, right - third)
                                                           } Also provide the reason that how these recursive
                                                           calls will sort the array and why we need the third
                                                           recursive call with data ranging from Left to 3rd
                                                           quarter of the array.
```

Q#2: Solving Recurrence (Marks: 16*4=64)

Use a recursion tree method to determine a good asymptotic upper bound on following recurrences. Please refer to the Appendix of your textbook for using arithmetic, geometric and harmonic series. Clearly show your working and don't forget to mention the relevant formula before writing the final answer.

Part(a): Linear Decay

a)
$$T(N) = 3T(N-1) + \Theta(1)$$

b)
$$T(N) = T(N-2) + O(N^2)$$

c)
$$T(N) = 2T(N-1) + \Theta(N)$$

d)
$$T(N) = T(N-1) + O(\frac{1}{N})$$

Part(b): Exponential decay with balanced split of data (Attempt any four questions for assignment from part b)

e)
$$T(N) = 2T\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + O(\log N)$$

f)
$$T(N) = 10T\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + \Theta(1)$$

g)
$$T(N) = 2T\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + O\left(\frac{N}{\log N}\right)$$

h)
$$T(N) = 4T\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + O(N^2\sqrt{N})$$

i)
$$T(N) = 2T\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + O(\sqrt{N})$$

$$\mathbf{j}) \quad T(N) = 3T\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + O(N^3)$$

k)
$$T(N) = 7T\left(\frac{N}{5}\right) + \Theta(1)$$

1)
$$T(N) = 3T\left(\frac{2N}{3}\right) + O(1)$$

$$\mathbf{m}) \ T(N) = 3T\left(\frac{4N}{5}\right) + \ \mathbf{O}(1)$$

Part(c): Exponential decay with unbalanced split of data

n)
$$T(N) = T\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + T\left(\frac{3N}{4}\right) + O(N^2)$$

o)
$$T(N) = T\left(\frac{N}{10}\right) + T\left(\frac{9N}{10}\right) + O(N)$$

p)
$$T(N) = T\left(\frac{2N}{7}\right) + T\left(\frac{5N}{7}\right) + O(N^2)$$

Q#3: Asymptotic Analysis (4 Marks)

a) Prove that $T(N) = \Theta(N^3)$ by finding appropriate constants.

$$T(N) = \frac{1}{8} N^3 - 5N^2$$

b) Prove that $T(N) = \Theta(g(N))$ by finding the appropriate g(N) and constants.

$$T(N) = 5\sqrt{N} + 3N^2 \log N + \frac{N}{(\log N)^2}$$

$$T(N) = N^{10} + 2^{3N} + 5^{N+4} + 100N \log N$$