PROBLEM I: CHEAPER BY THE DOZEN ©

- You need to buy a big quantity of pens to get ready for the school year, at least 6 dozens ! (6 dozens = 6*12 = 72)
- Implement a program with a function that <u>converts a number to dozens</u>. In case the resulting dozens are 6 or more, the program displays an okay message. Otherwise, it displays that this is not enough.

Sample Run:

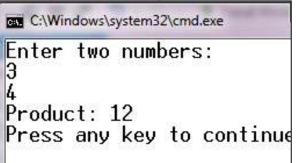
Enter number of pens: 40

Not enough

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PROBLEM 2: PRODUCT USING SUM

Implement a program to compute the product of two numbers by the sum operation using for loop.



Note:

$$6\times4 = 6+6+6+6= 24$$

 $3\times7 = 3+3+3+3+3+3= 21$

PROBLEM 3: FIBONACCI SEQUENCE

 Program that displays the first N Fibonacci sequence values after 0 and I (without using arrays)

$$F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$$

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1+1=2

1+2=3

2+3=5

3+5=8

5+8=13

8+13=21

13+21=34

21+34=55
```

The Fibonacci Sequence

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PROBLEM 4: NUMBERS GRID

- Write a function that takes as input parameter a number N and then prints on the screen the numbers I through N^2 arranged in a NxN grid.
- An example is shown below, where argument passed is 5.

