

## B. Simple Game

time limit per test: 1 second

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

One day Misha and Andrew were playing a very simple game. First, each player chooses an integer in the range from 1 to  $n$ . Let's assume that Misha chose number  $m$ , and Andrew chose number  $a$ .

Then, by using a random generator they choose a random integer  $c$  in the range between 1 and  $n$  (any integer from 1 to  $n$  is chosen with the same probability), after which the winner is the player, whose number was closer to  $c$ . The boys agreed that if  $m$  and  $a$  are located on the same distance from  $c$ , Misha wins.

Andrew wants to win very much, so he asks you to help him. You know the number selected by Misha, and number  $n$ . You need to determine which value of  $a$  Andrew must choose, so that the probability of his victory is the highest possible.

More formally, you need to find such integer  $a$  ( $1 \leq a \leq n$ ), that the probability that is maximal, where  $c$  is the equiprobably chosen integer from 1 to  $n$  (inclusive).

### Input

The first line contains two integers  $n$  and  $m$  ( $1 \leq m \leq n \leq 10^9$ ) — the range of numbers in the game, and the number selected by Misha respectively.

### Output

Print a single number — such value  $a$ , that probability that Andrew wins is the highest. If there are multiple such values, print the minimum of them.

### Examples

<b>input</b>
3 1
<b>output</b>
2

  

<b>input</b>
4 3
<b>output</b>
2

### Note

In the first sample test: Andrew wins if  $c$  is equal to 2 or 3. The probability that Andrew wins is  $2 / 3$ . If Andrew chooses  $a = 3$ , the probability of winning will be  $1 / 3$ . If  $a = 1$ , the probability of winning is 0.

In the second sample test: Andrew wins if  $c$  is equal to 1 and 2. The probability that Andrew wins is  $1 / 2$ . For other choices of  $a$  the probability of winning is less.