## A. Good Number

time limit per test: 1 second memory limit per test: 256 megabytes input: standard input

output: standard output

Let's call a number k-good if it contains all digits not exceeding k (0, ..., k). You've got a number k and an array a containing n numbers. Find out how many k-good numbers are in a (count each number every time it occurs in array a).

## Input

The first line contains integers n and k ( $1 \le n \le 100$ ,  $0 \le k \le 9$ ). The i-th of the following n lines contains integer  $a_i$  without leading zeroes ( $1 \le a_i \le 10^9$ ).

## **Output**

Print a single integer — the number of k-good numbers in a.

## **Examples**

input			
10 6			
1234560			
1234560			
1234560			
1234560			
1234560			
1234560			
1234560			
1234560			
1234560			
1234560			
output			
10			

