H. Queries for Number of Palindromes

time limit per test: 5 seconds
memory limit per test: 256 megabytes
input: standard input
output: standard output

You've got a string $s = s_1 s_2 \dots s_{|s|}$ of length |s|, consisting of lowercase English letters. There also are q queries, each query is described by two integers l_i , r_i ($1 \le l_i \le r_i \le |s|$). The answer to the query is the number of substrings of string $s[l_i \dots r_i]$, which are palindromes.

String $s[l...r] = s_l s_{l+1} ... s_r (1 \le l \le r \le |s|)$ is a substring of string $s = s_1 s_2 ... s_{|s|}$.

String t is called a *palindrome*, if it reads the same from left to right and from right to left. Formally, if $t = t_1 t_2 \dots t_{|t|} = t_{|t|} t_{|t|-1} \dots t_1$.

Input

The first line contains string s $(1 \le |s| \le 5000)$. The second line contains a single integer q $(1 \le q \le 10^6)$ — the number of queries. Next q lines contain the queries. The i-th of these lines contains two space-separated integers l_i , r_i $(1 \le l_i \le r_i \le |s|)$ — the description of the i-th query.

It is guaranteed that the given string consists only of lowercase English letters.

Output

Print q integers — the answers to the queries. Print the answers in the order, in which the queries are given in the input. Separate the printed numbers by whitespaces.

Examples

input	
caaaba	
5	
1 1	
1 4	
2 3	
4 6	
4 5	
output	
1	
7	
3	
4	
2	

Note

Consider the fourth query in the first test case. String s[4...6] = «aba». Its palindrome substrings are: «a», «b», «a», «aba».