

$$F(x|x > y) = \frac{\frac{x^r}{r}}{\frac{1}{r}} = x^r \xrightarrow{\text{CDF}} f(x) = rx$$

(1)



$$E[X] = \int_0^1 x f(x) dx = \int_0^1 x (rx) dx = \frac{r}{r} x^2 \Big|_0^1 = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\sigma_{xy} = E[xy] - E[X]E[Y] = E[AX^r] - E[Y]E[AX]$$

$$= \left(0 \times \frac{r}{r} + \frac{1}{r} E[X^r]\right) - E[X] \left(\frac{r}{r} x_0 + \frac{1}{r} E[X]\right)$$

$$E[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{rx}} e^{-\frac{x^r}{r}} dx = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{xy} = \frac{1}{r} E[X^r] = \frac{1}{r} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{x^r}{\sqrt{rx}} e^{-\frac{x^r}{r}} dx$$

$$f_x(x) = \int_0^r \frac{1}{r}(x+y) dy = \frac{(x+y)^r}{r} \Big|_0^r = \frac{1}{r} [(x+r)^r - x^r] = \frac{x+r}{r}$$

$$f_y(y) = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{r}(x+y) dx = \frac{(x+y)^r}{r} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{r} (ry+1) = \frac{ry+1}{r}$$

$$V(rx - ry + 1) = \frac{ry+r}{r} - \left(\frac{ry+1}{r}\right) + 1$$

$$A = 1 - \text{CDF}(1) = .16$$

$$B = \text{CDF}(1) - \text{CDF}(0) = .14$$

$$C = \text{CDF}(0) - \text{CDF}(-1) = .12$$

$$D = \text{CDF}(-1) - \text{CDF}(-2) = .13$$

$$F = \text{CDF}(-2) = .01$$

(2)

(الف) ⑤

$$b(3; 0.05, 0.2) = \binom{3}{3} (0.05)^3 (0.95)^{0.7}$$

(ب)

پ به منفر میل کنند ← با بواسون تقریب میزنیم:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lambda t = np = 12 \\ \sqrt{\sigma^2} = \sqrt{npq} = 3.5 \\ \mu = np = 12 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \text{جواب} = P(15; 12) - P(10; 12)$$

$$= \text{CDF}\left(\frac{15-12}{3.5}\right) - \text{CDF}\left(\frac{10-12}{3.5}\right) = 0.62$$

از جدول نرمال با نرمال هم تقریب میزنیم:

$$\text{نزد: } \text{CDF}\left(\frac{15-12}{3.5}\right) - \text{CDF}\left(\frac{10-12}{3.5}\right)$$

⑥

$$1 - \text{CDF}(2) = 0.2 \rightarrow \text{CDF}(2) = 0.8$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x - 10}{6} = 0.8 \rightarrow 6 \approx \frac{10}{0.8} \Rightarrow \sigma^2 = \text{Var}[x] = 13.8$$

$$\text{مثال: } \frac{1}{\beta} e^{-\frac{1}{\beta}x} \Rightarrow P(X > 4) = 1 - \int_0^4 \frac{1}{4} e^{-\frac{x}{4}} dx = 1 + e^{-\frac{x}{4}} \Big|_0^4 = e^{-1} \quad \text{(الف) ⑦}$$

(ب)

احتمال بیش از ۱ ساعت طول کشیدن برابر:

$$1 + e^{-\frac{1}{4}x} \Big|_0^4 = e^{-\frac{1}{4}x}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - e^{-\frac{1}{4}x}$$

$$f_y(y) = f_x(\sqrt{y}) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right)^{\sqrt{y}} \left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right)^{\sqrt{y}} \left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right)^{y-\sqrt{y}} \\ 0 \end{cases} \quad y = 0, 1, 4, 9 \quad (9)$$

و.م

$$\int f(-\sqrt{y}) + f(\sqrt{y}) \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} dy = \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}}$$

$$\Rightarrow f_y(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{y}} & 0 < y < 1 \\ 0 & \text{و.م} \end{cases}$$

$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}} = \frac{13.87 - 14.0}{\frac{2.67}{\sqrt{50}}} = -1.1 \quad \alpha = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.1 > 1.36 \rightarrow \text{لا ادعى}$$

$$V = n - 1 = 499$$

$$\mu_1 = 2.01$$

$$\sigma_1 = 1.39$$

$$\mu_r = 2.4$$

$$\sigma_r = 1.34$$

$$t = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_r) - (\mu_1 - \mu_r)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_r^2}{n_r}}} = 0.16$$

$$t = 1.112$$

لا ادعى

$$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_r$$

$$H_1: \mu_1 > \mu_r$$