

## E. Sasha Circle

time limit per test: 2 seconds  
memory limit per test: 256 megabytes  
input: standard input  
output: standard output

Berlanders like to eat cones after a hard day. Misha Square and Sasha Circle are local authorities of Berland. Each of them controls its points of cone trade. Misha has  $n$  points, Sasha —  $m$ . Since their subordinates constantly had conflicts with each other, they decided to build a fence in the form of a circle, so that the points of trade of one businessman are strictly inside a circle, and points of the other one are strictly outside. It doesn't matter which of the two gentlemen will have his trade points inside the circle.

Determine whether they can build a fence or not.

### Input

The first line contains two integers  $n$  and  $m$  ( $1 \leq n, m \leq 10000$ ), numbers of Misha's and Sasha's trade points respectively.

The next  $n$  lines contains pairs of space-separated integers  $M_x, M_y$  ( $-10^4 \leq M_x, M_y \leq 10^4$ ), coordinates of Misha's trade points.

The next  $m$  lines contains pairs of space-separated integers  $S_x, S_y$  ( $-10^4 \leq S_x, S_y \leq 10^4$ ), coordinates of Sasha's trade points.

It is guaranteed that all  $n + m$  points are distinct.

### Output

The only output line should contain either word "YES" without quotes in case it is possible to build a such fence or word "NO" in the other case.

### Examples

input
2 2 -1 0 1 0 0 -1 0 1
output
NO

input
4 4 1 0 0 1 -1 0 0 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1
output
YES

### Note

In the first sample there is no possibility to separate points, because any circle that contains both points  $(-1, 0)$ ,  $(1, 0)$  also contains at least one point from the set  $(0, -1)$ ,  $(0, 1)$ , and vice-versa: any circle that contains both points  $(0, -1)$ ,  $(0, 1)$  also contains at least one point from the set  $(-1, 0)$ ,  $(1, 0)$

In the second sample one of the possible solution is shown below. Misha's points are marked with red colour and Sasha's are marked with blue.