B. Sereja and Mirroring

time limit per test: 1 second memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input output: standard output

Let's assume that we are given a matrix b of size $x \times y$, let's determine the operation of mirroring matrix b. The mirroring of matrix b is a $2x \times y$ matrix c which has the following properties:

- the upper half of matrix *c* (rows with numbers from 1 to *x*) exactly matches *b*;
- the lower half of matrix c (rows with numbers from x+1 to 2x) is symmetric to the upper one; the symmetry line is the line that separates two halves (the line that goes in the middle, between rows x and x+1).

Sereja has an $n \times m$ matrix a. He wants to find such matrix b, that it can be transformed into matrix a, if we'll perform on it **several** (possibly zero) mirrorings. What minimum number of rows can such matrix contain?

Input

The first line contains two integers, n and m ($1 \le n$, $m \le 100$). Each of the next n lines contains m integers — the elements of matrix a. The i-th line contains integers $a_{i1}, a_{i2}, ..., a_{im}$ ($0 \le a_{ij} \le 1$) — the i-th row of the matrix a.

Output

In the single line, print the answer to the problem — the minimum number of rows of matrix b.

Examples

```
input
4 3
0 0 1
1 1 0
1 1 0
0 0 1

output
2
```

```
input

3 3
0 0 0
0 0 0
0 0 0
0 0 0

output

3
```

```
input

8 1
0
1
1
1
1
0
0
0
0
0
0
1
1
1
0
0

output
2
```

Note

In the first test sample the answer is a 2×3 matrix b:

If we perform a mirroring operation with this matrix, we get the matrix a that is given in the input: