

# Scheme1 Core Small-step Operational Semantics

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The Scheme1 core small-step operational semantics is given as a two-place relation between expressions  $e$  and  $e'$ , written  $e \longrightarrow e'$ , pronounced “ $e$  steps to  $e'$ ”. Formally, the small-step semantics is taken to be the smallest relation closed under the following rules:

## Values

The Scheme1 Core values are the two Boolean values true and false, numbers, and functions of the form (fun  $x$   $e_1$ ). The notation  $[x \mapsto v]e$  denotes capture-avoiding substitution of value  $v$  for variable  $x$  in expression  $e$ . We let metavariables  $b$  and  $n$  (variously  $n_1$ ,  $n_2$ , etc.) range over Boolean values and numbers, respectively.

## Unary operators

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{E-NOT1} \\ \dfrac{e \longrightarrow e'}{(\text{not } e) \longrightarrow (\text{not } e')} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{E-NOT} \\ \dfrac{}{(\text{not } b) \longrightarrow \neg b} \end{array}$$

## Binary operators

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{E-BINOP1} \\ \dfrac{e_1 \longrightarrow e'_1}{(op\ e_1\ e_2) \longrightarrow (op\ e'_1\ e_2)} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{E-BINOP2} \\ \dfrac{e_2 \longrightarrow e'_2}{(op\ n_1\ e_2) \longrightarrow (op\ n_1\ e'_2)} \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{E-BINOP} \\ \dfrac{n_1\ op\ n_2 = v \quad op \in \{+, *, -, /, =, <\}}{(op\ n_1\ n_2) \longrightarrow v} \end{array}$$

## Conditionals

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{E-IF1} \\ \dfrac{e_1 \longrightarrow e'_1}{(\text{if } e_1\ e_2\ e_3) \longrightarrow (\text{if } e'_1\ e_2\ e_3)} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{E-IF-TRUE} \\ \dfrac{}{(\text{if true } e_2\ e_3) \longrightarrow e_2} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{E-IF-FALSE} \\ \dfrac{}{(\text{if false } e_2\ e_3) \longrightarrow e_3} \end{array}$$

## Functions

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{E-APP1} \\ \frac{e_1 \longrightarrow e'_1}{(e_1 \ e_2) \longrightarrow (e'_1 \ e_2)} \\[1em] \text{E-APP2} \\ \frac{e_2 \longrightarrow e'_2}{((\text{fun } x \ e_1) \ e_2) \longrightarrow ((\text{fun } x \ e_1) \ e'_2)} \\[1em] \text{E-APP} \\ \frac{}{((\text{fun } x \ e_1) \ v_2) \longrightarrow [x \mapsto v_2]e_1} \end{array}$$