E. Maxim and Matrix

time limit per test: 2 seconds memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input output: standard output

Maxim loves to fill in a matrix in a special manner. Here is a pseudocode of filling in a matrix of size $(m+1) \times (m+1)$:

Maxim asks you to count, how many numbers m $(1 \le m \le n)$ are there, such that the sum of values in the cells in the row number m+1 of the resulting matrix equals t.

Expression $(x \ xor \ y)$ means applying the operation of bitwise excluding "OR" to numbers x and y. The given operation exists in all modern programming languages. For example, in languages C++ and Java it is represented by character "^", in Pascal — by "xor".

Input

A single line contains two integers n and t ($1 \le n, t \le 10^{12}, t \le n+1$).

Please, do not use the %11d specifier to read or write 64-bit integers in C++. It is preferred to use the cin, cout streams or the %164d specifier.

Output

In a single line print a single integer — the answer to the problem.

Examples

| Litallibies | |
|-------------|--|
| input | |
| 1 1 | |
| output | |
| 1 | |

| input | |
|--------|--|
| 3 2 | |
| output | |
| | |

| input | |
|--------|--|
| 3 3 | |
| output | |
| 0 | |

| input | |
|---------------------|--|
| 10000000000 1048576 | |
| output | |
| 118606527258 | |