# J. Minimum Sum

time limit per test: 2 seconds memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: input.txt output: output:

You are given a set of n vectors on a plane. For each vector you are allowed to multiply any of its coordinates by -1. Thus, each vector  $v_i = (x_i, y_i)$  can be transformed into one of the following four vectors:

- $v_i^1 = (x_i, y_i),$ •  $v_i^2 = (-x_i, y_i),$
- $v_i^3 = (x_i, -y_i),$
- $v_i^4 = (-x_i, -y_i)$ .

You should find two vectors from the set and determine which of their coordinates should be multiplied by -1 so that the absolute value of the sum of the resulting vectors was minimally possible. More formally, you should choose two vectors  $v_i$ ,  $v_j$  ( $1 \le i, j \le n, i \ne j$ ) and two numbers  $k_1$ ,  $k_2$  ( $1 \le k_1, k_2 \le 4$ ), so that the value of the expression  $|v_i^{k_1} + v_j^{k_2}|$  were minimum.

## Input

The first line contains a single integer n ( $2 \le n \le 10^5$ ). Then n lines contain vectors as pairs of integers " $x_i y_i$ " ( $-10000 \le x_i, y_i \le 10000$ ), one pair per line.

### **Output**

Print on the first line four space-separated numbers " $i k_1 j k_2$ " — the answer to the problem. If there are several variants the absolute value of whose sums is minimum, you can print any of them.

### **Examples**

```
input

5
-7 -3
9 0
-8 6
7 -8
4 -5

output

3 2 4 2
```

```
input
5
3 2
-4 7
-6 0
-8 4
5 1

output
3 4 5 4
```

#### **Note**

A sum of two vectors  $v = (x_v, y_v)$  and  $u = (x_u, y_u)$  is vector  $s = v + u = (x_v + x_u, y_v + y_u)$ .

An absolute value of vector v = (x, y) is number .

In the second sample there are several valid answers, such as:

(3 1 4 2), (3 1 4 4), (3 4 4 1), (3 4 4 3), (4 1 3 2), (4 1 3 4), (4 2 3 1).