

## A. The Elder Trolls IV: Oblivon

time limit per test: 2 seconds  
memory limit per test: 256 megabytes  
input: standard input  
output: standard output

Vasya plays The Elder Trolls IV: Oblivon. Oh, those creators of computer games! What they do not come up with! Absolutely unique monsters have been added to the The Elder Trolls IV: Oblivon. One of these monsters is Unkillable Slug. Why it is "Unkillable"? Firstly, because it can be killed with cutting weapon only, so lovers of two-handed amber hammers should find suitable knife themselves. Secondly, it is necessary to make so many cutting strokes to Unkillable Slug. Extremely many. Too many!

Vasya has already promoted his character to 80-th level and in order to gain level 81 he was asked to kill Unkillable Slug. The monster has a very interesting shape. It looks like a rectangular parallelepiped with size  $x \times y \times z$ , consisting of undestructable cells  $1 \times 1 \times 1$ . At one stroke Vasya can cut the Slug along an imaginary grid, i.e. cut with a plane parallel to one of the parallelepiped side. Monster dies when amount of parts it is divided reaches some critical value.

All parts of monster do not fall after each cut, they remains exactly on its places. I. e. Vasya can cut several parts with one cut.

Vasya wants to know what the maximum number of pieces he can cut the Unkillable Slug into striking him at most  $k$  times.

Vasya's character uses absolutely thin sword with infinite length.

### Input

The first line of input contains four integer numbers  $x, y, z, k$  ( $1 \leq x, y, z \leq 10^6, 0 \leq k \leq 10^9$ ).

### Output

Output the only number — the answer for the problem.

Please, do not use `%lld` specifier to read or write 64-bit integers in C++. It is preferred to use `cout` (also you may use `%I64d`).

### Examples

<b>input</b>
2 2 2 3
<b>output</b>
8

  

<b>input</b>
2 2 2 1
<b>output</b>
2

### Note

In the first sample Vasya make 3 pairwise perpendicular cuts. He cuts monster on two parts with the first cut, then he divides each part on two with the second cut, and finally he divides each of the 4 parts on two.