

## C. XOR and OR

time limit per test: 2 seconds  
memory limit per test: 256 megabytes  
input: standard input  
output: standard output

The Bitlandians are quite weird people. They do everything differently. They have a different alphabet so they have a different definition for a string.

A Bitlandish string is a string made only of characters "0" and "1".

BitHaval (the mayor of Bitland) loves to play with Bitlandish strings. He takes some Bitlandish string  $a$ , and applies several (possibly zero) operations to it. In one operation the mayor may take any two adjacent characters of a string, define one of them as  $x$  and the other one as  $y$ . Then he calculates two values  $p$  and  $q$ :  $p = x \text{ xor } y$ ,  $q = x \text{ or } y$ . Then he replaces one of the two taken characters by  $p$  and the other one by  $q$ .

The *xor* operation means the bitwise excluding OR operation. The *or* operation is the bitwise OR operation.

So for example one operation can transform string 11 to string 10 or to string 01. String 1 cannot be transformed into any other string.

You've got two Bitlandish strings  $a$  and  $b$ . Your task is to check if it is possible for BitHaval to transform string  $a$  to string  $b$  in several (possibly zero) described operations.

### Input

The first line contains Bitlandish string  $a$ , the second line contains Bitlandish string  $b$ . The strings can have different lengths.

It is guaranteed that the given strings only consist of characters "0" and "1". The strings are not empty, their length doesn't exceed  $10^6$ .

### Output

Print "YES" if  $a$  can be transformed into  $b$ , otherwise print "NO". Please do not print the quotes.

### Examples

input
11 10
output
YES

input
1 01
output
NO

input
000 101
output
NO