Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Department of Electrical Engineering & Computer Science

6.041/6.431: Probabilistic Systems Analysis (Fall 2009)

Problem Set 4 Due October 7, 2009

1. Random variables X and Y have the joint PMF

$$p_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{cy}{x}, & x \in \{1,4,6\} \text{ and } y \in \{1,2,3\} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) What is the value of the constant c?
- (b) What is P(2Y < X)?
- (c) What is P(2Y > X)?
- (d) What is P(2Y = X)?
- (e) Find the marginal PMFs $p_X(x)$ and $p_Y(y)$.
- (f) Find the expectations $\mathbf{E}[X]$ and $\mathbf{E}[Y]$.
- (g) Find the variances var(X) and var(Y).
- 2. Professor May B. Right often makes mistakes in her science class. She answers each of her students' questions incorrectly with probability 1/4, independently of other questions. In each lecture May is asked 1, 2, or 3 questions with equal probability 1/3.
 - (a) What is the probability that May gives wrong answers to all the questions she is asked in a given lecture?
 - (b) Given that May gave wrong answers to all the questions she was asked in a given lecture, what is the probability that she was asked three questions?
 - (c) Let X and Y be the number of questions May is asked and the number of questions she answers correctly in a lecture, respectively. What is the mean and variance of X?
 - (d) Give a clearly labeled sketch of the joint PMF $p_{XY}(x,y)$.
 - (e) To encourage questions in May's class, May's college adopts an unusual incentive policy and offers a bonus of 10X + 20Y dollars to May. What are the expected value and the variance of the bonus.
 - (f) May's semester has 20 lectures. Let Z be the total number of questions she answers wrong in a semester. What is the mean and variance of Z?
- 3. Chuck will go shopping for probability books for K hours. Here, K is a random variable and is equally likely to be 1, 2, 3, or 4. The number of books N that he buys is a random variable that depends on how long he shops.

We are told that

$$p_{N|K}(n \mid k) = \frac{1}{k}, \quad \text{for } n = 1, \dots, k.$$

- (a) Find the joint PMF of K and N.
- (b) Find the mean and variance of N.
- (c) Find the conditional PMF of K given that N=3.
- (d) We are now told that he bought at least 2 but no more than 3 books. Find the conditional mean and variance of K, given this piece of information.

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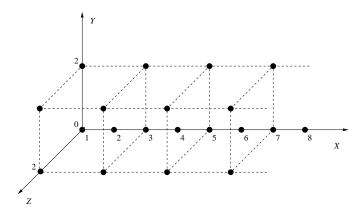
- (e) The cost of each book is a random variable with mean 3. What is the expected value of
- his total expenditure? Hint: Condition on events N = 1, ..., N = 4 and use the total expectation theorem.
- 4. Let X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n be independent, identically distributed random variables.
 - (a) Find c and d in terms of n that will make the following formula true:

$$\mathbf{E}\left[(X_1 + \dots + X_n)^2\right] = c\mathbf{E}[X_1^2] + d(\mathbf{E}[X_1])^2.$$

(b) Find g and h in terms of n that will make the following formula true:

$$\mathbf{E}\left[(X_1 + \dots + X_n - E[X_1] - \dots - E[X_n])^2 \right] = g\mathbf{E}[X_1^2] + h\left(\mathbf{E}[X_1]\right)^2.$$

5. Consider three random variables X, Y, and Z, associated with the same experiment. The random variable X is geometric with parameter p. If X is even, then Y and Z are equal to zero. If X is odd, (Y, Z) is uniformly distributed on the set $S = \{(0, 0), (0, 2), (2, 0), (2, 2)\}$. The figure below shows all the possible values for the triple (X, Y, Z) that have $X \leq 8$. (Note that the X axis starts at 1 and that a complete figure would extend indefinitely to the right.)



- (a) Find the joint PMF $p_{X,Y,Z}(x,y,z)$.
- (b) Answer with "yes" or "no" and one sentence of explanation:
 - (i) Are Y and Z independent?
 - (ii) Given that Z=2, are X and Y independent?
 - (iii) Given that Z = 0, are X and Y independent?
 - (iv) Given that Z=2, are X and Z independent?
- (c) Find $var(Y + Z \mid X = 5)$.