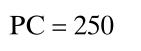


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LOGIC AND COMPUTER DESIGN FUNDAMENTALS, 4e

 $\begin{array}{c|c} E & D \times E \\ \hline D & (A+B) \times C \\ \hline (A+B) \times C \\ \end{array}$

© 2008 Pearson Education, Inc. M. Morris Mano & Charles R. Kime Opcode Mode Address or operand



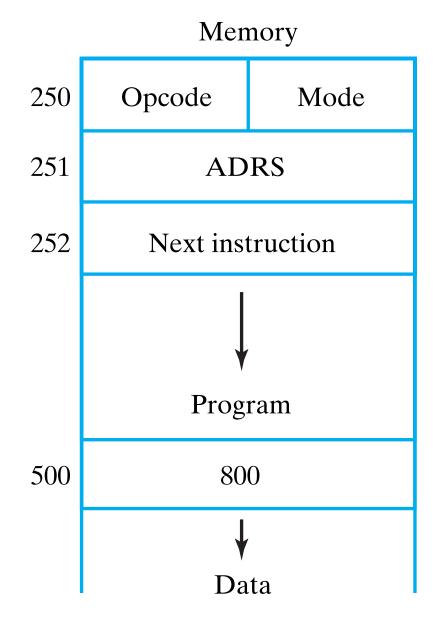
ACC

Opcode: Load ACC

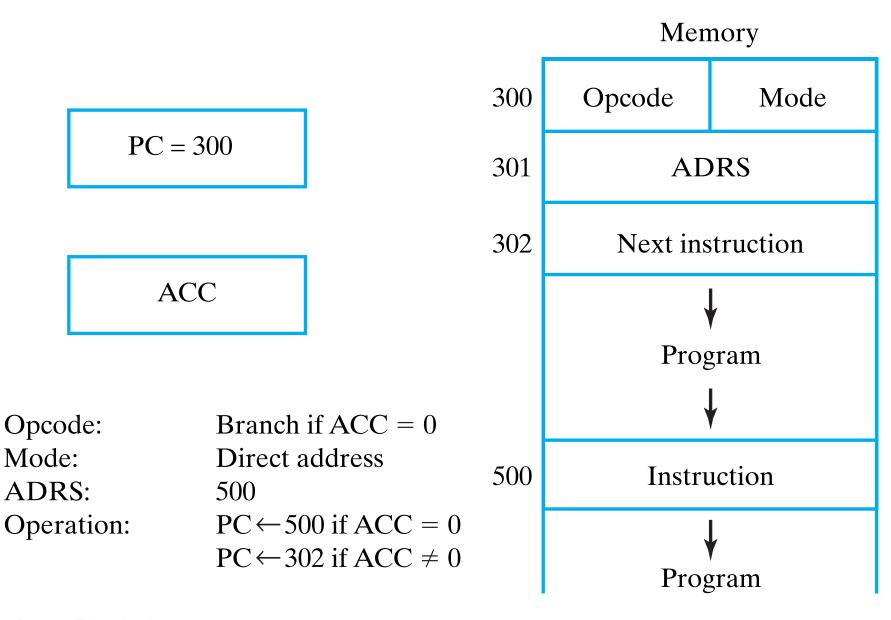
Mode: Direct address

ADRS: 500

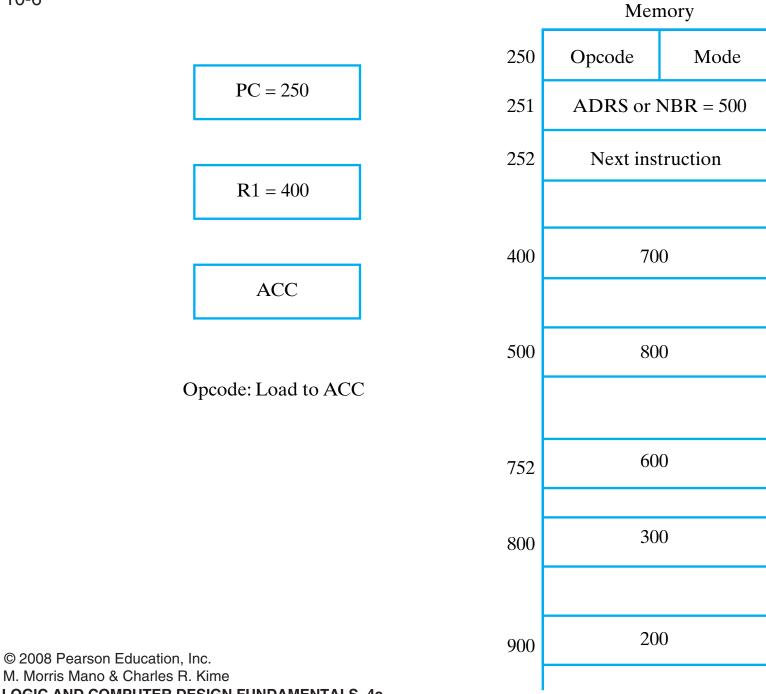
Operation: $ACC \leftarrow 800$



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LOGIC AND COMPUTER DESIGN FUNDAMENTALS, 4e

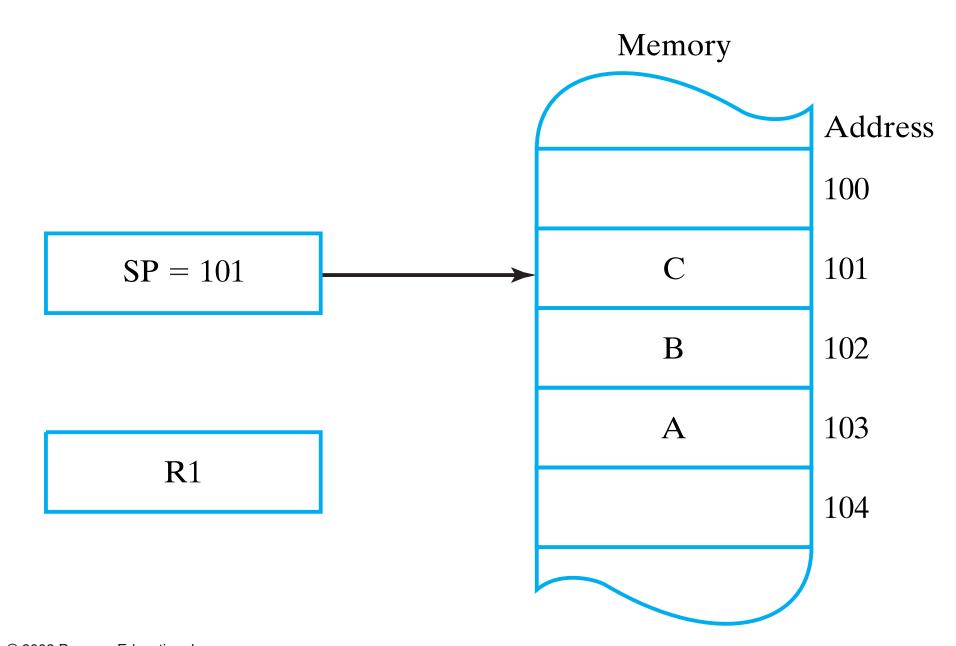
□ TABLE 10-1Symbolic Convention for Addressing Modes

			Refers to Figure 10-6	
Addressing Mode	Symbolic Convention	Register Transfer	Effective Address	Contents of ACC
Direct	LDA ADRS	$ACC \leftarrow M[ADRS]$	500	800
Immediate	LDA #NBR	$ACC \leftarrow NBR$	251	500
Indirect	LDA [ADRS]	$ACC \leftarrow M[M[ADRS]]$	800	300
Relative	LDA \$ADRS	$ACC \leftarrow M[ADRS + PC]$	752	600
Index	LDA ADRS (R1)	$ACC \leftarrow M[ADRS + R1]$	900	200
Register	LDA R1	$ACC \leftarrow R1$		400
Register-indirect	LDA (R1)	$ACC \leftarrow M[R1]$	400	700

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□ TABLE 10-2 Typical Data Transfer Instructions

Name	Mnemonic		
Load	LD		
Store	ST		
Move	MOVE		
Exchange	XCH		
Push	PUSH		
Pop	POP		
Input	IN		
Output	OUT		



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■ TABLE 10-3 Typical Arithmetic Instructions

Name	Mnemonic
Increment	INC
Decrement	DEC
Add	ADD
Subtract	SUB
Multiply	MUL
Divide	DIV
Add with carry	ADDC
Subtract with borrow	SUBB
Subtract reverse	SUBR
Negate	NEG

■ TABLE 10-4 Typical Logical and Bit-Manipulation Instructions

Name	Mnemonic
Clear	CLR
Set	SET
Complement	NOT
AND	AND
OR	OR
Exclusive-OR	XOR
Clear carry	CLRC
Set carry	SETC
Complement carry	COMC

T 10-5

☐ TABLE 10-5 Typical Shift Instructions

Name	Mnemonic	Diagram
Logical shift right	SHR	0 −
Logical shift left	SHL	C
Arithmetic shift right	SHRA	\rightarrow C
Arithmetic shift left	SHLA	C
Rotate right	ROR	\sim C
Rotate left	ROL	C
Rotate right with carry	RORC	\rightarrow C
Rotate left with carry	ROLC	C

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1	8	23
S	e	f

☐ TABLE 10-6

Evaluating Biased Exponents

Evnoport <i>E</i>	Biased exponent $e = E + 127$			
Exponent <i>E</i> in decimal	Decimal	Binary		
-126	-126 + 127 = 1	00000001		
-001	-001 + 127 = 126	01111110		
000	000 + 127 = 127	01111111		
+001	001 + 127 = 128	10000000		
+126	126 + 127 = 253	11111101		
+127	127 + 127 = 254	11111110		

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T 10-7

TABLE 10-7

Typical Program Control Instructions

Name	Mnemonic
Branch	BR
Jump	JMP
Call procedure	CALL
Return from procedure	RET
Compare (by subtraction)	CMP
Test (by ANDing)	TEST

☐ TABLE 10-8

Conditional Branch Instructions Relating to Status Bits in the PSR

Branch Condition	Mnemonic	Test Condition
Branch if zero	BZ	Z = 1
Branch if not zero	BNZ	Z = 0
Branch if carry	BC	C = 1
Branch if no carry	BNC	C = 0
Branch if minus	BN	N = 1
Branch if plus	BNN	N = 0
Branch if overflow	BV	V = 1
Branch if no overflow	BNV	V = 0

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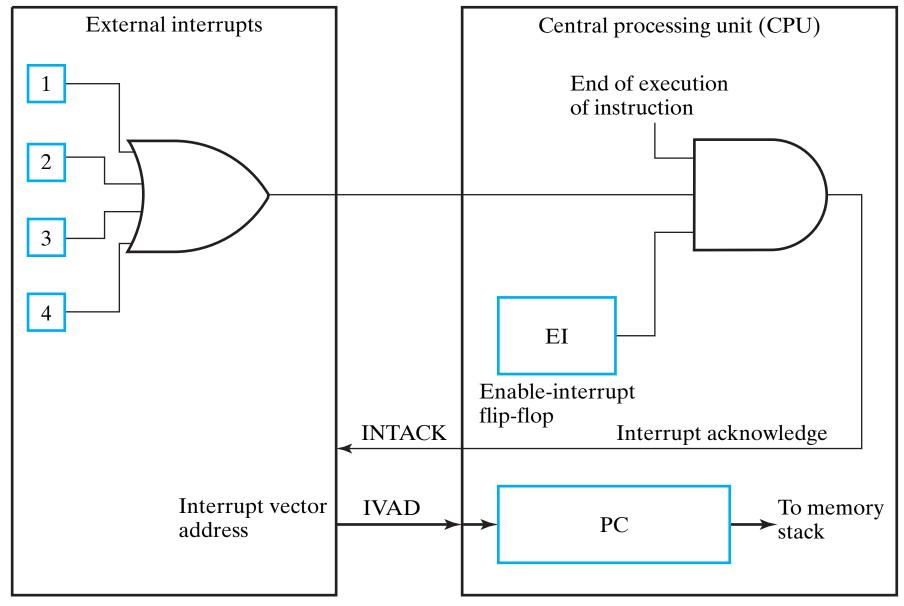
□ TABLE 10-9 Conditional Branch Instructions for Unsigned Numbers

Branch Condition	Mnemonic	Condition	Status Bits*
Branch if above	ВА	A > B	C + Z = 0
Branch if above or equal	BAE	$A \ge B$	C = 0
Branch if below	BB	A < B	C = 1
Branch if below or equal	BBE	$A \leq B$	C + Z = 1
Branch if equal	BE	A = B	Z = 1
Branch if not equal	BNE	$A \neq B$	Z = 0

^{*}Note that *C* here is a borrow bit.

■ TABLE 10-10 Conditional Branch Instructions for Signed Numbers

Branch condition	Mnemonic	Condition	Status Bits
Branch if greater	BG	A > B	$(N \oplus V) + Z = 0$
Branch if greater or equal	BGE	$A \ge B$	$N \oplus V = 0$
Branch if less	BL	A < B	$N \oplus V = 1$
Branch if less or equal	BLE	$A \leq B$	$(N \oplus V) + Z = 1$
Branch if equal	BE	A = B	Z=1
Branch if not equal	BNE	$A \neq B$	Z = 0



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