## D. Nested Segments

time limit per test: 2 seconds memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input output: standard output

You are given n segments on a line. There are no ends of some segments that coincide. For each segment find the number of segments it contains.

## Input

The first line contains a single integer n ( $1 \le n \le 2 \cdot 10^5$ ) — the number of segments on a line.

Each of the next n lines contains two integers  $l_i$  and  $r_i$  ( -  $10^9 \le l_i \le r_i \le 10^9$ ) — the coordinates of the left and the right ends of the i-th segment. It is guaranteed that there are no ends of some segments that coincide.

## **Output**

Print n lines. The j-th of them should contain the only integer  $a_j$  — the number of segments contained in the j-th segment.

## **Examples**

input
4
1 8
2 3
4 7
5 6
output
3
$\Theta$
1
0

