

# Database Systems

Fall 2020

LAB – 05

The objective of this lab is to:

- SQL Joins

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Instructions:

- Work on this lab individually. Discussion is not allowed.
- Evaluation of tasks will be conducted in lab.
- Anyone caught being indulged in the act of plagiarism would be awarded an "F" grade in this lab.
- Evaluation will be considered final and you cannot debate for the marks. So, focus on performing the tasks when the time is given to you.
- **Allowed time: 1 hour**
- Best of Luck!

**Note:** You will be using following tables in your lab tasks.

- EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, SAL, HIREDATE, COMM, MGR, DEPTNO)
- DEPT (DEPTNO, DNAME, LOC)
- SALGRADE (Grade, HISAL, LOSAL)
- PUCIT (STD\_NAME)

 **Perform the following tasks**

**Task 01:** **[20 Marks]**

**1. Show those departments that have no any employee.**

**Solution:**

Select dname , count(empno) from emp e right join dept d on e.deptno=d.deptno  
group by dname  
having count(empno)=0

DNAME	COUNT(EMPNO)
OPERATIONS	0

2. **List all employees whose location is 'CHICAGO'**

**Solution:**

Select emp.empno, emp.ename, emp.deptno,dept.deptno, dept.loc from emp Join dept  
on emp.deptno = dept.deptno  
where loc = 'CHICAGO'

EMPNO	ENAME	DEPTNO	DEPTNO	LOC
7499	ALLEN	30	30	CHICAGO
7521	WARD	30	30	CHICAGO
7654	MARTIN	30	30	CHICAGO
7698	BLAKE	30	30	CHICAGO
7844	TURNER	30	30	CHICAGO
7900	JAMES	30	30	CHICAGO

3. **Show the employees of Accounting department.**

**Solution:**

Select e.ename, d.deptno, d.dname from emp e join dept d  
on e.deptno = d.deptno  
where d.dname = 'ACCOUNTING'

ENAME	DEPTNO	DNAME
CLARK	10	ACCOUNTING
KING	10	ACCOUNTING

4. **Get the highest salaries of all the departments from dept table.**

**Display the output in the following format.**

DNAME	MAX(SAL)
RESEARCH	3000
SALES	2850

ACCOUNTING	5000
OPERATIONS	-

**Solution:**

Select dname , max(sal) from emp e right join dept d on e.deptno = d.deptno  
group by d.dname

**5. Display salary grade of each employee on the basis of salary range from salgrade table.**

**Solution:**

Select ename, sal, grade from emp join salgrade  
on sal between losal and hisal;

**OR**

Select ename, sal, grade from emp, salgrade  
where sal between losal and hisal;

ENAME	SAL	GRADE
SMITH	800	1
JAMES	950	1
ADAMS	1100	1
WARD	1250	2
MARTIN	1250	2
TURNER	1500	3
ALLEN	1600	3
CLARK	2450	4
BLAKE	2850	4
JONES	2975	4

**6. Show the output like "Smith is the Clerk of Sales Department with salary 1600 from NewYork."**

**Solution:**

Select e.ename||' is the '||e.job||' of '||d.dname||' with '||e.sal||' from '||loc as "Emp Details"  
from emp e join dept d on e.deptno=d.deptno;

Emp Details
SMITH is the CLERK of RESEARCH with 800 from DALLAS
ALLEN is the SALESMAN of SALES with 1600 from CHICAGO
WARD is the SALESMAN of SALES with 1250 from CHICAGO
JONES is the MANAGER of RESEARCH with 2975 from DALLAS
MARTIN is the SALESMAN of SALES with 1250 from CHICAGO
BLAKE is the MANAGER of SALES with 2850 from CHICAGO
CLARK is the MANAGER of ACCOUNTING with 2450 from NEW YORK
SCOTT is the ANALYST of RESEARCH with 3000 from DALLAS
KING is the PRESIDENT of ACCOUNTING with 5000 from NEW YORK
TURNER is the SALESMAN of SALES with 1500 from CHICAGO

**7. Display ename, job, deptno, dname from emp and dept table using left outer join**

**Solution:**

Select e.ename, e.job , e.deptno , dname from emp e left outer join dept d  
on e.deptno = d.deptno

ENAME	JOB	DEPTNO	DNAME
CLARK	MANAGER	10	ACCOUNTING
KING	PRESIDENT	10	ACCOUNTING
SMITH	CLERK	20	RESEARCH
JONES	MANAGER	20	RESEARCH
SCOTT	ANALYST	20	RESEARCH

ADAMS	CLERK	20	RESEARCH
FORD	ANALYST	20	RESEARCH
ALLEN	SALESMAN	30	SALES
WARD	SALESMAN	30	SALES
MARTIN	SALESMAN	30	SALES

**8. Display department name and department location and grade (on basis of salary) of each employee**

**Solution:**

Select e.ename, e.deptno, d.loc,d.dname, s.grade  
from EMP e join DEPT d on e.deptno = d.deptno join salgrade s on  
e.sal between s.losal and s.hisal;

**OR**

Select e.ename, e.deptno, d.loc,d.dname, s.grade  
from EMP e, DEPT d, salgrade s  
where e.deptno = d.deptno and  
e.sal between s.losal and hisal;

ENAME	DEPTNO	LOC	DNAME	GRADE
CLARK	10	NEW YORK	ACCOUNTING	4
KING	10	NEW YORK	ACCOUNTING	5
SMITH	20	DALLAS	RESEARCH	1
ADAMS	20	DALLAS	RESEARCH	1
JONES	20	DALLAS	RESEARCH	4
FORD	20	DALLAS	RESEARCH	4
SCOTT	20	DALLAS	RESEARCH	4

JAMES	30	CHICAGO	SALES	1
WARD	30	CHICAGO	SALES	2
MARTIN	30	CHICAGO	SALES	2

9. List the ename, deptno and dept location, job in the asc order of job of those joined after the second half of 1981.

**Solution:**

Select e.ename, e.job, d.deptno, d.loc, e.hiredate from emp e join dept d  
on e.deptno = d.deptno  
where to\_number(to\_char(hiredate, 'mm'))>=7 and to\_char(hiredate, 'yyyy') = '1981'

ENAME	JOB	DEPTNO	LOC	HIREDATE
MARTIN	SALESMAN	30	CHICAGO	09/28/1981
KING	PRESIDENT	10	NEW YORK	11/17/1981
TURNER	SALESMAN	30	CHICAGO	09/08/1981
JAMES	CLERK	30	CHICAGO	12/03/1981
FORD	ANALYST	20	DALLAS	12/03/1981

10. Create a query to display the job, the salary for that job based on the department number and the total salary for that job for all the departments.

JOB	dept10	dept20	dept30	Total
CLERK	-	1900	950	2850
SALESMAN	-	-	5600	5600
ANALYST	-	6000	-	6000
MANAGER	2450	2975	2850	8275
PRESIDENT	5000	-	-	5000

**Solution:**

```
SELECT DISTINCT job,  
SUM(Decode (deptno,10 ,sal))"Dept 10", SUM(Decode (deptno,20 ,sal))"Dept 20",  
SUM(Decode (deptno,30 ,sal))"Dept 30", SUM(sal) "Total" FROM emp
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```
GROUP BY job;
```

JOB	Dept 10	Dept 20	Dept 30	Total
CLERK	-	1900	950	2850
SALESMAN	-	-	5600	5600
ANALYST	-	6000	-	6000
MANAGER	2450	2975	2850	8275
PRESIDENT	5000	-	-	5000