

D. New Year Letter

time limit per test: 1 second

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

Many countries have such a New Year or Christmas tradition as writing a letter to Santa including a wish list for presents. Vasya is an ordinary programmer boy. Like all ordinary boys, he is going to write the letter to Santa on the New Year Eve (we Russians actually expect Santa for the New Year, not for Christmas).

Vasya has come up with an algorithm he will follow while writing a letter. First he chooses two strings, s_1 and s_2 , consisting of uppercase English letters. Then the boy makes string s_k , using a recurrent equation $s_n = s_{n-2} + s_{n-1}$, operation '+' means a concatenation (that is, the sequential record) of strings in the given order. Then Vasya writes down string s_k on a piece of paper, puts it in the envelope and sends it to Santa.

Vasya is absolutely sure that Santa will bring him the best present if the resulting string s_k has exactly x occurrences of substring AC (the short-cut reminds him of accepted problems). Besides, Vasya decided that string s_1 should have length n , and string s_2 should have length m . Vasya hasn't decided anything else.

At the moment Vasya's got urgent New Year business, so he asks you to choose two strings for him, s_1 and s_2 in the required manner. Help Vasya.

Input

The first line contains four integers k, x, n, m ($3 \leq k \leq 50$; $0 \leq x \leq 10^9$; $1 \leq n, m \leq 100$).

Output

In the first line print string s_1 , consisting of n uppercase English letters. In the second line print string s_2 , consisting of m uppercase English letters. If there are multiple valid strings, print any of them.

If the required pair of strings doesn't exist, print "Happy new year!" without the quotes.

Examples

input
3 2 2 2
output
AC AC
input
3 3 2 2
output
Happy new year!
input
3 0 2 2
output
AA AA
input
4 3 2 1

output

Happy new year!

input

4 2 2 1

output

Happy new year!