

C. Alyona and Spreadsheet

time limit per test: 1 second

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

During the lesson small girl Alyona works with one famous spreadsheet computer program and learns how to edit tables.

Now she has a table filled with integers. The table consists of n rows and m columns. By $a_{i,j}$ we will denote the integer located at the i -th row and the j -th column. We say that the table is sorted in non-decreasing order in the column j if $a_{i,j} \leq a_{i+1,j}$ for all i from 1 to $n - 1$.

Teacher gave Alyona k tasks. For each of the tasks two integers l and r are given and Alyona has to answer the following question: if one keeps the rows from l to r inclusive and deletes all others, will the table be sorted in non-decreasing order in at least one column? Formally, does there exist such j that $a_{i,j} \leq a_{i+1,j}$ for all i from l to $r - 1$ inclusive.

Alyona is too small to deal with this task and asks you to help!

Input

The first line of the input contains two positive integers n and m ($1 \leq n \cdot m \leq 100\,000$) — the number of rows and the number of columns in the table respectively. Note that you are given a constraint that bound the product of these two integers, i.e. the number of elements in the table.

Each of the following n lines contains m integers. The j -th integer in the i of these lines stands for $a_{i,j}$ ($1 \leq a_{i,j} \leq 10^9$).

The next line of the input contains an integer k ($1 \leq k \leq 100\,000$) — the number of task that teacher gave to Alyona.

The i -th of the next k lines contains two integers l_i and r_i ($1 \leq l_i \leq r_i \leq n$).

Output

Print "Yes" to the i -th line of the output if the table consisting of rows from l_i to r_i inclusive is sorted in non-decreasing order in at least one column. Otherwise, print "No".

Example

input
5 4 1 2 3 5 3 1 3 2 4 5 2 3 5 5 3 2 4 4 3 4 6 1 1 2 5 4 5 3 5 1 3 1 5
output
Yes No Yes Yes Yes No

Note

In the sample, the whole table is not sorted in any column. However, rows 1–3 are sorted in column 1, while rows 4–5 are sorted in column 3.