C. Number Transformation II

time limit per test: 1 second memory limit per test: 256 megabytes input: standard input

output: standard output

You are given a sequence of positive integers $x_1, x_2, ..., x_n$ and two non-negative integers a and b. Your task is to transform a into b. To do that, you can perform the following moves:

- subtract 1 from the current *a*:
- subtract $a \mod x_i$ $(1 \le i \le n)$ from the current a.

Operation $a \mod x_i$ means taking the remainder after division of number $a \bowtie x_i$.

Now you want to know the minimum number of moves needed to transform a into b.

Input

The first line contains a single integer n ($1 \le n \le 10^5$). The second line contains n space-separated integers $x_1, x_2, ..., x_n$ ($2 \le x_i \le 10^9$). The third line contains two integers a and b ($0 \le b \le a \le 10^9$, $a - b \le 10^6$).

Output

Print a single integer — the required minimum number of moves needed to transform number a into number b.

Examples

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input

3
5 6 7
1000 200

output
206
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