F. Double Knapsack

time limit per test: 2.5 seconds memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input output: standard output

You are given two multisets A and B. Each multiset has exactly n integers each between 1 and n inclusive. Multisets may contain multiple copies of the same number.

You would like to find a nonempty subset of A and a nonempty subset of B such that the sum of elements in these subsets are equal. Subsets are also multisets, i.e. they can contain elements with equal values.

If no solution exists, print -1. Otherwise, print the indices of elements in any such subsets of A and B that have the same sum.

Input

The first line of the input contains a single integer n ($1 \le n \le 1000000$) — the size of both multisets.

The second line contains n integers, denoting the elements of A. Each element will be between 1 and n inclusive.

The third line contains n integers, denoting the elements of B. Each element will be between 1 and n inclusive.

Output

If there is no solution, print a single integer - 1. Otherwise, your solution should be printed on four lines.

The first line should contain a single integer k_a , the size of the corresponding subset of A. The second line should contain k_a distinct integers, the indices of the subset of A.

The third line should contain a single integer k_b , the size of the corresponding subset of B. The fourth line should contain k_b distinct integers, the indices of the subset of B.

Elements in both sets are numbered from 1 to *n*. If there are multiple possible solutions, print any of them.

Examples

```
input

10
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

output

1
2
3
5 8 10
```

```
input

5
4 4 3 3 3
2 2 2 2 5

output

2
2 3
2 3 5
```