

Transport Layer, TCP and Floods

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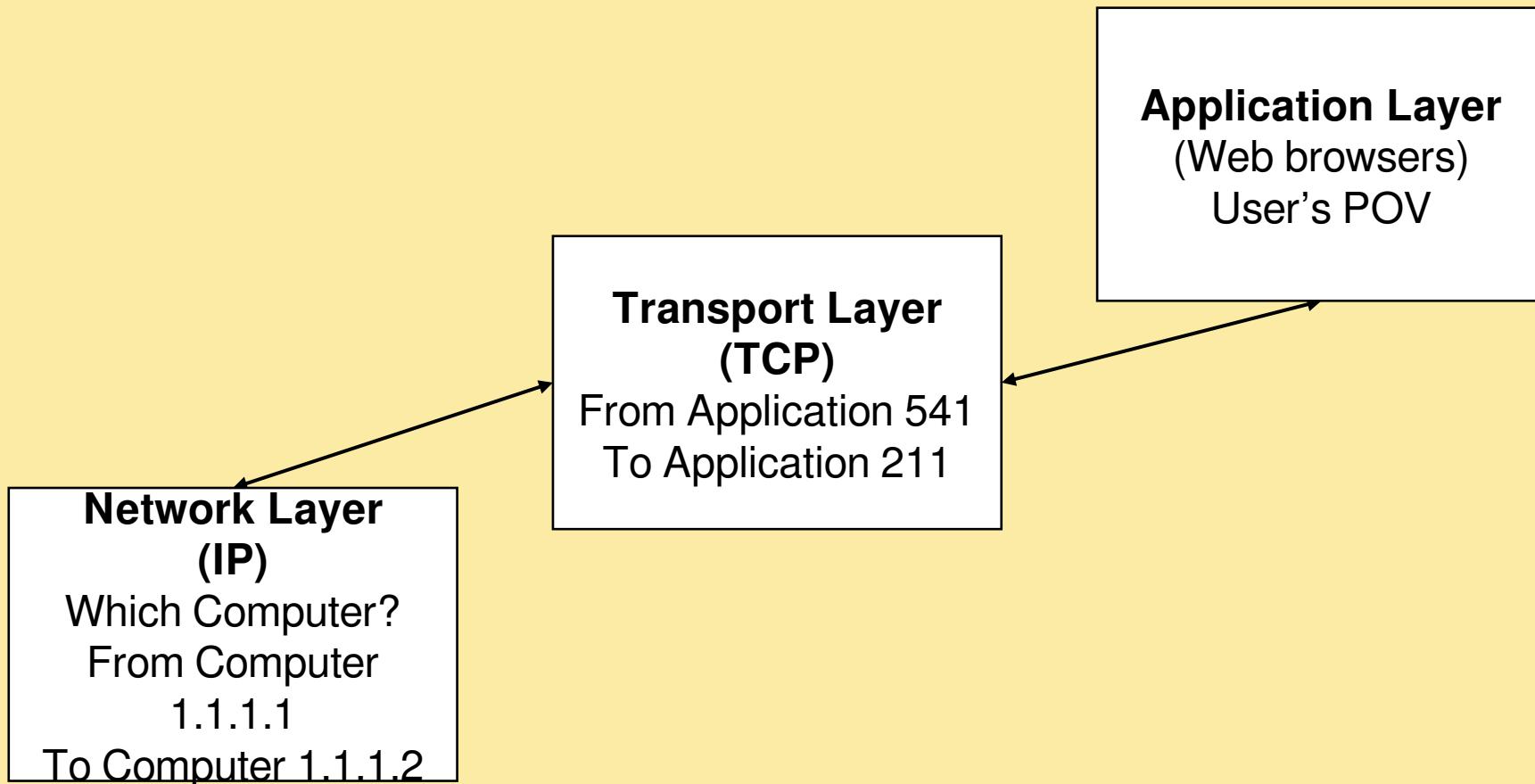
About Me

- Linux and Computer Network Deep Diver
- Github: github.com/AliGhaffarian

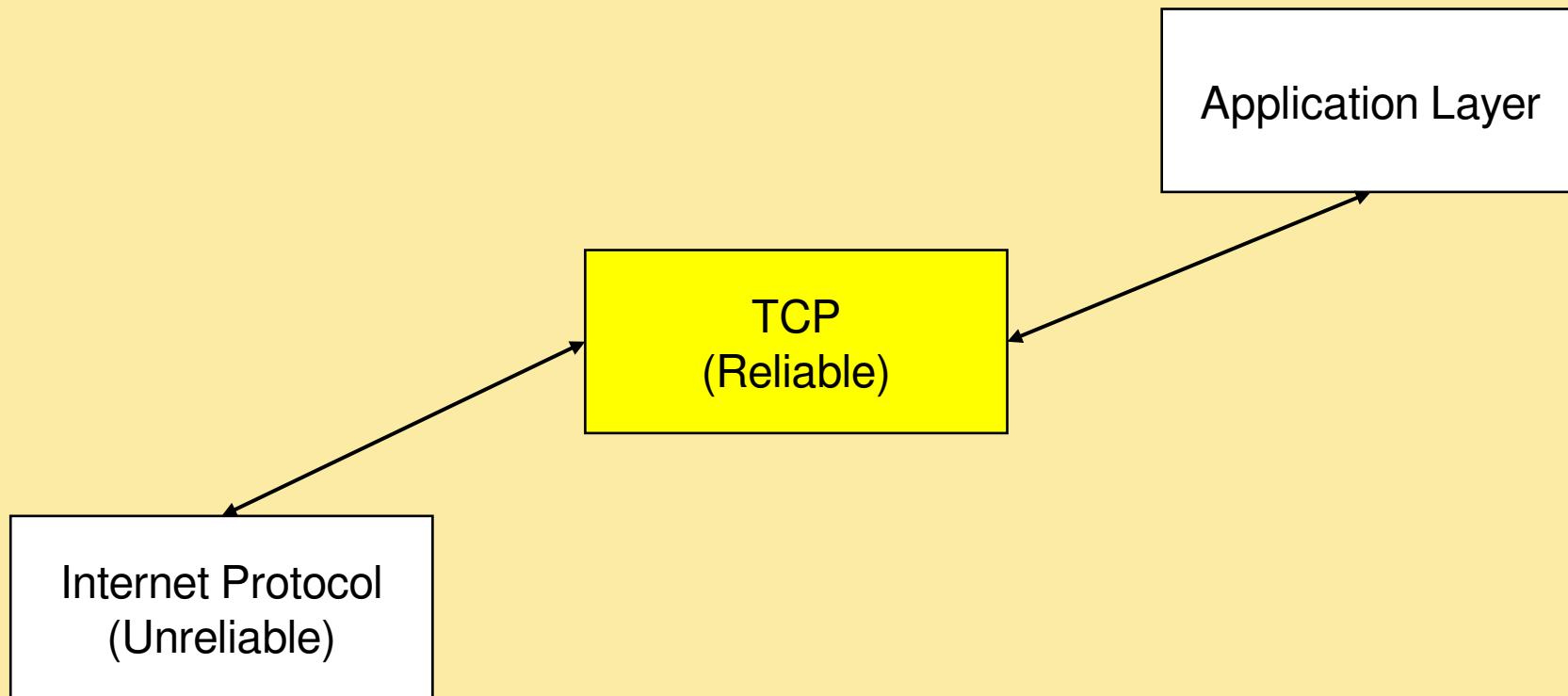
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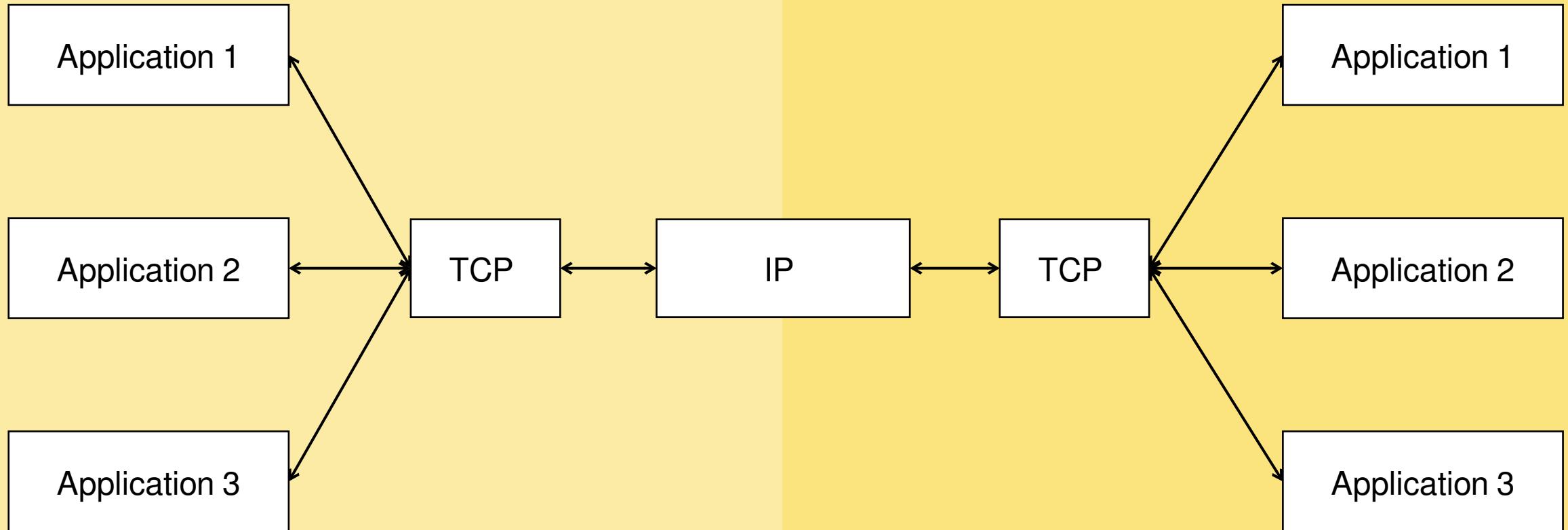
Transport Layer in TCP/IP Stack



TCP



Multiplexing / Demultiplexing

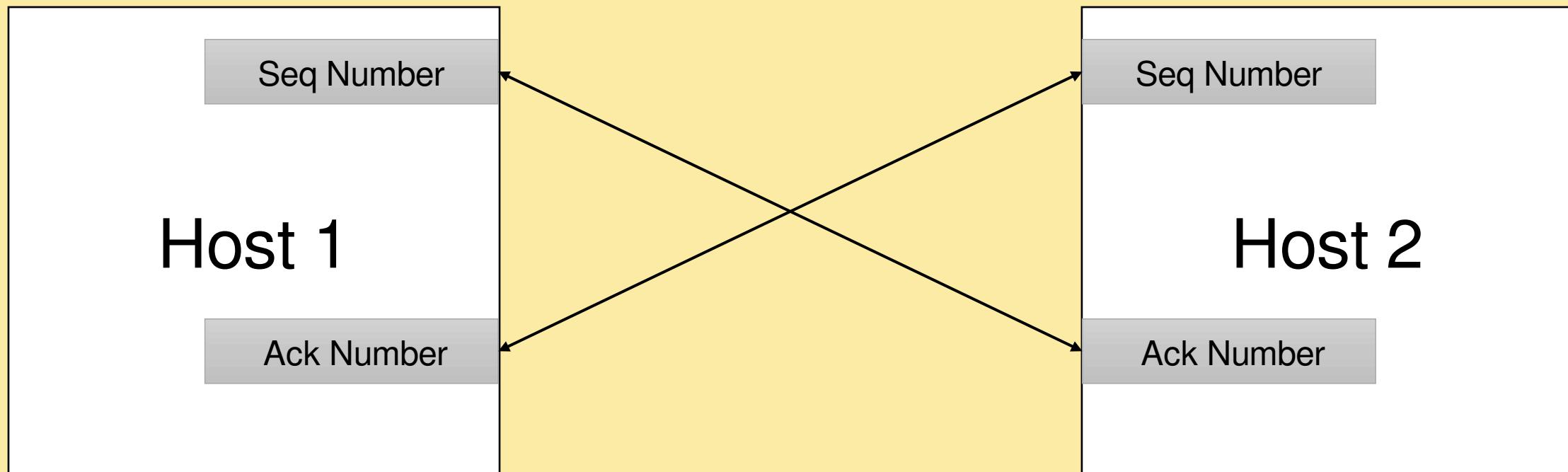


In Order Delivery

TCP's Fields

- Source Port (From Which Application)
- Destination Port (To Which Application)
- Sequence Number
- Acknowledgement Number
- Flags
- ...

Sequence And Acknowledgement Number



TCP Flags

000. = Reserved

...0 = Accurate ECN

.... 0... = Congestion Window

Reduced

.... .0.. = ECN-Echo

.... ..0. = Urgent

.... ...0 = Ack

.... 0... = Push

....0.. = Reset

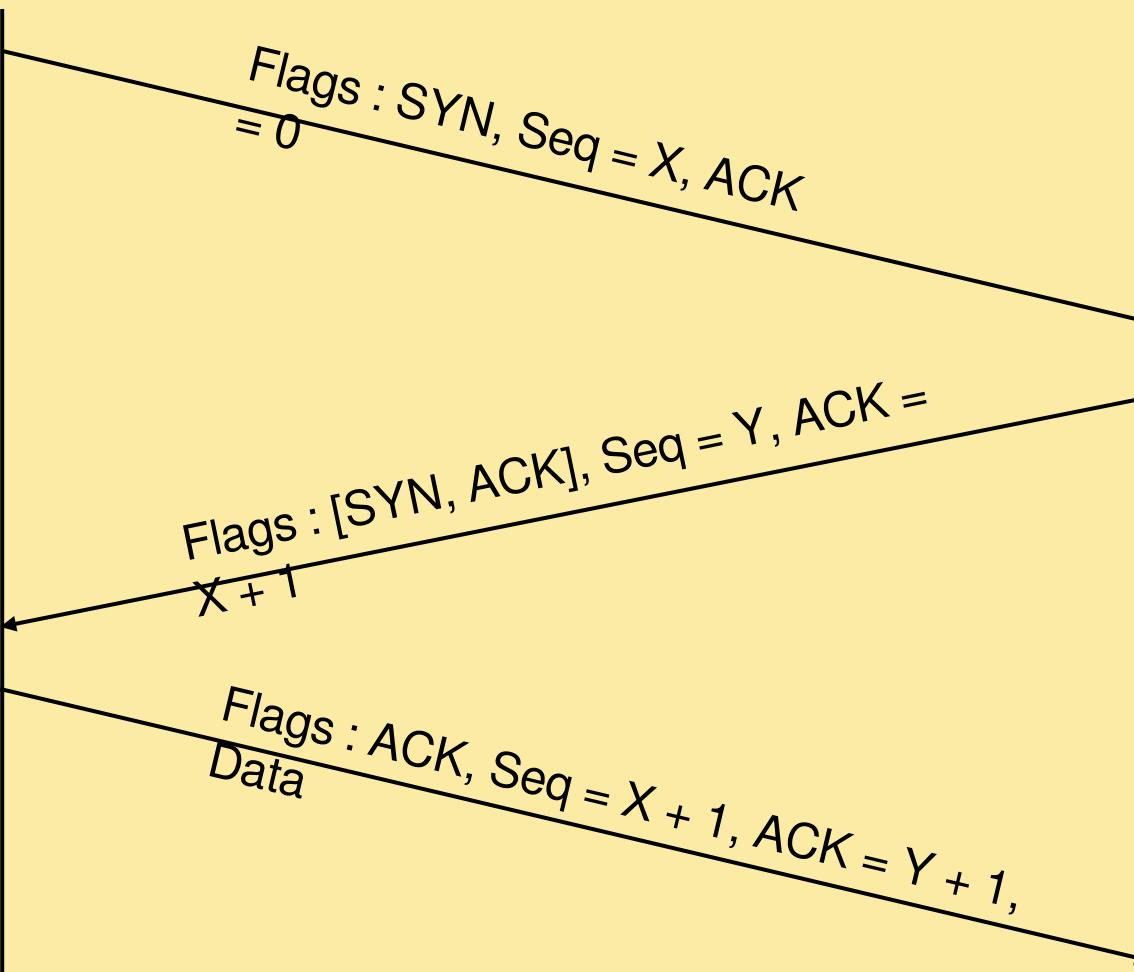
....0. = SYN

....0 = Fin

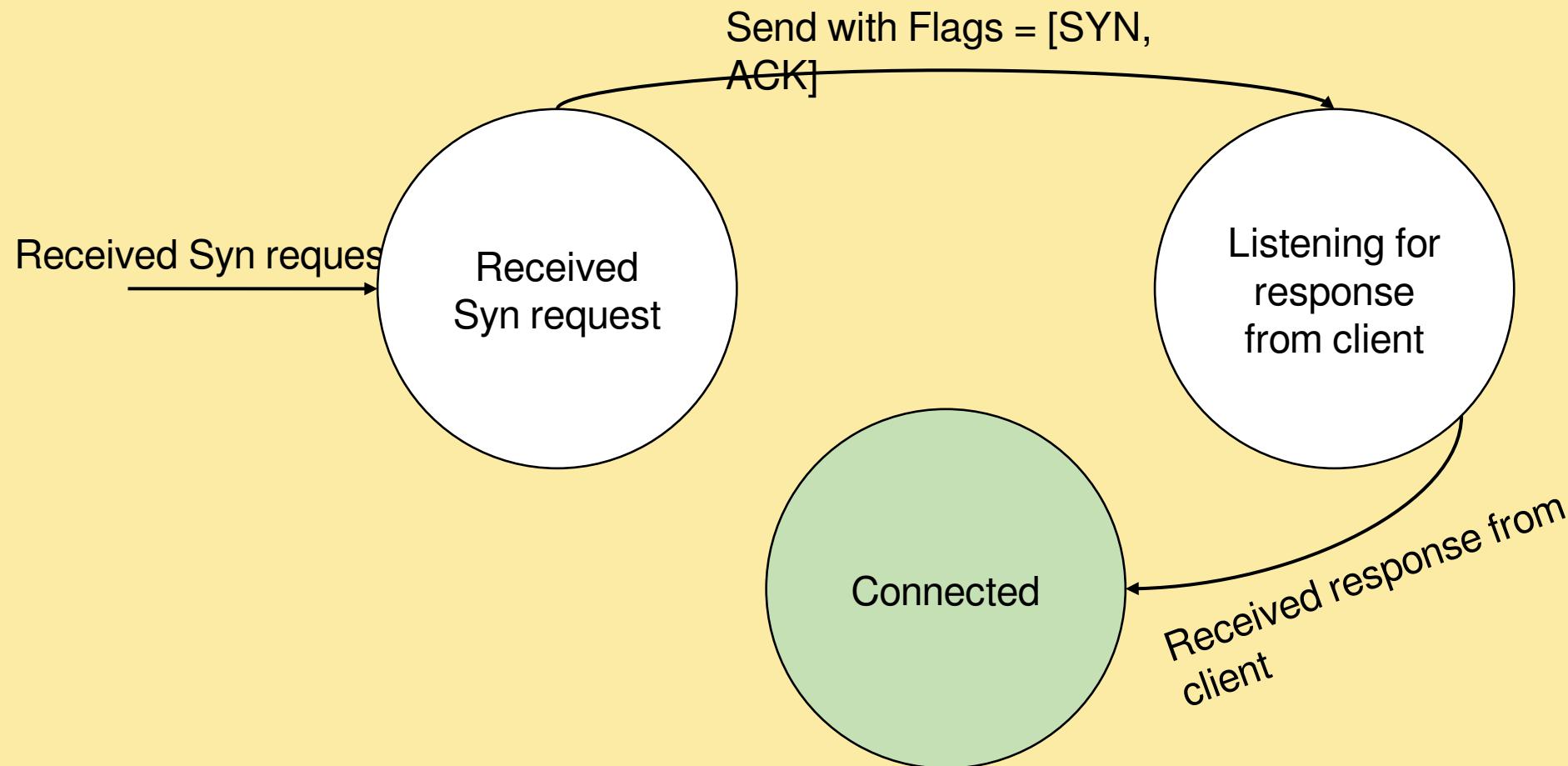
The Three Way Handshake

Host
1

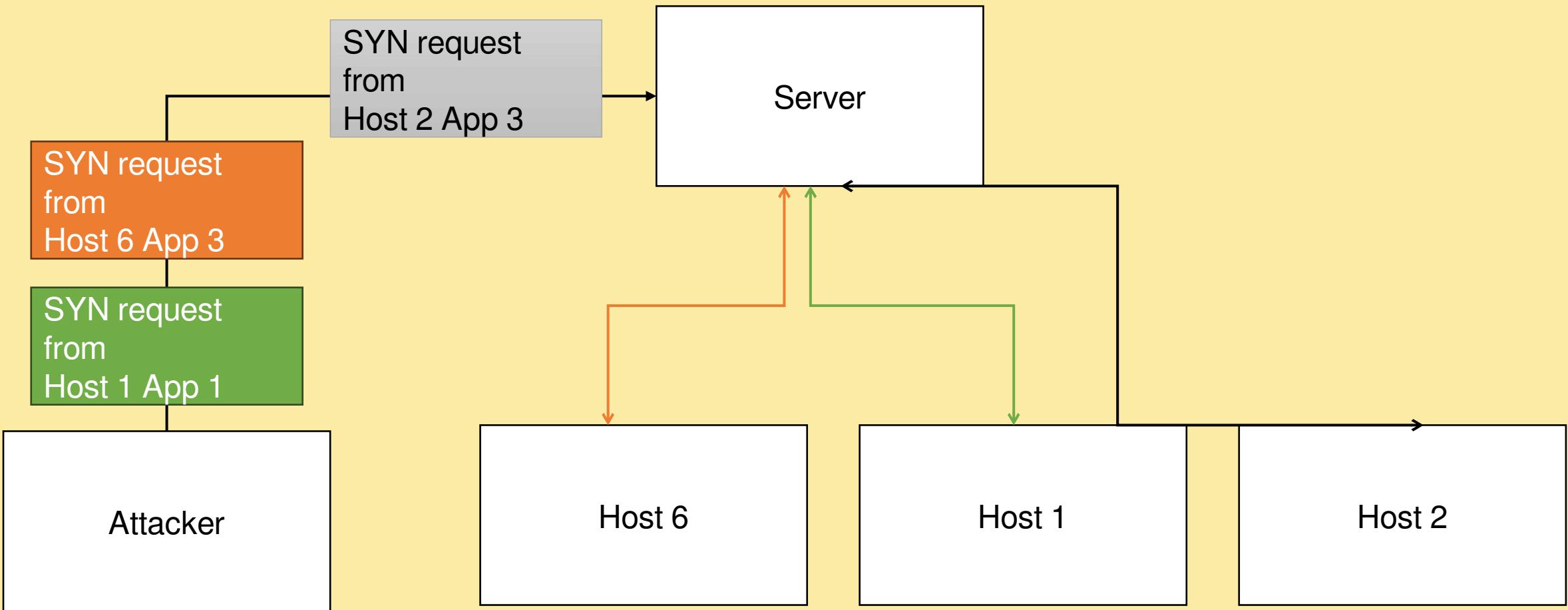
Host
2



State Machine of a TCP Server

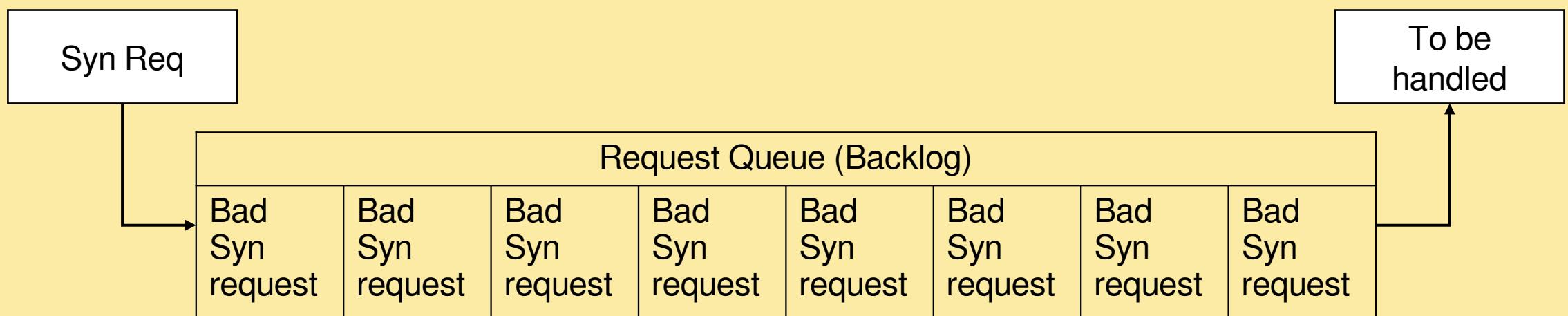


SYN Floods



SYN Flooding is Cheap

Always Waiting on Non-Existing Clients

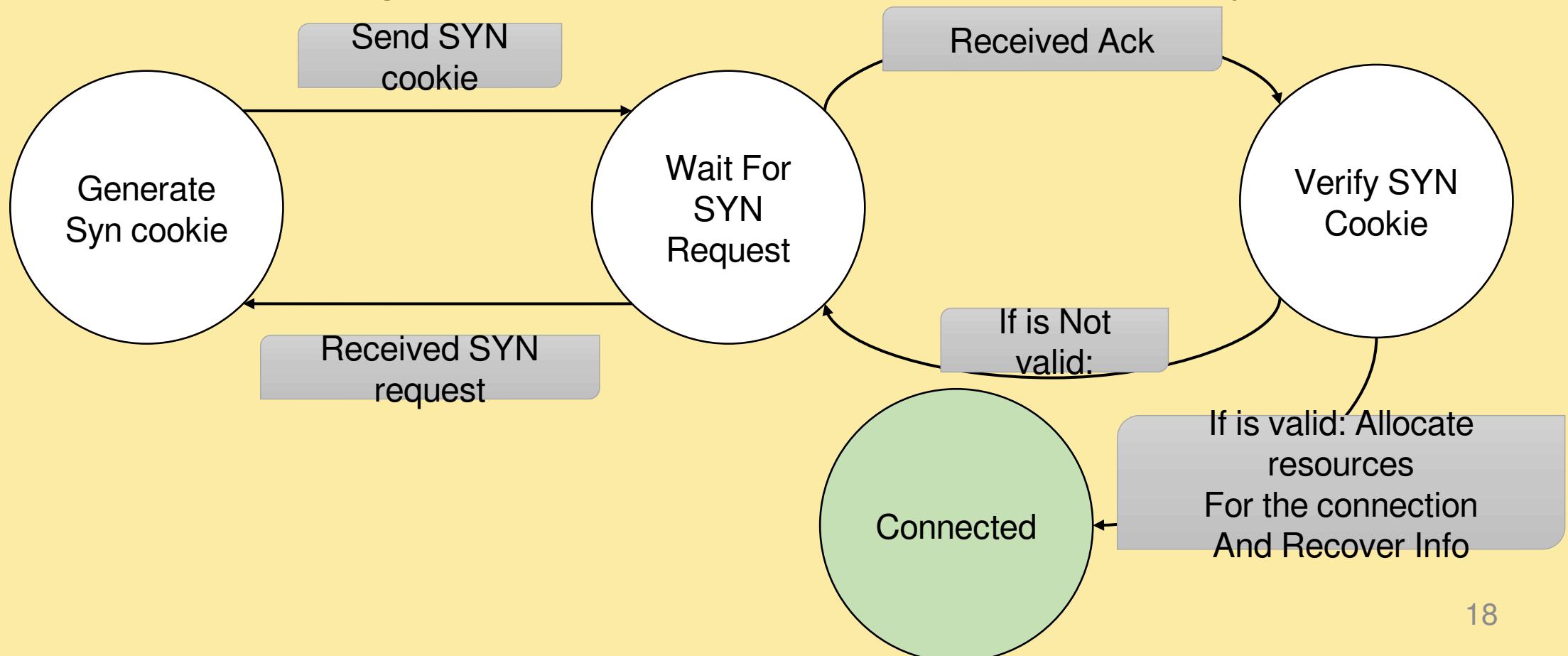


Syn Cookies

- Handle the Handshake Stateless
- No More Request Queue (Backlog)
- Reconstructing the Connection

How is it Done?

Forget the Connection But Not Really



Information to Recover

- Server and Client's IP Address
- Server and Client's Sequence Number
- Server and Client's Port
- Server and Client Maximum Segment Size (MSS)
- TCP Options (Optional but Important)

Why Encoding Stuff?

- Preventing Against Connection Spoofing
- Being Flooded with Acks

Benefits and Drawbacks of Syn Cookies

- Higher Cost of Syn floods
- Lower Memory Usage
- No Direct Support For TCP Options
- Higher CPU Usage
- Complexity

Learn More

- [linux/net/ipv4/syncookies.c](https://github.com/torvalds/linux/blob/master/net/ipv4/syncookies.c)
- [lwn.net/Articles/
277146](https://lwn.net/Articles/277146)

Questions

Presentation Files:
github.com/AliGhaffarian/university_things