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1  #include "btNode.h"
2
3  void bst_insert (btNode*& bst_root, int newInt)
4  {
5      //if there is no values in the tree we create a new value and add it as the
first value
6      if (bst_root == 0){
7          btNode* new_root = new btNode;
8          new_root->data = newInt;
9          new_root->left = 0;      //right child will become null
10         new_root->right = 0;     //left child is also assigned null value
11         bst_root = new_root;
12     }
13     //variable to traverse the list
14     btNode* curr = bst_root;
15
16     while(curr != 0){
17         //entering the left side of the binary tree in order to insert a new leaf
18         if (curr->data > newInt){
19             if (curr->left == 0){
20                 curr->left = new btNode;
21                 curr->left->data = newInt;
22                 curr->left->left = 0;    //right child is assigned a null value
23                 curr->left->right = 0;   //left child is assigned a null value
24             }
25             else {
26                 curr = curr->left;    // else we traverse the list until we find an
empty spot
27             }
28         }
29         else if (curr->data < newInt){
30             //entering the right side of the binary tree in order to insert a
new leaf
31             if (curr->right == 0){
32                 curr->right = new btNode;
33                 curr->right->data = newInt;
34                 curr->right->left = 0;    //right child is assigned a null value
35                 curr->right->right = 0;   //left child is assigned a null value
36             }
37             else {
38                 curr = curr->right;    // else we traverse the list until we find an
empty spot
39             }
40         }
41         else return;
42     }
43 }
44
45 bool bst_remove(btNode*& bst_root, int remInt)
46 {
47     //if the tree is empty exit the function
48     if (bst_root == 0) return false;
49
50     if (remInt != bst_root->data){
51         //if the target is greater than the root
52         if (remInt > bst_root->data){
53             return bst_remove(bst_root->right, remInt);
54         }
55         //if the target is less than the root
56         else{
57             return bst_remove(bst_root->left, remInt);
58         }
59     }
60     if (bst_root->left == 0){
61         btNode* older_root = bst_root;
62         if (bst_root->right != 0){

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63         bst_root = bst_root->right;
64     }
65     else{
66         bst_root = 0;
67     }
68     delete older_root;
69     return true;
70 }
71 else {
72     bst_remove_max(bst_root->left, bst_root->data);
73     return true;
74 }
75 return false;
76 }
77
78 void bst_remove_max(btNode*& bst_root, int& data)
79 {
80     //if the tree is empty exit the function
81     if (bst_root == 0) return;
82
83     if (bst_root->right == 0){
84         btNode* temp = bst_root;
85         data = bst_root->data;
86         bst_root = bst_root->left;
87         delete temp;
88     }
89     else{
90         bst_remove_max(bst_root->right, data);
91     }
92     return;
93 }
94
95 void dumpToArrayInOrder(btNode* bst_root, int* dumpArray)
96 {
97     if (bst_root == 0) return;
98     int dumpIndex = 0;
99     dumpToArrayInOrderAux(bst_root, dumpArray, dumpIndex);
100 }
101
102 void dumpToArrayInOrderAux(btNode* bst_root, int* dumpArray, int& dumpIndex)
103 {
104     if (bst_root == 0) return;
105     dumpToArrayInOrderAux(bst_root->left, dumpArray, dumpIndex);
106     dumpArray[dumpIndex++] = bst_root->data;
107     dumpToArrayInOrderAux(bst_root->right, dumpArray, dumpIndex);
108 }
109
110 void tree_clear(btNode*& root)
111 {
112     if (root == 0) return;
113     tree_clear(root->left);
114     tree_clear(root->right);
115     delete root;
116     root = 0;
117 }
118
119 int bst_size(btNode* bst_root)
120 {
121     if (bst_root == 0) return 0;
122     return 1 + bst_size(bst_root->left) + bst_size(bst_root->right);
123 }
124

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