

پاسخ تمرینات فصل ۱۰

گسسته گریمالادی

علی نظری

۹۶۳۱۰۷۵

$$a_n = (1/25)^n a_1, n \geq 1 \text{ (ب)}$$

$$a_n = (1/5)^n a_0, n \geq 0 \text{ (۲- الف)}$$

$$a_n = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n 6, n \geq 1 \text{ (ث)}$$

$$a_n = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^n 5, n \geq 1 \text{ (ت)}$$

۵- n را به عنوان هر ۳ ماه انتخاب کردیم پس تعداد n در ۳ ماه ها را بدست می دهد.

$$a_n = (1.06)a_{n-1} ; n \geq 0, a_0 = 100$$

$$a_n = 100(1.06)^n ; n \geq 0$$

$$a_n = 2a_0 = 200 = (1.06)^n 100 \rightarrow (1.06)^n = 2 \rightarrow n = 12((1.06)^{11} = 1.89, (1.06)^{12} = 2.012)$$

$$Months = 3 * 12 = 36$$

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$$P_n = (1.02)^n P_0, n = 15 * 4 = 60 \rightarrow P_{60} = (1.02)^{60} P_0 = 7218.27 \rightarrow P_0 = 2200 \text{ تومان}$$

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(الف)

$$19 + 18 + 17 + \dots + 10 = 145$$

(ب)

$$9 + 8 + 7 + \dots + 1 = 45$$

(الف)

$$a_n - 5a_{n-1} - 6a_{n-1} = 0 \rightarrow r^2 - 5r - 6 = 0 \rightarrow (r - 6)(r + 1) = 0 \rightarrow r = 6, r = -1$$

$$a_n = c_1(-1)^n + c_2 6^n \rightarrow \begin{cases} a_0 = 1 = c_1 + c_2 \\ a_1 = 3 = 6c_2 - c_1 \end{cases} \rightarrow c_1 = \frac{3}{7}, c_2 = \frac{4}{7} \rightarrow a_n = \frac{3}{7}(-1)^n + \frac{4}{7}6^n$$

(ب)

$$2r^2 - 11r + 5 = 0 \rightarrow (2r - 1)(r - 5) = 0 \rightarrow r = \frac{1}{2}, r = 5$$

$$a_n = c_1\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n + c_2 5^n \rightarrow \begin{cases} a_0 = 2 = c_1 + c_2 \\ a_1 = -8 = 5c_2 + \frac{1}{2}c_1 \end{cases} \rightarrow c_1 = 4, c_2 = -2 \rightarrow a_n = 4(-1)^n - 2(6^n)$$

(ج)

$$3a_{n+1} - 2a_n - a_{n-1} = 0 \rightarrow 3r^2 - 2r - 1 = 0 \rightarrow (3r + 1)(r - 1) = 0 \rightarrow r = -\frac{1}{3}, r = 1$$

$$a_n = c_1\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^n + c_2 1^n \rightarrow \begin{cases} a_0 = 7 = c_1 + c_2 \\ a_1 = 3 = c_2 - \frac{1}{3}c_1 \end{cases} \rightarrow c_1 = 3, c_2 = 4 \rightarrow a_n = 3\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^n + 4$$

(د)

$$r^2 + 1 = 0 \rightarrow r^2 = -1 \rightarrow r = \pm i \rightarrow a_n = c_1(i)^n + c_2(-i)^n =$$

$$c_1 \left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^n +$$

$$c_2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + i \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^n = A \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + B \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \rightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} a_0 = 0 = A \\ a_1 = 3 = B \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = B \end{cases}$$

$$a_n = 3 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right); n \geq 0$$

(ث)

$$\begin{aligned}
 r^2 + 4 = 0 &\rightarrow r^2 = -4 \rightarrow r = \pm 2i \rightarrow a_n = c_1(2i)^n + c_2(-2i)^n = \\
 &2^n [c_1 \left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^n \\
 &+ c_2 (\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) - i \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right))^n] = 2^n [A \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + B \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)] \\
 &\rightarrow \begin{cases} a_0 = 1 = A \\ a_1 = 1 = 2B \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \end{cases} \rightarrow B = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow a_n = 2^n \left[\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

(ج)

$$\begin{aligned}
 r^2 - 6r + 9 = 0 &\rightarrow (r - 3)^2 = 0 \rightarrow r = 3, r = 3 \rightarrow a_n = c_1 3^n + c_2 n(3^n) \\
 \begin{cases} a_0 = 5 = c_1 \\ a_1 = 12 = 3c_1 + 3c_2 \end{cases} &\rightarrow c_1 = 5, c_2 = -1 \rightarrow a_n = (5 - n)3^n
 \end{aligned}$$

(ج)

$$\begin{aligned}
 r^2 + 2r + 2 = 0 &\rightarrow r = -1 \pm i \rightarrow -1 + i = \sqrt{2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) \right) \\
 , -1 - i &= \sqrt{2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) \right) \rightarrow a_n = (\sqrt{2})^n [A \cos\left(\frac{3n\pi}{4}\right) + \\
 &B \sin\left(\frac{3n\pi}{4}\right)] \\
 &\rightarrow \begin{cases} a_0 = 1 = A \\ a_1 = 3 = \sqrt{2} [A \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) + B \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)] \end{cases} \rightarrow B = 4 \rightarrow a_n = a_n = \\
 &(\sqrt{2})^n [\cos\left(\frac{3n\pi}{4}\right) + 4 \sin\left(\frac{3n\pi}{4}\right)]
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$4 + b = 0 \rightarrow b = -4$$

$$37 - 16 + c = 0 \rightarrow c = -21$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 r^2 - 4r - 21 = 0 &\rightarrow (r - 7)(r + 3) = 0 \rightarrow r = 7, r = -3 \rightarrow a_n \\
 &= c_1 7^n + c_2 (-3)^n
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases} a_0 = 0 = c_1 + c_2 \\ a_1 = 1 = 7c_1 - 3c_2 \end{cases} \rightarrow c_1 = \frac{1}{10}, c_2 = -\frac{1}{10} \rightarrow a_n = \frac{1}{10} (7^n - (-3)^n); n \geq 0$$

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$$a_n = a_{n-1} + a_{n-2} ; n \geq 2 , a_0 = a_1 = 1$$

$$r^2 - r - 1 = 0 ; r = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2} \rightarrow a_n = A \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n + B \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n$$

$$\begin{cases} a_0 = 1 \rightarrow A + B = 1 \\ a_1 = 1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} + \frac{(A-B)\sqrt{5}}{2} = 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow A = \frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{2\sqrt{5}} , B = \frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2\sqrt{5}} \rightarrow a_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left[\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^{n+1} - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^{n+1} \right]$$

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(الف)

$$F_1 = F_2 - F_0 \rightarrow F_1 + F_3 + F_5 + \dots + F_{2n-1} = F_{2n}$$

$$n = 1 \rightarrow F_1 = F_2 = 1 \text{ true}$$

$$S(k) : F_1 + F_3 + F_5 + \dots + F_{2k-1} = F_{2k} ; k \geq 1$$

$$S(k+1) : F_1 + F_3 + F_5 + \dots + F_{2k-1} + F_{2k+1} = F_{2k} + F_{2k+1} = F_{2k+2} \text{ true}$$

(ب)

$$F_0 = F_1 + F_2 \rightarrow F_1 + F_2 + F_3 + \dots + F_{2n-1} = F_{2n+1} - 1$$

$$n = 0 \rightarrow F_0 = F_1 - 1 = 0$$

$$S(k) : F_0 + F_2 + F_4 + \dots + F_{2k} = F_{2k+1} - 1 \text{ true}$$

$$S(k+1) : F_0 + F_2 + F_4 + \dots + F_{2k} + F_{2k+2} = F_{2k+1} + F_{2k+2} - 1 = F_{2k+3} - 1 \text{ true}$$

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(الف)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{F_{n+1}}{F_n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left[\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^{n+1} - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^{n+1} \right]}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left[\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n \right]} = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

برای حل بالا بر عبارت دوم به ۰ میل می کند پس به جواب می رسیم.

(ب)

-١

$$\frac{AC}{AX} = \frac{\sin(AXC)}{\sin(ACX)} = \frac{\sin(108)}{\sin(36)} = 2\cos(36)$$

-٢

$$\cos(18) = \sin(72) = 2 \sin(36) \cos(36) = 4 \sin(18) \cos(18)(1 - 2\sin^2(18))$$

$$-8\sin^3(18) + 4 \sin(18) = 1 \rightarrow 8\sin^3(18) - 4 \sin(18) + 1 = 0 \rightarrow 8x^3 - 4x + 1 = 0$$

$$(2x - 1)(4x^2 + 2x - 1) = 0 \rightarrow 4x^2 + 2x - 1 = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{20}}{8} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{4}$$

$$\sin(18) > 0 \rightarrow \sin(18) = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{5}}{4}$$

(ب)

$$\frac{AC}{AX} = 2 \cos(36) = 2(1 - 2\sin^2(18)) = 2\left(1 - 2 * \frac{6 - 2\sqrt{5}}{16}\right) = 2 - \frac{3 - \sqrt{5}}{2} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

-١٥

a'_n : n number with blue one on top

a''_n :: n number without blue one on top

$$a_n = ka'_n + (k - 1)a''_n = (k - 1)(a'_n + a''_n) + a'_n = (k - 1)a_n + (k - 1)a_{n-1}$$

-١٣

$$a_0 = 1, a_1 = 2, a_2 = 2, a_3 = 2^2, a_4 = 2^3, a_5 = 2^5 \rightarrow a_n = 2^{F_n}$$

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با تقسیم بندی به ۲ حالت داریم :

$$a_1 = 0, a_2 = 1, a_3 = 1, \dots$$

$$a_n : n = x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_t ; 1 \leq t \leq \left\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \right\rfloor, x_i \geq 2$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = 2 \rightarrow a_{n-2} : n - 2 = x_2 + x_3 + \dots + x_t \\ x_1 > 2 \rightarrow a_{n-1} : n - 1 = (x_1 - 1) + x_2 + \dots + x_t \end{cases} \rightarrow a_n = a_{n-1} + a_{n-2} = F_{n-1} ; n \geq 4$$

-۱۵

$$x_{n+2} - x_{n+1} = 2(x_{n+1} - x_n) \rightarrow x_{n+2} - 3x_{n+1} + 2x_n = 0 \rightarrow r^2 - 3r + 2 = 0 \rightarrow r = 1, r = 2$$

$$x_n = A2^n + B \rightarrow \begin{cases} x_0 = 1 \rightarrow A + B = 1 \\ x_1 = 5 \rightarrow 2A + B = 5 \end{cases} \rightarrow A = 4, B = -3 \rightarrow x_n = 4(2^n) - 3$$

-۱۶

$$D_n = 2D_{n-1} - D_{n-2} \rightarrow D_n - 2D_{n-1} + D_{n-2} = 0 \rightarrow r^2 - 2r + 1 = 0 \rightarrow r = 1, r = 1$$

$$D_n = A + nB \rightarrow \begin{cases} D_1 = 2 \rightarrow A + B = 2 \\ D_2 = 3 \rightarrow A + 2B = 3 \end{cases} \rightarrow A = 1, B = 1 \rightarrow D_n = 1 + n ; n \geq 1$$

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$$b_n = a_n^2 \rightarrow (r - 4)(r - 1) = 0 \rightarrow r = 4, r = 1$$

$$b_n = A4^n + B \rightarrow \begin{cases} b_0 = 16 = A + B \\ b_1 = 169 = 4A + B \end{cases} \rightarrow A = 51, B = -35 \rightarrow b_n = 51(4^n) - 35$$

$$a_n = \sqrt{b_n} = \sqrt{51(4^n) - 35} ; n \geq 0$$

(الف)

$$a_n = a_0 + 2[1 + 2 + \dots + (n-1)] + 3n = 1 + n^2 - n + 3n = (n-1)^2 ; n \geq 0$$

يا

$$f(n+1) = 2n+3 \rightarrow f(n) = 2n+1 \rightarrow a_n = a_0 + \sum_{i=1}^n (2i+1) = 1 + n + 2 * \frac{n(n+1)}{2} =$$

$$n^2 + 2n + 1 = (n+1)^2$$

(ب)

$$f(n+1) = 3n^2 - n \rightarrow f(n) = 3n^2 - 7n + 4 \rightarrow a_n = a_0 + \sum_{i=1}^n (3i^2 - 7i + 4) = 3 + 3 * \frac{(n)(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} - 7 * \frac{(n)(n+1)}{2} + 4n = 3 + n(n-1)^2$$

(پ)

$$a_1 = 2 + 5 , a_2 = 2^2 + (2+1)5 , a_3 = 2^3 + (2^2 + 2 + 1)5$$

$$a_n = 2^n + (2^{n-1} + 2^{n-2} + \dots + 1)5 = 2^n + \frac{(1-2^n)}{1-2} 5 = 6(2^n) - 5 ; n \geq 0$$

(ت)

$$a_1 = 2 + 1 , a_2 = 2^2 + 2 * 2^1 , a_3 = 2^3 + 3 * 2^2$$

$$a_n = 2^n + n * 2^{n-1}$$

(الف)

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + n ; a_0 = 1 \quad a_n^{(h)} = A , a_n^{(p)} = Bn + Cn^2 \rightarrow Bn + Cn^2 = B(n-1) + C(n-1)^2 + n$$

$$B = C = \frac{1}{2} , A = a_0 = 1 \rightarrow a_n = 1 + \frac{1}{2}(n)(n+1) ; n \geq 0$$

(ب)

$$b_n = b_{n-1} + 2 ; n \geq 2 , b_1 = 2$$

$$b_n = 2n ; n \geq 1 , b_0 = 1$$

-٥

(الف)

$$a_n = cr^n \rightarrow (r+2)(r+1) = 0 \rightarrow r = -1, r = -2$$

$$a_n^{(h)} = A(-1)^n + B(-2)^n, a_n^{(p)} = C(3^n) ; a_n^{(p)} \text{ in equation } \rightarrow C = \frac{1}{20}$$

$$\begin{cases} a_0 = 0 = A + B + \frac{1}{20} \\ a_1 = 1 = -A - 2B + \frac{3}{20} \end{cases} \rightarrow B = -\frac{4}{5}, A = -B - \frac{1}{20} = \frac{3}{4} \rightarrow a_n = \frac{3}{4}(-1)^n - \frac{4}{5}(-2)^n + \frac{1}{20}(3^n)$$

(ب)

$$a_n = \frac{2}{9}(-2)^n - \frac{5}{6}n(-2)^n + \frac{7}{9} ; n \geq 0$$

(پ)

$$(r-1)(r+1) = 0 \rightarrow r = 1, r = -1 \rightarrow a_n^{(h)} = A + B(-1)^n, a_n^{(p)} = C \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + D \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$a_n^{(p)} \text{ in equation } \rightarrow C = -\frac{1}{2}, D = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} a_0 = 1 = A + B \\ a_1 = 1 = A - B - \frac{1}{2} \end{cases} \rightarrow A = \frac{5}{4}, B = -\frac{1}{4} \rightarrow a_n = \frac{5}{4} - \frac{1}{4}(-1)^n - \frac{1}{2} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) ; n \geq 0$$

-٦

$$a_n^{(h)} = A3^n + Bn3^n, a_n^{(p)} = C2^n + Dn^23^n$$

$$a_n^{(p)} \text{ in equation } \rightarrow C = 3, D = \frac{7}{18}$$

$$\begin{cases} a_0 = 1 \\ a_1 = 4 \end{cases} \rightarrow A = -1, B = \frac{17}{18} \rightarrow a_n = -2 * 3^n + \frac{17}{18}n3^n + \frac{7}{18}n^23^n + 3 * 2^n$$

-٧

$$(r-1)^3 = 0 \rightarrow r = 1, r = 1, r = 1 \rightarrow a_n^{(h)} = A + Bn + Cn^2, a_n^{(p)} = Dn^3 + En^4$$

$$a_n^{(p)} \text{ in equation } \rightarrow D = -\frac{3}{4}, D = \frac{5}{24} \rightarrow a_n = A + Bn + Cn^2 - \frac{3}{4}n^3 + \frac{5}{24}n^4; n \geq 0$$

-٨

$$a_n^{(h)} = A3^n, a_n^{(p)} = Bn3^n \rightarrow a_n = A3^n + Bn3^n$$

$$a_n^{(p)} \text{ in equation } \rightarrow B = \frac{1}{3}, A = a_0 = 1 \rightarrow a_n = 3^n + n3^{n-1}$$

-١١

(الف)

$$b_n = a_n^2 \rightarrow b_n^{(h)} = A3^n + B2^n, b_n^{(p)} = Cn + D$$

$$b_n^{(p)} \text{ in equation } \rightarrow C = \frac{7}{2}, D = \frac{21}{4}$$

$$b_0 = b_1 = 1 \rightarrow A = \frac{3}{4}, B = -5 \rightarrow a_n = \sqrt{\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)3^n - 5(2^n) + \frac{7}{2}n + \frac{21}{4}}$$

(ب)

$$b_n = \frac{a_n}{n!} \rightarrow b_n + b_{n-1} = 1 \rightarrow b_n = \frac{1}{2}[(-1)^n + 1] \rightarrow a_n = \frac{n!}{2}[(-1)^n + 1]$$

(پ)

$$a_n^2 = 2a_{n-1} \rightarrow 2 \log_2 a_n = 1 + \log_2 a_{n-1} \rightarrow b_n = \log_2 a_n \rightarrow 2b_n - b_{n-1} - 1 = 0$$

$$b_n = A\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n + 1, b_0 = A + 1 = 1 \rightarrow A = 0 \rightarrow b_n = 1 \rightarrow a_n = 2$$

-۱۲

(الف)

$$s_{n+1} - s_n = t_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2}(n^2 + 3n + 2)$$

$$s_{n+1}^{(h)} - s_n^{(h)} = 0 \rightarrow s_n^{(h)} = A, s_n^{(p)} = n(Bn^2 + Cn + D) = Bn^3 + Cn^2 + Dn$$

$$s_n^{(p)} \text{ in equation } \rightarrow B = \frac{1}{6}, C = \frac{1}{2}, D = \frac{1}{3}, s_1 = 1 \rightarrow A = 0$$

$$s_n = \frac{1}{6}(n)(n+1)(n+2)$$

(ب)

-۱

اتم $s_{10000000}$

-۲

$$s_{99999} - s_{10000} = 1.665 * 10^{14} \text{ اتم}$$