# F. Paths

time limit per test: 4 seconds memory limit per test: 512 megabytes

input: standard input output: standard output

You are given a positive integer n. Let's build a graph on vertices 1, 2, ..., n in such a way that there is an edge between vertices u and v if and only if . Let d(u, v) be the shortest distance between u and v, or 0 if there is no path between them. Compute the sum of values d(u, v) over all  $1 \le u < v \le n$ .

The gcd (greatest common divisor) of two positive integers is the maximum positive integer that divides both of the integers.

#### Input

Single integer n ( $1 \le n \le 10^7$ ).

## **Output**

Print the sum of d(u, v) over all  $1 \le u < v \le n$ .

## **Examples**

input	
6	
output	
8	

1	n	p	u	t
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10

### output

44

#### **Note**

All shortest paths in the first example:

There are no paths between other pairs of vertices.

The total distance is 2 + 1 + 1 + 2 + 1 + 1 = 8.