# **Big Integer**

Big Integer type is an immutable type that represents an arbitrarily large integer whose value in theory has no upper or lower bounds. Given a list of positive integers, write a C progam to order these integers in such a way that they make the highest big integer and print it.

#### You MUST use quick sort to solve the problem.

#### **Input Format**

The first line contains N, the number of elements in the list.

Each of the next lines contains an integer represents an element in the list.

#### **Constraints**

- 1 <= N <= 10^4
- $0 \le \text{number} \le 10^9$

#### **Output Format**

Print the big integer.

#### Sample Input 0

3

9 23

5

Sample Output 0

9523

#### Sample Input 1

4

2

34

1 324

Sample Output 1

3432421

# **Minimum Distinct Elements**

Given an array of numbers and an integer r, write a C program to print the minimum number of distinct elements after r removals using Merge Sorting.

### **Input Format**

The first line contains two integers N and r where N is the number of elements in the list and r is the number of removals.

Each of the next N lines contains an integer represents an element in the list.

#### **Constraints**

- $1 \le N \le 10^4$
- $0 \le \text{number} \le 10^9$
- $0 \le r \le N$

### **Output Format**

Print the minimum number of unique integers

#### Sample Input 0

7 3
1
2
2
3
4
4
5

### Sample Output 0

2

#### Sample Input 1

# Sample Output 1

2

# **Shell Sort**

Given a list of items and an integer K. Print the Kth largest item in the list.

# **Input Format**

The first line contains two integers N and K.

Each of the next N lines contains an integer represents an element in the list.

#### **Constraints**

- 1 <= N <= 10^4
- -10^9 <= number <= 10^9
- 1 <= K <= N

# **Output Format**

Print the Kth largest item.

# Sample Input 0

```
5 2
4
6
3
8
-6
```

# Sample Output 0

b

# Sample Input 1

```
6 5
-4
2
0
4
2
9
```

# **Sample Output 1**

0