## Weekly Challenge 05: Regularity

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## 1. Regular?

Prove or disprove the following claim.

Claim 1. The language,  $L = \{w^i w^j \mid w \in \{0,1\}^*, 0 < i \le j\}$ , is regular.

**Solution:** The language  $L = \{w^i w^j \mid w \in \{0,1\}^*, 0 < i \le j\}$  consists of all possible concatenations of '0's and '1's repeated *i* times, and then *j* times where  $0 < i \le j$ .

Assume that L is regular, then the pumping lemma should hold. Consider a string  $s = 0^p 10^p 1$  where  $w = 0^p 1, i = 1, j = 1$ . Since  $s \in L$ , and  $|s| \ge p$ , the pumping pemma guarantees that s can be split into three pieces, s = xyz such that:

- 1. for each  $i \geq 0$ ,  $xy^i z \in L$ ,
- 2. |y| > 0
- $3. |xy| \leq p$

Condition 3 of the pumping lemma guarantees that y can only consist of 0s;

- y cannot be a 1, as that would imply  $x = 0^p$ , then |xy| > p, furthermore, then the first part of the string would have more 1s than the second part, which is a contradiction.
- By the same argument as above, y cannot be a combination of a 1 followed by some 0s either as that would imply  $x = 0^p$ , then |xy| > p

Then  $xy = 0^p$  and  $y = 0^m$ , and  $x = 0^{p-m}$  Pumping y into the string,

$$xyyz = 0^p 0^m 10^p 1$$
$$xy^2 z = 0^{p+m} 10^p 1$$

This shows that the first part of the string will contain more number of 0s than the later half since p + m > p, and since the later half still has only p 0s, then  $xy^2z \notin L$ , hence we arrive at a contradiction as the pumping lemma does not hold.

Hence proved that L is not regular.