

# **Data Science Workshop Series**

**S01-SS02**

## **Linux: what and why?**

**By: Alireza Vafaei Sadr**

**May-2019-IPM**

- 
- Computer
  - Operating System
  - Linux

# Computer:



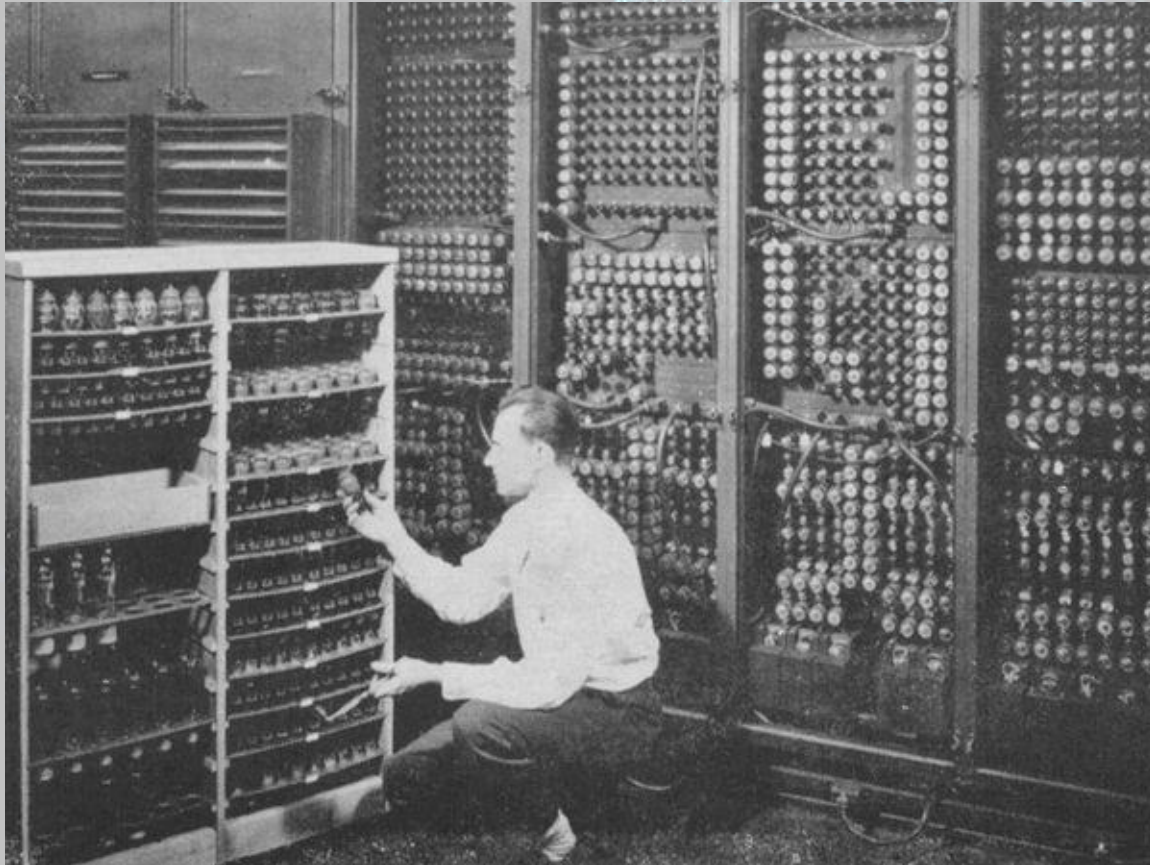
1613-1950



# Computer:

- Logical
- Arithmetic

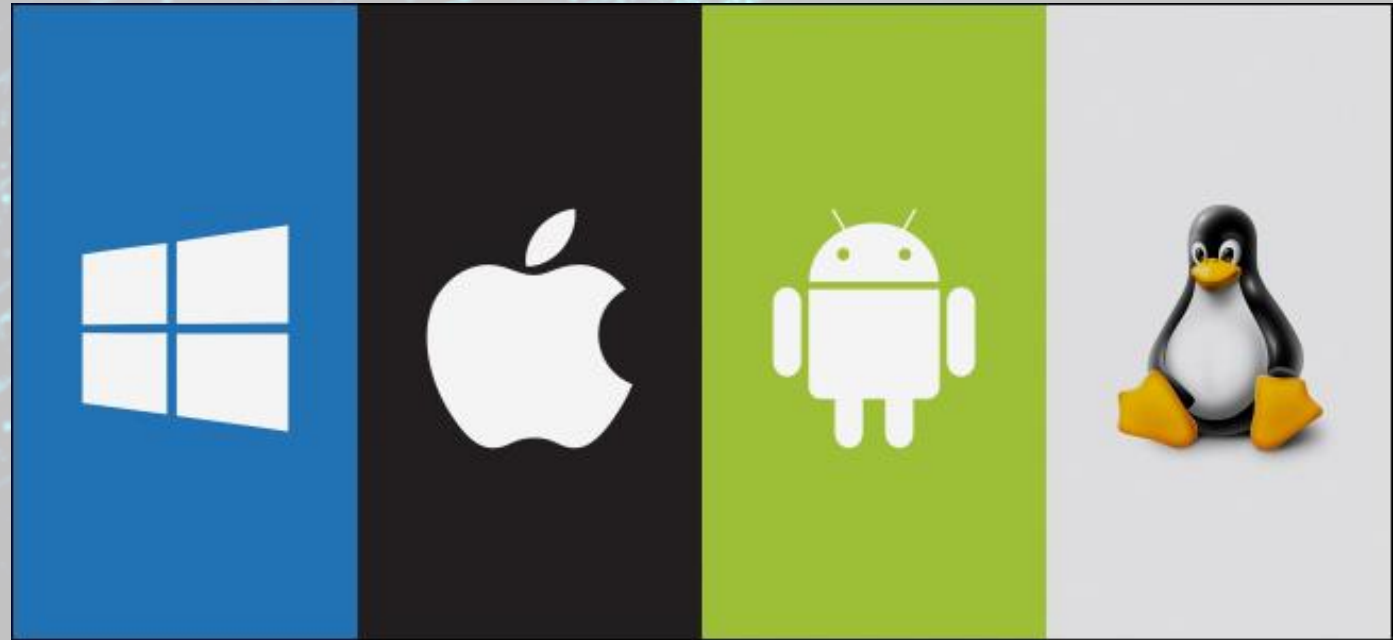
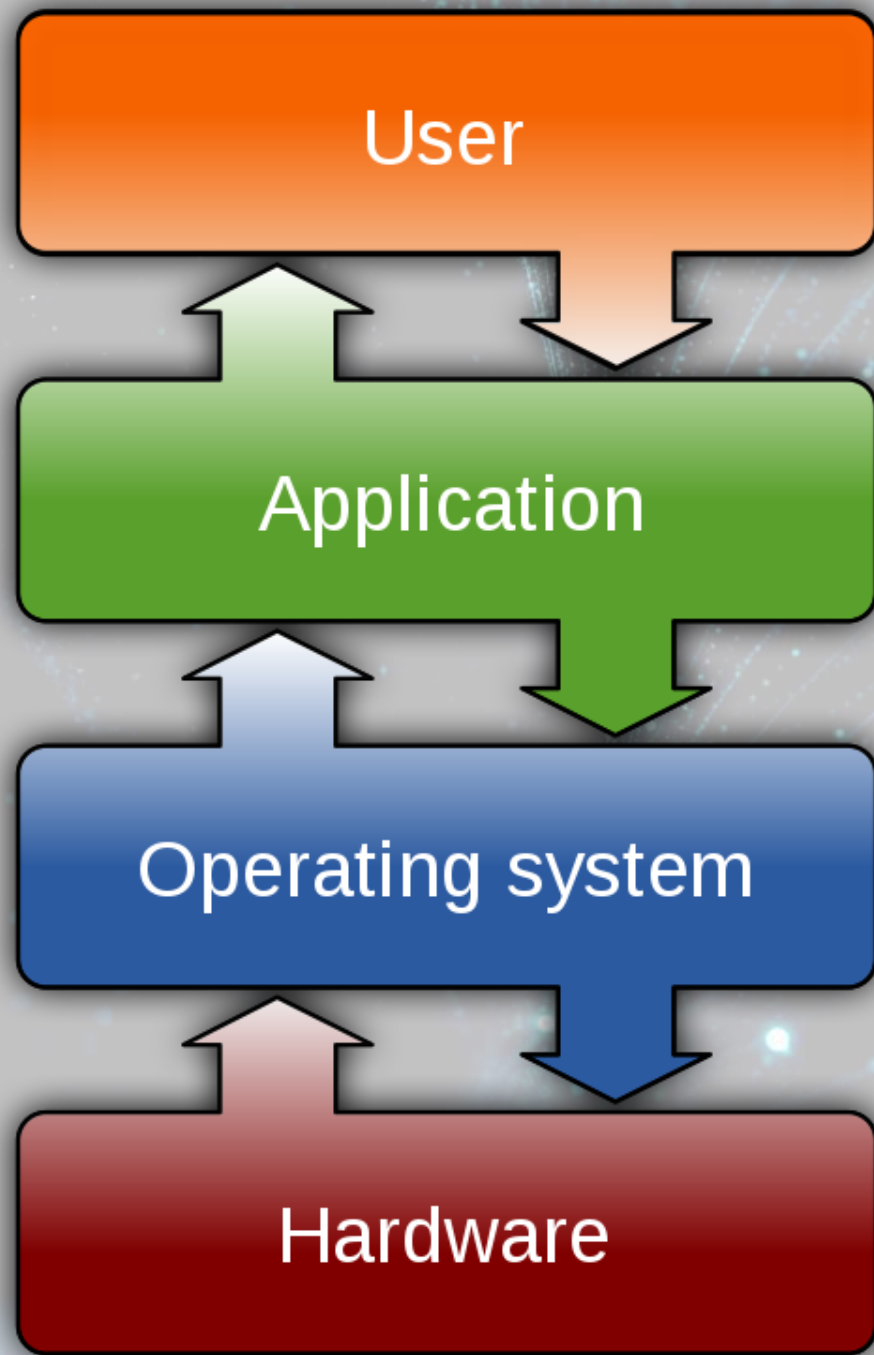
# Computer:





# Computer:





November 3, 1971, beginning of the story:



**AT&T**

**UNIX<sup>®</sup>**



# Richard Stallman

<https://stallman.org/>



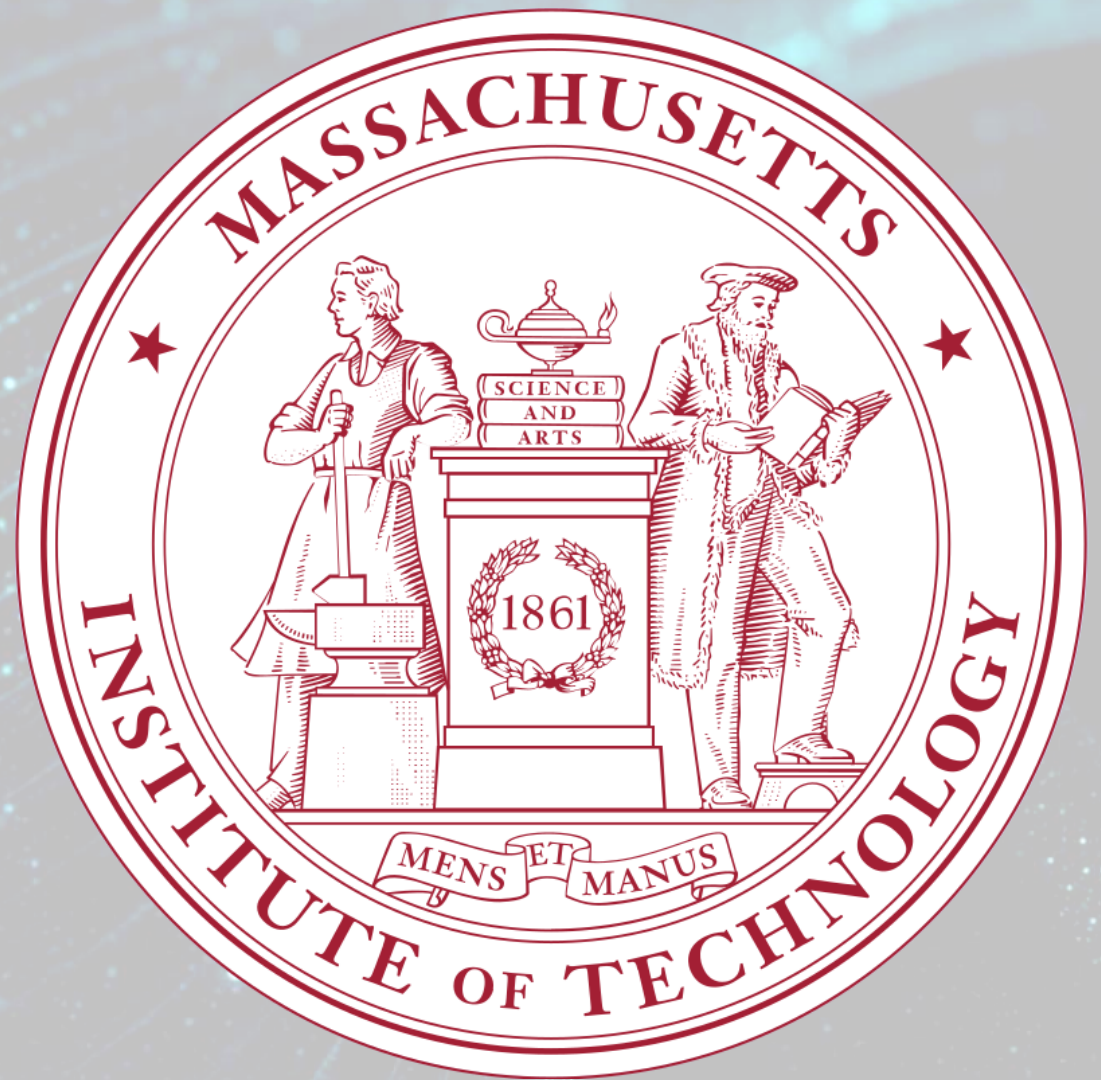
# Richard Stallman







BSD



GNU

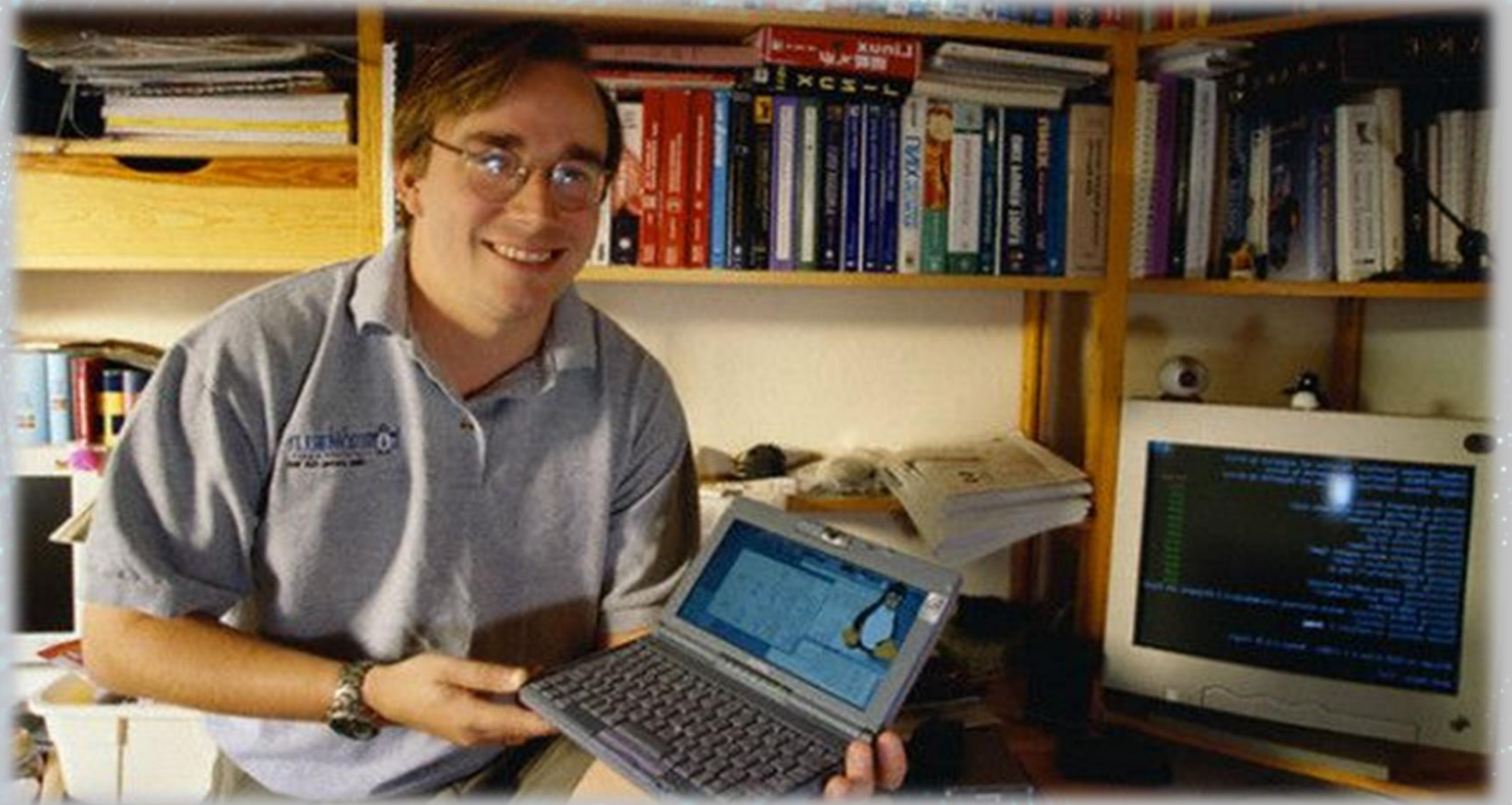


***Free as in Freedom***

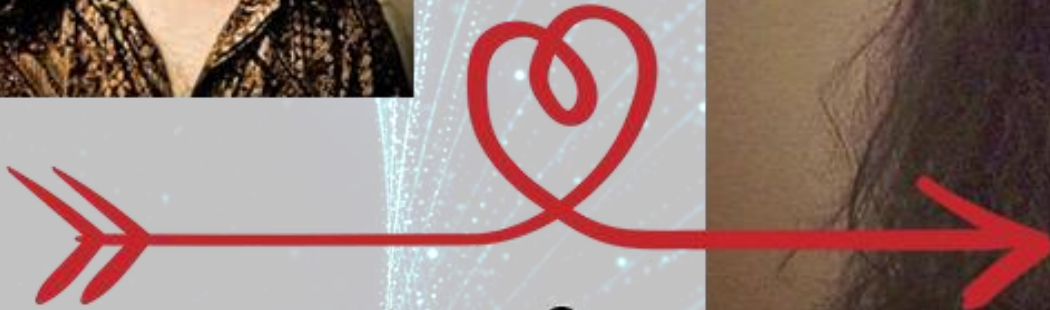


- 0) The freedom to run the program as you wish, for any purpose.
- 1) The freedom to study how the program works, and change it so it does your computing as you wish. Access to the source code is a precondition for this.
- 2) The freedom to redistribute copies so you can help your neighbor.
- 3) The freedom to distribute copies of your modified versions to others. By doing this you can give the whole community a chance to benefit from your changes. Access to the source code is a precondition for this.

# Linus Torvalds







GNU/Linux



Ubuntu



Fedora



Debian



Arch



Gentoo



Linux  
From  
Scratch







## Linux, unixoide, ZETA



## Mac OSX

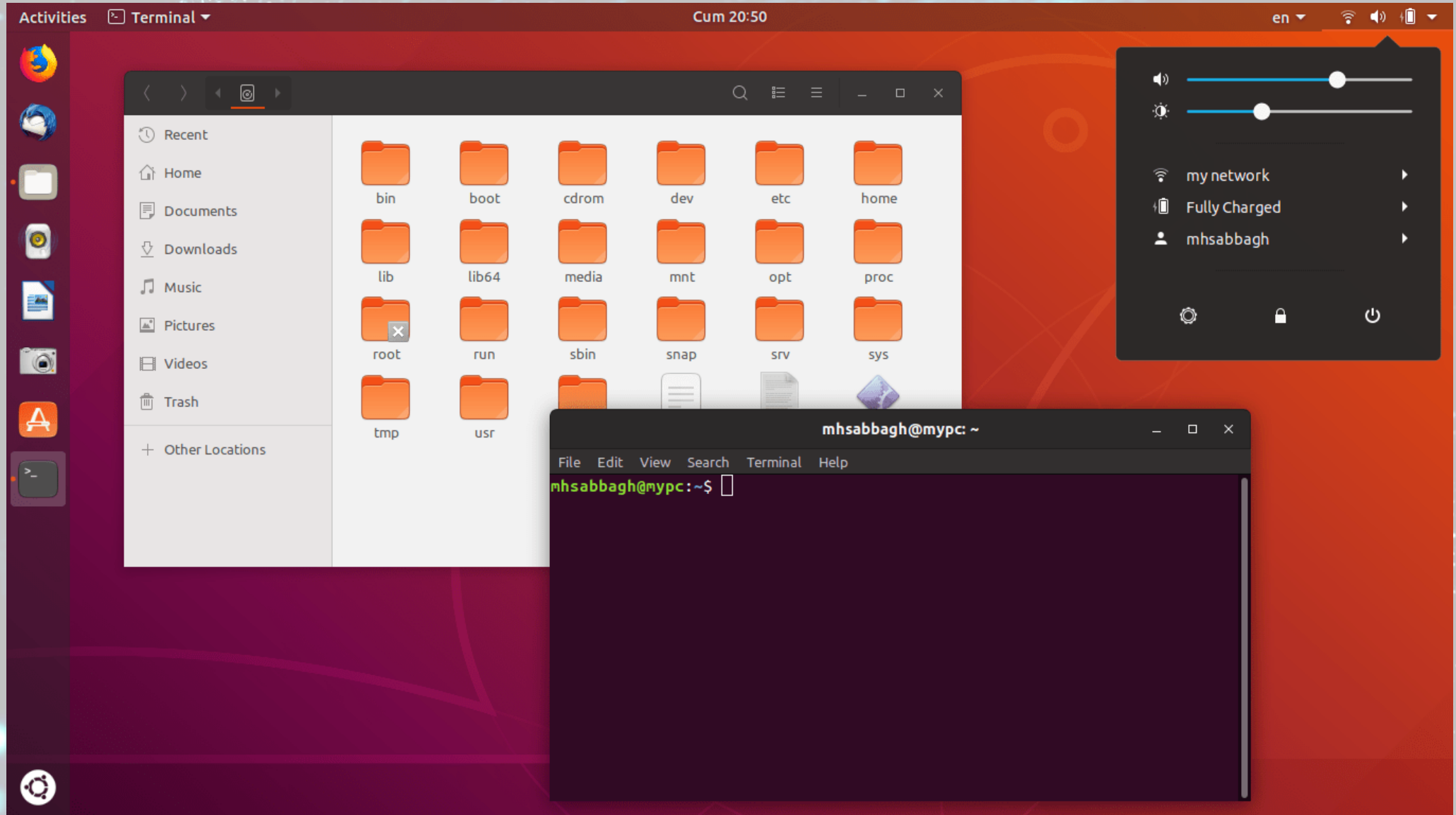


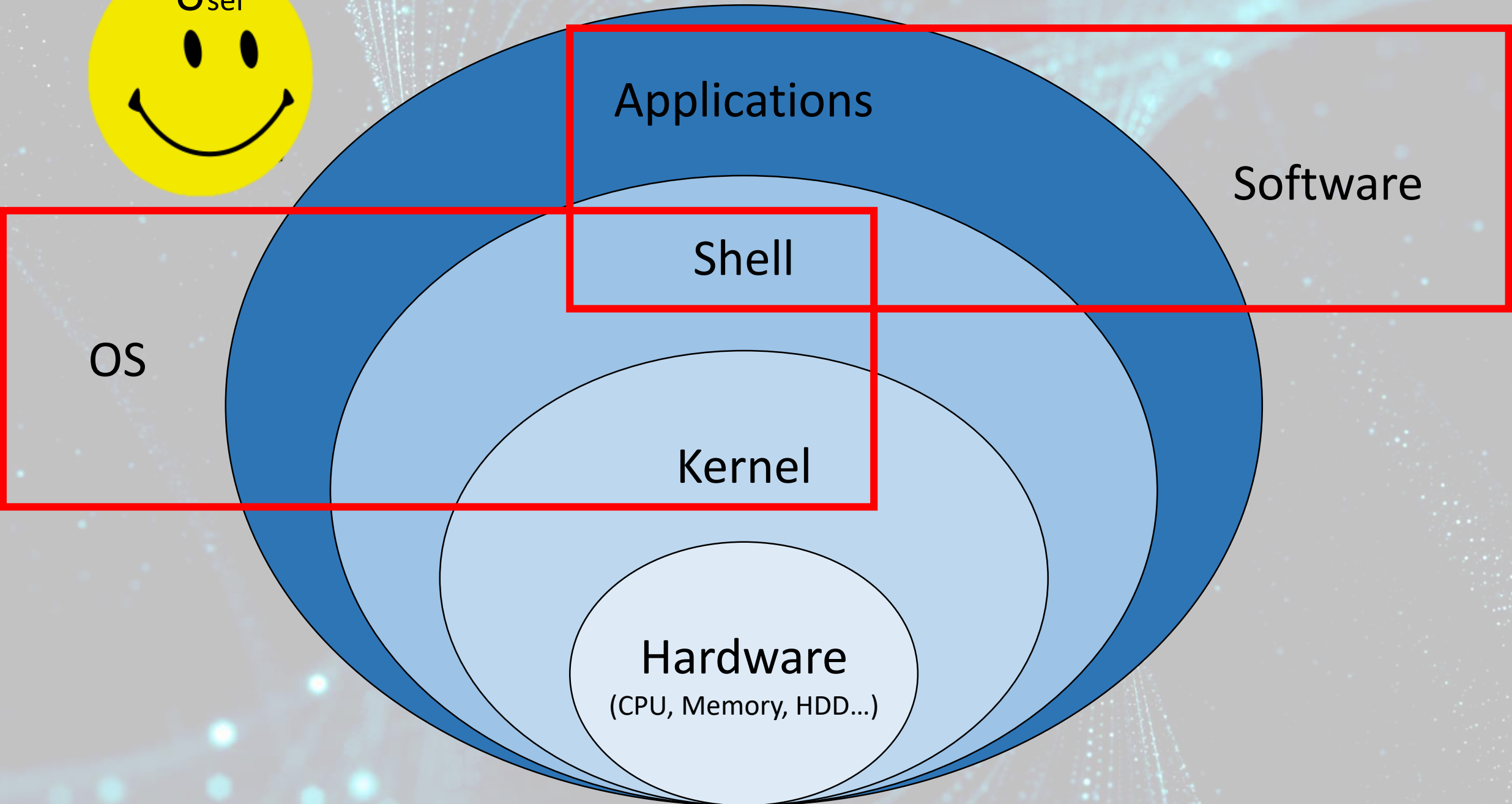
## Windows NT/2000/XP





# CLI vs. GUI:





User

Applications

Software

Shell

OS

Kernel

Hardware

(CPU, Memory, HDD...)



- Linux has a super administrator named “root”
- “root” is the most powerful account, don’t mess with it!  
It is able to create, modify and delete anything.
- Linux is case sensitive.
- It’s usually better to avoid using space in names.
- Linux is going to give you freedom, take it. Try to possess your computer.
- Keep your home clean!
- You want to install something? No more “next”!



# BASH

THE BOURNE-AGAIN SHELL



LET'S DIVE!

