SQL

Using Mathematical Operators

```
SELECT pname, price* 2, manufacturerFROM Product
```

```
SELECT pname, price+ 2, manufacturerFROM Product
```

Using Comparison Operators

```
SELECT pname, price, manufacturer
FROM Product
WHERE category='gizmo'
```

```
SELECT pname, price, manufacturerFROM ProductWHERE price > 50
```

Using Logical Operators

```
SELECT pname, price, manufacturerFROM ProductWHERE category='gizmo' AND price > 50
```

```
SELECT pname, price, manufacturerFROM ProductWHERE category='gizmo' OR price > 50
```

Ordering the Results

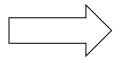
```
SELECT pname, price, manufacturer
FROM Product
WHERE category='gizmo' AND price > 50
ORDER BY price, pname
```

Ties are broken by the second attribute on the ORDER BY list, etc.

Ordering is ascending, unless you specify the DESC keyword.

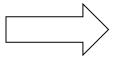
PName	Price	Category	Manufacturer
Gizmo	\$19.99	Gadgets	GizmoWorks
Powergizmo	\$29.99	Gadgets	GizmoWorks
SingleTouch	\$149.99	Photography	Canon
MultiTouch	\$203.99	Household	Hitachi

SELECT DISTINCT category
FROM Product
ORDER BY category



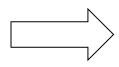
?

SELECT Category
FROM Product
ORDER BY PName



?

SELECT DISTINCT category
FROM Product
ORDER BY PName



?

Keys and Foreign Keys

Company

Key	<u>CName</u>	StockPrice	Country
	GizmoWorks	25	USA
	Canon	65	Japan
	Hitachi	15	Japan

Product

<u>PName</u>	Price	Category	Manufacturer —
Gizmo	\$19.99	Gadgets	GizmoWorks
Powergizmo	\$29.99	Gadgets	GizmoWorks
SingleTouch	\$149.99	Photography	Canon
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Foreign key