

A. Lesha and array splitting

time limit per test: 2 seconds

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

One spring day on his way to university Lesha found an array A . Lesha likes to split arrays into several parts. This time Lesha decided to split the array A into several, possibly one, new arrays so that the sum of elements in each of the new arrays is not zero. One more condition is that if we place the new arrays one after another they will form the old array A .

Lesha is tired now so he asked you to split the array. Help Lesha!

Input

The first line contains single integer n ($1 \leq n \leq 100$) — the number of elements in the array A .

The next line contains n integers a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n ($-10^3 \leq a_i \leq 10^3$) — the elements of the array A .

Output

If it is not possible to split the array A and satisfy all the constraints, print single line containing "NO" (without quotes).

Otherwise in the first line print "YES" (without quotes). In the next line print single integer k — the number of new arrays. In each of the next k lines print two integers l_i and r_i which denote the subarray $A[l_i \dots r_i]$ of the initial array A being the i -th new array. Integers l_i, r_i should satisfy the following conditions:

- $l_1 = 1$
- $r_k = n$
- $r_i + 1 = l_{i+1}$ for each $1 \leq i < k$.

If there are multiple answers, print any of them.

Examples

input
3 1 2 -3
output
YES 2 1 2 3 3

input
8 9 -12 3 4 -4 -10 7 3
output
YES 2 1 2 3 8

input
1 0
output

NO

input

4

1 2 3 -5

output

YES

4

1 1

2 2

3 3

4 4