

① از جمع سطرها برابر می شود  $Ax = \lambda x \rightarrow \det(A - \lambda I) = 0$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{11}-\lambda & a_{12} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & a_{rr}-\lambda & \dots & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \vdots & \dots & a_{nn}-\lambda \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{سویز اول را به سطر دوم تا سطر n اضافه کنیم}} \begin{vmatrix} s-\lambda & a_{12} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ s-\lambda & a_{rr}-\lambda & \dots & a_{rn} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \dots & \vdots \\ s-\lambda & \vdots & \dots & a_{nn}-\lambda \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (s-\lambda) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & \dots & a_{nn}-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0 \rightarrow s = \lambda$$

مقدار ویژه یک ماتریس با مقدار ویژه ماتریس ترانپوز آن یکی است  $\Rightarrow$  برعکس نیز جمع درایه  
ستون ها با هم برابر هم رابطه بالادست

②  $f(\lambda) = \det(\lambda I - A) = (\lambda - \lambda_n) \dots (\lambda - \lambda_1)$

$f(0) \rightarrow \det - A = (-1)^n \det A = (-1)^n \lambda_1 \lambda_2 \lambda_3 \dots \lambda_n$

$\Rightarrow \det A = \lambda_1 \lambda_2 \dots \lambda_n$

③  $Ax = \alpha x \rightarrow x = \alpha A^{-1}x \Rightarrow A^{-1}x = \frac{1}{\alpha}x$  (۱) (۳)

(ب)  $A^T x = A(Ax) = A(\lambda x) = \lambda^T x = 0 \rightarrow \lambda = 0$

(ج و د)  $\det(A - \lambda I) = 0$

$(A - \lambda I)^T = A^T - \lambda I$

$\det A = \det A^T \rightarrow \det(A - \lambda I) = \det(A - \lambda I)^T$

$\Rightarrow \det(A - \lambda I) = \det(A^T - \lambda I) \Rightarrow$  مقدار ویژه یک

$$A = P B P^{-1}$$

$$A A^{-1} = I$$

$$(1) (2)$$

$$\det A = \det B \neq 0 \rightarrow B \text{ معکوس}$$

$$A^{-1} = (P B P^{-1})^{-1} = P^{-1} B^{-1} P \rightarrow \text{معکوس } A \text{ معکوس } B \text{ مشابه است}$$

$$A = P B P^{-1} \rightarrow A^r = (P B P^{-1}) (P B P^{-1}) \quad (ب)$$

$$\Rightarrow A^r = P B^r P^{-1}$$

$$B = P A P^{-1} \rightarrow A = P^{-1} B P \quad (ج)$$

$$C = Q A Q^{-1} \rightarrow C = Q (P^{-1} B P) Q^{-1}$$

$$R = Q P^{-1} \rightarrow C = R B R^{-1} \rightarrow B \text{ و } C \text{ مشابه اند}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} A \xrightarrow{\text{مرب ماتریس قطری}} D \\ A \xrightarrow{\text{مرب ماتریس قطری}} B \end{array} \right\} \xrightarrow{\text{نتیجه}} B \xrightarrow{\text{مرب ماتریس قطری}} D \Rightarrow B \text{ قطری است}$$

$$B = P A P^{-1} \rightarrow \text{Rank}(B) = \text{Rank}(P A P^{-1}) \quad (د)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Rank}(B) \leq \text{Rank}(A) = \text{Rank}(P^{-1} B P) \leq \text{Rank}(B)$$

$$\xrightarrow{+ \leq x \leq +} \text{Rank}(A) = \text{Rank}(B)$$

$$AV = eV = (a-bi) (\operatorname{Re}(V) + i \operatorname{Im}(V)) \quad (۵)$$

$$\leftarrow \text{قسمت حقیقی} = (a \operatorname{Re}(V) + b \operatorname{Im}(V)) + i(a \operatorname{Im}(V) - b \operatorname{Re}(V))$$

$$\rightarrow \operatorname{Re}(AV) = A \operatorname{Re}(V) = a \operatorname{Re}(V) + b \operatorname{Im}(V)$$

$$\rightarrow \operatorname{Im}(AV) = A \operatorname{Im}(V) = a \operatorname{Im}(V) - b \operatorname{Re}(V)$$

$$A \operatorname{Re}(V) = [\operatorname{Re}(V) \operatorname{Im}(V)] \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} = P \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} \quad (ب)$$

$$A \operatorname{Im}(V) = [\operatorname{Re}(V) \operatorname{Im}(V)] \begin{bmatrix} -b \\ a \end{bmatrix} = P \begin{bmatrix} -b \\ a \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AP = A [\operatorname{Re}(V) \operatorname{Im}(V)] = \begin{bmatrix} P \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} & P \begin{bmatrix} -b \\ a \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= P \begin{bmatrix} a & -b \\ b & a \end{bmatrix} = PC \Rightarrow AP = PC$$

$$Ax = \lambda x \rightarrow A^T x = A(\lambda x) = \lambda^T x = Ax = \lambda x \quad (۶)$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda^T x = \lambda x \rightarrow \lambda = 0 \text{ یا } 1$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -r & 0 \\ 1 & -r & 0 \\ 1 & -r & \omega \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow Ax = b \quad (۷)$$

$$A^T A \hat{x} = A^T b \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -r & -r & -r \\ \omega & \omega & \omega \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -r & \omega \\ 1 & -r & 0 \\ 1 & -r & \omega \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{x} \\ \hat{y} \\ \hat{z} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2r & 1\omega \\ -3r & 1r & -3\omega \\ -3r & 1r & 3\omega \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{x} \\ \hat{y} \\ \hat{z} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -r & -r & -r \\ \delta & \delta & \omega \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & a+b+c \\ -2 & 1 & -1 & -1(a+b+c) \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 1(a+b+c) \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & a+b+c \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1\hat{x} - 2\hat{y} + 1\hat{z} = a+b+c$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{x} - 2\hat{y} + \hat{z} = \frac{a+b+c}{3}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ c \end{bmatrix} x = \begin{bmatrix} b \\ d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A \Rightarrow A^T A \hat{x} = A^T B \Rightarrow (a^T + c^T) \hat{x} = ab + cd$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{x} = \frac{ab + cd}{a^T + c^T}$$

$$A^T A \hat{x} = A^T B \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & \dots & a_n \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ \vdots \\ a_n \end{bmatrix} \hat{x} = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & \dots & a_n \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ \vdots \\ b_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{x} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n a_i^2}$$

(۱۰) (۱۱)

$$\forall w \in W \quad w = a_1 u_1 + a_r u_r$$

$$\rightarrow z \cdot w = a_1 (z \cdot u_1) + a_r (z \cdot u_r) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow z \in W^\perp$$