

Signals and Systems

Assignment 2

Fall 2019 - Group 1

Contact: MohammadKhalaji76@gmail.com Telegram Channel: @SignalsAndSystems98Fall

Question 1

(a) The impulse response of a CTLTI system is

$$h(t) = \delta(t) - \delta(t-1)$$

Determine and sketch the response of this system to the triangular waveform shown in Figure 1.

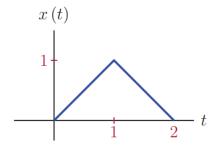


Figure 1: x(t) for question 1(a)

(b) A CTLTI system has the impulse response

$$h(t) = \delta(t) + 0.5\delta(t - 1) + 0.3\delta(t - 2)$$

Determine and sketch the response of this system to the exponential input signal

$$x(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$$

Question 2

For each pair of signals x(t) and h(t) given below, find the convolution y(t) = x(t) * h(t)

(a)
$$x(t) = u(t) - u(t-2), h(t) = e^{-2t}u(t)$$

(b)
$$x(t) = \Pi(t - \frac{1}{2}) - \Pi(t - \frac{3}{2}), h(t) = u(t) - u(t - 1)$$

$$\Pi(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & |t| < \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases}$$

(c) Figure 2

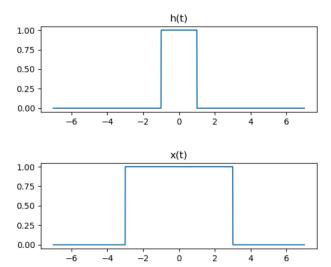


Figure 2: This type of convolution is widely used in the upcoming chapters

(a) Consider a system with the impulse response

$$h[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n]$$

Determine the output if the input is defined as follows:

$$x[n] = u[n] - u[n-5]$$

(b) Convolve:

$$h[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n (u[n] - u[n-4])$$
$$x[n] = u[n] - u[n-7]$$

For each of the following impulse responses, determine whether the corresponding system is memoryless, causal and stable. Justify your answers.

- (a) h(t) = u(t) u(t-3)
- (b) $h(t) = \Pi(t)$
- (c) $h(t) = e^{-3|t|}$
- (d) $h(t) = \sin(2\pi t)u(t)$
- (e) $h[n] = (\frac{1}{2})^n u[n]$
- (f) $h[n] = 5^n u[3-n]$
- (g) $h[n] = cos(n\pi)u[n+5]$

Find the step response for systems with following impulse responses:

- (a) $h(t) = \delta(t) \delta(t 5)$
- (b) $h(t) = \delta(t) + \delta(t 5)$
- (c) $h(t) = e^{-|t|}$
- (d) $h[n] = (\frac{1}{5})^n u[n]$

Consider the CTLTI system shown in Figure 3

$$h_1(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$$

 $h_2(t) = h_3(t) = u(t) = u(t-1)$
 $h_4(t) = \delta(t-1)$

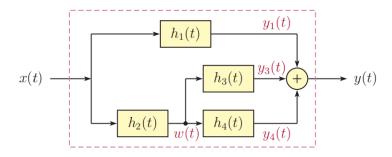


Figure 3: An integrated system

- (a) Determine the impulse response $h_{eq}(t)$ of the equivalent system.
- (b) Let the input signal be a unit-step, that is, x(t) = u(t). Determine and sketch the signals $w(t), y_1(t), y_3(t)$ and $y_4(t)$.

Matlab Question 1

Use Matlab conv() function to convolve following signals:

(a)
$$h[n] = \{4, 3, 2, 1\}$$
 and $x[n] = \{-3, 7, 4\}$ (starting from $n = 0$)

(b)
$$h[n] = (0.8)^n (u[n] - 2u[n-5] \text{ and } x[n] = u[n] - 2u[n-6]$$

Modify matlab heaviside() function to match it with the heaviside you know :)

$$u[n] = \begin{cases} 1 & n \ge 0 \\ 0 & n < 0 \end{cases}$$

Matlab Question 2

Load the signal.mat file into your matlab workspace.

- (a) Plot the signal.
- (b) Convolve the signal with the following impulse response and plot the result:

$$h[n] = \{\frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{5}\}$$

(starting from n = -2)

(c) Convolve the signal with the following impulse response and plot the result:

$$h[n] = \{0.06136, 0.24477, 0.38774, 0.24477, 0.06136\}$$

(starting from n=-2) (Gaussian 1D kernel with $\sigma=1$)

(d) Explain the effect of convolving the input signal with kernels (impulse responses) mentioned above.