C. Promocodes with Mistakes

time limit per test: 1 second memory limit per test: 256 megabytes input: standard input

output: standard output

During a New Year special offer the "Sudislavl Bars" offered n promo codes. Each promo code consists of exactly six digits and gives right to one free cocktail at the bar "Mosquito Shelter". Of course, all the promocodes differ.

As the "Mosquito Shelter" opens only at 9, and partying in Sudislavl usually begins at as early as 6, many problems may arise as to how to type a promotional code without errors. It is necessary to calculate such maximum k, that the promotional code could be uniquely identified if it was typed with no more than k errors. At that, k = 0 means that the promotional codes must be entered exactly.

A mistake in this problem should be considered as entering the wrong numbers. For example, value "123465" contains two errors relative to promocode "123456". Regardless of the number of errors the entered value consists of exactly six digits.

Input

The first line of the output contains number n ($1 \le n \le 1000$) — the number of promocodes.

Each of the next *n* lines contains a single promocode, consisting of exactly 6 digits. It is guaranteed that all the promocodes are distinct. Promocodes can start from digit "0".

Output

Print the maximum k (naturally, not exceeding the length of the promocode), such that any promocode can be uniquely identified if it is typed with at most k mistakes.

Examples

```
input
2
000000
999999
output
2
```

```
input

6
211111
212111
222111
111111
112111
121111

output

0
```

Note

In the first sample k < 3, so if a bar customer types in value "090909", then it will be impossible to define which promocode exactly corresponds to it.