



Faculty of Engineering
Electronics and communication Engineering Department

Matlab assignment

Echo generation system

Presented by

Name	Section	BN
نادر عاطف لبيب	4	32
علي بدري عبدالنعميم	3	4

July 2021

Code description:

- **Adding echo to the audio**

```
% %----- read a .wav file-----

[y,Fs] = audioread('signals.wav'); %audio read is a function to read a
ylen=length(y);    % we calculate the total number of samples in the a

T = ylen/Fs; % in this line we calculate the time of the audio file

%in the next three lines we define a matrix where each row consists of
%delay and the magnitude of this delay
U_input_1 = [0.2 0.5; 0.4 0.3; 0.6 0.1]; %strong echo signal
U_input_2 = [0.4 0.5; 0.8 0.3; 1.2 0.1]; %medium echo signal
U_input_3 = [0.6 0.5; 1.2 0.3; 1.8 0.1]; %weak  echo signal
for k=1:3 %for loop to print the figures in all the cases strong,mediu
    %in the next line we calculate the time value of samples
    t = zeros(size(y,1),1);
    if(k==1) %conditionals to choose which input to choose
        U_input=U_input_1;
        disp('strong eco system')
    end
    if(k==2)
        U_input=U_input_2;
        disp('medium eco system')
    end
    if(k==3)
        U_input=U_input_3;
        disp('weak eco system')
```

```

        end

        t(1)=1;

    for i = 1:size(U_input,1)
        t(U_input(i,1)*Fs) = U_input(i,2); %for loop for defining the magnitude of each delta
    end
    figure(k);
    % plot the input waveform
    subplot(4,1,1);
    plot(time,y,'g');
    xlabel('Time in seconds')
    ylabel('signal strength')
    title('Input')
    grid on

    ly = length(y);
    lt = length(t);
    outlength = ly + lt - 1;
    %performing FT so we can avoid convolution in the time domain between input
    %and impulse response then IFT so we can restore the time domain version
    y_out = ifft(fft(y, outlength) .* fft(t, outlength));
    y_out = y_out./max(abs(y_out)); % Normalises Signal

```

```

%plotting the impulse train
subplot(4,1,2); %subplot is a function used to draw multiple figuers on the same window
plot(time,t,'r');
xlabel('Time in seconds')
ylabel('Impulses')
title('Impulse Train');
grid on

% Define the time axis of input
y_outlen=length(y_out);
time_axis_out = ([1:y_outlen]-1)/Fs;

subplot(4,1,3);
plot(time_axis_out,y_out,'b');
xlabel('Time in seconds')
ylabel('signal strength')
title('output signal');

```

- **Removing the echo from the signal**

```
%plot the sound after applying the echo to it
subplot(4,1,3);
plot(time_axis_out,y_out,'b');
xlabel('Time in seconds')
ylabel('signal strength')
title('output signal');
grid on

%saving the output . wav file
%audiowrite('echo3.wav',y_out,Fs);

%getting the original signal by dividing the signal by the frequency
%response in the frequency domain
xx = ifft(fft(y_out,outlength)./fft(t, outlength));

%applying the deconv. by dividing the signal with the freq. response
%then getting the inverse fft to get the signal in the time domain
xx = xx./max(abs(xx)); %normalizing the signal

%plotting the signal after deconv.
subplot(4,1,4);
plot(time_axis_out,xx,'g');
xlabel('Time in seconds')
ylabel('signal strength')
title('output after deconv. the echo');
grid on

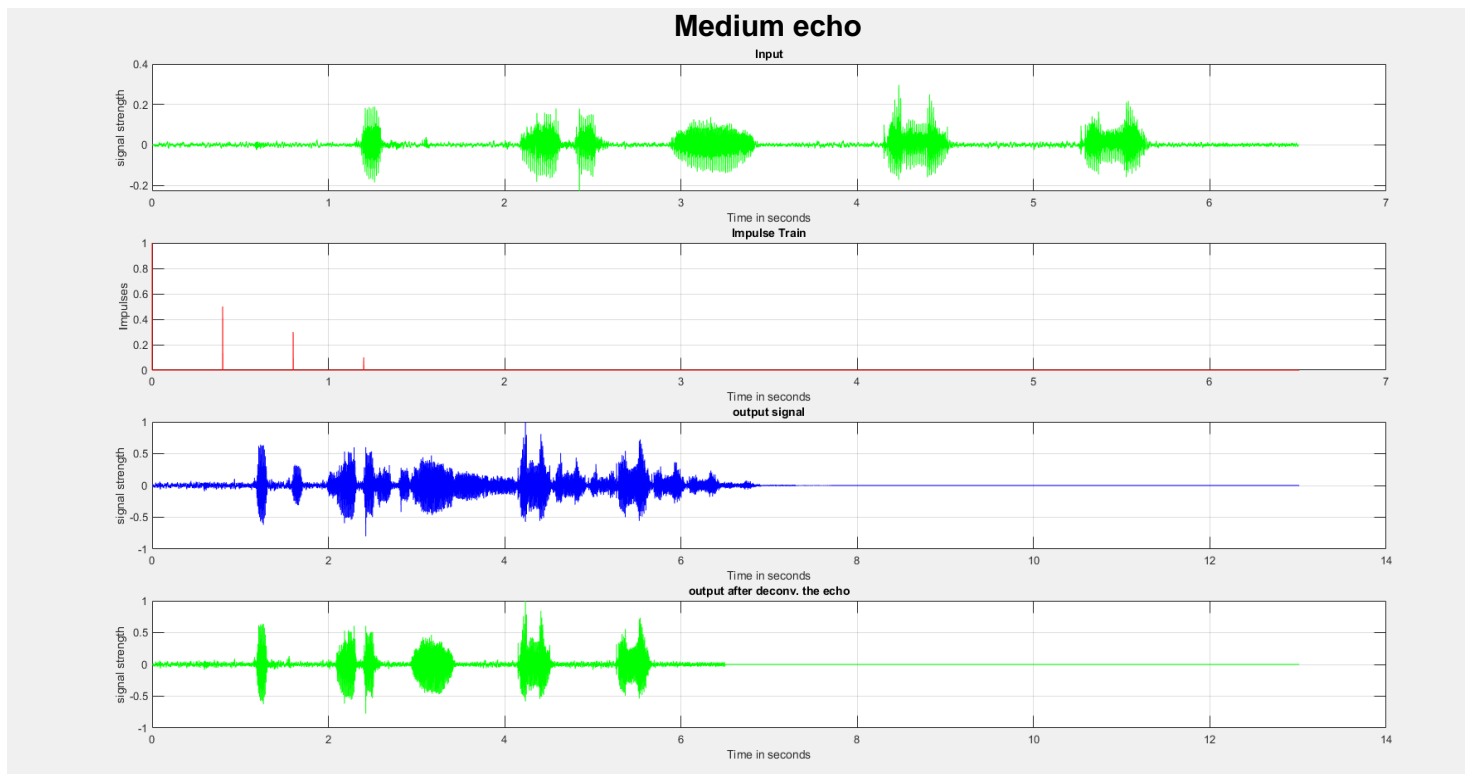
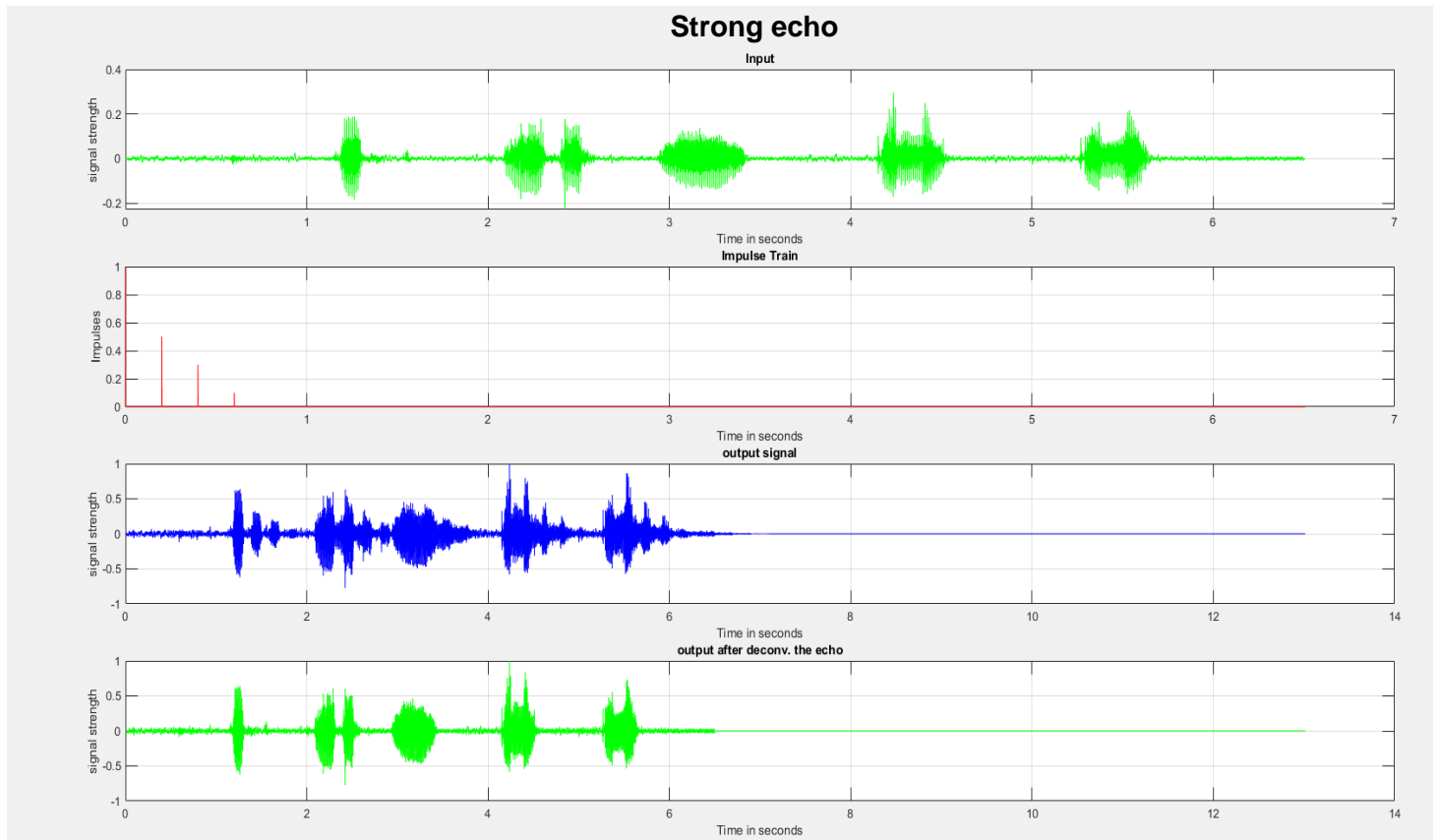
%playing the sound of the echoed signal
sound(y_out,Fs)
pause(T)

%playing the sound of the signal after removing the echo
sound(xx,Fs)
pause(T)

%saving the signal after removing the echo
%audiowrite('de-echo3.wav',xx,Fs);

end
```

- **Output graphs:**



Weak echo

