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## Basics of Neural Network Programming

#### Vectorization

### What is vectorization?

Non-vertingel:

for i in rage 
$$(n-x)$$
:  
 $2+=\omega TiJ \times \times TiJ$ 



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More vectorization examples

# Neural network programming guideline

Whenever possible, avoid explicit for-loops.

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$$U = AV$$

$$U_{i} = \sum_{i} \sum_{j} A_{i,j} V_{i,j}$$

$$U = np. zeros((n, i))$$

$$for i \dots \subseteq ACIJCIJ * vC_{i}J$$

$$uCiJ += ACIJCIJ * vC_{i}J$$

### Vectors and matrix valued functions

Say you need to apply the exponential operation on every element of a matrix/vector.

$$v = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ \vdots \\ v_n \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \omega = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

import numpy at np

$$u = np. exp(u)$$
 $p. log(u)$ 
 $np. abs(u)$ 
 $np. haximum(v, 0)$ 
 $v \neq v \neq v$ 

## Logistic regression derivatives

$$J = 0, \quad dw1 = 0, \quad dw2 = 0, \quad db = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{for } i = 1 \text{ to } n:$$

$$z^{(i)} = w^{T}x^{(i)} + b$$

$$a^{(i)} = \sigma(z^{(i)})$$

$$J + = -[y^{(i)} \log \hat{y}^{(i)} + (1 - y^{(i)}) \log(1 - \hat{y}^{(i)})]$$

$$\Leftrightarrow dz^{(i)} = a^{(i)}(1 - a^{(i)})$$

$$\Rightarrow dz^{(i)} = x_{1}^{(i)} dz^{(i)}$$

$$\Rightarrow dw_{1} + x_{2}^{(i)} dz^{(i)}$$

$$\Rightarrow dw_{2} + x_{2}^{(i)} dz^{(i)}$$

$$\Rightarrow db + dz^{(i)}$$

$$\Rightarrow dw_{1} - dw_{1}/m, \quad dw_{2} = dw_{2}/m, \quad db = db/m$$

$$\Rightarrow d\omega / = m.$$