Clear screenshots of successful run of SQL query and output is required in a single file. Zero will be assigned otherwise. You may use SQL developer or SQL plus. If you want to be independent of mySeneca apps or Seneca Oracle instance, install Oracle XE in your laptop and use SQL plus.

1. Write a query to display the tomorrow’s date. Your result will depend on the day when you create this query. Label the column Tomorrow.

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1. For each employee in departments 20, 50 and 60 display last name, first name, salary, and salary increased by 7% and expressed as a whole number. Label the column Good Salary. Also add a column that subtracts the old salary from the new salary and multiplies by 12. Label the column Annual Pay Increase.

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3. Write a query that displays the employee’s Full Name and Job Title in the following format:

*DAVIES, CURTIES is Store Clerk*

for all employees whose last name ends with *s* and first name starts with *C* or *K*.

Give this column an appropriate label like *Person and Job*

Sort the result by the employees’ last names.

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4. For each employee hired before 1992, display the employee’s last name, hire date and calculate the number of YEARS between TODAY and the date the employee was hired. Label the column Years worked.

Order your results by the number of years employed.

Round the number of years up to the closest whole number.

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5. Create a query that displays the city names, country codes and state province names, but only for those cities that start on *S* and have at least 8 characters in their name. If city does not have province name assigned, then put *Unknown Province.*

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