

## B. Recursive Queries

time limit per test: 2 seconds  
memory limit per test: 256 megabytes  
input: standard input  
output: standard output

Let us define two functions  $f$  and  $g$  on positive integer numbers.

You need to process  $Q$  queries. In each query, you will be given three integers  $l$ ,  $r$  and  $k$ . You need to print the number of integers  $x$  between  $l$  and  $r$  inclusive, such that  $g(x) = k$ .

**Input**  
The first line of the input contains an integer  $Q$  ( $1 \leq Q \leq 2 \times 10^5$ ) representing the number of queries.  
 $Q$  lines follow, each of which contains 3 integers  $l$ ,  $r$  and  $k$  ( $1 \leq l \leq r \leq 10^6$ ,  $1 \leq k \leq 9$ ).

**Output**  
For each query, print a single line containing the answer for that query.

### Examples

input
4 22 73 9 45 64 6 47 55 7 2 62 4
output
1 4 0 8

input
4 82 94 6 56 67 4 28 59 9 39 74 4
output
3 1 1 5

**Note**  
In the first example:

- $g(33) = 9$  as  $g(33) = g(3 \times 3) = g(9) = 9$
- $g(47) = g(48) = g(60) = g(61) = 6$
- There are no such integers between 47 and 55.
- $g(4) = g(14) = g(22) = g(27) = g(39) = g(40) = g(41) = g(58) = 4$