FWI for Ultrasonic Imaging

Flaw detection in steel weld

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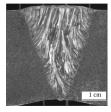




Echo mode testing**

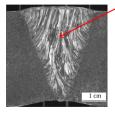
Non destructive testing for weld in :

- ▶ nuclear reactors (cooling system)
- oil and gaz pipelines
- → porosity, cracks, lack of fusion, corrosion, inclusions,...



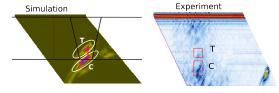
Macrography of a weld*

- delay and sum methods
- decomposition of covariance matrix (DORT)



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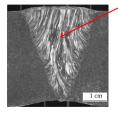
Strong unknown anisotropy



Comparison of ray based model and experiment result**

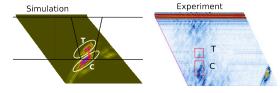
- · delay and sum methods
- decomposition of covariance matrix (DORT)

- X need to know c in advance
- **X** strong artefacts



Macrography of a weld*

Strong unknown anisotropy



Comparison of ray based model and experiment result**

- delay and sum methods
- decomposition of covariance matrix (DORT)
- solving NL optimization problem

- X need to know c in advance
- * strong artefacts
- ► contour reconstruction : Dominguez et al., Rodriguez et al.
- \checkmark C_{ij} reconstruction : FWI

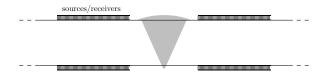
What is specific to weld imaging?

 \blacktriangleright 2 free surfaces : more information \leftrightarrow non-linear inversion



What is specific to weld imaging?

- ▶ 2 free surfaces : more information ↔ non-linear inversion
- ► surface acquisition only



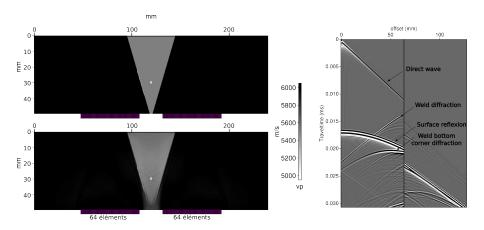
What is specific to weld imaging?

- \blacktriangleright 2 free surfaces : more information \leftrightarrow non-linear inversion
- surface acquisition only
- ▶ anisotropy \rightarrow multi-parameter inversion $(C_{ij} \times 6 : weld + defects)$



To do

- ► 2D acoustic approximation (mono/multiparameter)
 - isotropic weld (v_p, ρ)
 - ▶ transverse isotropic weld $(v_p, \rho, \epsilon, \delta, \theta)$
- ▶ 3D elastic inversion (mono/multiparameter : $C_{ij} \times 6$)
 - isotropic weld : v_p
 - ► anisotropic weld
 - ▶ real data



2D isotropic case : monoparameter inversion of v_p 100kHz \rightarrow 5MHz