

C. Mr. Kitayuta vs. Bamboos

time limit per test: 2 seconds

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

Mr. Kitayuta's garden is planted with n bamboos. (Bamboos are tall, fast-growing tropical plants with hollow stems.) At the moment, the height of the i -th bamboo is h_i meters, and it grows a_i meters at the end of each day.

Actually, Mr. Kitayuta hates these bamboos. He once attempted to cut them down, but failed because their stems are too hard. Mr. Kitayuta have not given up, however. He has crafted Magical Hammer with his intelligence to drive them into the ground.

He can use Magical Hammer at most k times during each day, due to his limited Magic Power.

Each time he beat a bamboo with Magical Hammer, its height decreases by p meters. If the height would become negative by this change, it will become 0 meters instead (it does not disappear). In other words, if a bamboo whose height is h meters is beaten with Magical Hammer, its new height will be $\max(0, h - p)$ meters. It is possible to beat the same bamboo more than once in a day.

Mr. Kitayuta will fight the bamboos for m days, starting today. His purpose is to minimize the height of the tallest bamboo after m days (that is, m iterations of "Mr. Kitayuta beats the bamboos and then they grow"). Find the lowest possible height of the tallest bamboo after m days.

Input

The first line of the input contains four space-separated integers n , m , k and p ($1 \leq n \leq 10^5$, $1 \leq m \leq 5000$, $1 \leq k \leq 10$, $1 \leq p \leq 10^9$). They represent the number of the bamboos in Mr. Kitayuta's garden, the duration of Mr. Kitayuta's fight in days, the maximum number of times that Mr. Kitayuta beat the bamboos during each day, and the power of Magic Hammer, respectively.

The following n lines describe the properties of the bamboos. The i -th of them ($1 \leq i \leq n$) contains two space-separated integers h_i and a_i ($0 \leq h_i \leq 10^9$, $1 \leq a_i \leq 10^9$), denoting the initial height and the growth rate of the i -th bamboo, respectively.

Output

Print the lowest possible height of the tallest bamboo after m days.

Examples

input
3 1 2 5 10 10 10 10 15 2
output
17

input
2 10 10 1000000000 0 10 0 10
output
10

input

```
5 3 3 10
9 5
9 2
4 7
9 10
3 8
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output

14