Habib University
Operating Systems - CS232

Assignment 02 - Report

Simulating A Scheduler

Instructor: Munzir Zafar

Ali Muhammad Asad - aa07190

Contents

1 Introduction

The assignment is to write a simulator for a process scheduler using C language. Processes will be given to the program on the command line terminal, along with the scheduling algorithm to use, then the program will select the given processing algorithm to manage the processes with. A queue data structure has been made to store the processes based on time of arrival, and this queue will be passed as an argument to the scheduler along with the system time (by default it is always 0 thus a scheduler always starts from 0 system time).

The scheduling algorithms are FIFO (First-In-First-Out), SJF (Shortest Job First), STCF (Shortest Time to Completion First), and RR (Round Robin).

2 Makefile

The accompanying makefile has also been provided with the program, and supports the following commands:

- `make build`: builds the program and creates an executable file `scheduler`
- `make run`: runs the program, input has to be provided on the command line (input format is discussed in the next section)
- `make clean`: removes the executable file `scheduler`

3 Input

The input is given in the command line / terminal. The first line will be the total number N of processes `(int)`, followed by the scheduling policy `(string)` in the second line which could be one of FIFO, SJF, STCF, RR. Then N lines of input will follow, each containing the following data separated by colon `(:)`; Process Name `pname`, Process ID `pid`, Process total runtime `duration`, and Process Arrival Time `arrivaltime`. `pname` will be a string of upto 10 chars, all other fields will be integers.
A Sample Input is as follows:

```
3
RR
P1:12:7:3
P2:15:3:5
P3:1:6:2
end
```

The last line `end` is just there to show there are no more processes, you can replace it with any other string and the program will still work. But you do need to provide something after you have given the last process else it won't move forward (courtesy of hackerrank and given code that I won't change).

4 Output

The program simulates the scheduler at every step, showing the state of the system in the following format:

```
time: running name: ready queue names comma separated:
```

- `time` represents the clock-ticks passed since the system started (assuing a clock-tick lasts 1 millisecond). System starts at 0 ticks, and a clock tick between 0 and 1 ms is considered as 1 tick.
- `running name` represents the name of the process currently running on the CPU, if no process is running then it will be `idle`.
- `ready queue names` represents the names of the processes in the ready queue, if the ready queue is empty then it will be `empty`.

Sample Output for the given sample input:

```
1:idle:empty:
2:idle:empty:
3:P3:empty:
4:P3:P1(7),:
5:P1:P3(4),:
6:P3:P1(6),P2(3),:
7:P1:P2(3),P3(3),:
8:P2:P3(3),P1(5),:
9:P3:P1(5),P2(2),:
10:P1:P2(2),P3(2),:
11:P2:P3(2),P1(4),:
12:P3:P1(4),P2(1),:
13:P1:P2(1),P3(1),:
14:P2:P3(1),P1(3),:
15:P3:P1(3),:
16:P1:empty:
17:P1:empty:
18:P1:empty:
```

5 Scheduling Algorithms

Before running into the scheduling algorithms, a change was made to the Process Control Block (PCB) struct, in order to efficiently, and effectively calculate the response time. The PCB struct now contains a boolean variable `isfirsttime` which is set to true by default, and is set to false when the process is run for the first time. This way, the response time is calculated only once, and not every time the process is run. The PCB struct now looks like this:

```
struct pcb{                     // stores info on a process
  unsigned int pid;             // pid
  char pname[20];               // pname
  unsigned int ptimeleft;       // time left to complete
  unsigned int ptimearrival;    // time of arrival
  bool isfirsttime;             // flag for first run time check -> true
  unsigned int pfirstruntime; // time when process ran for the first time
}; typedef struct pcb pcb;
```

Listing 1: Struct PCB - Process Control Block

5.1 FIFO - First In First Out

```
void sched_FIFO(dlq *const p_fq, int *p_time){
  // initialize a queue to manage processes that are ready to run
  dlq queue; queue.head = queue.tail = NULL;
  // initialize the first process node from the head of the queue
  dlq_node *process = remove_from_head(p_fq);

  // initialize performance metrics
  int num_processes = 1;
  int rt1 = 0, response_time = 0;
  int turnaround_time = 0;
  int first_arrival = process->data->ptimearrival;

  while(1){
    (*p_time)++; // increment the system time
    // if no processes left to run, and both queues empty, break the loop
    if(!(process->data->ptimeleft) && is_empty(&queue) && is_empty(p_fq))
      break;

    // if processes are left and a process has arrived, add it to the
    queue and increment the number of processes
    if(!is_empty(p_fq) && p_fq->head->data->ptimearrival < (*p_time)){
      add_to_tail(&queue, remove_from_head(p_fq));
      num_processes++;
    }

    if(process->data->isfirsttime == true){ // if the process has not run
     before, set its first runtime to the system time and set isfirsttime
    to false
      process->data->isfirsttime = false;
      process->data->pfirstruntime = (*p_time);
      rt1 = (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
```

```
29        if (rt1 < 0) rt1 = 1;
30        response_time += rt1;
31      }
32
33      printf("%d:", (*p_time));
34      // if the process still has to arrive, print idle, else decrement its
         time and print its name
35      if(process->data->ptimearrival >= (*p_time))
36        printf("idle:");
37      else{
38        process->data->ptimeleft--;
39        printf("%s:", process->data->pname);
40      }
41      // if the queue is empty, print empty, else show contents of the
        queue
42      if(is_empty(&queue)) printf("empty:\n");
43      else{
44        print_q(&queue);
45        printf(":\n");
46      }
47
48      // if process has finished, calculate the turnaround time and add it
        to the total turnaround time, then remove another process from the
        queue if queue is not empty
49      if(process->data->ptimeleft == 0){
50        turnaround_time += (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
51        if (!is_empty(&queue))
52          process = remove_from_head(&queue);
53      }
54    } free(process);
55    float throughput = (float)num_processes / ((*p_time) - first_arrival);
56    float avg_turnaround_time = (float)turnaround_time / num_processes;
57    float avg_response_time = (float)response_time / num_processes;
58    printf("Throughput: %.3f\n", throughput);
59    printf("Average turnaround time: %.3f\n", avg_turnaround_time);
60    printf("Average response time: %.3f\n", avg_response_time);
61    return;
62  }
```

Listing 2: FIFO Scheduling Algorithm

The FIFO scheduling algorithm is the simplest of all, it just runs the processes in the order they arrive. The processes are stored in a queue, and the first process is removed from the head of the queue and run. If the process has not run before, its first runtime is set to the current system time, and the response time is calculated. The process is then run for 1 tick, and if it has finished, the turnaround time is calculated and the next process is removed from the queue. If the process has not finished, it is kept running until it finishes. If the queue is empty, the process is kept running until it finishes. If the queue is not empty, the next process is removed from the queue and run. This process is repeated until all processes have finished running, and both queues become empty. Then the performance metrics are used to calculate the average turnaround time, average response time, and throughput which is then printed out, and the function returns.

5.2 SJF - Shortest Job First

```
void sched_SJF(dlq *const p_fq, int *p_time){
  dlq queue; queue.head = queue.tail = NULL;
  dlq_node *process = remove_from_head(p_fq);

  int num_processes = 1, rt1 = 0, response_time = 0, turnaround_time = 0,
     first_arrival = process->data->ptimearrival;

  while(1){
    (*p_time)++;

    if(!(process->data->ptimeleft) && is_empty(&queue) && is_empty(p_fq))
      break;
    // if processes left with arrival time less than system time, add
    them to the tail of the queue, and sort by time to completion
    if(!is_empty(p_fq) && p_fq->head->data->ptimearrival < (*p_time)){
      add_to_tail(&queue, remove_from_head(p_fq));
      num_processes++;
      sort_by_timetocompletion(&queue);
    }

    if(process->data->isfirsttime == true){
      process->data->isfirsttime = false;
      process->data->pfirstruntime = (*p_time);
      rt1 = (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
      if (rt1 < 0) rt1 = 1;
      response_time += rt1;
    }

    printf("%d:", *p_time);
    // if process still has to arrive, print idle, else decrement its
    time and print its name
    if(process->data->ptimearrival >= (*p_time)) printf("idle:");
    else{
      process->data->ptimeleft--;
      printf("%s:", process->data->pname);
    }
    // if queue is empty, print empty, else show contents of the queue
    if(is_empty(&queue)) printf("empty:\n");
    else{
      print_q(&queue);
      printf(":\n");
    }

    if(process->data->ptimeleft == 0){
      turnaround_time += (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
      if(!is_empty(&queue))
        process = remove_from_head(&queue);
    }
  }
  free(process);
  float throughput = (float)num_processes / ((*p_time) - first_arrival);
```

```
49    float avg_turnaround_time = (float)turnaround_time / num_processes;
50    float avg_response_time = (float)response_time / num_processes;
51    printf("Throughput: %.3f\n", throughput);
52    printf("Average turnaround time: %.3f\n", avg_turnaround_time);
53    printf("Average response time: %.3f\n", avg_response_time);
54    return;
55  }
```

Listing 3: SJF Scheduling Algorithm

The Shortest Job First (SJF) algorithm derives from the FIFO algorithm. When a process arrives and is added to the ready queue, the queue is sorted by time to completion. Therefore, when the current process ends, the next process to run will be the one that has the shortest completion time. This simulates the shortest job first algorithm as the shortest job will always be the next one to run. The rest of the algorithm is the same as FIFO, and the performance metrics are calculated and printed at the end.

5.3 STCF - Shortest Time to Completion First

```
1  void sched_STCF(dlq *const p_fq, int *p_time){
2    dlq queue; queue.head = queue.tail = NULL;
3    dlq_node *process = remove_from_head(p_fq);
4
5    int num_processes = 1, rt1 = 0, response_time = 0, turnaround_time = 0,
       first_arrival = process->data->ptimearrival;
6
7    while(1){
8      (*p_time)++;
9      if(!(process->data->ptimeleft) && is_empty(&queue) && is_empty(p_fq))
10       break;
11
12     if(!is_empty(p_fq) && p_fq->head->data->ptimearrival < (*p_time)){
13       add_to_tail(&queue, remove_from_head(p_fq));
14       num_processes++;
15     }
16
17     if(process->data->isfirsttime == true){
18       process->data->isfirsttime = false;
19       process->data->pfirstruntime = (*p_time);
20       rt1 = (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
21       if (rt1 < 0) rt1 = 1;
22       response_time += rt1;
23     }
24
25     sort_by_timetocompletion(&queue); // sort the queue by time to
       completion
26
27     printf("%d:", *p_time);
28     if(process->data->ptimearrival >= (*p_time))
29       printf("idle:");
30     else{
31       if(!is_empty(&queue) && (process->data->ptimeleft > queue.head->
       data->ptimeleft)){
```

```
32          add_to_tail(&queue, process);
33          process = remove_from_head(&queue);
34        }
35        if(process->data->isfirsttime == false){
36          process->data->isfirsttime = true;
37          process->data->pfirstruntime = (*p_time);
38          rt1 = (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
39          if (rt1 < 0) rt1 = 1;
40          response_time += rt1;
41        }
42        process->data->ptimeleft--;
43        printf("%s:", process->data->pname);
44      }
45
46      if(is_empty(&queue))
47        printf("empty:\n");
48      else{
49        sort_by_timetocompletion(&queue);
50        print_q(&queue);
51        printf(":\n");
52      }
53
54      if(process->data->ptimeleft == 0){
55        turnaround_time += (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
56        if(!is_empty(&queue))
57          process = remove_from_head(&queue);
58      }
59    }
60    free(process);
61    float throughput = (float)num_processes / ((*p_time) - first_arrival);
62    float avg_turnaround_time = (float)turnaround_time / num_processes;
63    float avg_response_time = (float)response_time / num_processes;
64    printf("Throughput: %.3f\n", throughput);
65    printf("Average turnaround time: %.3f\n", avg_turnaround_time);
66    printf("Average response time: %.3f\n", avg_response_time);
67    return;
68  }
```

Listing 4: STCF Scheduling Algorithm

The Shortest Time to Completion First (STCF) is a modification of the SJF algorithm. The ready queue is sorted by time to completion, and the process with the shortest time to completion is run. If a process arrives with a shorter time to completion than the current process, the current process is added to the tail of the queue and the new process is run (the queue is again sorted based on time to completion so that the shortest algorithm is run next). The performance metrics are then calculated and printed at the end.

5.4 RR - Round Robin

```
void sched_RR(dlq *const p_fq, int *p_time){
  dlq queue; queue.head = queue.tail = NULL;
  dlq_node *process = remove_from_head(p_fq);
  int quantum_time = 1, process_time = 0; // quantum is the time slice
    for each process, process_time is the time the process has been
    running

  int num_processes = 1, rt1 = 0, response_time = 0, turnaround_time = 0,
     first_arrival = process->data->ptimearrival;

  while(1){
    (*p_time)++;
    if (!(process->data->ptimeleft) && is_empty(&queue) && is_empty(p_fq)
    )
      break;

    if(!is_empty(p_fq) && p_fq->head->data->ptimearrival < (*p_time)){
      add_to_tail(&queue, remove_from_head(p_fq));
      num_processes++;
    }

    if(process->data->isfirsttime == true){
      process->data->isfirsttime = false;
      process->data->pfirstruntime = (*p_time);
      rt1 = (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
      if (rt1 < 0) rt1 = 1;
      response_time += rt1;
    }

    printf("%d:", *p_time);
    if(process->data->ptimearrival >= (*p_time))
      printf("idle:");
    else{ // if process has arrived, decrement its time, update the time
    it has run for, and print its name
      process->data->ptimeleft--;
      process_time++;
      printf("%s:", process->data->pname);
    }

    if(is_empty(&queue))
      printf("empty:\n");
    else{
      print_q(&queue);
      printf(":\n");
    }

    if(process->data->ptimeleft == 0){
      turnaround_time += (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
      if (!is_empty(&queue))
        process = remove_from_head(&queue);
    }
```

```
47
48      if(process_time == quantum_time){ // if process has run for the time
        slice, add it to the tail of the queue and set process_time to 0
49        add_to_tail(&queue, process);
50        process = remove_from_head(&queue);
51        process_time = 0;
52      }
53    }
54    free(process);
55    float throughput = (float)num_processes / ((*p_time) - first_arrival);
56    float avg_turnaround_time = (float)turnaround_time / num_processes;
57    float avg_response_time = (float)response_time / num_processes;
58    printf("Throughput: %.3f\n", throughput);
59    printf("Average turnaround time: %.3f\n", avg_turnaround_time);
60    printf("Average response time: %.3f\n", avg_response_time);
61    return;
62  }
```

Listing 5: RR Scheduling Algorithm

The Round Robin (RR) is a modification of the FIFO code. A quantum time slice is set to 1 tick, and each process is run for the time slice. (The quantim time slice can be changed as per preference). On each iteration, the process time is set to 0, and incremented once a process has run. If the process has run for the time slice, it is added to the tail of the queue and the next process is run. If the process has completed, it is removed from the queue and the next process is run (process time is set to 0). The performance metrics are then calculated and printed at the end.

6 Performance Metrics of Scheduling Algorithms

Each of the four scheduling algorithms are run over some sample test cases, and the performance metrics are calculated for each of them. More specifically, the metrics being measured are:

1. Average Throughput of the scheduler
2. Average Response Time of the scheduler
3. Average Turnaround Time of the scheduler

Outputs have been attached in the appendix for each of the test cases, and the performance metrics have been calculated and tabulated in the following sections.

**For each test case, green highlight indicates best performance, and red highlight indicates worst performance.*

6.1 Testing Performance Metrics

6.1.1 Test Case 0 / Test Case 2 (same test case)

Sample Input:

```
3
Scheduling Algorithm
P1:12:7:3
P2:15:3:5
P3:1:6:2
```

Metric \ Scheduling Alg	FIFO	SJF	STCF	RR
Throughput	0.176	0.176	0.176	0.176
Average Response Time	6.000	4.667	4.667	2.000
Average Turnaround Time	10.333	9.000	9.000	12.667

Table 1: Test Case 0 / Test Case 2 Performance Metrics

The above table shows that the throughput remains the same throuhgout which is logical as the number of processes and the time taken by each process, in essence, remains same. In terms of average response time, RR performs better for this test case, while SJF and STCF have the same average turnaround time for this test case.

6.1.2 Test Case 5

Sample Input:

```
6
Scheduling Algorithm
P1:1:5:0
P2:2:7:2
P3:3:6:3
P4:4:9:4
P5:5:8:5
P6:6:4:7
```

Metric \ Scheduling Alg	FIFO	SJF	STCF	RR
Throughput	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150
Average Response Time	13.667	11.333	11.333	4.000
Average Turnaround Time	19.167	16.833	16.833	25.333

Table 2: Test Case 5 Performance Metrics

Again, the throughput remains same throughout, average response time is best for RR, and average turnaround time is best for SJF and STCF.

6.1.3 Test Case 10

Sample Input:

```
6
Scheduling Algorithm
P1:1:6:0
P2:2:12:2
P3:3:8:4
P4:4:15:5
P5:5:5:7
P6:6:10:9
```

Metric \ Scheduling Alg	FIFO	SJF	STCF	RR
Throughput	0.105	0.105	0.105	0.105
Average Response Time	19.333	14.667	13.500	3.333
Average Turnaround Time	27.667	23.000	22.667	34.667

Table 3: Test Case 10 Performance Metrics

Again, the throughput remains same throughout, average response time is best for RR, and average turnaround time is almost the same for SJF and STCF, however, STCF performs slightly better. Hence, STCF has the best average response time for this test case8.

6.1.4 Test Case 13

Sample Input:

```
8
Scheduling Algorithm
P1:1:10:0
P2:2:15:2
P3:3:8:4
P4:4:12:6
P5:5:6:9
P6:6:4:11
P7:7:7:13
P8:8:9:15
```

Metric \ Scheduling Alg	FIFO	SJF	STCF	RR
Throughput	0.111	0.111	0.111	0.111
Average Response Time	28.625	19.500	18.875	4.500
Average Turnaround Time	36.500	27.375	27.250	49.000

Table 4: Test Case 13 Performance Metrics

Again, the throughput remains same throughout, average response time is best for RR, and average turnaround time is best for STCF.

6.2 Results - Comparison of Performance Metrics

From the above results, a cumulative results table can be made:

Algorithms	Metrics \ Test Case #	Test Case 0 / 2	Test Case 5	Test Case 10	Test Case 13	Cumulative
FIFO	Throughput	0.176	0.150	0.105	0.111	0.542
	Avg Respone Time	6.000	13.667	19.333	28.625	67.625
	Avg Turnaround Time	10.333	19.167	27.667	36.500	93.667
SJF	Throughput	0.176	0.150	0.105	0.111	0.542
	Avg Respone Time	4.667	11.333	14.667	19.500	50.167
	Avg Turnaround Time	9.000	16.833	23.000	27.375	76.208
STCF	Throughput	0.176	0.150	0.105	0.111	0.542
	Avg Respone Time	4.667	11.333	13.500	18.875	48.375
	Avg Turnaround Time	9.000	16.833	22.667	27.250	75.750
RR	Throughput	0.176	0.150	0.105	0.111	0.542
	Avg Respone Time	2.000	4.000	3.333	4.500	13.833
	Avg Turnaround Time	12.667	25.333	34.667	49.000	121.667

Table 5: Cumulative Overall Performance Metrics

- **Best Throughput:** Remains same for all which is logical since cumulatively, all processes in a test case will have the same total time regardless of the algorithm used.
- **Best Avg Response Time:** *Round Robin*, which is logical since RR ensures that each process gets a fair share of the CPU time as it executes in a round robin manner.
- **Best Avg Turnaround Time:** *STCF*; again logical since STCF ensures a process with lesser runtime runs first even if a process is currently running.

7 Takeaway and Reflections

This homework was significantly, comparatively, much easier. It was a great learning experience about implementing the different scheduling algorithms and then modifying them to compute their performance metrics to find out which algorithms performs better with regards to which aspect. It was fun and interesting.

8 References

References

[1] Remzi H. Arpaci-Desseau and Andrea C. Arpaci-Desseau. *Operating Systems: Three Easy Pieces*. Arpaci-Dusseau Books, LLC, 2015.

[2] *ChatGPT*. [Online]. Available: https://chat.openai.com/ mainly for understanding, resolving errors, and commentation.

[3] *Bing AI ChatBot*. [Online]. Available: https://www.bing.com/search?toWww=1&redig=0011FC72B09C43A9A833284287211CB9&q=Bing+AI&showconv=1 mainly for understanding, resolving errors, and commentation. (Open with Microsoft Edge)

A Appendix

A.1 Outputs for Test Cases

A.1.1 Test Case 0 / Test Case 2

FIFO

```
1:idle:empty:
2:idle:empty:
3:P3:empty:
4:P3:P1(7),:
5:P3:P1(7),:
6:P3:P1(7),P2(3),:
7:P3:P1(7),P2(3),:
8:P3:P1(7),P2(3),:
9:P1:P2(3),:
10:P1:P2(3),:
11:P1:P2(3),:
12:P1:P2(3),:
13:P1:P2(3),:
14:P1:P2(3),:
15:P1:P2(3),:
16:P2:empty:
17:P2:empty:
18:P2:empty:
Throughput: 0.176
Average turnaround time: 10.333
Average response time: 6.000
```

SJF

```
1:idle:empty:
2:idle:empty:
3:P3:empty:
4:P3:P1(7),:
5:P3:P1(7),:
6:P3:P2(3),P1(7),:
7:P3:P2(3),P1(7),:
8:P3:P2(3),P1(7),:
9:P2:P1(7),:
10:P2:P1(7),:
11:P2:P1(7),:
12:P1:empty:
13:P1:empty:
14:P1:empty:
15:P1:empty:
16:P1:empty:
17:P1:empty:
18:P1:empty:
Throughput: 0.176
```

```
Average turnaround time: 9.000
Average response time: 4.667
```

STCF

```
1:idle:empty:
2:idle:empty:
3:P3:empty:
4:P3:P1(7),:
5:P3:P1(7),:
6:P3:P2(3),P1(7),:
7:P3:P2(3),P1(7),:
8:P3:P2(3),P1(7),:
9:P2:P1(7),:
10:P2:P1(7),:
11:P2:P1(7),:
12:P1:empty:
13:P1:empty:
14:P1:empty:
15:P1:empty:
16:P1:empty:
17:P1:empty:
18:P1:empty:
Throughput: 0.176
Average turnaround time: 9.000
Average response time: 4.667
```

RR

```
1:idle:empty:
2:idle:empty:
3:P3:empty:
4:P3:P1(7),:
5:P1:P3(4),:
6:P3:P1(6),P2(3),:
7:P1:P2(3),P3(3),:
8:P2:P3(3),P1(5),:
9:P3:P1(5),P2(2),:
10:P1:P2(2),P3(2),:
11:P2:P3(2),P1(4),:
12:P3:P1(4),P2(1),:
13:P1:P2(1),P3(1),:
14:P2:P3(1),P1(3),:
15:P1:P3(1),:
16:P3:P1(2),:
17:P1:empty:
18:P1:empty:
Throughput: 0.176
Average turnaround time: 12.667
Average response time: 2.000
```

A.1.2 Test Case 5

FIFO

```
1:P1:empty:
2:P1:empty:
3:P1:P2(7),:
4:P1:P2(7),P3(6),:
5:P1:P2(7),P3(6),P4(9),:
6:P2:P3(6),P4(9),P5(8),:
7:P2:P3(6),P4(9),P5(8),:
8:P2:P3(6),P4(9),P5(8),P6(4),:
9:P2:P3(6),P4(9),P5(8),P6(4),:
10:P2:P3(6),P4(9),P5(8),P6(4),:
11:P2:P3(6),P4(9),P5(8),P6(4),:
12:P2:P3(6),P4(9),P5(8),P6(4),:
13:P3:P4(9),P5(8),P6(4),:
14:P3:P4(9),P5(8),P6(4),:
15:P3:P4(9),P5(8),P6(4),:
16:P3:P4(9),P5(8),P6(4),:
17:P3:P4(9),P5(8),P6(4),:
18:P3:P4(9),P5(8),P6(4),:
19:P4:P5(8),P6(4),:
20:P4:P5(8),P6(4),:
21:P4:P5(8),P6(4),:
22:P4:P5(8),P6(4),:
23:P4:P5(8),P6(4),:
24:P4:P5(8),P6(4),:
25:P4:P5(8),P6(4),:
26:P4:P5(8),P6(4),:
27:P4:P5(8),P6(4),:
28:P5:P6(4),:
29:P5:P6(4),:
30:P5:P6(4),:
31:P5:P6(4),:
32:P5:P6(4),:
33:P5:P6(4),:
34:P5:P6(4),:
35:P5:P6(4),:
36:P6:empty:
37:P6:empty:
38:P6:empty:
39:P6:empty:
Throughput: 0.150
Average turnaround time: 19.167
Average response time: 13.667
```

SJF

```
1:P1:empty:
2:P1:empty:
```

```
3:P1:P2(7),:
4:P1:P3(6),P2(7),:
5:P1:P3(6),P2(7),P4(9),:
6:P3:P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
7:P3:P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
8:P3:P6(4),P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
9:P3:P6(4),P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
10:P3:P6(4),P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
11:P3:P6(4),P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
12:P6:P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
13:P6:P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
14:P6:P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
15:P6:P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
16:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
17:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
18:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
19:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
20:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
21:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
22:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
23:P5:P4(9),:
24:P5:P4(9),:
25:P5:P4(9),:
26:P5:P4(9),:
27:P5:P4(9),:
28:P5:P4(9),:
29:P5:P4(9),:
30:P5:P4(9),:
31:P4:empty:
32:P4:empty:
33:P4:empty:
34:P4:empty:
35:P4:empty:
36:P4:empty:
37:P4:empty:
38:P4:empty:
39:P4:empty:
Throughput: 0.150
Average turnaround time: 16.833
Average response time: 11.333
```

STCF

```
1:P1:empty:
2:P1:empty:
3:P1:P2(7),:
4:P1:P3(6),P2(7),:
5:P1:P3(6),P2(7),P4(9),:
6:P3:P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
7:P3:P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
```

```
8:P3:P6(4),P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
9:P3:P6(4),P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
10:P3:P6(4),P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
11:P3:P6(4),P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
12:P6:P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
13:P6:P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
14:P6:P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
15:P6:P2(7),P5(8),P4(9),:
16:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
17:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
18:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
19:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
20:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
21:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
22:P2:P5(8),P4(9),:
23:P5:P4(9),:
24:P5:P4(9),:
25:P5:P4(9),:
26:P5:P4(9),:
27:P5:P4(9),:
28:P5:P4(9),:
29:P5:P4(9),:
30:P5:P4(9),:
31:P4:empty:
32:P4:empty:
33:P4:empty:
34:P4:empty:
35:P4:empty:
36:P4:empty:
37:P4:empty:
38:P4:empty:
39:P4:empty:
Throughput: 0.150
Average turnaround time: 16.833
Average response time: 11.333
```

RR

```
1:P1:empty:
2:P1:empty:
3:P1:P2(7),:
4:P2:P1(2),P3(6),:
5:P1:P3(6),P2(6),P4(9),:
6:P3:P2(6),P4(9),P1(1),P5(8),:
7:P2:P4(9),P1(1),P5(8),P3(5),:
8:P4:P1(1),P5(8),P3(5),P2(5),P6(4),:
9:P1:P5(8),P3(5),P2(5),P6(4),P4(8),:
10:P3:P2(5),P6(4),P4(8),P5(8),:
11:P2:P6(4),P4(8),P5(8),P3(4),:
12:P6:P4(8),P5(8),P3(4),P2(4),:
```

```
13:P4:P5(8),P3(4),P2(4),P6(3),:
14:P5:P3(4),P2(4),P6(3),P4(7),:
15:P3:P2(4),P6(3),P4(7),P5(7),:
16:P2:P6(3),P4(7),P5(7),P3(3),:
17:P6:P4(7),P5(7),P3(3),P2(3),:
18:P4:P5(7),P3(3),P2(3),P6(2),:
19:P5:P3(3),P2(3),P6(2),P4(6),:
20:P3:P2(3),P6(2),P4(6),P5(6),:
21:P2:P6(2),P4(6),P5(6),P3(2),:
22:P6:P4(6),P5(6),P3(2),P2(2),:
23:P4:P5(6),P3(2),P2(2),P6(1),:
24:P5:P3(2),P2(2),P6(1),P4(5),:
25:P3:P2(2),P6(1),P4(5),P5(5),:
26:P2:P6(1),P4(5),P5(5),P3(1),:
27:P6:P4(5),P5(5),P3(1),P2(1),:
28:P5:P3(1),P2(1),P4(5),:
29:P3:P2(1),P4(5),P5(4),:
30:P4:P5(4),P2(1),:
31:P5:P2(1),P4(4),:
32:P2:P4(4),P5(3),:
33:P5:P4(4),:
34:P4:P5(2),:
35:P5:P4(3),:
36:P4:P5(1),:
37:P5:P4(2),:
38:P4:empty:
39:P4:empty:
Throughput: 0.150
Average turnaround time: 25.333
Average response time: 4.000
```

A.1.3 Test Case 10

FIFO

```
1:P1:empty:
2:P1:empty:
3:P1:P2(12),:
4:P1:P2(12),:
5:P1:P2(12),P3(8),:
6:P1:P2(12),P3(8),P4(15),:
7:P2:P3(8),P4(15),:
8:P2:P3(8),P4(15),P5(5),:
9:P2:P3(8),P4(15),P5(5),:
10:P2:P3(8),P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
11:P2:P3(8),P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
12:P2:P3(8),P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
13:P2:P3(8),P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
14:P2:P3(8),P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
15:P2:P3(8),P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
```

```
16:P2:P3(8),P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
17:P2:P3(8),P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
18:P2:P3(8),P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
19:P3:P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
20:P3:P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
21:P3:P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
22:P3:P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
23:P3:P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
24:P3:P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
25:P3:P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
26:P3:P4(15),P5(5),P6(10),:
27:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
28:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
29:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
30:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
31:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
32:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
33:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
34:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
35:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
36:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
37:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
38:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
39:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
40:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
41:P4:P5(5),P6(10),:
42:P5:P6(10),:
43:P5:P6(10),:
44:P5:P6(10),:
45:P5:P6(10),:
46:P5:P6(10),:
47:P6:empty:
48:P6:empty:
49:P6:empty:
50:P6:empty:
51:P6:empty:
52:P6:empty:
53:P6:empty:
54:P6:empty:
55:P6:empty:
56:P6:empty:
Throughput: 0.105
Average turnaround time: 27.667
Average response time: 19.333
```

SJF

```
1:P1:empty:
2:P1:empty:
3:P1:P2(12),:
```

```
4:P1:P2(12),:
5:P1:P3(8),P2(12),:
6:P1:P3(8),P2(12),P4(15),:
7:P3:P2(12),P4(15),:
8:P3:P5(5),P2(12),P4(15),:
9:P3:P5(5),P2(12),P4(15),:
10:P3:P5(5),P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
11:P3:P5(5),P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
12:P3:P5(5),P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
13:P3:P5(5),P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
14:P3:P5(5),P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
15:P5:P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
16:P5:P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
17:P5:P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
18:P5:P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
19:P5:P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
20:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
21:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
22:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
23:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
24:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
25:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
26:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
27:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
28:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
29:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
30:P2:P4(15),:
31:P2:P4(15),:
32:P2:P4(15),:
33:P2:P4(15),:
34:P2:P4(15),:
35:P2:P4(15),:
36:P2:P4(15),:
37:P2:P4(15),:
38:P2:P4(15),:
39:P2:P4(15),:
40:P2:P4(15),:
41:P2:P4(15),:
42:P4:empty:
43:P4:empty:
44:P4:empty:
45:P4:empty:
46:P4:empty:
47:P4:empty:
48:P4:empty:
49:P4:empty:
50:P4:empty:
51:P4:empty:
52:P4:empty:
```

```
53:P4:empty:
54:P4:empty:
55:P4:empty:
56:P4:empty:
Throughput: 0.105
Average turnaround time: 23.000
Average response time: 14.667
```

STCF

```
1:P1:empty:
2:P1:empty:
3:P1:P2(12),:
4:P1:P2(12),:
5:P1:P3(8),P2(12),:
6:P1:P3(8),P2(12),P4(15),:
7:P3:P2(12),P4(15),:
8:P5:P3(7),P2(12),P4(15),:
9:P5:P3(7),P2(12),P4(15),:
10:P5:P3(7),P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
11:P5:P3(7),P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
12:P5:P3(7),P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
13:P3:P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
14:P3:P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
15:P3:P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
16:P3:P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
17:P3:P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
18:P3:P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
19:P3:P6(10),P2(12),P4(15),:
20:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
21:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
22:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
23:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
24:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
25:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
26:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
27:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
28:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
29:P6:P2(12),P4(15),:
30:P2:P4(15),:
31:P2:P4(15),:
32:P2:P4(15),:
33:P2:P4(15),:
34:P2:P4(15),:
35:P2:P4(15),:
36:P2:P4(15),:
37:P2:P4(15),:
38:P2:P4(15),:
39:P2:P4(15),:
40:P2:P4(15),:
```

```
41:P2:P4(15),:
42:P4:empty:
43:P4:empty:
44:P4:empty:
45:P4:empty:
46:P4:empty:
47:P4:empty:
48:P4:empty:
49:P4:empty:
50:P4:empty:
51:P4:empty:
52:P4:empty:
53:P4:empty:
54:P4:empty:
55:P4:empty:
56:P4:empty:
Throughput: 0.105
Average turnaround time: 22.667
Average response time: 13.500
```

RR

```
1:P1:empty:
2:P1:empty:
3:P1:P2(12),:
4:P2:P1(3),:
5:P1:P2(11),P3(8),:
6:P2:P3(8),P1(2),P4(15),:
7:P3:P1(2),P4(15),P2(10),:
8:P1:P4(15),P2(10),P3(7),P5(5),:
9:P4:P2(10),P3(7),P5(5),P1(1),:
10:P2:P3(7),P5(5),P1(1),P4(14),P6(10),:
11:P3:P5(5),P1(1),P4(14),P6(10),P2(9),:
12:P5:P1(1),P4(14),P6(10),P2(9),P3(6),:
13:P1:P4(14),P6(10),P2(9),P3(6),P5(4),:
14:P6:P2(9),P3(6),P5(4),P4(14),:
15:P2:P3(6),P5(4),P4(14),P6(9),:
16:P3:P5(4),P4(14),P6(9),P2(8),:
17:P5:P4(14),P6(9),P2(8),P3(5),:
18:P4:P6(9),P2(8),P3(5),P5(3),:
19:P6:P2(8),P3(5),P5(3),P4(13),:
20:P2:P3(5),P5(3),P4(13),P6(8),:
21:P3:P5(3),P4(13),P6(8),P2(7),:
22:P5:P4(13),P6(8),P2(7),P3(4),:
23:P4:P6(8),P2(7),P3(4),P5(2),:
24:P6:P2(7),P3(4),P5(2),P4(12),:
25:P2:P3(4),P5(2),P4(12),P6(7),:
26:P3:P5(2),P4(12),P6(7),P2(6),:
27:P5:P4(12),P6(7),P2(6),P3(3),:
28:P4:P6(7),P2(6),P3(3),P5(1),:
```

```
29:P6:P2(6),P3(3),P5(1),P4(11),:
30:P2:P3(3),P5(1),P4(11),P6(6),:
31:P3:P5(1),P4(11),P6(6),P2(5),:
32:P5:P4(11),P6(6),P2(5),P3(2),:
33:P6:P2(5),P3(2),P4(11),:
34:P2:P3(2),P4(11),P6(5),:
35:P3:P4(11),P6(5),P2(4),:
36:P4:P6(5),P2(4),P3(1),:
37:P6:P2(4),P3(1),P4(10),:
38:P2:P3(1),P4(10),P6(4),:
39:P3:P4(10),P6(4),P2(3),:
40:P6:P2(3),P4(10),:
41:P2:P4(10),P6(3),:
42:P4:P6(3),P2(2),:
43:P6:P2(2),P4(9),:
44:P2:P4(9),P6(2),:
45:P4:P6(2),P2(1),:
46:P6:P2(1),P4(8),:
47:P2:P4(8),P6(1),:
48:P6:P4(8),:
49:P4:empty:
50:P4:empty:
51:P4:empty:
52:P4:empty:
53:P4:empty:
54:P4:empty:
55:P4:empty:
56:P4:empty:
Throughput: 0.105
Average turnaround time: 34.667
Average response time: 3.333
```

A.1.4 Test Case 13

FIFO

```
1:P1:empty:
2:P1:empty:
3:P1:P2(15),:
4:P1:P2(15),:
5:P1:P2(15),P3(8),:
6:P1:P2(15),P3(8),:
7:P1:P2(15),P3(8),P4(12),:
8:P1:P2(15),P3(8),P4(12),:
9:P1:P2(15),P3(8),P4(12),:
10:P1:P2(15),P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),:
11:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),:
12:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),:
13:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),:
14:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),:
```

```
15:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),:
16:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
17:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
18:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
19:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
20:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
21:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
22:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
23:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
24:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
25:P2:P3(8),P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
26:P3:P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
27:P3:P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
28:P3:P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
29:P3:P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
30:P3:P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
31:P3:P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
32:P3:P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
33:P3:P4(12),P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
34:P4:P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
35:P4:P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
36:P4:P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
37:P4:P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
38:P4:P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
39:P4:P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
40:P4:P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
41:P4:P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
42:P4:P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
43:P4:P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
44:P4:P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
45:P4:P5(6),P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
46:P5:P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
47:P5:P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
48:P5:P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
49:P5:P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
50:P5:P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
51:P5:P6(4),P7(7),P8(9),:
52:P6:P7(7),P8(9),:
53:P6:P7(7),P8(9),:
54:P6:P7(7),P8(9),:
55:P6:P7(7),P8(9),:
56:P7:P8(9),:
57:P7:P8(9),:
58:P7:P8(9),:
59:P7:P8(9),:
60:P7:P8(9),:
61:P7:P8(9),:
62:P7:P8(9),:
63:P8:empty:
```

```
64:P8:empty:
65:P8:empty:
66:P8:empty:
67:P8:empty:
68:P8:empty:
69:P8:empty:
70:P8:empty:
71:P8:empty:
Throughput: 0.111
Average turnaround time: 36.500
Average response time: 28.625
```

SJF

```
1:P1:empty:
2:P1:empty:
3:P1:P2(15),:
4:P1:P2(15),:
5:P1:P3(8),P2(15),:
6:P1:P3(8),P2(15),:
7:P1:P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
8:P1:P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
9:P1:P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
10:P1:P5(6),P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
11:P5:P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
12:P5:P6(4),P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
13:P5:P6(4),P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
14:P5:P6(4),P7(7),P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
15:P5:P6(4),P7(7),P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
16:P5:P6(4),P7(7),P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
17:P6:P7(7),P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
18:P6:P7(7),P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
19:P6:P7(7),P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
20:P6:P7(7),P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
21:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
22:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
23:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
24:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
25:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
26:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
27:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
28:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
29:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
30:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
31:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
32:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
33:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
34:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
35:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
36:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
```

```
37:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
38:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
39:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
40:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
41:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
42:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
43:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
44:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
45:P4:P2(15),:
46:P4:P2(15),:
47:P4:P2(15),:
48:P4:P2(15),:
49:P4:P2(15),:
50:P4:P2(15),:
51:P4:P2(15),:
52:P4:P2(15),:
53:P4:P2(15),:
54:P4:P2(15),:
55:P4:P2(15),:
56:P4:P2(15),:
57:P2:empty:
58:P2:empty:
59:P2:empty:
60:P2:empty:
61:P2:empty:
62:P2:empty:
63:P2:empty:
64:P2:empty:
65:P2:empty:
66:P2:empty:
67:P2:empty:
68:P2:empty:
69:P2:empty:
70:P2:empty:
71:P2:empty:
Throughput: 0.111
Average turnaround time: 27.375
Average response time: 19.500
```

STCF

```
1:P1:empty:
2:P1:empty:
3:P1:P2(15),:
4:P1:P2(15),:
5:P1:P3(8),P2(15),:
6:P1:P3(8),P2(15),:
7:P1:P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
8:P1:P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
9:P1:P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
```

```
10:P1:P5(6),P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
11:P5:P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
12:P6:P5(5),P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
13:P6:P5(5),P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
14:P6:P5(5),P7(7),P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
15:P6:P5(5),P7(7),P3(8),P4(12),P2(15),:
16:P5:P7(7),P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
17:P5:P7(7),P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
18:P5:P7(7),P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
19:P5:P7(7),P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
20:P5:P7(7),P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
21:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
22:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
23:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
24:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
25:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
26:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
27:P7:P3(8),P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
28:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
29:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
30:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
31:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
32:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
33:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
34:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
35:P3:P8(9),P4(12),P2(15),:
36:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
37:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
38:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
39:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
40:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
41:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
42:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
43:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
44:P8:P4(12),P2(15),:
45:P4:P2(15),:
46:P4:P2(15),:
47:P4:P2(15),:
48:P4:P2(15),:
49:P4:P2(15),:
50:P4:P2(15),:
51:P4:P2(15),:
52:P4:P2(15),:
53:P4:P2(15),:
54:P4:P2(15),:
55:P4:P2(15),:
56:P4:P2(15),:
57:P2:empty:
58:P2:empty:
```

```
59:P2:empty:
60:P2:empty:
61:P2:empty:
62:P2:empty:
63:P2:empty:
64:P2:empty:
65:P2:empty:
66:P2:empty:
67:P2:empty:
68:P2:empty:
69:P2:empty:
70:P2:empty:
71:P2:empty:
Throughput: 0.111
Average turnaround time: 27.250
Average response time: 18.875
```

RR

```
1:P1:empty:
2:P1:empty:
3:P1:P2(15),:
4:P2:P1(7),:
5:P1:P2(14),P3(8),:
6:P2:P3(8),P1(6),:
7:P3:P1(6),P2(13),P4(12),:
8:P1:P2(13),P4(12),P3(7),:
9:P2:P4(12),P3(7),P1(5),:
10:P4:P3(7),P1(5),P2(12),P5(6),:
11:P3:P1(5),P2(12),P5(6),P4(11),:
12:P1:P2(12),P5(6),P4(11),P3(6),P6(4),:
13:P2:P5(6),P4(11),P3(6),P6(4),P1(4),:
14:P5:P4(11),P3(6),P6(4),P1(4),P2(11),P7(7),:
15:P4:P3(6),P6(4),P1(4),P2(11),P7(7),P5(5),:
16:P3:P6(4),P1(4),P2(11),P7(7),P5(5),P4(10),P8(9),:
17:P6:P1(4),P2(11),P7(7),P5(5),P4(10),P8(9),P3(5),:
18:P1:P2(11),P7(7),P5(5),P4(10),P8(9),P3(5),P6(3),:
19:P2:P7(7),P5(5),P4(10),P8(9),P3(5),P6(3),P1(3),:
20:P7:P5(5),P4(10),P8(9),P3(5),P6(3),P1(3),P2(10),:
21:P5:P4(10),P8(9),P3(5),P6(3),P1(3),P2(10),P7(6),:
22:P4:P8(9),P3(5),P6(3),P1(3),P2(10),P7(6),P5(4),:
23:P8:P3(5),P6(3),P1(3),P2(10),P7(6),P5(4),P4(9),:
24:P3:P6(3),P1(3),P2(10),P7(6),P5(4),P4(9),P8(8),:
25:P6:P1(3),P2(10),P7(6),P5(4),P4(9),P8(8),P3(4),:
26:P1:P2(10),P7(6),P5(4),P4(9),P8(8),P3(4),P6(2),:
27:P2:P7(6),P5(4),P4(9),P8(8),P3(4),P6(2),P1(2),:
28:P7:P5(4),P4(9),P8(8),P3(4),P6(2),P1(2),P2(9),:
29:P5:P4(9),P8(8),P3(4),P6(2),P1(2),P2(9),P7(5),:
30:P4:P8(8),P3(4),P6(2),P1(2),P2(9),P7(5),P5(3),:
31:P8:P3(4),P6(2),P1(2),P2(9),P7(5),P5(3),P4(8),:
```

```
32:P3:P6(2),P1(2),P2(9),P7(5),P5(3),P4(8),P8(7),:
33:P6:P1(2),P2(9),P7(5),P5(3),P4(8),P8(7),P3(3),:
34:P1:P2(9),P7(5),P5(3),P4(8),P8(7),P3(3),P6(1),:
35:P2:P7(5),P5(3),P4(8),P8(7),P3(3),P6(1),P1(1),:
36:P7:P5(3),P4(8),P8(7),P3(3),P6(1),P1(1),P2(8),:
37:P5:P4(8),P8(7),P3(3),P6(1),P1(1),P2(8),P7(4),:
38:P4:P8(7),P3(3),P6(1),P1(1),P2(8),P7(4),P5(2),:
39:P8:P3(3),P6(1),P1(1),P2(8),P7(4),P5(2),P4(7),:
40:P3:P6(1),P1(1),P2(8),P7(4),P5(2),P4(7),P8(6),:
41:P6:P1(1),P2(8),P7(4),P5(2),P4(7),P8(6),P3(2),:
42:P2:P7(4),P5(2),P4(7),P8(6),P3(2),P1(1),:
43:P7:P5(2),P4(7),P8(6),P3(2),P1(1),P2(7),:
44:P5:P4(7),P8(6),P3(2),P1(1),P2(7),P7(3),:
45:P4:P8(6),P3(2),P1(1),P2(7),P7(3),P5(1),:
46:P8:P3(2),P1(1),P2(7),P7(3),P5(1),P4(6),:
47:P3:P1(1),P2(7),P7(3),P5(1),P4(6),P8(5),:
48:P1:P2(7),P7(3),P5(1),P4(6),P8(5),P3(1),:
49:P7:P5(1),P4(6),P8(5),P3(1),P2(7),:
50:P5:P4(6),P8(5),P3(1),P2(7),P7(2),:
51:P8:P3(1),P2(7),P7(2),P4(6),:
52:P3:P2(7),P7(2),P4(6),P8(4),:
53:P7:P4(6),P8(4),P2(7),:
54:P4:P8(4),P2(7),P7(1),:
55:P8:P2(7),P7(1),P4(5),:
56:P2:P7(1),P4(5),P8(3),:
57:P7:P4(5),P8(3),P2(6),:
58:P8:P2(6),P4(5),:
59:P2:P4(5),P8(2),:
60:P4:P8(2),P2(5),:
61:P8:P2(5),P4(4),:
62:P2:P4(4),P8(1),:
63:P4:P8(1),P2(4),:
64:P8:P2(4),P4(3),:
65:P4:P2(4),:
66:P2:P4(2),:
67:P4:P2(3),:
68:P2:P4(1),:
69:P4:P2(2),:
70:P2:empty:
71:P2:empty:
Throughput: 0.111
Average turnaround time: 49.000
Average response time: 4.500
```

A.2 Program Code

```c
  #include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdbool.h>

// process control block (PCB)
struct pcb{                     // stores info on a process
  unsigned int pid;             // pid
  char pname[20];               // pname
  unsigned int ptimeleft;       // time left to complete
  unsigned int ptimearrival;    // time of arrival
  bool isfirsttime;             // flag to check if process has run for the
     first time
  unsigned int pfirstruntime; // time at which process ran for the first
    time
}; typedef struct pcb pcb;

// queue node
struct dlq_node{          // doubly linked queue node
  struct dlq_node *pfwd; // pointer to next node
  struct dlq_node *pbck; // pointer to previous node
  struct pcb *data;      // pointer to data which is a pcb struct
}; typedef struct dlq_node dlq_node;

// queue
struct dlq{               // doubly linked queue
  struct dlq_node *head; // pointer to head of queue
  struct dlq_node *tail; // pointer to tail of queue
}; typedef struct dlq dlq;

// function to add a pcb to a new queue node -> creates a new doubly
    linked queue node and initialiezs its data to ndata - a pointer to a
    pcb struct
dlq_node *get_new_node(pcb *ndata){ // ndata is a pointer to a pcb struct
  if(!ndata) return NULL; // if ndata is null, return null

  dlq_node *new = malloc(sizeof(dlq_node)); // allocate memory for a new
    node
  if(!new){ // if new is null, print error and exit
    fprintf(stderr, "Error: allocating memory\n");
    exit(1);
  }
  // set the pointers to null and set the data to ndata
  new->pfwd = new->pbck = NULL;
  new->data = ndata;
  return new;
}

// function to add a node to the tail of queue
void add_to_tail(dlq *q, dlq_node *new){
  if(!new) return; // if new is null, return
```

```
47
48    if(q->head == NULL){ // if queue is empty, set head and tail to the new
          node
49      if(q->tail != NULL){ // if tail is not null, print error and exit
        since queue is inconsistent
50        fprintf(stderr, "DLList inconsitent.\n");
51        exit(1);
52      }
53      q->head = new; q->tail = q->head;
54    }
55    else{ // if queue is not empty, set the new node to the tail and set
        the tail to the new node
56      new->pfwd = q->tail;
57      new->pbck = NULL;
58      new->pfwd->pbck = new;
59      q->tail = new;
60    }
61  }
62
63  // function to remove a node from the head of queue
64  dlq_node *remove_from_head(dlq *const q){
65    if(q->head == NULL){ // if queue is empty, return null
66      if(q->tail != NULL){
67        fprintf(stderr, "DLList inconsitent.\n");
68        exit(1);
69      } // if tail is not null, print error and exit since queue is
        inconsistent
70      return NULL;
71    } else if(q->head == q->tail){ // if queue has only one node
72      if(q->head->pbck != NULL || q->tail->pfwd != NULL){ // if head's
        previous or tail's next is not null, print error and exit since queue
        is inconsistent
73        fprintf(stderr, "DLList inconsitent.\n");
74        exit(1);
75      }
76      // set head and tail to null and return the node
77      dlq_node *p = q->head;
78      q->head = NULL; q->tail = NULL;
79
80      p->pfwd = p->pbck = NULL;
81      return p;
82    } else{ // set the head to the next node and return the node
83      dlq_node *p = q->head;
84      q->head = q->head->pbck;
85      q->head->pfwd = NULL;
86
87      p->pfwd = p->pbck = NULL;
88      return p;
89    }
90  }
91
92  // function to print our queue
93  void print_q(const dlq *q){
```

```
94    dlq_node *n = q->head;
95    if(n == NULL)return;
96    while(n){
97      printf("%s(%d),", n->data->pname, n->data->ptimeleft);
98      n = n->pbck;
99    }
100 }
101
102 // function to check if the queue is empty
103 int is_empty(const dlq *q){
104   if (q->head == NULL && q->tail == NULL) return 1;
105   else if (q->head != NULL && q->tail != NULL) return 0;
106   else{
107     fprintf(stderr, "Error: DLL queue is inconsistent.");
108     exit(1);
109   }
110 }
111
112 // function to sort the queue on completion time
113 void sort_by_timetocompletion(const dlq *q){
114   // bubble sort
115   dlq_node *start = q->tail;
116   dlq_node *end = q->head;
117
118   while(start != end){ // while start and end are not equal
119     dlq_node *node = start;      // set node to start
120     dlq_node *next = node->pfwd; // set next to node's forward
121
122     while(next != NULL){ // while next is not null
123       if (node->data->ptimeleft < next->data->ptimeleft){ // if node's
    time left is less than next's time left, do a swap
124         pcb *temp = node->data;
125         node->data = next->data;
126         next->data = temp;
127       }
128       node = next; // set node to next and next to node's forward
129       next = node->pfwd;
130     }
131     end = end->pbck; // set end to end's backward
132   }
133 }
134
135 // function to sort the queue on arrival time
136 void sort_by_arrival_time(const dlq *q){
137   // bubble sort
138   dlq_node *start = q->tail;
139   dlq_node *end = q->head;
140
141   while(start != end){
142     dlq_node *node = start;
143     dlq_node *next = node->pfwd;
144
145     while(next != NULL){
```

```
146       if (node->data->ptimearrival < next->data->ptimearrival){
147         // do a swap
148         pcb *temp = node->data;
149         node->data = next->data;
150         next->data = temp;
151       }
152       node = next;
153       next = node->pfwd;
154     }
155     end = end->pbck;
156   }
157 }
158
159 // function to tokenize the one row of data -> parses a line of input
      data and returns a pointer to a pcb struct from it
160 pcb *tokenize_pdata(char *buf){ // buf is a pointer to the line of input
      data containing the process data in the format pname:pid:duration:
      arrival time
161   pcb *p = (pcb *)malloc(sizeof(pcb)); // allocate memory for a pcb
      struct
162   if(!p){
163     fprintf(stderr, "Error: allocating memory.\n");
164     exit(1);
165   }
166
167   char *token = strtok(buf, ":\n"); // tokenize the line of input data
168   if(!token){
169     fprintf(stderr, "Error: Expecting token pname\n");
170     exit(1);
171   }
172   strcpy(p->pname, token); // copy the token to pname
173
174   token = strtok(NULL, ":\n"); // tokenize the line of input data
175   if(!token){
176     fprintf(stderr, "Error: Expecting token pid\n");
177     exit(1);
178   }
179   p->pid = atoi(token); // convert the token to an integer and set it to
      pid
180
181   token = strtok(NULL, ":\n");
182   if(!token){
183     fprintf(stderr, "Error: Expecting token duration\n");
184     exit(1);
185   }
186   p->ptimeleft = atoi(token); // convert the token to an integer and set
      it to ptimeleft
187
188   token = strtok(NULL, ":\n");
189   if(!token){
190     fprintf(stderr, "Error: Expecting token arrival time\n");
191     exit(1);
192   }
```

```
193   p->ptimearrival = atoi(token); // convert the token to an integer and
        set it to ptimearrival
194
195   p->isfirsttime = true; // set isfirsttime to true
196
197   token = strtok(NULL, ":\n");
198   if(token){
199     fprintf(stderr, "Error: Oh, what've you got at the end of the line?\n
        ");
200     exit(1);
201   }
202   return p;
203 }
204
205 // implement the FIFO scheduling code
206 void sched_FIFO(dlq *const p_fq, int *p_time){
207   // initialize a queue to manage processes that are ready to run
208   dlq queue; queue.head = queue.tail = NULL;
209   // initialize the first process node from the head of the queue
210   dlq_node *process = remove_from_head(p_fq);
211
212   // initialize performance metrics
213   int num_processes = 1, rt1 = 0, response_time = 0, turnaround_time = 0,
        first_arrival = process->data->ptimearrival;
214   while(1){
215     (*p_time)++; // increment the system time
216     // if there are no processes left to run and the queue and ready
      queue is empty, break the loop
217     if(!(process->data->ptimeleft) && is_empty(&queue) && is_empty(p_fq))
       break;
218
219     // if there are processes left to run and the head of the queue has
      an arrival time less than the system time, add the head of the queue
      to the ready queue
220     if(!is_empty(p_fq) && p_fq->head->data->ptimearrival < (*p_time)){
221       add_to_tail(&queue, remove_from_head(p_fq)); num_processes++;
222     }
223
224     if(process->data->isfirsttime == true){ // if the process has not run
       before, set its first runtime to the system time and set isfirsttime
      to false
225       process->data->isfirsttime = false;
226       process->data->pfirstruntime = (*p_time);
227       rt1 = (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
228       if (rt1 < 0) rt1 = 1;
229       response_time += rt1;
230     }
231
232     printf("%d:", (*p_time));
233     // if the process still has to arrive, print idle, else decrement its
       time and print its name
234     if(process->data->ptimearrival >= (*p_time)) printf("idle:");
```

```
235     else{ process->data->ptimeleft--; printf("%s:", process->data->pname)
        ; }
236     // if the queue is empty, print empty, else show contents of the
        queue
237     if(is_empty(&queue)) printf("empty:\n");
238     else{ print_q(&queue); printf(":\n");}
239
240     // if process has finished, calculate the turnaround time and add it
        to the total turnaround time, then remove another process from the
        queue if queue is not empty
241     if(process->data->ptimeleft == 0){
242       turnaround_time += (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
243       if (!is_empty(&queue)) process = remove_from_head(&queue);
244     }
245   } free(process);
246   float throughput = (float)num_processes / ((*p_time) - first_arrival);
247   float avg_turnaround_time = (float)turnaround_time / num_processes;
248   float avg_response_time = (float)response_time / num_processes;
249   printf("Throughput: %.3f\n", throughput);
250   printf("Average turnaround time: %.3f\n", avg_turnaround_time);
251   printf("Average response time: %.3f\n", avg_response_time);
252   return;
253 }
254
255 // implement the SJF scheduling code
256 void sched_SJF(dlq *const p_fq, int *p_time){
257   dlq queue; queue.head = queue.tail = NULL;
258   dlq_node *process = remove_from_head(p_fq);
259
260   int num_processes = 1, rt1 = 0, response_time = 0, turnaround_time = 0,
        first_arrival = process->data->ptimearrival;
261
262   while(1){
263     (*p_time)++;
264
265     if(!(process->data->ptimeleft) && is_empty(&queue) && is_empty(p_fq))
        break;
266     // if processes left with arrival time less than system time, add
        them to the tail of the queue, and sort by time to completion
267     if(!is_empty(p_fq) && p_fq->head->data->ptimearrival < (*p_time)){
268       add_to_tail(&queue, remove_from_head(p_fq));
269       num_processes++;
270       sort_by_timetocompletion(&queue);
271     }
272
273     if(process->data->isfirsttime == true){
274       process->data->isfirsttime = false;
275       process->data->pfirstruntime = (*p_time);
276       rt1 = (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
277       if (rt1 < 0) rt1 = 1;
278       response_time += rt1;
279     }
280
```

```
281     printf("%d:", *p_time);
282     // if process still has to arrive, print idle, else decrement its
        time and print its name
283     if(process->data->ptimearrival >= (*p_time)) printf("idle:");
284     else{
285       process->data->ptimeleft--;
286       printf("%s:", process->data->pname);
287     }
288     // if queue is empty, print empty, else show contents of the queue
289     if(is_empty(&queue)) printf("empty:\n");
290     else{
291       print_q(&queue);
292       printf(":\n");
293     }
294
295     if(process->data->ptimeleft == 0){
296       turnaround_time += (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
297       if(!is_empty(&queue)) process = remove_from_head(&queue);
298     }
299   }
300   free(process);
301   float throughput = (float)num_processes / ((*p_time) - first_arrival);
302   float avg_turnaround_time = (float)turnaround_time / num_processes;
303   float avg_response_time = (float)response_time / num_processes;
304   printf("Throughput: %.3f\n", throughput);
305   printf("Average turnaround time: %.3f\n", avg_turnaround_time);
306   printf("Average response time: %.3f\n", avg_response_time);
307   return;
308 }
309
310 // implement the RR scheduling code
311 void sched_RR(dlq *const p_fq, int *p_time){
312   dlq queue; queue.head = queue.tail = NULL;
313   dlq_node *process = remove_from_head(p_fq);
314   int quantum_time = 1, process_time = 0; // quantum is the time slice
      for each process, process_time is the time the process has been
      running
315
316   int num_processes = 1, rt1 = 0, response_time = 0, turnaround_time = 0,
        first_arrival = process->data->ptimearrival;
317
318   while(1){
319     (*p_time)++;
320     if (!(process->data->ptimeleft) && is_empty(&queue) && is_empty(p_fq)
      ) break;
321
322     if(!is_empty(p_fq) && p_fq->head->data->ptimearrival < (*p_time)){
323       add_to_tail(&queue, remove_from_head(p_fq));
324       num_processes++;
325     }
326
327     if(process->data->isfirsttime == true){
328       process->data->isfirsttime = false;
```

```
329       process->data->pfirstruntime = (*p_time);
330       rt1 = (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
331       if (rt1 < 0) rt1 = 1;
332       response_time += rt1;
333     }
334
335     printf("%d:", *p_time);
336     if(process->data->ptimearrival >= (*p_time)) printf("idle:");
337     else{ // if process has arrived, decrement its time, update the time
        it has run for, and print its name
338       process->data->ptimeleft--;
339       process_time++;
340       printf("%s:", process->data->pname);
341     }
342
343     if(is_empty(&queue)) printf("empty:\n");
344     else{
345       print_q(&queue);
346       printf(":\n");
347     }
348
349     if(process->data->ptimeleft == 0){
350       turnaround_time += (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
351       if (!is_empty(&queue)) process = remove_from_head(&queue);
352     }
353
354     if(process_time == quantum_time){ // if process has run for the time
        slice, add it to the tail of the queue and set process_time to 0
355       add_to_tail(&queue, process);
356       process = remove_from_head(&queue);
357       process_time = 0;
358     }
359   }
360   free(process);
361   float throughput = (float)num_processes / ((*p_time) - first_arrival);
362   float avg_turnaround_time = (float)turnaround_time / num_processes;
363   float avg_response_time = (float)response_time / num_processes;
364   printf("Throughput: %.3f\n", throughput);
365   printf("Average turnaround time: %.3f\n", avg_turnaround_time);
366   printf("Average response time: %.3f\n", avg_response_time);
367   return;
368 }
369
370 // implement the STCF scheduling code
371 void sched_STCF(dlq *const p_fq, int *p_time){
372   dlq queue; queue.head = queue.tail = NULL;
373   dlq_node *process = remove_from_head(p_fq);
374
375   int num_processes = 1, rt1 = 0, response_time = 0, turnaround_time = 0,
        first_arrival = process->data->ptimearrival;
376
377   while(1){
378     (*p_time)++;
```

```
379     if(!(process->data->ptimeleft) && is_empty(&queue) && is_empty(p_fq))
        break;
380
381     if(!is_empty(p_fq) && p_fq->head->data->ptimearrival < (*p_time)){
382       add_to_tail(&queue, remove_from_head(p_fq));
383       num_processes++;
384     }
385
386     if(process->data->isfirsttime == true){
387       process->data->isfirsttime = false;
388       process->data->pfirstruntime = (*p_time);
389       rt1 = (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
390       if (rt1 < 0) rt1 = 1;
391       response_time += rt1;
392     }
393
394     sort_by_timetocompletion(&queue); // sort the queue by time to
       completion
395
396     printf("%d:", *p_time);
397     if(process->data->ptimearrival >= (*p_time)) printf("idle:");
398     else{
399       if(!is_empty(&queue) && (process->data->ptimeleft > queue.head->
       data->ptimeleft)){
400         add_to_tail(&queue, process);
401         process = remove_from_head(&queue);
402       }
403       if(process->data->isfirsttime == false){
404         process->data->isfirsttime = true;
405         process->data->pfirstruntime = (*p_time);
406         rt1 = (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
407         if (rt1 < 0) rt1 = 1;
408         response_time += rt1;
409       }
410       process->data->ptimeleft--;
411       printf("%s:", process->data->pname);
412     }
413
414     if(is_empty(&queue)) printf("empty:\n");
415     else{
416       sort_by_timetocompletion(&queue);
417       print_q(&queue);
418       printf(":\n");
419     }
420
421     if(process->data->ptimeleft == 0){
422       turnaround_time += (*p_time) - process->data->ptimearrival;
423       if(!is_empty(&queue)) process = remove_from_head(&queue);
424     }
425   }
426   free(process);
427   float throughput = (float)num_processes / ((*p_time) - first_arrival);
428   float avg_turnaround_time = (float)turnaround_time / num_processes;
```

```
429   float avg_response_time = (float)response_time / num_processes;
430   printf("Throughput: %.3f\n", throughput);
431   printf("Average turnaround time: %.3f\n", avg_turnaround_time);
432   printf("Average response time: %.3f\n", avg_response_time);
433   return;
434 }
435
436 int main(){
437   /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT
        */
438   int N = 0;                  // number of processes
439   char tech[20] = {'\0'};     // scheduling policy
440   char buffer[100] = {'\0'}; // buffer to store the input data
441   scanf("%d", &N);            // read the number of processes
442   scanf("%s", tech);          // read the scheduling policy
443
444   dlq queue;          // create a queue
445   queue.head = NULL; // set the head and tail to null
446   queue.tail = NULL;
447   for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i){ // for each process, read the data,
        tokenize it, and add it to the queue
448     scanf("%s\n", buffer);
449     pcb *p = tokenize_pdata(buffer);
450     add_to_tail(&queue, get_new_node(p));
451   }
452
453   unsigned int system_time = 0;
454   sort_by_arrival_time(&queue);
455
456   // run scheduler
457   if (!strncmp(tech, "FIFO", 4)) sched_FIFO(&queue, &system_time);
458   else if (!strncmp(tech, "SJF", 3)) sched_SJF(&queue, &system_time);
459   else if (!strncmp(tech, "STCF", 4)) sched_STCF(&queue, &system_time);
460   else if (!strncmp(tech, "RR", 2)) sched_RR(&queue, &system_time);
461   else fprintf(stderr, "Error: unknown POLICY\n");
462   return 0;
463 }
```