## E. Radio stations

time limit per test: 2 seconds memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input output: standard output

In the lattice points of the coordinate line there are n radio stations, the i-th of which is described by three integers:

- $x_i$  the coordinate of the *i*-th station on the line,
- $r_i$  the broadcasting range of the i-th station,
- $f_i$  the broadcasting frequency of the *i*-th station.

We will say that two radio stations with numbers i and j reach each other, if the broadcasting range of each of them is more or equal to the distance between them. In other words  $min(r_i, r_j) \ge |x_i - x_j|$ .

Let's call a pair of radio stations (i,j) bad if i < j, stations i and j reach each other and they are close in frequency, that is,  $|f_i - f_j| \le k$ .

Find the number of bad pairs of radio stations.

## Input

The first line contains two integers n and k ( $1 \le n \le 10^5$ ,  $0 \le k \le 10$ ) — the number of radio stations and the maximum difference in the frequencies for the pair of stations that reach each other to be considered bad.

In the next n lines follow the descriptions of radio stations. Each line contains three integers  $x_i$ ,  $r_i$  and  $f_i$  ( $1 \le x_i$ ,  $r_i \le 10^9$ ,  $1 \le f_i \le 10^4$ ) — the coordinate of the i-th radio station, it's broadcasting range and it's broadcasting frequency. **No two radio stations will share a coordinate**.

## **Output**

Output the number of bad pairs of radio stations.

## **Examples**

```
input

3 2
1 3 10
3 2 5
4 10 8

output

1
```

```
input

3 3
1 3 10
3 2 5
4 10 8

output

2
```

```
input
5 1
1 3 2
2 2 4
3 2 1
4 2 1
5 3 3
```

output	
input	
1	
. 5 2	
5 4	
5 1	
- 5 1	
5 3	
output	