Superstore Sales Analysis Report

Data Source & Preparation:

- Data Source: Super_store_dataset
 - o Contains: Orders, Customers, Products, and Sales information

Row ID Order ID	Order Date	Ship Date	Order Delivery (Days)	Order Month/Year	Year	Ship Mode	Customer ID	Customer Name	Segment	Country	City	State	Postal Code Region
1 CA-2016-152156	11/8/2016	11/11/2016	3	Nov-16	2016	Second Class	CG-12520	Claire Gute	Consumer	United States	Henderson	Kentucky	42420 South
2 CA-2016-152156	11/8/2016	11/11/2016	3	Nov-16	2016	Second Class	CG-12520	Claire Gute	Consumer	United States	Henderson	Kentucky	42420 South
3 CA-2016-138688	6/12/2016	6/16/2016	4	Jun-16	2016	Second Class	DV-13045	Darrin Van Huff	Corporate	United States	Los Angeles	California	90036 West

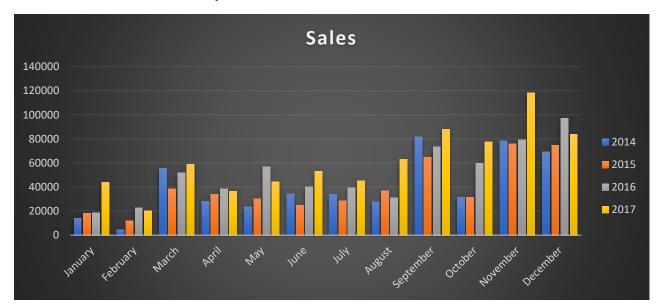
Product ID	Category	Sub-Category	Product Name	Sales	Quantity	Discount	Profit
FUR-BO-10001798	Furniture	Bookcases	Bush Somerset Collection Bookcase	\$261.96	2	. 0	41.91
FUR-CH-10000454	Furniture	Chairs	Hon Deluxe Fabric Upholstered Stacking Chairs, Rounded Back	\$731.94	3	0	219.5
OFF-LA-10000240	Office Supplies	Labels	Self-Adhesive Address Labels for Typewriters by Universal	\$14.62	2	. 0	6.87

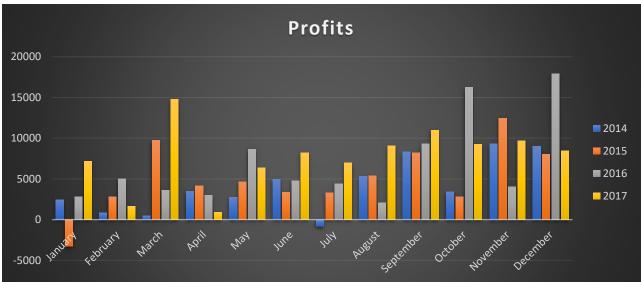
- Data Quality:
 - o The dataset was clean no blanks, duplicates, or missing records
- Table Creation:
 - o Tables were generated in MySQL and exported to Excel
- Consultation:
 - o ChatGPT provided guidance on query optimization and analysis

Key Insights:

• Sales Performance:

- o Trends over time show clear seasonality
- o Best months: September to December
- Worst months: Identified months with negative profit linked to high discounts
- Chart: Sales & Profit Trends Over Years and Months





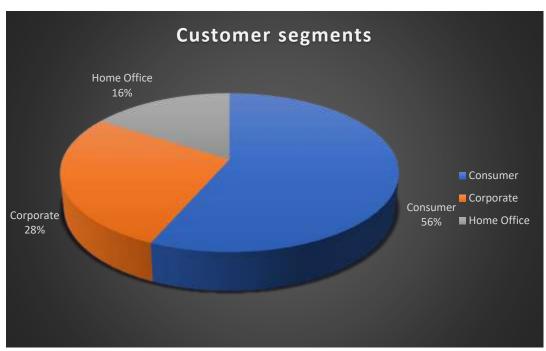
Customer Insights:

- Top customers (top 5% of over 800) drive a significant portion of revenue
- Analysis of order frequency and average order value per segment
- Table/Chart: Top 5% Customers by Revenue & Average Order Price

Table sample

Top 5% customers avg order price.								
customer_id	segment	rder frequenc	sales	Average order				
AB-10105	Consumer	10	14473.6	1447				
BM-11140	Consumer	4	11789.6	2947				
BS-11365	Corporate	5	10501.7	2100				
CC-12370	Consumer	5	12129.1	2426				
CJ-12010	Consumer	8	11165	1396				

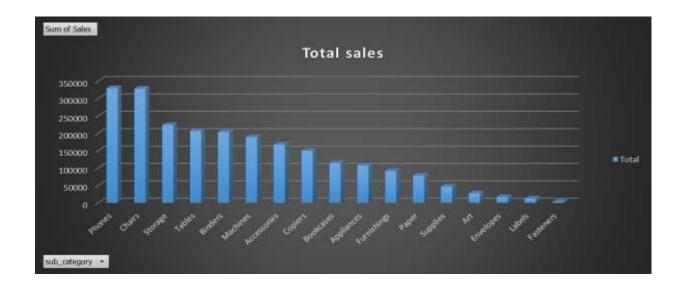
Customer segments chart



Product Performance:

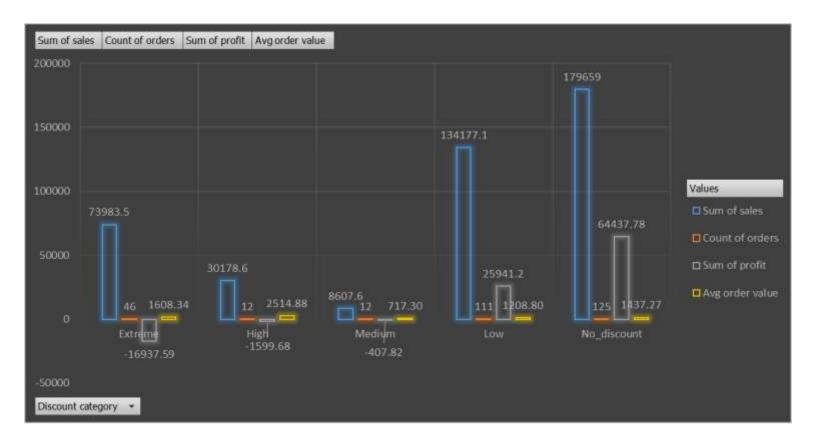
- Analysis by sub-category reveals that some sub-categories (Office Supplies, Binders) consistently make losses
- Best-selling sub-categories differ from most profitable ones
- Chart: Product Performance by Sub-Category





Discount & Pricing Impact:

- Discounts were categorized into:
 - 1. No Discount
 - 2. Low (below 20%)
 - 3. Medium (21-30%)
 - 4. High (31–50%)
 - 5. Extreme (over 50%)
- Findings:
 - Higher discounts (over 30%) correlate with negative profit
 - No clear increase in order volume with high discounts
- o Chart: Discount Impact on Sales & Profit



Business Recommendations:

- Adjust Discount Strategy:
 - o Reevaluate discount thresholds, especially for loss-making sub-categories
 - Consider limiting discounts to 20–30% to protect margins
- Prepare for Seasonal Peaks:
 - Strengthen inventory and marketing before the high-sales season (Sept-Dec)
- Focus on High-Value Customers:
 - Develop targeted promotions or loyalty programs for the top 5% customers
- Monitor Product Performance:
 - o Regularly review sub-category performance and adjust pricing or promotions accordingly
- Data-Driven Decisions:
 - o Continuously track key metrics to quickly address pricing issues

Conclusion:

- The analysis shows that while seasonal trends boost overall sales, aggressive discounting in certain sub-categories is leading to negative profits.
- Adjusting discount strategies and focusing on high-value customer segments can improve profitability.
- These insights provide a clear roadmap for data-driven business decisions.