

Kernel Seminar

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BIOS POST

- **POST – Power On Self Test**
- **Power supply starts the clock generator and asserts**
- **#POWERGOOD signal on the bus CPU**
- **#RESET line is asserted**

BIOS POST – 2

- **POST checks are performed with interrupts disabled**
- **IVT initialized at address zero**

BIOS POST – 3

- **BIOS bootstrap function is invoked via INT 0x19**
- **This loads track 0, sector 1 at physical address 0x7C00 (0x07C0:0000)**

Overview of Booting

The process can be divided into following six logical stages:

1. BIOS selects the boot device

2. BIOS loads the boot sector from the boot device

Overview of Booting - 2

3. Boot-sector loads setup, decompression routines and compressed kernel image

4. Kernel is uncompressed in protected mode

Overview of Booting – 3

5. Low level initialization is performed by the asm code

6. High-level C initialization

/boot Directory

- **config-X.X...**
- **grub**
- **initrd-X.X...**
- **Memtest86+-4.10 (optional)**
- **symvers-X.X...**
- **System.map-X.X...**
- **vmlinuz-X.X...**

/lib/modules Directory

- X.X..... 3.14.1**
- X.X..... 3.15-rc2**
- X.X... 3.13.11 [EOL]**

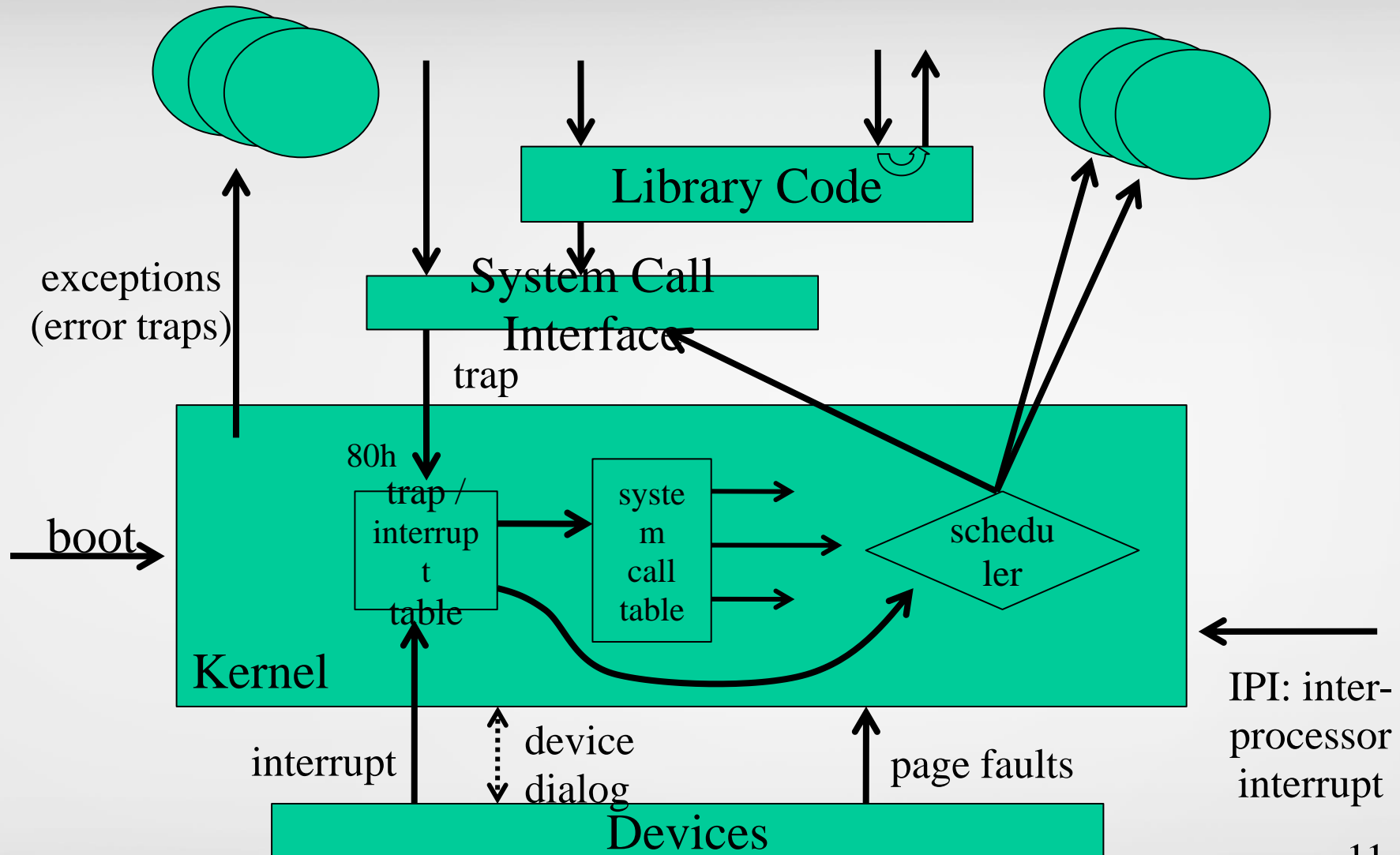
/lib/modules/X.X... Directory

**build modules.dep modules.pcimap
updates extra modules.ieee1394map
modules.seriomap weak-updates**

kernel modules.inputmap modules.symbols

**modules.alias modules.isapnpmap
modules.usbmap**

modules.ccwmap modules.ofmap source



dmesg Command

NAME

dmesg - print or control the kernel ring buffer

SYNOPSIS

dmesg [-c] [-r] [-n level] [-s bufsize]

DESCRIPTION

dmesg is used to examine or control the kernel ring buffer.

/var/log/messages

klogd

syslogd

rsyslogd

syslog-ng

Thanks :)

Question ?