



In the Name of God
University of Tehran



Electrical and Computer Engineering faculty

Signals and Systems, Fall 95

Computer Assignment #4

Due Date: Monday, 4 Bahman 1395, 11:55 AM

Problem 1

1. Consider the differential equation $y'''(t) + y'(t) - 2y(t) = \delta(t)$ where $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = 3$, $y''(0) = 1$, and $\delta(t)$ is the Dirac function.
 - ❖ Provide all the following parts in one mfile.
 - 1.a) Use the Laplace transform to compute the solution of the differential equation ($y(t)$).
 - ❖ Read the PDF files about differential equations.
 - 1.b) Find the Transfer function $H(s) = Y(s)/X(s)$, then insert the numerator and denominator coefficients in vectors *num* and *den*.
 - 1.c) Define the transfer function using " $H=tf(num,den)$ " command.
 - 1.d) Define the transfer function in zero/pole/gain form using " $H2='zpk(H)'$ " command.
 - 1.e) Find the roots of the numerator and the denominator of the transfer function using " $z=roots(num)'$ " and " $p=roots(den)'$ " commands.
 - 1.f) Repeat part 1.e) using " $[z,p,k]=tf2zp$ " command, then do the reverse using " $[n,d]=zp2tf(z,p,k)'$ " command.
 - 1.g) Check the stability using " $pzmap(H \text{ or } H2)'$ " or " $pzmap(num,den)'$ " command.
 - 1.h) Find the frequency response of the transfer function using " $Hw=freqresponse(H \text{ or } H2,\omega)'$ " command which ω is the frequency duration ($-10 \leq \omega \leq 10$) and then Plot (amplitude and phase) it.
 - 1.i) Plot the step and impulse response of the system using " $step(H \text{ or } H2 \text{ or } num,den,t)'$ " and " $impulse(H \text{ or } H2 \text{ or } num,den,t)'$ " commands ($-10 \leq t \leq 10$).
2. Consider the difference equation $y[n] - 3y[n-1] + y[n-2] = x[n] - x[n-1]$, where $x[n] = 0.9^n u[n]$, and the initial conditions are $y[-1] = -1$, $y[-2] = -2$.
 - ❖ Provide all the following parts in one mfile.

2.a) Use the z-transform to compute the solution of the difference equation ($y(t)$).

❖ Read the PDF files about difference equations.

2.b) Find the Transfer function $H(Z) = Y(Z)/X(Z)$, then insert the numerator and denominator coefficients in vectors *num* and *den*.

2.c) Define the transfer function using "*H=tf(num,den,ts)*" command, and *ts* is the sampling time.

2.d) Define the transfer function in zero/pole/gain form using "*H2='zpk(H)'*" command.

2.e) Find the roots of the numerator and the denominator of the transfer function using "*z=roots(num)'*" and "*p=roots(den)'*" commands.

2.f) Repeat part 2.e) using "*[z,p,k]=tf2zp*" command, then do the reverse using "*[n,d]=zp2tf(z,p,k)'*" command.

2.g) Check the stability using "*pzmap(H or H2)'*" or "*pzmap(num,den)'*" command.

2.h) Find the frequency response of the transfer function using "*Hw=freqresponse(H or H2, ω)'*" command which ω is the frequency duration ($-10 \leq \omega \leq 10$) and then Plot (amplitude and phase) it.

❖ Plot the results of the next part in the one figure using subplot.

2.i) Plot the step response of the system using the following steps

```
dstep(num,den)
```

and

```
S=dstep(num,den)
```

```
stairs(0:length(s)-1,s);
```

```
legend('Step response')
```

and

```
n=0:80;
```

```
s=dstep(num,den,n);
```

```
stairs(n,s)
```

```
legend('Step response')
```

and

```
stepz(num,den)
```

❖ Plot the results of the next part in the one figure using subplot.

2.j) Plot the impulse response of the system using the following steps

```
dimpulse(num,den)
```

and

```

h=dimpulse(num,den);

stairs(0:length(h)-1,h)

legend('Impulse response')

and

n=0:50;

y=dimpulse(num,den,n);

stairs(n,y)

legend('h[n]')

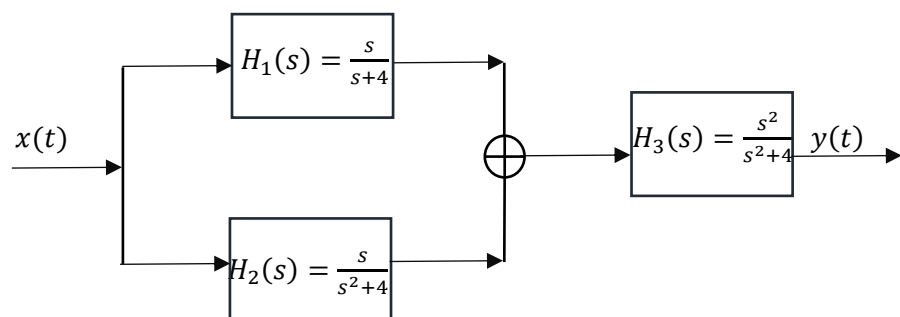
and

impz(num,den)

```

Problem 2

Consider the system that is shown in the figure below.



Use commands, "*tf*", "*parallel*", "*series*", to define every system and then combine them. Then use the command "*printsys*" to print the derived coefficients in rational form.

1. Compute the transfer function ($H(s)$) of the system that is shown in the above figure.
2. Compute and plot the system response $y(t)$ to the input signal $x(t) = \cos(2\pi t)$, $0 \leq t \leq 10$ using command "*lsim(H,x,t)*"

Problem 3

Compute the response of the discrete-time system with transfer function $H(z) = \frac{0.1z-0.1}{z^2-1.5z+0.7}$

to the input signal $x[n] = (-1)^n, 0 \leq n \leq 50$.

Use command `"filter(num,den,x)"`.