

C. Curious Array

time limit per test: 2 seconds

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

You've got an array consisting of n integers: $a[1], a[2], \dots, a[n]$. Moreover, there are m queries, each query can be described by three integers l_i, r_i, k_i . Query l_i, r_i, k_i means that we should add to each element $a[j]$, where $l_i \leq j \leq r_i$.

Record means the binomial coefficient, or the number of combinations from y elements into groups of x elements.

You need to fulfil consecutively all queries and then print the final array.

Input

The first line contains integers n, m ($1 \leq n, m \leq 10^5$).

The second line contains n integers $a[1], a[2], \dots, a[n]$ ($0 \leq a_i \leq 10^9$) — the initial array.

Next m lines contain queries in the format l_i, r_i, k_i — to all elements of the segment $l_i \dots r_i$ add number ($1 \leq l_i \leq r_i \leq n$; $0 \leq k_i \leq 100$).

Output

Print n integers: the i -th number is the value of element $a[i]$ after all the queries. As the values can be rather large, print them modulo 1000000007 ($10^9 + 7$).

Examples

input
5 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 5 0
output
1 1 1 1 1

input
10 2 1 2 3 4 5 0 0 0 0 0 1 6 1 6 10 2
output
2 4 6 8 10 7 3 6 10 15