

5. Strontium - 94 is used as:
 (a) β Particle source (b) α Particle source (c) γ Particle source (d) radon
6. Circulation of blood can be studied by
 (a) sodium -24 (b) strontium 90 (c) carbon 14 (d) Neutron source
7. The age of a rock can be estimated by
 (a) absorption of γ -rays when they pass through it
 (b) knowing the gravimetric composition of the compound of silicon in the rock
 (c) radioactive dating
 (d) knowing the elastic properties of rock
8. Radioactive iodine can be used to check person's is working properly
 (a) cancer (b) skin cancer (c) lungs (d) thyroid gland
9. Cobalt-60 is used for treatment of
 (a) cancer (b) kidneys (c) lungs (d) thyroid
10. The gamma rays radiographs are used in
 (a) Agriculture used (b) medical diagnosis (c) support industry (d) all of these
11. Thyroid cancer is cured by
 (a) iodine-131 (b) sodium-24 (c) Cesium-137 (d) Sgd-16,17, Mul-16, Shwl-16 carbon-14

21.14 BASIC FORCES OF NATURE

1. Nuclear force as compared with electrostatic force is
 (a) weaker and long-range (b) weaker and short-range
 (c) stronger and long-range (d) stronger and short-range
2. Which of the following forces is responsible to keep nuclei together?
 (a) electrostatic force only (b) electrostatic and nuclear force
 (c) nuclear force only (d) electrostatic and gravitational force
3. The constituents of the nucleus are held together by
 (a) electromagnetic force (b) weak nuclear force (c) strong nuclear force (d) gravitational force
4. Which of the following is believed to be carrier of nuclear forces?
 (a) lepton (b) meson (c) bason (d) baryon
5. Nuclear forces arise from the continuous exchange of particles known as
 (a) mesons (b) baryons (c) positrons (d) leptons
6. Electromagnetic and weak forces were unified by
 (a) Weinberg (b) Glashow (c) Abdus Salam (d) All of these
7. Dr. Abdus Salam was awarded by noble prize in
 (a) 1979 (b) 1987 (c) 1969 (d) 1962
8. The electromagnetic force is
 (a) Short range (b) long range (c) moderate range (d) no large
9. Abd-us-Salam forwarded a theory of unification of:
 (a) electromagnetic and weak forces (b) electromagnetic and strong nuclear forces
 (c) electromagnetic and gravitational forces (d) electric and magnetic forces