Assignment 5

Due date: Friday, Dec 1, 2019 at 11:59pm Individual assignment. No group work allowed.

Weight: 10% of the final grade.

Finding a shortest path in a maze

Implement a function called **solve_maze()** that takes a single argument - a filename. The function then:

- reads a maze from the file,
- determines the starting point and exit point in the maze,
- calculates the shortest path from the starting point to the exit point,
- if a path exists:
 - prints out the maze with the shortest path marked with "+",
 - prints out the length of the shortest path,
- if there is no path:
 - the function just prints the maze unmodified,
 - and a message "There is no path."

To find the shortest path, you need to implement Dijkstra's algorithm. It will probably help if you convert your maze to a graph data-structure, but this is not strictly necessary.

Submission

Submit your assignment as a Jupyter notebook or .py file to D2L.

Examples:

S.#### ..#...

```
Input file test1.txt:
..#..E
..#...
S.####
..#...
..#...
..#...
Running solve_maze():
solve_maze("test1.txt")
..#..E
..#...
```

```
..#...
There is no path.
Input file test2.txt:
.....
S.....
S.....
E.....E
Running solve_maze():
solve_maze("test2.txt")
.....
S+++++
.....+
.....E
Path length: 7
```

Helpful functions

You can use any of the functions below in your implementation.

```
def read_maze(fname):
    rows = []
    with open(fname) as f:
         for line in f:
             line = line.rstrip()
             if len(line) > 0:
                  rows.append(list(line))
    return rows
m = read_maze("m4.txt")
m
[['#']
                                                                     '#']
             '#'
                   1+1
             1#1
                                    1#1
                                                          1#1
  1#1
             1#1
                                                          1#1
             1+1
                                               1#1
  1#1
                                                                      '#']
             1#1
                                                                      '#']
```

```
def print_maze(maze):
   for row in maze:
       print("".join(row))
print_maze(m)
###############
#E#++++#++#
#+#+.##++##
#+#+.##.##+#
#+++...#..+#
######## . #+#
#....#S#
###############
from PIL import Image, ImageDraw
from IPython.display import display # to display images
def plot_maze(maze):
   scale = 15
   trans = { 's': (0,0,255), '.': (255,255,255), 'e': (255,0,0),
'#': (0,0,0) }
   nrows = len(maze)
   ncols = len(maze[0])
   im = Image.new( "RGB", (ncols, nrows))
   pixels = im.load()
   for row in range(nrows):
       for col in range(ncols):
           pixels[col,row] = trans[maze[row][col].lower()]
   im = im.resize((ncols*scale, nrows*scale))
   draw = ImageDraw.Draw(im)
   dx = im.size[0] / ncols
   dy = im.size[1] / nrows
   for ix in range(1, ncols+1):
       line = ((ix * dx, 0), (ix * dx, im.size[1]))
       draw.line(line, fill=(127, 127, 127))
   for iy in range(1, nrows+1):
       line = ((0, iy * dy), (im.size[0], iy * dy))
       draw.line(line, fill=(127, 127, 127))
```

```
display(im)
m = read_maze("m4.txt")
plot_maze(m)
# print a colored maze
def print_cmaze(maze):
    import IPython.display as ipd
    html = """
    <style>
         .mazeWall { background-color: #aaa; }
         .mazeEmpty { background-color: #fff; }
.mazeStart { background-color: #aaf; }
         .mazeEnd { background-color: #faa; }
         .mazePath { background-color: #afa; }
         .colPrint {
             font-family: monospace;
             font-size: 20pt;
             line-height: 1em;
         .colPrint span {
             display: inline-block;
             width: 25px;
             height: 25px;
             text-align: center;
             border: solid 1px #8880;
             line-height: 25px; }
    </style>
    trans = { 's': "mazeStart", '.': "mazeEmpty", 'e': "mazeEnd",
'#': "mazeWall" }
    html += "<div class=colPrint>";
    for row in maze:
        for c in row:
             html += "<span class={}>{}</span>".format(trans[c.lower])
        html += "<br>"
    html += '</div>'
    display(ipd.HTML(html))
```

```
m = read_maze("m4.txt")
print_cmaze(m)
##############
#E#++++#++#
#+#+.##+++#+
#+#+.##.##+#
#+++...#..+#
##############
def matrix_to_table(m):
   from IPython.display import display, HTML
   html = ""
   for row in m:
      html += ""
      for c in row:
         html += "" + str(c) + ""
      html += ""
   html += ""
   display(HTML(html))
```