Fall 2022 BSITF21

Object Oriented Programming Lab

Lab 09 Marks 10

Instructions

Work on this homework individually. Absolutely NO collaboration is allowed. Any traces of plagiarism would result in ZERO marks in this homework and possible disciplinary action. Task should be coded in C++. You are strictly NOT ALLOWED to include any additional data-members/functions/constructors in your class. Write the main function first and keep testing the functionality of each function once created.

Due Date

Upload the solution (source code .cpp file only) labeled with your complete roll number in capital letters e.g., BITF21M000 till 05:00PM Friday, April 28, 2023, in course's <u>Google classroom</u>.

ADT: Generic Array

Write a generic class named Array that can hold an array of any valid data type (int, float, char etc...).

- 1. The class should have following two private data members.
 - a. A generic pointer called data that holds an array of given data type allocated dynamically according to the specified size.
 - **b.** An *integer* called **size** represents the number of elements in the array.
- **2.** Implement the following **constructors** and a **destructor**:
 - **a.** A **default constructor** that allocates an array of **size 5** and initializes it to the so-called "empty array," i.e., an array whose array representation **contains all zeroes**.
 - **b.** A **constructor** that accepts an **integer** as argument to represent the **size of an array** and initializes it to the so-called "empty array," i.e., an array whose array representation **contains all zeroes**.
 - **c.** A **copy constructor** initializes an array object with an already existing object.
 - d. A destructor to free any memory resources occupied by the array object.
- 3. Implement the following non-static member functions and operators:
 - getSize returns the size of array.
 - **setElement** that **inserts** a new element **k** at index **i** (both passed as argument) into an **array**, if possible, otherwise give an appropriate error message.
 - countElement accepts a key as argument and counts and returns the total occurrences of it in an array.
 - Assignment (=): Copies the data of the right-hand-side object to the left-hand-side object. If the size of the left-hand-side object is different from the right-hand-side object, reallocate the memory for the left-hand-side object based on the size of the right-hand-side object and then copy the data. Don't forget to update the size of the left-hand-side object.
 - getSubArray This member function takes two integer parameters start_index and end_index as arguments and returns a
 new Collection that contains all the values in the left-hand-side object from start_index to end_index, both inclusive. If the
 requested sub-collection cannot be created, it displays an appropriate error message and returns a Collection object
 consisting of NULL with its size set to 0.
 - Arithmetic binary (+) that inserts contents of *right-hand-side* object at the end of *left-hand-side* object and **return** the result. The function should not make any changes in *left/right-hand-side* object.
 - **Stream insertion (<<)** to take input from user for the **data** of an **array**.
 - Stream extraction (>>) to display the contents of data on the screen of an array.
 - **Comparison (==)** that determines whether **two arrays are equal or not**. The operator should return **true** if both the arrays (*left-hand-side and right-hand-side*) are equal, **false** otherwise.
 - Subscript ([]) for non-const objects. If the **index** is out of bounds, it displays an appropriate error message and returns -1, Without exiting the program.
 - **Subscript ([])** for const objects. If the **index** is out of bounds, it displays an appropriate error message and returns −1, Without exiting the program.
- 4. Once you have written the class, write the main function and test its functionality by creating some objects of Array.