B. Economy Game

time limit per test: 1 second memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input output: standard output

Kolya is developing an economy simulator game. His most favourite part of the development process is in-game testing. Once he was entertained by the testing so much, that he found out his game-coin score become equal to 0.

Kolya remembers that at the beginning of the game his game-coin score was equal to n and that he have bought only some houses (for $1\,234\,567$ game-coins each), cars (for $123\,456$ game-coins each) and computers (for $1\,234$ game-coins each).

Kolya is now interested, whether he could have spent all of his initial n game-coins buying only houses, cars and computers or there is a bug in the game. Formally, is there a triple of non-negative integers a, b and c such that $a \times 1234567 + b \times 123456 + c \times 1234 = n$?

Please help Kolya answer this question.

Input

The first line of the input contains a single integer n ($1 \le n \le 10^9$) — Kolya's initial game-coin score.

Output

Print "YES" (without quotes) if it's possible that Kolya spent all of his initial n coins buying only houses, cars and computers. Otherwise print "NO" (without quotes).

Examples

_xap.:00	
input	
1359257	
output	
YES	

input

17851817

output

NO

Note

In the first sample, one of the possible solutions is to buy one house, one car and one computer, spending $1\ 234\ 567 + 123\ 456 + 1234 = 1\ 359\ 257$ game-coins in total.