# TRXvsTHETER.

August 13, 2025

# TRON\_Forecast: Advanced Cryptocurrency Price Prediction

```
[22]: # REQUIREMENTS
pip install requests pandas numpy scikit-learn pmdarima tensorflow
```

#### 1 Get current date and time

```
[12]: from datetime import datetime
now = datetime.now()

print("Today is:", now.strftime("%A, %d %B %Y"))
print("Current time:", now.strftime("%H:%M:%S"))
```

Today is: Wednesday, 13 August 2025 Current time: 09:33:40

# 1.1 Today is: Wednesday, 13 August 2025

```
import ccxt
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.dates as mdates
from statsmodels.tsa.arima.model import ARIMA
from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller, acf, pacf
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import LSTM, Dense
import time
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
# Exchange configuration with fallbacks for TRX/USDT
EXCHANGES = [
   {'name': 'binance', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/

GUSDT'
},
   {'name': 'kucoin', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/
 GUSDT'},
   {'name': 'bybit', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/

GUSDT'
}

   {'name': 'huobi', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/
   {'name': 'okx', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/USDT'},
]
# 1. Robust Data Acquisition for TRX/USDT
def fetch_historical_data(timeframe='1d', limit=1000):
    """Fetch TRX/USDT data with exchange fallback"""
   for exchange_config in EXCHANGES:
       try:
           exchange_class = getattr(ccxt, exchange_config['name'])
           exchange = exchange class(exchange config['params'])
           time.sleep(exchange.rateLimit / 1000)
           symbol = exchange_config['symbol']
           ohlcv = exchange.fetch_ohlcv(symbol, timeframe, limit=limit)
           ⇔'low', 'close', 'volume'])
           df['timestamp'] = pd.to datetime(df['timestamp'], unit='ms')
           df.set_index('timestamp', inplace=True)
           print(f"Successfully fetched TRX/USDT data from_
 ⇔{exchange config['name']}")
           return df
       except (ccxt.NetworkError, ccxt.ExchangeError) as e:
           print(f"Error from {exchange_config['name']}: {str(e)[:100]}...
 continue
       except Exception as e:
           print(f"Unexpected error with {exchange_config['name']}: {str(e)[:
 →100]}... trying next exchange")
           continue
   raise RuntimeError("All exchanges failed. Please check network connection ⊔
 ⇔or API availability")
# 2. ARIMA Forecasting
```

```
def arima_forecast(data, forecast_steps=30):
    if len(data) < 30:</pre>
        return np.array([data.iloc[-1]] * forecast_steps)
    d = 0
    if len(data) > 50:
        d = find_optimal_d(data)
    if d > 0:
        diff_data = data.diff(d).dropna()
    else:
        diff_data = data
    p, q = (1, 1)
    if len(diff_data) > 50:
        try:
            p, q = find_optimal_pq(diff_data)
        except:
            pass
    try:
        model = ARIMA(data, order=(p, d, q))
        model_fit = model.fit()
        return model_fit.forecast(steps=forecast_steps).values
    except:
        return np.array([data.rolling(window=5).mean().iloc[-1]] *__
 →forecast_steps)
def find_optimal_d(data, max_d=2):
    d = 0
    for i in range(max_d + 1):
        try:
            result = adfuller(data if i == 0 else data.diff().dropna())
            if result[1] <= 0.05:</pre>
                return d
            d = i
        except:
            break
    return min(d, max_d)
def find_optimal_pq(data, max_p=5, max_q=5):
    try:
        acf_vals = acf(data, nlags=max_p + max_q)
        pacf_vals = pacf(data, nlags=max_p + max_q)
        p = next((i for i in range(1, len(pacf_vals)) if abs(pacf_vals[i]) > 1.
 →96/np.sqrt(len(data))), 1)
```

```
q = next((i for i in range(1, len(acf_vals)) if abs(acf_vals[i]) > 1.96/
 →np.sqrt(len(data))), 1)
        return min(p, max_p), min(q, max_q)
    except:
        return (1, 1)
# 3. LSTM Model
def create_dataset(data, window_size=8, target_size=1):
    X, y = [], []
    n = len(data)
    if n < window_size + target_size:</pre>
        return np.array([]), np.array([])
    for i in range(n - window_size - target_size):
        X.append(data[i:(i+window_size)])
        y.append(data[(i+window_size):(i+window_size+target_size)])
    return np.array(X), np.array(y)
def lstm_forecast(data, window_size=8, forecast_steps=30):
    if len(data) < window size + 10:</pre>
        return np.array([data.iloc[-1]] * forecast_steps)
    scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0,1))
    scaled_data = scaler.fit_transform(data.values.reshape(-1,1))
    X, y = create_dataset(scaled_data, window_size, forecast_steps)
    if len(X) == 0:
        return np.array([data.iloc[-1]] * forecast_steps)
    X = np.reshape(X, (X.shape[0], X.shape[1], 1))
    model = Sequential([
        LSTM(32, input_shape=(window_size, 1)),
        Dense(forecast_steps)
    ])
    model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mse')
    model.fit(X, y, epochs=20, batch_size=16, verbose=0)
    last_window = scaled_data[-window_size:].reshape(1, window_size, 1)
    forecast = model.predict(last_window)
    return scaler.inverse_transform(forecast)[0]
# 4. Visualization Functions for TRX
def plot forecast comparison(history, arima forecast, lstm_forecast, title,__
 ⇔forecast_days=30):
    plt.figure(figsize=(14, 8))
```

```
plt.plot(history.index, history.values, 'b-', label='Historical Prices', |
 →linewidth=2)
   last date = history.index[-1]
   forecast_dates = pd.date_range(
        start=last date + pd.Timedelta(days=1),
       periods=forecast days,
       freq='D'
   )
   plt.plot(forecast_dates, arima_forecast, 'r--', label='ARIMA Forecast', __
 →linewidth=2)
   plt.plot(forecast_dates, lstm_forecast, 'g-.', label='LSTM Forecast',u
 →linewidth=2)
   plt.title(f'TRX/USDT Price Forecast: {title}', fontsize=16)
   plt.xlabel('Date', fontsize=14)
   plt.ylabel('Price (USDT)', fontsize=14)
   plt.grid(True, linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
   plt.legend(fontsize=12)
   plt.xticks(rotation=45)
   plt.gca().xaxis.set_major_formatter(mdates.DateFormatter('%Y-%m-%d'))
   plt.gca().xaxis.set major locator(mdates.AutoDateLocator())
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.savefig(f'TRX_forecast_comparison_{title.replace(" ", "_")}.png',__
 →dpi=300)
   plt.show()
def plot_window_comparison(results, interval):
   if interval not in results:
        return
   window data = results[interval]
   window_names = list(window_data.keys())
   arima_1d = [window_data[w]['ARIMA_1D'] for w in window_names]
   lstm_1d = [window_data[w]['LSTM_1D'] for w in window_names]
   arima_1m = [window_data[w]['ARIMA_1M'] for w in window_names]
   lstm_1m = [window_data[w]['LSTM_1M'] for w in window_names]
   fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(2, 1, figsize=(14, 12))
   # 1-Day Forecast Comparison
   x = np.arange(len(window_names))
   width = 0.35
   ax1.bar(x - width/2, arima_1d, width, label='ARIMA', color='skyblue')
    ax1.bar(x + width/2, lstm_1d, width, label='LSTM', color='salmon')
```

```
ax1.set_title(f'TRX 1-Day Forecast Comparison ({interval} Interval)', u

→fontsize=14)
   ax1.set_ylabel('Price (USDT)', fontsize=12)
   ax1.set xticks(x)
   ax1.set_xticklabels(window_names)
   ax1.legend()
   ax1.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
    # 1-Month Forecast Comparison
   ax2.bar(x - width/2, arima_1m, width, label='ARIMA', color='skyblue')
   ax2.bar(x + width/2, lstm_1m, width, label='LSTM', color='salmon')
   ax2.set_title(f'TRX 1-Month Forecast Comparison ({interval})', __

→fontsize=14)
   ax2.set_ylabel('Price (USDT)', fontsize=12)
   ax2.set_xticks(x)
   ax2.set_xticklabels(window_names)
   ax2.legend()
   ax2.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.savefig(f'TRX_window_comparison_{interval}.png', dpi=300)
   plt.show()
def plot_model_performance(history, arima_fit, lstm_fit, title):
   plt.figure(figsize=(14, 8))
   plt.plot(history.index, history.values, 'b-', label='Historical Prices', u
   plt.plot(history.index[-len(arima_fit):], arima_fit, 'r--', label='ARIMA_u

→Fit', linewidth=1.5)
   plt.plot(history.index[-len(lstm_fit):], lstm_fit, 'g-.', label='LSTM Fit', u
 ⇒linewidth=1.5)
   plt.title(f'TRX Model Performance: {title}', fontsize=16)
   plt.xlabel('Date', fontsize=14)
   plt.ylabel('Price (USDT)', fontsize=14)
   plt.grid(True, linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
   plt.legend(fontsize=12)
   plt.xticks(rotation=45)
   plt.gca().xaxis.set_major_formatter(mdates.DateFormatter('%Y-%m-%d'))
   plt.gca().xaxis.set_major_locator(mdates.AutoDateLocator())
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.savefig(f'TRX_model_performance_{title.replace(" ", "_")}.png', dpi=300)
   plt.show()
# 5. Configuration for TRX analysis
time_intervals = {
   '1D': '1d',
```

```
'1W': '1w',
    '1M': '1M'
}
window_sizes = {
    '1h': 3600,
    '3h': 10800,
    '6h': 21600,
    '12h': 43200,
    '1d': 86400,
    '3d': 259200,
}
# 6. Main Processing for TRX
def process_and_visualize_trx():
    results = {}
    raw_data = fetch_historical_data(timeframe='1d', limit=500)
    for interval_name, interval_code in time_intervals.items():
        try:
            print(f"\nProcessing {interval_name} interval for TRX...")
            resampled = raw_data.resample(interval_code).agg({
                'open': 'first',
                'high': 'max',
                'low': 'min',
                'close': 'last',
                'volume': 'sum'
            }).ffill().dropna()
            close_series = resampled['close']
            if len(close_series) < 50:</pre>
                print(f" Insufficient data ({len(close_series)} points).u
 ⇔Skipping.")
                continue
            interval_results = {}
            best_arima_1m = None
            best_lstm_1m = None
            for window_name, window_seconds in window_sizes.items():
                try:
                    print(f" Calculating {window_name} windows...")
                    interval_seconds = pd.Timedelta(interval_code).
 →total_seconds()
                    window_bars = max(8, int(window_seconds / interval_seconds))
```

```
if len(close_series) < window_bars + 30:</pre>
                      print(f"
                                Not enough data for window. Have,
continue
                  # Generate forecasts
                  arima_1m = arima_forecast(close_series, forecast_steps=30)
                  lstm 1m = lstm forecast(close series,...
→window_size=window_bars, forecast_steps=30)
                  # Store results
                  interval results[window name] = {
                      'ARIMA_1D': arima_1m[0],
                      'ARIMA_1M': arima_1m[-1],
                      'LSTM_1D': lstm_1m[0],
                      'LSTM_1M': lstm_1m[-1],
                      'ARIMA_Full': arima_1m,
                      'LSTM_Full': lstm_1m
                  }
                  # Track best models
                  last_price = close_series.iloc[-1]
                  if best_arima_1m is None or abs(arima_1m[-1] - last_price)__

    dos(best_arima_1m[-1] - last_price):

                      best_arima_1m = arima_1m
                  if best_lstm_1m is None or abs(lstm_1m[-1] - last_price) <__
→abs(best_lstm_1m[-1] - last_price):
                      best_lstm_1m = lstm_1m
              except Exception as e:
                              Error processing window {window_name}: {str(e)[:
                  print(f"
→100]}")
                  continue
          results[interval_name] = interval_results
          # Generate visualizations
          if best_arima_1m is not None and best_lstm_1m is not None:
              plot_forecast_comparison(
                  history=close_series[-100:],
                  arima_forecast=best_arima_1m,
                  lstm_forecast=best_lstm_1m,
                  title=f"{interval_name} Interval",
                  forecast_days=30
              )
              plot_window_comparison(results, interval_name)
```

```
if interval_results:
                    best_window = next(iter(interval_results))
                     # Generate model fit data
                    arima_fit = arima_forecast(close_series[-100:-30],__
  →forecast_steps=70)
                    lstm_fit = lstm_forecast(close_series[-100:-30],__
  ⇒window_size=window_bars, forecast_steps=70)
                    plot_model_performance(
                        history=close_series[-100:],
                        arima fit=arima fit,
                        lstm_fit=lstm_fit,
                        title=f"{interval_name} Interval ({best_window} window)"
                    )
        except Exception as e:
            print(f"Failed processing interval {interval_name}: {str(e)[:100]}")
            continue
    return results
# 7. Execute TRX Analysis
if __name__ == "__main__":
    print("Starting TRX/USDT forecasting and visualization...")
    results = process_and_visualize_trx()
    # Display results
    print("\n\n=== TRX/USDT Forecast Results ===")
    for interval, window_data in results.items():
        print(f"\n[{interval} Interval]")
        for window, values in window_data.items():
            print(f" {window} window:")
            print(f" ARIMA 1D: {values['ARIMA 1D']:.6f}")
            print(f" LSTM 1D: {values['LSTM_1D']:.6f}")
            print(f" ARIMA 1M: {values['ARIMA_1M']:.6f}")
            print(f" LSTM 1M: {values['LSTM_1M']:.6f}")
    print("\nTRX forecasting complete! Visualizations saved as PNG files.")
Starting TRX/USDT forecasting and visualization...
Error from binance: binance GET https://api.binance.com/api/v3/exchangeInfo 451
  "code": 0,
  "msg": "Service unavai... trying next exchange
Successfully fetched TRX/USDT data from kucoin
Processing 1D interval for TRX...
```

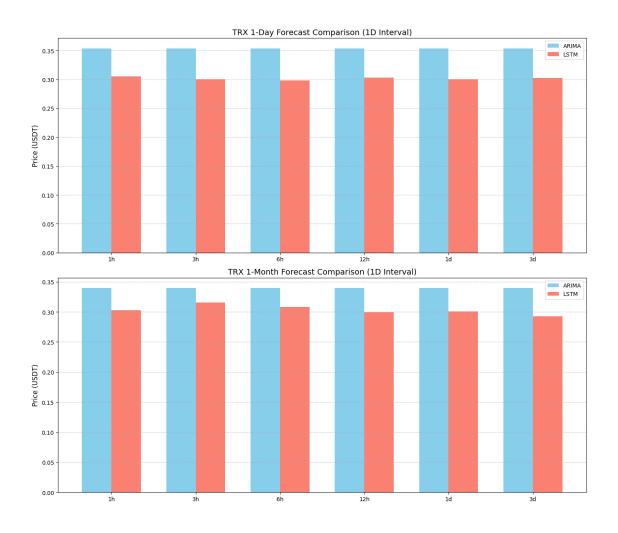
WARNING:tensorflow:5 out of the last 5 calls to <function
TensorFlowTrainer.make\_predict\_function.<locals>.one\_step\_on\_data\_distributed at
0x7b381821d120> triggered tf.function retracing. Tracing is expensive and the
excessive number of tracings could be due to (1) creating @tf.function
repeatedly in a loop, (2) passing tensors with different shapes, (3) passing
Python objects instead of tensors. For (1), please define your @tf.function
outside of the loop. For (2), @tf.function has reduce\_retracing=True option that
can avoid unnecessary retracing. For (3), please refer to
https://www.tensorflow.org/guide/function#controlling\_retracing and
https://www.tensorflow.org/api\_docs/python/tf/function for more details.

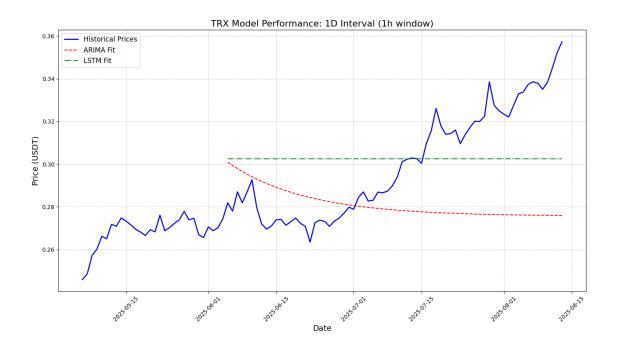
1/1 Os 193ms/step Calculating 3d windows...

WARNING:tensorflow:6 out of the last 6 calls to <function
TensorFlowTrainer.make\_predict\_function.<locals>.one\_step\_on\_data\_distributed at
0x7b3820058360> triggered tf.function retracing. Tracing is expensive and the
excessive number of tracings could be due to (1) creating @tf.function
repeatedly in a loop, (2) passing tensors with different shapes, (3) passing
Python objects instead of tensors. For (1), please define your @tf.function
outside of the loop. For (2), @tf.function has reduce\_retracing=True option that
can avoid unnecessary retracing. For (3), please refer to
https://www.tensorflow.org/guide/function#controlling\_retracing and
https://www.tensorflow.org/api\_docs/python/tf/function for more details.

1/1 0s 181ms/step

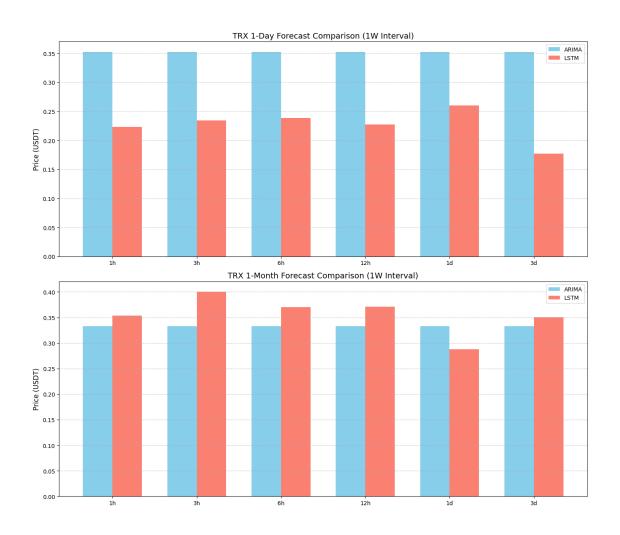






Processing 1W interval for TRX... Calculating 1h windows... Os 195ms/step Calculating 3h windows... 1/1 Os 175ms/step Calculating 6h windows... 1/1 Os 169ms/step Calculating 12h windows... Os 169ms/step Calculating 1d windows... Os 168ms/step Calculating 3d windows... 1/1 Os 169ms/step







Processing 1M interval for TRX...
Insufficient data (17 points). Skipping.

#### === TRX/USDT Forecast Results ===

#### [1D Interval]

1h window:

ARIMA 1D: 0.353929 LSTM 1D: 0.304990 ARIMA 1M: 0.339669 LSTM 1M: 0.302929

3h window:

ARIMA 1D: 0.353929 LSTM 1D: 0.300383 ARIMA 1M: 0.339669 LSTM 1M: 0.315582

6h window:

ARIMA 1D: 0.353929 LSTM 1D: 0.298249 ARIMA 1M: 0.339669 LSTM 1M: 0.307861

12h window:

```
LSTM 1D: 0.302986
   ARIMA 1M: 0.339669
   LSTM 1M: 0.299722
 1d window:
   ARIMA 1D: 0.353929
   LSTM 1D: 0.300622
   ARIMA 1M: 0.339669
   LSTM 1M: 0.300693
 3d window:
   ARIMA 1D: 0.353929
   LSTM 1D: 0.302258
   ARIMA 1M: 0.339669
   LSTM 1M: 0.292675
[1W Interval]
 1h window:
   ARIMA 1D: 0.352612
   LSTM 1D: 0.223239
   ARIMA 1M: 0.333356
   LSTM 1M: 0.353374
 3h window:
   ARIMA 1D: 0.352612
   LSTM 1D: 0.234057
   ARIMA 1M: 0.333356
   LSTM 1M: 0.400258
 6h window:
   ARIMA 1D: 0.352612
   LSTM 1D: 0.238869
   ARIMA 1M: 0.333356
   LSTM 1M: 0.370169
 12h window:
   ARIMA 1D: 0.352612
   LSTM 1D: 0.227247
   ARIMA 1M: 0.333356
   LSTM 1M: 0.371152
 1d window:
   ARIMA 1D: 0.352612
   LSTM 1D: 0.260096
   ARIMA 1M: 0.333356
   LSTM 1M: 0.287577
 3d window:
   ARIMA 1D: 0.352612
   LSTM 1D: 0.176993
   ARIMA 1M: 0.333356
```

LSTM 1M: 0.350722

ARIMA 1D: 0.353929

TRX forecasting complete! Visualizations saved as PNG files.

```
[13]: import ccxt
     import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import matplotlib.dates as mdates
     from statsmodels.tsa.arima.model import ARIMA
     from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller, acf, pacf
     from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
     from keras.models import Sequential
     from keras.layers import LSTM, Dense
     import time
     import warnings
     warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
      # Exchange configuration with fallbacks for TRX/USDT
     EXCHANGES = [
          {'name': 'binance', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/
          {'name': 'kucoin', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/
       USDT'},
          {'name': 'bybit', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/
         {'name': 'huobi', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/
         {'name': 'okx', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/USDT'},
     ]
     # 1. Robust Data Acquisition for TRX/USDT
     def fetch_historical_data(timeframe='1d', limit=1000):
          """Fetch TRX/USDT data with exchange fallback"""
         for exchange_config in EXCHANGES:
             try:
                 exchange_class = getattr(ccxt, exchange_config['name'])
                 exchange = exchange_class(exchange_config['params'])
                 time.sleep(exchange.rateLimit / 1000)
                 symbol = exchange_config['symbol']
                  ohlcv = exchange.fetch_ohlcv(symbol, timeframe, limit=limit)
                 df = pd.DataFrame(ohlcv, columns=['timestamp', 'open', 'high', |
       df['timestamp'] = pd.to_datetime(df['timestamp'], unit='ms')
                 df.set_index('timestamp', inplace=True)
                 print(f"Successfully fetched TRX/USDT data from_
       →{exchange_config['name']}")
                 return df
```

```
except (ccxt.NetworkError, ccxt.ExchangeError) as e:
            print(f"Error from {exchange_config['name']}: {str(e)[:100]}...__
 ⇔trying next exchange")
            continue
        except Exception as e:
            print(f"Unexpected error with {exchange_config['name']}: {str(e)[:
 →100]}... trying next exchange")
            continue
    raise RuntimeError("All exchanges failed. Please check network connection ⊔
 →or API availability")
# 2. ARIMA Forecasting
def arima_forecast(data, forecast_steps=30):
    if len(data) < 30:</pre>
        return np.array([data.iloc[-1]] * forecast_steps)
    d = 0
    if len(data) > 50:
        d = find_optimal_d(data)
    if d > 0:
        diff_data = data.diff(d).dropna()
    else:
        diff_data = data
    p, q = (1, 1)
    if len(diff_data) > 50:
            p, q = find_optimal_pq(diff_data)
        except:
            pass
    try:
        model = ARIMA(data, order=(p, d, q))
        model_fit = model.fit()
        return model_fit.forecast(steps=forecast_steps).values
        return np.array([data.rolling(window=5).mean().iloc[-1]] *__
 →forecast_steps)
def find_optimal_d(data, max_d=2):
    d = 0
    for i in range(max_d + 1):
        try:
            result = adfuller(data if i == 0 else data.diff().dropna())
            if result[1] <= 0.05:</pre>
```

```
return d
            d = i
        except:
            break
    return min(d, max_d)
def find_optimal_pq(data, max_p=5, max_q=5):
    try:
        acf vals = acf(data, nlags=max p + max q)
        pacf_vals = pacf(data, nlags=max_p + max_q)
        p = next((i for i in range(1, len(pacf_vals)) if abs(pacf_vals[i]) > 1.
 →96/np.sqrt(len(data))), 1)
        q = next((i for i in range(1, len(acf_vals)) if abs(acf_vals[i]) > 1.96/
 →np.sqrt(len(data))), 1)
        return min(p, max_p), min(q, max_q)
    except:
        return (1, 1)
# 3. LSTM Model
def create_dataset(data, window_size=8, target_size=1):
    X, y = [], []
    n = len(data)
    if n < window_size + target_size:</pre>
        return np.array([]), np.array([])
    for i in range(n - window_size - target_size):
        X.append(data[i:(i+window_size)])
        y.append(data[(i+window_size):(i+window_size+target_size)])
    return np.array(X), np.array(y)
def lstm_forecast(data, window_size=8, forecast_steps=30):
    if len(data) < window size + 10:</pre>
        return np.array([data.iloc[-1]] * forecast_steps)
    scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0,1))
    scaled_data = scaler.fit_transform(data.values.reshape(-1,1))
    X, y = create_dataset(scaled_data, window_size, forecast_steps)
    if len(X) == 0:
        return np.array([data.iloc[-1]] * forecast_steps)
    X = np.reshape(X, (X.shape[0], X.shape[1], 1))
    model = Sequential([
        LSTM(32, input_shape=(window_size, 1)),
```

```
Dense(forecast_steps)
    ])
    model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mse')
    model.fit(X, y, epochs=20, batch_size=16, verbose=0)
    last_window = scaled_data[-window_size:].reshape(1, window_size, 1)
    forecast = model.predict(last_window)
    return scaler.inverse_transform(forecast)[0]
# 4. Visualization Functions for TRX
def plot forecast comparison(history, arima forecast, lstm forecast, title,

¬forecast_days=30):
    plt.figure(figsize=(14, 8))
    plt.plot(history.index, history.values, 'b-', label='Historical Prices', u
 ⇒linewidth=2)
    last_date = history.index[-1]
    forecast_dates = pd.date_range(
        start=last_date + pd.Timedelta(days=1),
        periods=forecast_days,
       freq='D'
    )
    plt.plot(forecast_dates, arima_forecast, 'r--', label='ARIMA Forecast', u
 →linewidth=2)
    plt.plot(forecast_dates, lstm_forecast, 'g-.', label='LSTM Forecast',u
 →linewidth=2)
    plt.title(f'TRX/USDT Price Forecast: {title}', fontsize=16)
    plt.xlabel('Date', fontsize=14)
    plt.ylabel('Price (USDT)', fontsize=14)
    plt.grid(True, linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
    plt.legend(fontsize=12)
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.gca().xaxis.set major formatter(mdates.DateFormatter('\"\"Y-\"m-\"\d'))
    plt.gca().xaxis.set_major_locator(mdates.AutoDateLocator())
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.savefig(f'TRX_forecast_comparison_{title.replace(" ", "_")}.png',__
 →dpi=300)
    plt.show()
def plot_window_comparison(results, interval):
    if interval not in results:
        return
    window_data = results[interval]
    window_names = list(window_data.keys())
```

```
arima_1d = [window_data[w]['ARIMA_1D'] for w in window names]
   lstm_1d = [window_data[w]['LSTM_1D'] for w in window_names]
   arima_1m = [window_data[w]['ARIMA_1M'] for w in window_names]
   lstm_1m = [window_data[w]['LSTM_1M'] for w in window_names]
   fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(2, 1, figsize=(14, 12))
   # 1-Day Forecast Comparison
   x = np.arange(len(window_names))
   width = 0.35
   ax1.bar(x - width/2, arima_1d, width, label='ARIMA', color='skyblue')
   ax1.bar(x + width/2, lstm_1d, width, label='LSTM', color='salmon')
   ax1.set_title(f'TRX 1-Day Forecast Comparison ({interval} Interval)', u

→fontsize=14)
   ax1.set_ylabel('Price (USDT)', fontsize=12)
   ax1.set_xticks(x)
   ax1.set_xticklabels(window_names)
   ax1.legend()
   ax1.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
   # 1-Month Forecast Comparison
   ax2.bar(x - width/2, arima_1m, width, label='ARIMA', color='skyblue')
   ax2.bar(x + width/2, lstm_1m, width, label='LSTM', color='salmon')
   ax2.set_title(f'TRX 1-Month Forecast Comparison ({interval} Interval)', u

→fontsize=14)
   ax2.set_ylabel('Price (USDT)', fontsize=12)
   ax2.set xticks(x)
   ax2.set_xticklabels(window_names)
   ax2.legend()
   ax2.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.savefig(f'TRX window comparison {interval}.png', dpi=300)
   plt.show()
def plot_model_performance(history, arima_fit, lstm_fit, title):
   plt.figure(figsize=(14, 8))
   plt.plot(history.index, history.values, 'b-', label='Historical Prices', u
 ⇒linewidth=2)
   plt.plot(history.index[-len(arima_fit):], arima_fit, 'r--', label='ARIMA_u

¬Fit', linewidth=1.5)
   plt.plot(history.index[-len(lstm_fit):], lstm_fit, 'g-.', label='LSTM Fit', u
 ⇒linewidth=1.5)
   plt.title(f'TRX Model Performance: {title}', fontsize=16)
   plt.xlabel('Date', fontsize=14)
```

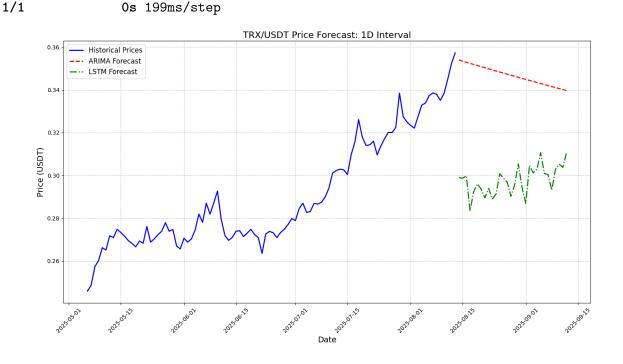
```
plt.ylabel('Price (USDT)', fontsize=14)
    plt.grid(True, linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
    plt.legend(fontsize=12)
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.gca().xaxis.set_major_formatter(mdates.DateFormatter('%Y-\%m-\%d'))
    plt.gca().xaxis.set_major_locator(mdates.AutoDateLocator())
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.savefig(f'TRX_model_performance_{title.replace(" ", "_")}.png', dpi=300)
    plt.show()
# 5. Configuration for TRX analysis
time_intervals = {
    '1D': '1d',
    '1W': '1w',
    '1M': '1M'
}
window_sizes = {
    '1h': 3600,
    '3h': 10800,
    '6h': 21600,
    '12h': 43200,
    '1d': 86400,
    '3d': 259200,
}
# 6. Main Processing for TRX
def process_and_visualize_trx():
    results = {}
    raw_data = fetch_historical_data(timeframe='1d', limit=500)
    for interval_name, interval_code in time_intervals.items():
        try:
            print(f"\nProcessing {interval_name} interval for TRX...")
            resampled = raw_data.resample(interval_code).agg({
                'open': 'first',
                'high': 'max',
                'low': 'min',
                'close': 'last',
                'volume': 'sum'
            }).ffill().dropna()
            close_series = resampled['close']
            if len(close_series) < 50:</pre>
                print(f" Insufficient data ({len(close_series)} points).__
 ⇔Skipping.")
```

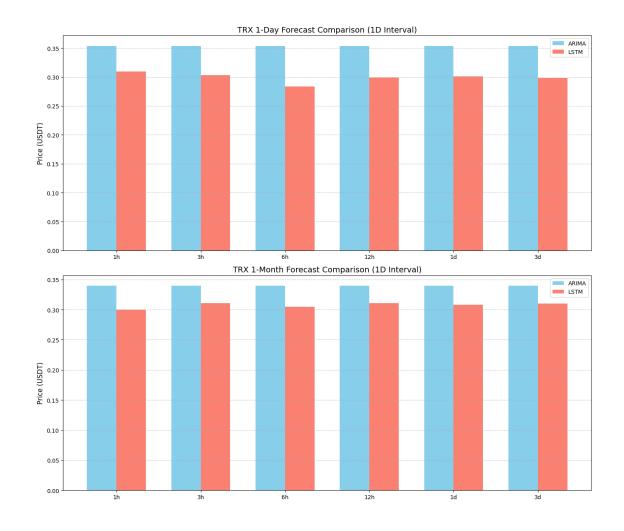
```
continue
          interval_results = {}
          best_arima_1m = None
          best_lstm_1m = None
          for window_name, window_seconds in window_sizes.items():
              try:
                 print(f" Calculating {window_name} windows...")
                 interval_seconds = pd.Timedelta(interval_code).
→total_seconds()
                 window_bars = max(8, int(window_seconds / interval_seconds))
                 if len(close_series) < window_bars + 30:</pre>
                     print(f"
                               Not enough data for window. Have
continue
                  # Generate forecasts
                 arima_1m = arima_forecast(close_series, forecast_steps=30)
                 lstm_1m = lstm_forecast(close_series,__
→window_size=window_bars, forecast_steps=30)
                 # Store results
                 interval_results[window_name] = {
                     'ARIMA_1D': arima_1m[0],
                     'ARIMA_1M': arima_1m[-1],
                     'LSTM_1D': lstm_1m[0],
                     'LSTM_1M': lstm_1m[-1],
                     'ARIMA_Full': arima_1m,
                     'LSTM_Full': lstm_1m
                 }
                 # Track best models
                 last_price = close_series.iloc[-1]
                 if best_arima_1m is None or abs(arima_1m[-1] - last_price)_u
best_arima_1m = arima_1m
                 if best_lstm_1m is None or abs(lstm_1m[-1] - last_price) <__
→abs(best_lstm_1m[-1] - last_price):
                     best_lstm_1m = lstm_1m
              except Exception as e:
                 print(f"
                          Error processing window {window_name}: {str(e)[:
→100]}")
                 continue
```

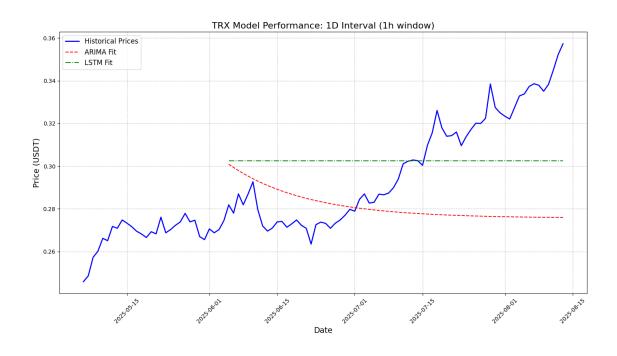
```
results[interval_name] = interval_results
            # Generate visualizations
            if best_arima_1m is not None and best_lstm_1m is not None:
                plot_forecast_comparison(
                    history=close_series[-100:],
                    arima_forecast=best_arima_1m,
                    lstm_forecast=best_lstm_1m,
                    title=f"{interval_name} Interval",
                    forecast_days=30
                )
                plot_window_comparison(results, interval_name)
                if interval_results:
                    best_window = next(iter(interval_results))
                    # Generate model fit data
                    arima_fit = arima_forecast(close_series[-100:-30],__
 →forecast_steps=70)
                    lstm_fit = lstm_forecast(close_series[-100:-30],__
 ⇒window_size=window_bars, forecast_steps=70)
                    plot_model_performance(
                        history=close_series[-100:],
                        arima_fit=arima_fit,
                        lstm fit=lstm fit,
                        title=f"{interval_name} Interval ({best_window} window)"
                    )
        except Exception as e:
            print(f"Failed processing interval {interval_name}: {str(e)[:100]}")
            continue
    return results
# 7. Execute TRX Analysis
if __name__ == "__main__":
    print("Starting TRX/USDT forecasting and visualization...")
    results = process_and_visualize_trx()
    # Display results
    print("\n\n=== TRX/USDT Forecast Results ===")
    for interval, window_data in results.items():
        print(f"\n[{interval} Interval]")
        for window, values in window_data.items():
            print(f" {window} window:")
```

```
print(f" ARIMA 1D: {values['ARIMA_1D']:.6f}")
    print(f" LSTM 1D: {values['LSTM_1D']:.6f}")
    print(f" ARIMA 1M: {values['ARIMA_1M']:.6f}")
    print(f" LSTM 1M: {values['LSTM_1M']:.6f}")
print("\nTRX forecasting complete! Visualizations saved as PNG files.")
```

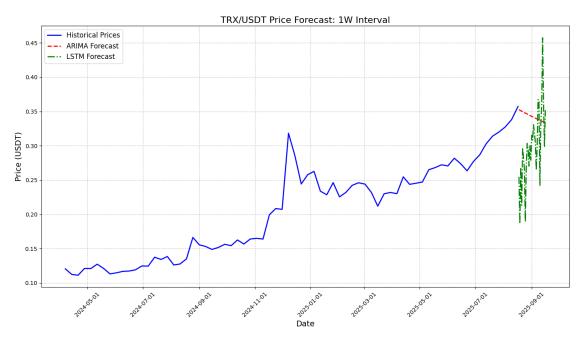
```
Starting TRX/USDT forecasting and visualization...
Error from binance: binance GET https://api.binance.com/api/v3/exchangeInfo 451
{
  "code": 0,
  "msg": "Service unavai... trying next exchange
Successfully fetched TRX/USDT data from kucoin
Processing 1D interval for TRX...
  Calculating 1h windows...
1/1
                Os 196ms/step
  Calculating 3h windows...
                Os 192ms/step
  Calculating 6h windows...
1/1
                Os 206ms/step
  Calculating 12h windows...
                Os 295ms/step
1/1
  Calculating 1d windows...
                Os 204ms/step
  Calculating 3d windows...
```

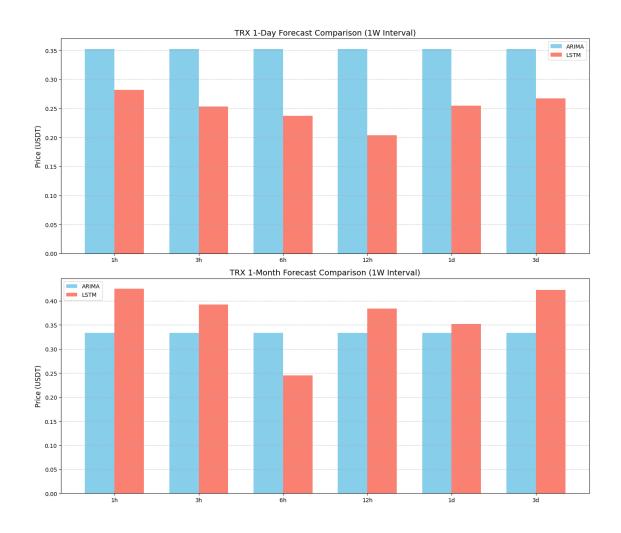






Processing 1W interval for TRX... Calculating 1h windows... 1/1 0s 342ms/step Calculating 3h windows... Os 320ms/step Calculating 6h windows... Os 219ms/step Calculating 12h windows... Os 212ms/step 1/1 Calculating 1d windows... Os 201ms/step Calculating 3d windows... 1/1 Os 193ms/step







# Processing 1M interval for TRX... Insufficient data (17 points). Skipping.

### === TRX/USDT Forecast Results ===

#### [1D Interval]

1h window:

ARIMA 1D: 0.353929 LSTM 1D: 0.309232 ARIMA 1M: 0.339669 LSTM 1M: 0.300251

3h window:

ARIMA 1D: 0.353929 LSTM 1D: 0.303373 ARIMA 1M: 0.339669 LSTM 1M: 0.310721

6h window:

ARIMA 1D: 0.353929 LSTM 1D: 0.283693 ARIMA 1M: 0.339669 LSTM 1M: 0.304839

12h window:

ARIMA 1D: 0.353929 LSTM 1D: 0.298886 ARIMA 1M: 0.339669 LSTM 1M: 0.310844

1d window:

ARIMA 1D: 0.353929 LSTM 1D: 0.301331 ARIMA 1M: 0.339669 LSTM 1M: 0.308169

3d window:

ARIMA 1D: 0.353929 LSTM 1D: 0.298410 ARIMA 1M: 0.339669 LSTM 1M: 0.309971

## [1W Interval]

1h window:

ARIMA 1D: 0.352612 LSTM 1D: 0.282066 ARIMA 1M: 0.333356 LSTM 1M: 0.425150

```
3h window:
 ARIMA 1D: 0.352612
 LSTM 1D: 0.253562
 ARIMA 1M: 0.333356
 LSTM 1M: 0.392040
6h window:
 ARIMA 1D: 0.352612
 LSTM 1D: 0.237235
 ARIMA 1M: 0.333356
 LSTM 1M: 0.245004
12h window:
 ARIMA 1D: 0.352612
 LSTM 1D: 0.203936
 ARIMA 1M: 0.333356
 LSTM 1M: 0.384251
1d window:
 ARIMA 1D: 0.352612
 LSTM 1D: 0.254750
 ARIMA 1M: 0.333356
 LSTM 1M: 0.351793
3d window:
 ARIMA 1D: 0.352612
 LSTM 1D: 0.267495
 ARIMA 1M: 0.333356
 LSTM 1M: 0.422566
```

TRX forecasting complete! Visualizations saved as PNG files.

```
[20]: import ccxt
      import pandas as pd
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import matplotlib.dates as mdates
      import matplotlib.ticker as ticker
      from statsmodels.tsa.arima.model import ARIMA
      from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller, acf, pacf
      from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
      from keras.models import Sequential
      from keras.layers import LSTM, Dense
      import time
      import warnings
      import matplotlib as mpl
      warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
      # STYLE SETTINGS #
```

```
plt.style.use('default')
# Custom styling parameters
mpl.rcParams['font.family'] = 'DejaVu Sans'
mpl.rcParams['axes.linewidth'] = 1.2
mpl.rcParams['axes.edgecolor'] = '0.15'
mpl.rcParams['axes.labelcolor'] = '#404040'
mpl.rcParams['axes.titlesize'] = 16
mpl.rcParams['axes.titleweight'] = 'bold'
mpl.rcParams['axes.titlepad'] = 12
mpl.rcParams['axes.labelsize'] = 13
mpl.rcParams['axes.labelweight'] = 'medium'
mpl.rcParams['xtick.labelsize'] = 11
mpl.rcParams['ytick.labelsize'] = 11
mpl.rcParams['legend.fontsize'] = 11
mpl.rcParams['grid.color'] = '0.92'
mpl.rcParams['grid.linestyle'] = '-'
mpl.rcParams['grid.linewidth'] = 0.8
mpl.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (14, 8)
mpl.rcParams['figure.dpi'] = 120
mpl.rcParams['savefig.dpi'] = 300
mpl.rcParams['savefig.transparent'] = True
mpl.rcParams['lines.linewidth'] = 2.2
# Color scheme
COLOR HIST = '#1f77b4'
COLOR_ARIMA = '\#d62728'
COLOR LSTM = '#ff7f0e'
COLOR_BG = '#f8f9fa'
COLOR_GRID = '#e9ecef'
COLOR_TEXT = '#343a40'
# Exchange configuration for TRX/USDT
EXCHANGES = [
    {'name': 'binance', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/

GUSDT'
},
    {'name': 'kucoin', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/
    {'name': 'bybit', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/
 GUSDT'},
    {'name': 'huobi', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/
 GUSDT'},
    {'name': 'okx', 'params': {'enableRateLimit': True}, 'symbol': 'TRX/USDT'},
# ======= #
# DATA & MODEL FUNCTIONS #
```

```
# ======= #
def fetch_historical_data(timeframe='1d', limit=1000):
    """Fetch TRX/USDT data with exchange fallback"""
   for exchange_config in EXCHANGES:
       try:
           exchange_class = getattr(ccxt, exchange_config['name'])
           exchange = exchange_class(exchange_config['params'])
           time.sleep(exchange.rateLimit / 1000)
           symbol = exchange_config['symbol']
           ohlcv = exchange.fetch ohlcv(symbol, timeframe, limit=limit)
           df['timestamp'] = pd.to_datetime(df['timestamp'], unit='ms')
           df.set_index('timestamp', inplace=True)
           print(f" Fetched TRX/USDT data from {exchange config['name']}")
           return df
       except (ccxt.NetworkError, ccxt.ExchangeError) as e:
           print(f" Error from {exchange_config['name']}: {str(e)[:100]}...__
 continue
       except Exception as e:
           print(f" Unexpected error with {exchange_config['name']}: {str(e)[:
 ⇔100]}... trying next")
           continue
   raise RuntimeError(" All exchanges failed. Please check network ⊔
 ⇔connection")
def arima_forecast(data, forecast_steps=30):
   """ARIMA forecasting with error handling"""
   if len(data) < 30:</pre>
       return np.array([data.iloc[-1]] * forecast_steps)
   d = 0
   if len(data) > 50:
       d = find_optimal_d(data)
   if d > 0:
       diff_data = data.diff(d).dropna()
   else:
       diff_data = data
   p, q = (1, 1)
   if len(diff_data) > 50:
```

```
try:
            p, q = find_optimal_pq(diff_data)
        except:
            pass
    try:
        model = ARIMA(data, order=(p, d, q))
        model_fit = model.fit()
        return model_fit.forecast(steps=forecast_steps).values
    except:
        return np.array([data.rolling(window=5).mean().iloc[-1]] *__
 →forecast_steps)
def find_optimal_d(data, max_d=2):
    """Determine optimal differencing order"""
    d = 0
    for i in range(max_d + 1):
        try:
            result = adfuller(data if i == 0 else data.diff().dropna())
            if result[1] <= 0.05:</pre>
                return d
            d = i
        except:
            break
    return min(d, max_d)
def find_optimal_pq(data, max_p=5, max_q=5):
    """Find optimal ARMA parameters"""
    try:
        acf_vals = acf(data, nlags=max_p + max_q)
        pacf_vals = pacf(data, nlags=max_p + max_q)
        # Find significant lags with threshold
        p = next((i for i in range(1, len(pacf_vals)) if abs(pacf_vals[i]) > 1.
 →96/np.sqrt(len(data))), 1)
        q = next((i for i in range(1, len(acf_vals)) if abs(acf_vals[i]) > 1.96/
 →np.sqrt(len(data))), 1)
        return min(p, max_p), min(q, max_q)
    except:
        return (1, 1)
def create_dataset(data, window_size=8, target_size=1):
    """Create training dataset with safe bounds checking"""
    X, y = [], []
    n = len(data)
    if n < window_size + target_size:</pre>
```

```
return np.array([]), np.array([])
   for i in range(n - window_size - target_size):
        X.append(data[i:(i+window_size)])
        y.append(data[(i+window_size):(i+window_size+target_size)])
   return np.array(X), np.array(y)
def lstm_forecast(data, window_size=8, forecast_steps=30):
    """LSTM forecasting with error handling"""
    if len(data) < window_size + 10:</pre>
        return np.array([data.iloc[-1]] * forecast_steps)
   scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0,1))
    scaled_data = scaler.fit_transform(data.values.reshape(-1,1))
   X, y = create_dataset(scaled_data, window_size, forecast_steps)
   if len(X) == 0:
        return np.array([data.iloc[-1]] * forecast_steps)
   X = np.reshape(X, (X.shape[0], X.shape[1], 1))
   model = Sequential([
       LSTM(32, input_shape=(window_size, 1)),
       Dense(forecast_steps)
   ])
   model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mse')
   model.fit(X, y, epochs=20, batch_size=16, verbose=0)
   last_window = scaled_data[-window_size:].reshape(1, window_size, 1)
   forecast = model.predict(last_window)
   return scaler.inverse_transform(forecast)[0]
# ======= #
# PROFESSIONAL VISUALIZATIONS #
# ======= #
def plot_forecast_comparison(history, arima_forecast, lstm_forecast, title, user)

¬forecast_days=30):
    """Create artistic forecast visualization"""
   fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(16, 9))
   fig.patch.set_facecolor(COLOR_BG)
   ax.set_facecolor(COLOR_BG)
   # Plot historical data
   ax.plot(history.index, history.values, color=COLOR_HIST,
            label='Historical Prices', linewidth=3.0, alpha=0.9)
    # Generate future dates
```

```
last_date = history.index[-1]
  forecast_dates = pd.date_range(
      start=last_date + pd.Timedelta(days=1),
      periods=forecast_days,
      freq='D'
  )
  # Plot forecasts with artistic styles
  ax.plot(forecast dates, arima forecast, color=COLOR ARIMA,
           linestyle='--', label='ARIMA Forecast', linewidth=2.8, alpha=0.95)
  ax.plot(forecast_dates, lstm_forecast, color=COLOR_LSTM,
          linestyle='-.', label='LSTM Forecast', linewidth=2.8, alpha=0.95)
  # Forecast confidence bands (artistic effect)
  ax.fill_between(forecast_dates,
                  np.minimum(arima_forecast, lstm_forecast),
                  np.maximum(arima_forecast, lstm_forecast),
                  color=COLOR_ARIMA, alpha=0.08)
  # Vertical separator between history and forecast
  ax.axvline(x=last_date, color='#6c757d', linestyle=':', linewidth=1.8,__
\rightarrowalpha=0.7)
  # Formatting
  ax.set_title(f'TRX/USDT Price Forecast: {title}\n',
               fontsize=20, fontweight='bold', color=COLOR_TEXT, pad=20)
  ax.set_xlabel('Date', fontsize=14, labelpad=15, color=COLOR_TEXT)
  ax.set_ylabel('Price (USDT)', fontsize=14, labelpad=15, color=COLOR_TEXT)
  # Grid and spines
  ax.grid(True, color=COLOR_GRID, linestyle='-', alpha=0.8)
  for spine in ax.spines.values():
      spine.set_visible(False)
  # Legend with artistic effect
  legend = ax.legend(loc='upper left', frameon=True, framealpha=0.95,
                     facecolor='white', edgecolor=COLOR_GRID, fontsize=12)
  legend.get_frame().set_linewidth(1.2)
  # Date formatting
  ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mdates.DateFormatter('%b %d, %Y'))
  ax.xaxis.set_major_locator(mdates.AutoDateLocator())
  fig.autofmt_xdate(rotation=45, ha='center')
  # Price formatting
  ax.yaxis.set_major_formatter(ticker.StrMethodFormatter('\${x:,.4f}'))
```

```
# Annotations
   plt.annotate(f'Last Price: ${history.iloc[-1]:.4f}',
                xy=(last_date, history.iloc[-1]),
                xytext=(10, 10), textcoords='offset points',
                arrowprops=dict(arrowstyle='->', color=COLOR_HIST),
                fontsize=11, backgroundcolor='white')
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.subplots adjust(top=0.92, bottom=0.15)
    #plt.savefig(f'TRX_forecast_{title.replace(" ", "_")}.pdf',__
 ⇒bbox_inches='tight', pad_inches=0.5)
    #plt.close()
   plt.show()
def plot_window_comparison(results, interval):
    """Artistic bar chart comparison of window sizes"""
    if interval not in results:
       return
   window_data = results[interval]
   window_names = list(window_data.keys())
    # Prepare data
   arima_1d = [window_data[w]['ARIMA_1D'] for w in window_names]
   lstm_1d = [window_data[w]['LSTM_1D'] for w in window_names]
   arima_1m = [window_data[w]['ARIMA_1M'] for w in window_names]
   lstm_1m = [window_data[w]['LSTM_1M'] for w in window_names]
    # Create figure
   fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(2, 1, figsize=(16, 14))
   fig.patch.set_facecolor(COLOR_BG)
   ax1.set facecolor(COLOR BG)
   ax2.set_facecolor(COLOR_BG)
   fig.suptitle(f'TRX Forecast Performance by Window Size ({interval}_
 fontsize=20, fontweight='bold', color=COLOR_TEXT, y=0.96)
   # Plot 1D forecasts
   x = np.arange(len(window_names))
   width = 0.38
   ax1.bar(x - width/2, arima_1d, width, label='ARIMA', color=COLOR_ARIMA,
           edgecolor='white', linewidth=1.2, alpha=0.92)
   ax1.bar(x + width/2, lstm_1d, width, label='LSTM', color=COLOR_LSTM,
           edgecolor='white', linewidth=1.2, alpha=0.92)
    # Add data labels
   for i, v in enumerate(arima_1d):
```

```
ax1.text(i - width/2, v + max(arima_1d+lstm_1d)*0.01, f'$\{v:.4f\}',
              ha='center', fontsize=9, color=COLOR_ARIMA, fontweight='bold')
  for i, v in enumerate(lstm_1d):
      ax1.text(i + width/2, v + max(arima 1d+lstm 1d)*0.01, f'${v:.4f}',
              ha='center', fontsize=9, color=COLOR_LSTM, fontweight='bold')
  ax1.set_title('1-Day Forecast', fontsize=16, pad=15, color=COLOR_TEXT)
  ax1.set_ylabel('Price (USDT)', fontsize=13, labelpad=10, color=COLOR_TEXT)
  ax1.set xticks(x)
  ax1.set_xticklabels([f"{w}\nWindow" for w in window_names], fontsize=11)
  ax1.legend(frameon=True, framealpha=0.95, facecolor='white', __
⇒edgecolor=COLOR_GRID)
  ax1.grid(axis='y', color=COLOR_GRID, linestyle='-', alpha=0.8)
  ax1.yaxis.set_major_formatter(ticker.StrMethodFormatter('${x:,.4f}'))
  # Plot 1M forecasts
  ax2.bar(x - width/2, arima_1m, width, label='ARIMA', color=COLOR_ARIMA,
          edgecolor='white', linewidth=1.2, alpha=0.92)
  ax2.bar(x + width/2, lstm 1m, width, label='LSTM', color=COLOR LSTM,
          edgecolor='white', linewidth=1.2, alpha=0.92)
  # Add data labels
  for i, v in enumerate(arima_1m):
      ax2.text(i - width/2, v + max(arima_1m+lstm_1m)*0.01, f'$\{v:.4f\}',
              ha='center', fontsize=9, color=COLOR_ARIMA, fontweight='bold')
  for i, v in enumerate(lstm_1m):
      ax2.text(i + width/2, v + max(arima_1m+lstm_1m)*0.01, f'${v:.4f}',
              ha='center', fontsize=9, color=COLOR_LSTM, fontweight='bold')
  ax2.set_title('1-Month Forecast', fontsize=16, pad=15, color=COLOR_TEXT)
  ax2.set_ylabel('Price (USDT)', fontsize=13, labelpad=10, color=COLOR_TEXT)
  ax2.set xticks(x)
  ax2.set_xticklabels([f"{w}\nWindow" for w in window_names], fontsize=11)
  ax2.legend(frameon=True, framealpha=0.95, facecolor='white',
→edgecolor=COLOR_GRID)
  ax2.grid(axis='y', color=COLOR_GRID, linestyle='-', alpha=0.8)
  ax2.yaxis.set_major_formatter(ticker.StrMethodFormatter('${x:,.4f}'))
  # Remove spines
  for ax in [ax1, ax2]:
      for spine in ax.spines.values():
           spine.set_visible(False)
  plt.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0, 1, 0.96])
  \#plt.savefiq(f'TRX\_window\_comparison\_\{interval\}.pdf', bbox\_inches='tight', 
\rightarrow pad_inches=0.5)
  #plt.close()
```

```
plt.show()
def plot model performance(history, arima fit, lstm_fit, title):
    """Artistic visualization of model performance"""
   fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(16, 9))
   fig.patch.set_facecolor(COLOR_BG)
   ax.set_facecolor(COLOR_BG)
   # Plot historical data
   ax.plot(history.index, history.values, color=COLOR_HIST,
            label='Historical Prices', linewidth=3.2, alpha=0.95)
    # Plot model fits
   fit_dates = history.index[-len(arima_fit):]
   ax.plot(fit_dates, arima_fit, color=COLOR_ARIMA,
            linestyle='--', label='ARIMA Fit', linewidth=2.6, alpha=0.9)
   ax.plot(fit_dates, lstm_fit, color=COLOR_LSTM,
            linestyle='-.', label='LSTM Fit', linewidth=2.6, alpha=0.9)
    # Calculate error metrics
   arima_diff = np.abs(arima_fit - history[-len(arima_fit):].values)
   lstm_diff = np.abs(lstm_fit - history[-len(lstm_fit):].values)
   arima_mae = np.mean(arima_diff)
   lstm_mae = np.mean(lstm_diff)
    # Annotation box
   textstr = '\n'.join((
       f'ARIMA Fit:',
       f' • MAE = ${arima_mae:.6f}',
       f'',
       f'LSTM Fit:',
       f' • MAE = ${lstm_mae:.6f}'))
   props = dict(boxstyle='round', facecolor='white', edgecolor=COLOR_GRID,
                linewidth=1.5, alpha=0.95)
   ax.text(0.05, 0.95, textstr, transform=ax.transAxes, fontsize=12,
            verticalalignment='top', bbox=props, fontfamily='monospace')
    # Formatting
   ax.set_title(f'TRX Model Performance: {title}\n',
                fontsize=20, fontweight='bold', color=COLOR TEXT, pad=20)
   ax.set_xlabel('Date', fontsize=14, labelpad=15, color=COLOR_TEXT)
   ax.set_ylabel('Price (USDT)', fontsize=14, labelpad=15, color=COLOR_TEXT)
    # Grid and spines
   ax.grid(True, color=COLOR_GRID, linestyle='-', alpha=0.8)
   for spine in ax.spines.values():
```

```
spine.set_visible(False)
    # Legend
   legend = ax.legend(loc='upper left', frameon=True, framealpha=0.95,
                      facecolor='white', edgecolor=COLOR_GRID, fontsize=12)
   legend.get_frame().set_linewidth(1.2)
    # Date formatting
   ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mdates.DateFormatter('%b %d, %Y'))
   ax.xaxis.set_major_locator(mdates.AutoDateLocator())
   fig.autofmt_xdate(rotation=45, ha='center')
    # Price formatting
   ax.yaxis.set_major_formatter(ticker.StrMethodFormatter('${x:,.4f}'))
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.subplots_adjust(top=0.92, bottom=0.15)
    #plt.savefiq(f'TRX model performance {title.replace(" ", "_")}.pdf',__
 ⇒bbox_inches='tight', pad_inches=0.5)
    #plt.close()
   plt.show()
# ====== #
# MAIN PROCESSING #
# ====== #
def process_and_visualize_trx():
   print("\n" + "="*60)
   print(" TRX/USDT FORECASTING SYSTEM ".center(60, ' '))
   print("="*60 + "\n")
    # Fetch data
   print("Fetching TRX/USDT historical data...")
   raw_data = fetch_historical_data(timeframe='1d', limit=500)
   # Configuration
   time_intervals = {
        '1D': '1d',
        '1W': '1w',
        '1M': '1M'
   }
   window_sizes = {
        '1H': 3600,
        '4H': 14400,
        '12H': 43200.
        '1D': 86400,
        '3D': 259200,
```

```
}
  results = {}
  for interval_name, interval_code in time_intervals.items():
      try:
          print(f"\n{'='*40}")
          print(f" Processing {interval_name} interval ".center(40, ''))
          print("="*40)
          # Resample data
          resampled = raw_data.resample(interval_code).agg({
              'open': 'first',
              'high': 'max',
              'low': 'min',
              'close': 'last',
              'volume': 'sum'
          }).ffill().dropna()
          close_series = resampled['close']
          if len(close_series) < 50:</pre>
              print(f"
                         Insufficient data ({len(close_series)} points).__

¬Skipping.")
              continue
          interval_results = {}
          best_arima_1m = None
          best_lstm_1m = None
          for window_name, window_seconds in window_sizes.items():
                  print(f" • Calculating {window_name} window...")
                  interval_seconds = pd.Timedelta(interval_code).
→total_seconds()
                  window_bars = max(8, int(window_seconds / interval_seconds))
                  if len(close_series) < window_bars + 30:</pre>
                      print(f"
                                   Not enough data. Have⊔
continue
                  # Generate forecasts
                  arima_1m = arima_forecast(close_series, forecast_steps=30)
                  lstm_1m = lstm_forecast(close_series,__
⇔window_size=window_bars, forecast_steps=30)
```

```
# Store results
                  interval_results[window_name] = {
                       'ARIMA_1D': arima_1m[0],
                       'ARIMA_1M': arima_1m[-1],
                       'LSTM_1D': lstm_1m[0],
                       'LSTM_1M': lstm_1m[-1],
                       'ARIMA_Full': arima_1m,
                       'LSTM_Full': lstm_1m
                  }
                  # Track best models
                  last_price = close_series.iloc[-1]
                  if best_arima_1m is None or abs(arima_1m[-1] - last_price)_

    dos(best_arima_1m[-1] - last_price):
                      best_arima_1m = arima_1m
                  if best_lstm_1m is None or abs(lstm_1m[-1] - last_price) <__
\hookrightarrowabs(best_lstm_1m[-1] - last_price):
                      best_lstm_1m = lstm_1m
              except Exception as e:
                                Error processing window: {str(e)[:100]}")
                  print(f"
                  continue
          results[interval_name] = interval_results
          # Generate visualizations
          if best arima 1m is not None and best 1stm 1m is not None:
              print("
                       Creating forecast comparison visualization...")
              plot_forecast_comparison(
                  history=close_series[-100:],
                  arima_forecast=best_arima_1m,
                  lstm_forecast=best_lstm_1m,
                  title=f"{interval_name} Interval",
                  forecast_days=30
              )
                         Creating window comparison visualization...")
              plot_window_comparison(results, interval_name)
              if interval_results:
                  best_window = next(iter(interval_results))
                              Creating model performance visualization ⊔
                  print(f"
# Generate model fit data
                  arima_fit = arima_forecast(close_series[-100:-30],__

¬forecast_steps=70)
```

```
lstm_fit = lstm_forecast(close_series[-100:-30],__
 ⇒window_size=window_bars, forecast_steps=70)
                   plot_model_performance(
                       history=close_series[-100:],
                       arima fit=arima fit,
                       lstm fit=lstm fit,
                       title=f"{interval name} Interval"
                   )
       except Exception as e:
           print(f" Failed processing interval: {str(e)[:100]}")
           continue
   return results
# ====== #
# EXECUTION MAIN #
# ====== #
if __name__ == "__main__":
   # Start processing
   results = process_and_visualize_trx()
   # Display results
   print("\n\n" + "="*60)
   print(" FORECAST RESULTS ".center(60, ''))
   print("="*60)
   for interval, window_data in results.items():
       print(f"\n {interval} Interval ")
       for window, values in window_data.items():
           print(f"\n {window} Window:")
           print(f" ARIMA 1D: ${values['ARIMA_1D']:.6f}")
           print(f" LSTM 1D: ${values['LSTM 1D']:.6f}")
           print(f" ARIMA 1M: ${values['ARIMA_1M']:.6f}")
           print(f" LSTM 1M: ${values['LSTM_1M']:.6f}")
   print("\n" + "="*60)
   print(" VISUALIZATIONS SAVED TO CURRENT DIRECTORY ".center(60))
   print("="*60)
   print("\nForecasting complete! Professional charts saved as PNG files.\n")
```

\_\_\_\_\_\_

```
TRX/USDT FORECASTING SYSTEM
```

\_\_\_\_\_

Fetching TRX/USDT historical data...

Error from binance: binance GET https://api.binance.com/api/v3/exchangeInfo 451 {
 "code": 0,
 "msg": "Service unavai... trying next
 Fetched TRX/USDT data from kucoin

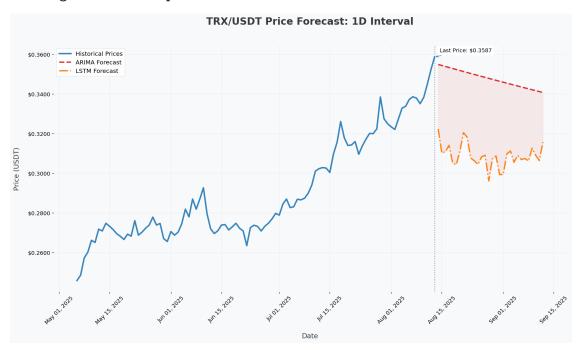
\_\_\_\_\_

## Processing 1D interval

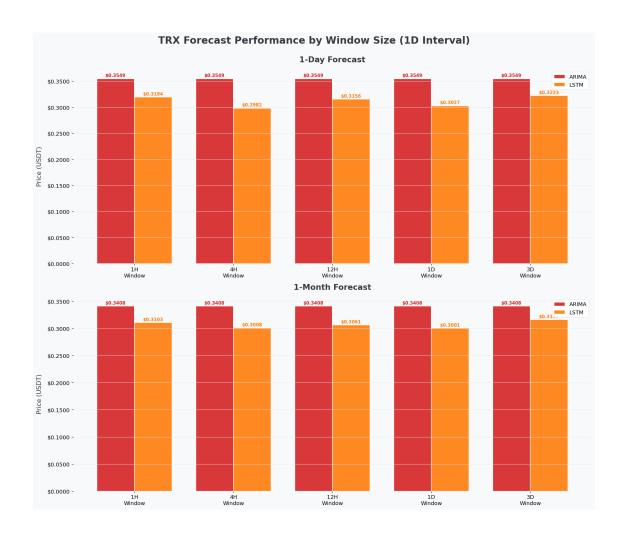
\_\_\_\_\_

- Calculating 1H window...
- 1/1 0s 265ms/step
  - Calculating 4H window...
- 1/1 0s 186ms/step
  - Calculating 12H window...
- 1/1 0s 173ms/step
  - Calculating 1D window...
- 1/1 0s 171ms/step
  - Calculating 3D window...
- 1/1 0s 169ms/step

Creating forecast comparison visualization...



Creating window comparison visualization...



Creating model performance visualization (1H window)...

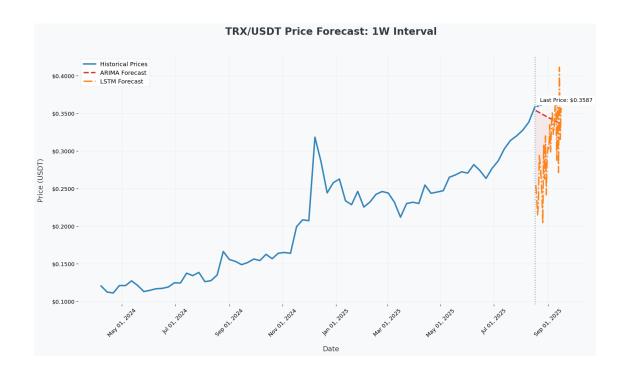


# Processing 1W interval

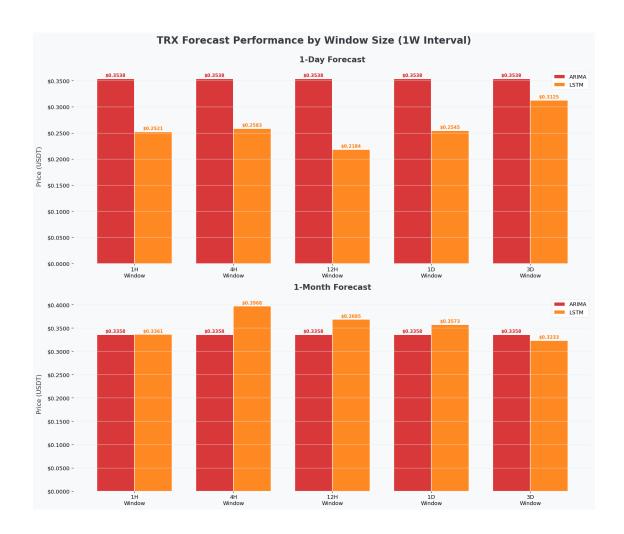
\_\_\_\_\_

- Calculating 1H window...
- 1/1 0s 300ms/step
  - Calculating 4H window...
- 1/1 0s 181ms/step
  - Calculating 12H window...
- 1/1 0s 175ms/step
  - Calculating 1D window...
- 1/1 0s 285ms/step
  - Calculating 3D window...
- 1/1 0s 176ms/step

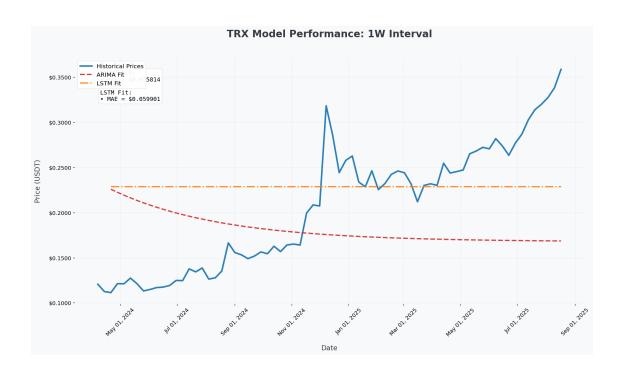
Creating forecast comparison visualization...



Creating window comparison visualization...



Creating model performance visualization (1H window)...



\_\_\_\_\_

Processing 1M interval

\_\_\_\_\_

Insufficient data (17 points). Skipping.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### FORECAST RESULTS

\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### 1D Interval

1H Window:

ARIMA 1D: \$0.354889 LSTM 1D: \$0.319411 ARIMA 1M: \$0.340756 LSTM 1M: \$0.310317

4H Window:

ARIMA 1D: \$0.354889 LSTM 1D: \$0.298199 ARIMA 1M: \$0.340756 LSTM 1M: \$0.300773

12H Window:

ARIMA 1D: \$0.354889 LSTM 1D: \$0.315553 ARIMA 1M: \$0.340756 LSTM 1M: \$0.306094

#### 1D Window:

ARIMA 1D: \$0.354889 LSTM 1D: \$0.302733 ARIMA 1M: \$0.340756 LSTM 1M: \$0.300147

#### 3D Window:

ARIMA 1D: \$0.354889 LSTM 1D: \$0.322311 ARIMA 1M: \$0.340756 LSTM 1M: \$0.315746

#### 1W Interval

### 1H Window:

ARIMA 1D: \$0.353786 LSTM 1D: \$0.252147 ARIMA 1M: \$0.335764 LSTM 1M: \$0.336100

## 4H Window:

ARIMA 1D: \$0.353786 LSTM 1D: \$0.258260 ARIMA 1M: \$0.335764 LSTM 1M: \$0.396813

#### 12H Window:

ARIMA 1D: \$0.353786 LSTM 1D: \$0.218377 ARIMA 1M: \$0.335764 LSTM 1M: \$0.368477

### 1D Window:

ARIMA 1D: \$0.353786 LSTM 1D: \$0.254474 ARIMA 1M: \$0.335764 LSTM 1M: \$0.357300

#### 3D Window:

ARIMA 1D: \$0.353786 LSTM 1D: \$0.312474 ARIMA 1M: \$0.335764 LSTM 1M: \$0.323324 \_\_\_\_\_\_

VISUALIZATIONS SAVED TO CURRENT DIRECTORY

\_\_\_\_\_

Forecasting complete! Professional charts saved as PNG files.

[6]:





1.2 -