

Analytic Workflow and Managing and Cleaning Data

Week 02-BEM2031 Term2: 2023/24



Today:

- Analyse and identify the components of a data pipeline
- List the different stages of data cleaning and model development
- Appraise potential issues with data and evaluate which tools are best suited to solve these issues



Advantages:

Large community of resources

Free and open source with a large number of statistics-related libraries

Excellent visualisations

Disadvantages:

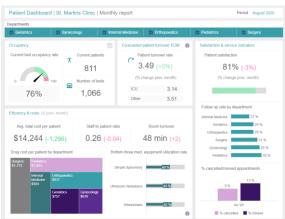
Speed and memory management

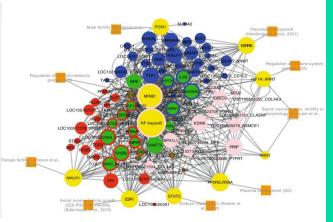


"Knowledge of programming fundamentals certainly helps when adding R to your toolbox, but I wouldn't say it's required to get started.

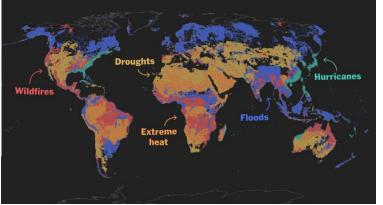
I wouldn't even say R is for programmers. It's best suited for people that have data-oriented problems they're trying to solve, regardless of their programming aptitude."

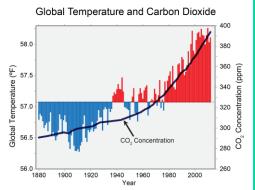






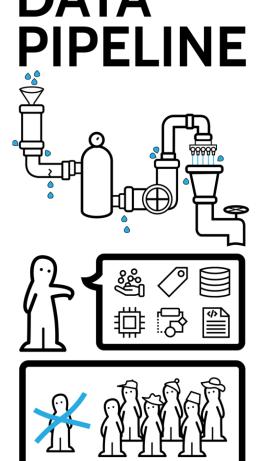


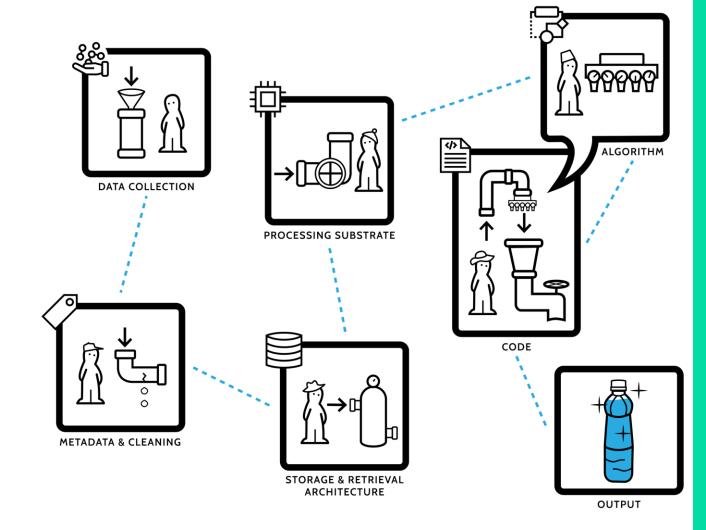


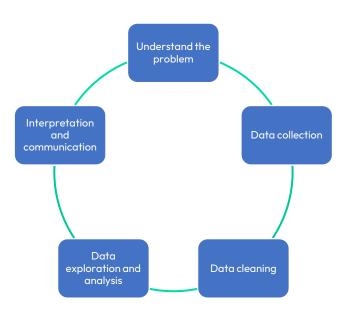




DATA

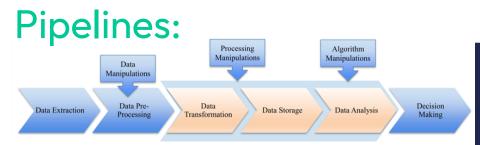


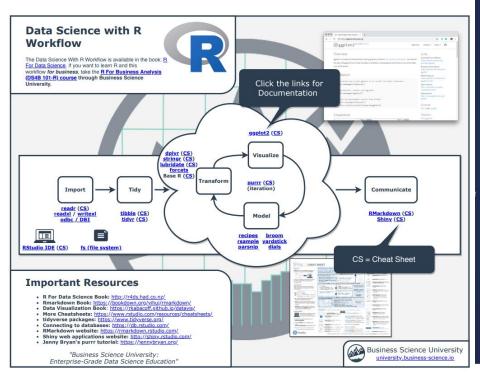


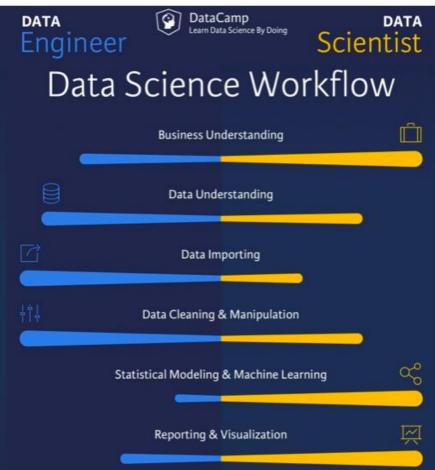


- **Problem definition:** Identifying and understanding business problem or opportunity
- **Data collection:** Gathering and understanding the necessary data from various sources
- Data Cleaning and Preprocessing: Refining the data to ensure quality and relevance
- Data Exploration and Analysis: Investigating the data for patterns and insights
- Model building: Developing descriptive/predictive/prescriptive models
- Validation and testing: Assessing the model's performance and accuracy
- Interpretation and communication
- **Deployment:** Implementing the model in a real-world setting (or further iteration back round the loop)









CRISP-DM

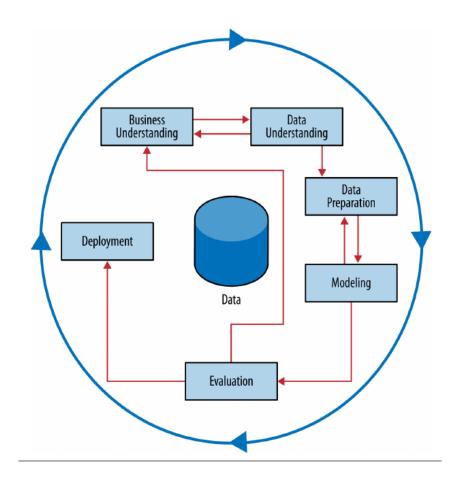
Cross Industry Standard Process for Data Mining - **CRISP-DM**

- Business Understanding
- Data Understanding
- Data Preparation
- Modelling
- Evaluation
- Deployment

Chapman, P., Clinton, J., Kerber, R., Khabaza, T., Reinartz, T., Shearer, C., & Wirth, R. (2000). CRISP-DM 1.0: Step-by-step data mining guide. SPSS inc, 9(13), 1-73 CRISPMWP-1104-1C.qxd (exeter.ac.uk)

Schröer, C., Kruse, F., & Gómez, J. M. (2021). A systematic literature review on applying CRISP-DM process model. *Procedia Computer Science*, 181, 526-534.





CRISP-DM

Business Understanding	Data Understanding	Data Preparation	Modeling	Evaluation	Deployment
Determine Business Objectives Background Business Objectives Business Objectives Business Success Criteria Assess Situation Inventory of Resources Requirements, Assumptions, and Constraints Risks and Contingencies Terminology Costs and Benefits Determine Data Mining Goals Data Mining Goals Data Mining Success Criteria Produce Project Plan Initial Assessment of Tools and Techniques	Collect Initial Data Initial Data Collection Report Describe Data Data Description Report Explore Data Data Exploration Report Verify Data Quality Data Quality Report	Select Data Rationale for Inclusion/ Exclusion Clean Data Data Cleaning Report Construct Data Derived Attributes Generated Records Integrate Data Merged Data Format Data Reformatted Data Dataset Dataset Description	Select Modeling Techniques Modeling Technique Modeling Assumptions Generate Test Design Test Design Build Model Parameter Settings Models Model Descriptions Assess Model Model Assessment Revised Parameter Settings	Evaluate Results Assessment of Data Mining Results w.r.t. Business Success Criteria Approved Models Review Process Review of Process Determine Next Steps List of Possible Actions Decision	Plan Deployment Deployment Plan Plan Monitoring and Maintenance Monitoring and Maintenance Plan Produce Final Report Final Report Final Presentation Review Project Experience Documentation



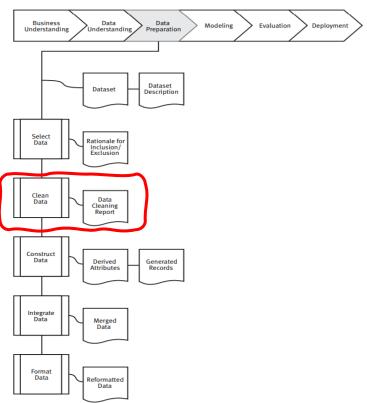
Figure 3: Generic tasks (bold) and outputs (italic) of the CRISP-DM reference model

Data Preparation

- Selecting
- Cleaning
- Constructing
- Integrating
- Formatting



3 Data preparation



Data Preparation

700 NE 63RD ST

6100 S YALE AVE

7401 N Kelley Ave

390 NW 36TH ST

907 S DETROIT AVE

4600 E. 2nd Street

606 N. 145th East Avei TULSA

4500 S. 129th E Ave, S TULSA

a \$5-10 million FUSION INDUSTRIES, LLC

a \$5-10 million GRIFFIN COMMUNICATIONS, LLC

a \$5-10 million INDUSTRIAL PIPING SPECIALISTS INC.

a \$5-10 million LATSHAW DRILLING COMPANY, LLC

a \$5-10 million LEGEND ENERGY SERVICES, LLC

a \$5-10 million LIFE. CHURCH OPERATIONS, LLC

a \$5-10 million IMAGENET CONSULTING LLC

a \$5-10 million GDH CONSULTING INC

a \$5-10 million HAC, INC

a \$5-10 million INCEED LLC

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	ı	J	К	L	М
LoanRange	BusinessName	Address	City	State	Zip	NAICSCode	BusinessType	RaceEthnicity	Gender	Veteran	NonPro	JobsRetained
a \$5-10 million	A G EQUIPMENT COMPANY	3401 W ALBANY ST	BROKEN ARRO	ОК	74012	333132	Corporation	Unanswered	Unanswered	Unanswered		470
a \$5-10 million	ADVANTAGE ENERGY SERVICES LLC	1010 N MAIN ST	MCALESTER	ОК	74501	211120	Limited Liability	Unanswered	Unanswered	Unanswered		115
a \$5-10 million	AMERICAN PIPING INSPECTION, IN	17110 E Pine	TULSA	ОК	74037	238210	Corporation	White	Male Owned	Non-Veteran		344
a \$5-10 million	AXH HOLDINGS	2230 E 49TH ST	TULSA	ОК	74105	332410	Limited Liability	Unanswered	Unanswered	Unanswered		409
a \$5-10 million	B & H CONSTRUCTION, LLC	301 James Dean Dr	NORMAN	ОК	73072	237110	Limited Liability	Unanswered	Unanswered	Unanswered		250
a \$5-10 million	BECCO CONTRACTORS INC	13737 E 46TH ST N	TULSA	ОК	74116	237310	Corporation	Unanswered	Unanswered	Unanswered		0
a \$5-10 million	BENNETT CONSTRUCTION, INC.	525 CENTRAL PARK DR	OKLAHOMA CI	ток	73105	236117	Corporation	White	Male Owned	Non-Veteran		429
a \$5-10 million	BERENDSEN FLUID POWER, INC.	401 S Boston Ave, Ste	TULSA	ОК	74103	423830	Corporation	Unanswered	Unanswered	Unanswered		280
a \$5-10 million	BOFS MANAGEMENT LLC	210 Park Ave	OKLAHOMA CI	ток	73102	213112	Limited Liability	Unanswered	Unanswered	Unanswered		494
a \$5-10 million	CHC HOLDINGS	3105 S MERIDIAN AVE	OKLAHOMA CI	ток	73119	621610	Limited Liability	Unanswered	Unanswered	Unanswered		386
a \$5-10 million	COLLISION WORKS OF OKLAHOMA, LLC	3224 SE 29TH ST	OKLAHOMA CI	ток	73115	811121	Limited Liability	Unanswered	Unanswered	Unanswered		449
a \$5-10 million	COMPSOURCE MUTUAL INSURANCE CON	1901 N Walnut	OKLAHOMA CI	ток	73105	524210	Corporation	Unanswered	Unanswered	Unanswered		289
a \$5-10 million	COVERCRAFT INDUSTRIES, LLC	100 Enterprise B;vd	PAULS VALLEY	ОК	73075	314999	Limited Liability	Unanswered	Female Owne	Unanswered		475
a \$5-10 million	D & M CARRIERS LLC	8125 SW 15TH ST	OKLAHOMA CI	ток	73128	484110	Limited Liability	Unanswered	Unanswered	Unanswered		495
a \$5-10 million	DELAWARE RESOURCE GROUP OF OKLAH	3220 Quail Springs Par	OKLAHOMA CI	ток	73134	336413	Corporation	American Indi	Male Owned	Unanswered		500

73105

74136

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74134

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237130 Limited Liability White

561311 Limited Liability White

237120 Subchapter S Co White

211120 Limited Liability Unanswered

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5801 N BROADWAY EX OKLAHOMA CIT OK

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Male Owned Non-Veteran

Male Owned Non-Veteran

Male Owned Non-Veteran

Unanswered Unanswered

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515210 Limited Liability Unanswered Unanswered Unanswered

445110 Subchapter S Co Unanswered Unanswered Unanswered

423430 Limited Liability Unanswered Unanswered Unanswered

213112 Limited Liability Unanswered Unanswered Unanswered

813110 Non-Profit Orgar Unanswered Unanswered Y

Select data

Task

Select data

Decide on the data to be used for analysis. Criteria include relevance to the data mining goals, quality, and technical constraints such as limits on data volume or data types. Note that data selection covers selection of attributes (columns) as well as selection of records (rows) in a table.

Output

Rationale for inclusion/exclusion List the data to be included/excluded and the reasons for these decisions.



Clean data

Task

Clean data

Raise the data quality to the level required by the selected analysis techniques. This may involve selection of clean subsets of the data, the insertion of suitable defaults, or more ambitious techniques such as the estimation of missing data by modelling.

Data cleaning report

Describe what decisions and actions were taken to address the data quality problems reported during the Verify Data Quality task of the Data Understanding phase. Transformations of the data for cleaning purposes and the possible impact on the analysis results should be considered.



Construct, Integrate, Format data

Deriving attributes:

e.g. A new column combining data from two other columns

Merging data:

e.g. joining together other datasets or tables, aggregating data

Format data:

e.g. Sorting, re-shaping, removing punctuation from headers etc.





Clean data

ID	Cust-Name	DOB	Home_ town	Postcode	Gender	Product Rating	Feedback
C1001	J.Smith	10/02/1981	London	LD12AB	М	5	excelent
C1002	Mary Williams	2.02/1981	Exeter	EX12AB		4	good
C1003	Emily	3/02/1980	Plymouth	PL1 2AB		5	excellent
C1004	Sara Roberts	1981-02-5	York		F	3	fair
C1005	Dave	15/02/1981			М		
C1006	June Ford	21/04/1981	Glasgow	GA12AB	F		good
C1007	Winter Phillips	11/12/1981	York	Y012AB	F	3	goOd
C1008	Julie	19/08/1981		PL2 2AB	F	2	Acceptab;le
C1009	Andi Smith	1 May 1980	Oxford	OX1 2AB		1	poor
C1010	Paula Penn	10/11/1981	Stafford	ST1 2AB	F	10	brilliant

Data Cleaning

- ID
- Variable type
- Extreme values
- Missing values
- Missing data
- Duplicate values
- Text processing stop word removal, case conversion, special character removal

Data Preparation

- Derived attributes
- Merge with other datasets for extra insight
- Reformat



Re-shaping data

Chipset	Site A	Site B	Site C	Site D
Hello	15	8	30	27
Snapdragon	29	17	14	42
Dimensity	10	19	25	23

Chipset	Site	DBH (mill)
Hello	Α	15
Hello	В	8
Hello	С	30
Hello	D	27
Snapdragon	Α	29
Snapdragon	В	17
Snapdragon	С	14
Snapdragon	D	42
Dimensity	Α	10
Dimensity	В	19
Dimensity	С	25
Dimensity	D	23

Wide

Long



Basic data types in R:

- •numeric (10.5, 55, 787)
- •integer (1L, 55L, 100L, where the letter "L" declares this as an integer)
- •Character (e.g postcodes, IDs, names)
- •factor ('female', 'male')('excellent', 'okay', 'poor')
- •logical (a.k.a. boolean) (TRUE or FALSE)

We can use the class() function to check the data type of a variable

Or glimpse() to see the class of each column in a dataset

is.na() to find missing values

Useful commands for inspecting data in R

head: this by default prints the first 6 rows of the dataframe

tail: this by default prints the last 6 rows to the console

str: this prints the structure of your dataframe

dim: this by default prints the dimensions, that is, the number of rows and columns of your dataframe

colnames: this prints the names of the columns of your dataframe

summary: this function provides summary statistics on the columns of the data frame

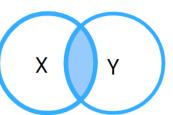


Merging / joining

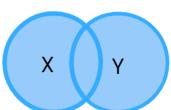
Inner join consists of merging two dataframes in one that contains the common elements of both, as described in the following illustration:

Full (outer) join merges all the columns of both data sets into one for all elements: Left (outer) join consists of matching all the rows in the first data frame with the corresponding values on the second. The right join in R is the opposite of the left outer join. In this case, the merge consists of joining all the rows in the second data frame with the corresponding on the first.

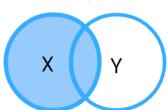
INNER JOIN



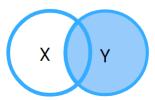
OUTER JOIN



LEFT JOIN



RIGHT JOIN



How to merge data in R using R merge, dplyr, or data.table | InfoWorld



Tasks for next week: Data visualisation



Read: Storytelling with Data (pdf on ELE)



Watch: Turning bad charts into compelling stories

Dominic Bohan |

TEDxYouth@Singapore - YouTube



Listen: <u>Data Is</u>
<u>Personal with Evan</u>
Peck – Data Stories



<u>Do the Rstudio</u> primer/visualisation Posit Cloud

Download and save files for Week 3 workshop





Any questions?

