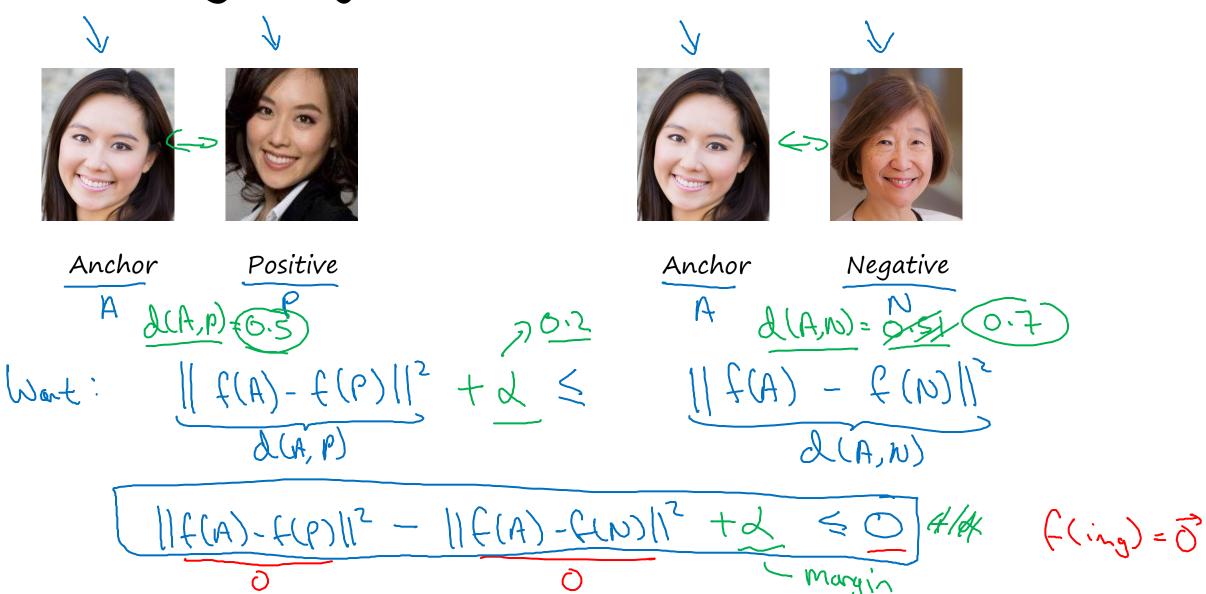


Face recognition

Triplet loss

Learning Objective



[Schroff et al.,2015, FaceNet: A unified embedding for face recognition and clustering]

Andrew Ng

Loss function Given 3 image A.P. N: 2(A,P,N) = max ([[f(A)-f(P)]]2 - |[f(A)-f(N)]|2 +d), 0) $= \sum_{i=1}^{m} \mathcal{L}(A^{(i)}, P^{(i)}, N^{(i)})$

Training set: 10k pictures of 1k persons

Choosing the triplets A,P,N

During training, if A,P,N are chosen randomly, $d(A, P) + \alpha \leq d(A, N)$ is easily satisfied.

Training set using triplet loss

