## C. Subsequences

time limit per test: 1 second memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input output: standard output

For the given sequence with n different elements find the number of increasing subsequences with k+1 elements. It is guaranteed that the answer is not greater than  $8 \cdot 10^{18}$ .

## Input

First line contain two integer values n and k ( $1 \le n \le 10^5$ ,  $0 \le k \le 10$ ) — the length of sequence and the number of elements in increasing subsequences.

Next *n* lines contains one integer  $a_i$  ( $1 \le a_i \le n$ ) each — elements of sequence. All values

 $a_i$  are different.

## **Output**

Print one integer — the answer to the problem.

## **Examples**

```
input

5 2
1
2 3
5 4

output
7
```