# E. Alyona and towers

time limit per test: 2 seconds memory limit per test: 256 megabytes input: standard input

output: standard output

Alyona has built n towers by putting small cubes some on the top of others. Each cube has size  $1 \times 1 \times 1$ . A tower is a non-zero amount of cubes standing on the top of each other. The towers are next to each other, forming a row.

Sometimes Alyona chooses some segment towers, and put on the top of each tower several cubes. Formally, Alyouna chooses some segment of towers from  $l_i$  to  $r_i$  and adds  $d_i$  cubes on the top of them.

Let the sequence  $a_1, a_2, ..., a_n$  be the heights of the towers from left to right. Let's call as a segment of towers  $a_l, a_{l+1}, ..., a_r$  a hill if the following condition holds: there is integer k ( $l \le k \le r$ ) such that  $a_l < a_{l+1} < a_{l+2} < ... < a_k > a_{k+1} > a_{k+2} > ... > a_r$ .

After each addition of  $d_i$  cubes on the top of the towers from  $l_i$  to  $r_i$ , Alyona wants to know the maximum width among all hills. The width of a hill is the number of towers in it.

## Input

The first line contain single integer n ( $1 \le n \le 3 \cdot 10^5$ ) — the number of towers.

The second line contain n integers  $a_1, a_2, ..., a_n$  ( $1 \le a_i \le 10^9$ ) — the number of cubes in each tower.

The third line contain single integer m ( $1 \le m \le 3 \cdot 10^5$ ) — the number of additions.

The next m lines contain 3 integers each. The i-th of these lines contains integers  $l_i$ ,  $r_i$  and  $d_i$  ( $1 \le l \le r \le n$ ,  $1 \le d_i \le 10^9$ ), that mean that Alyona puts  $d_i$  cubes on the tio of each of the towers from  $l_i$  to  $r_i$ .

### **Output**

Print *m* lines. In *i*-th line print the maximum width of the hills after the *i*-th addition.

### **Example**

```
input

5
5 5 5 5 5 5
3
1 3 2
2 2 1
4 4 1

output

2
4
5
```

### **Note**

The first sample is as follows:

After addition of 2 cubes on the top of each towers from the first to the third, the number of cubes in the towers become equal to [7, 7, 7, 5, 5]. The hill with maximum width is [7, 5], thus the maximum width is 2.

After addition of 1 cube on the second tower, the number of cubes in the towers become equal to [7, 8, 7, 5, 5]. The hill with maximum width is now [7, 8, 7, 5], thus the maximum width is 4.

After addition of $1$ cube on the fourth tower, the number of cubes in the towers become equal to $[7,8,7,6,5]$ . The hill with maximum width is now $[7,8,7,6,5]$ , thus the maximum width is $5$ .