

## E. Memory and Casinos

time limit per test: 4 seconds  
memory limit per test: 512 megabytes  
input: standard input  
output: standard output

There are  $n$  casinos lined in a row. If Memory plays at casino  $i$ , he has probability  $p_i$  to win and move to the casino on the right ( $i + 1$ ) or exit the row (if  $i = n$ ), and a probability  $1 - p_i$  to lose and move to the casino on the left ( $i - 1$ ) or also exit the row (if  $i = 1$ ).

We say that Memory *dominates* on the interval  $i \dots j$  if he completes a walk such that,

- He starts on casino  $i$ .
- He never loses in casino  $i$ .
- He finishes his walk by winning in casino  $j$ .

Note that Memory can still walk left of the 1-st casino and right of the casino  $n$  and that always finishes the process.

Now Memory has some requests, in one of the following forms:

- 1  $i$   $a$   $b$ : Set  $p_i$  to  $a$ .
- 2  $l$   $r$ : Print the probability that Memory will *dominate* on the interval  $l \dots r$ , i.e. compute the probability that Memory will first leave the segment  $l \dots r$  after winning at casino  $r$ , if she starts in casino  $l$ .

It is guaranteed that at any moment of time  $p$  is a **non-decreasing sequence**, i.e.  $p_i \leq p_{i+1}$  for all  $i$  from 1 to  $n - 1$ .

Please help Memory by answering all his requests!

### Input

The first line of the input contains two integers  $n$  and  $q$  ( $1 \leq n, q \leq 100\,000$ ), — number of casinos and number of requests respectively.

The next  $n$  lines each contain integers  $a_i$  and  $b_i$  ( $1 \leq a_i < b_i \leq 10^9$ ) — is the probability  $p_i$  of winning in casino  $i$ .

The next  $q$  lines each contain queries of one of the types specified above ( $1 \leq a < b \leq 10^9$ ,  $1 \leq i \leq n$ ,  $1 \leq l \leq r \leq n$ ).

It's guaranteed that there will be at least one query of type 2, i.e. the output will be non-empty.

Additionally, it is guaranteed that  $p$  forms a non-decreasing sequence at all times.

### Output

Print a real number for every request of type 2 — the probability that boy will "dominate" on that interval. Your answer will be considered correct if its absolute error does not exceed  $10^{-4}$ .

Namely: let's assume that one of your answers is  $a$ , and the corresponding answer of the jury is  $b$ . The checker program will consider your answer correct if  $|a - b| \leq 10^{-4}$ .

### Example

#### input

```
3 13
1 3
1 2
2 3
2 1 1
2 1 2
2 1 3
2 2 2
2 2 3
2 3 3
```

1 2 2 3  
2 1 1  
2 1 2  
2 1 3  
2 2 2  
2 2 3  
2 3 3

output

0.3333333333  
0.2000000000  
0.1666666667  
0.5000000000  
0.4000000000  
0.6666666667  
0.3333333333  
0.2500000000  
0.2222222222  
0.6666666667  
0.5714285714  
0.6666666667