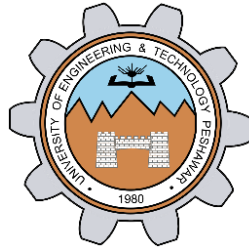


**FUNCTIONS (PART 2 OVERLOAD,
TEMPLATES AND RECURSION)**

LAB # 7



Spring 2022

CSE102L Computer Programming Lab

Submitted by: **Ali Asghar**

Registration No. : **21PWCSE2059**

Class Section: **C**

“On my honor, as student of University of Engineering and Technology, I have neither given nor received unauthorized assistance on this academic work.”

Student Signature: _____

Submitted to:

Engr. Abdullah Hamid

July 4, 2022

Department of Computer Systems Engineering
University of Engineering and Technology, Peshawar

Lab Objective(s)

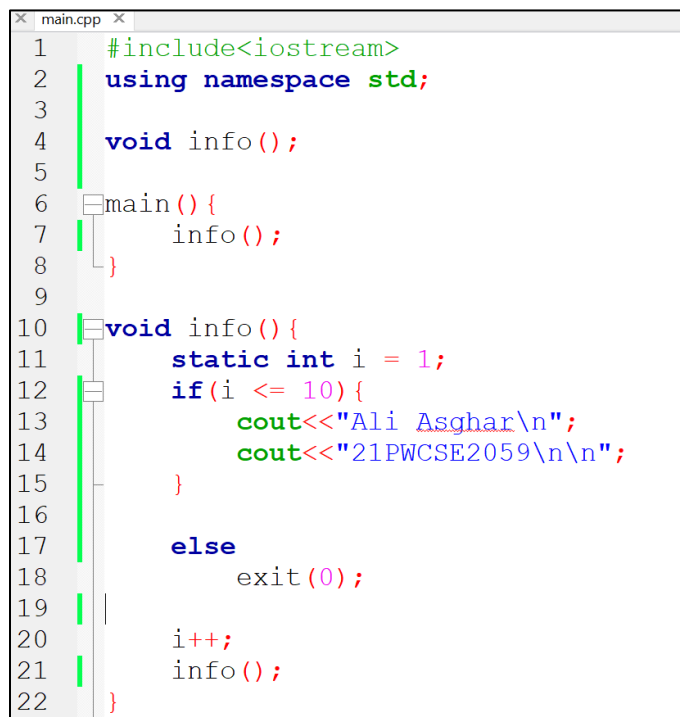
- To understand the programming of recursive functions and overloading functions
- To understand function programming, its types and function-call

TASK # 1:**Title:**

Print your name and registration number 10 times in C++ using recursion.

CODE SCREENSHOTS:

Here are the screenshots of the code.



```
1  #include<iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3
4  void info();
5
6  main() {
7      info();
8  }
9
10 void info() {
11     static int i = 1;
12     if (i <= 10) {
13         cout<<"Ali Asghar\n";
14         cout<<"21PWCSE2059\n\n";
15     }
16
17     else
18         exit(0);
19
20     i++;
21     info();
22 }
```

OUTPUT (COMPILATION, DEBUGGING & TESTING):

Here is the screenshot of the output of above code.

TASK # 2:**Title:**

Write a C++ program where you take two values from.....and calculate their sum. **CODE**

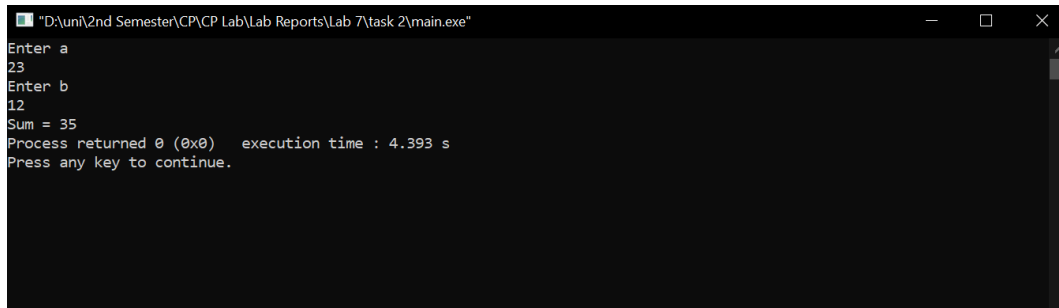
SCREENSHOTS:

Here is the screenshot of the code.

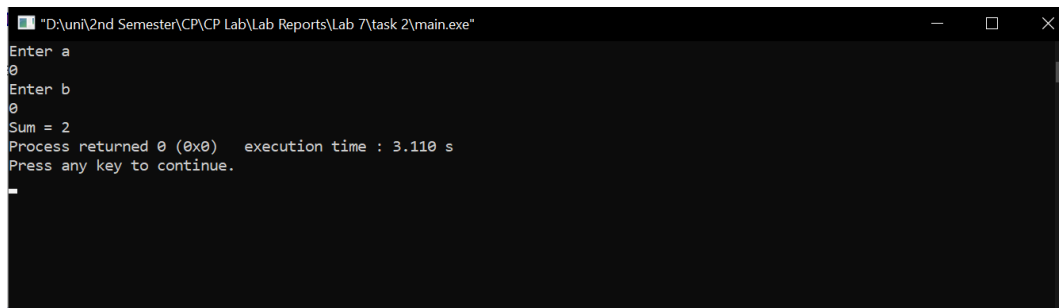
```
1  #include<iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3
4  float add(float, float);
5
6  main() {
7      float a = 0, b = 0;
8      cout<<"Enter a"<<endl;
9      cin>>a;
10     cout<<"Enter b"<<endl;
11     cin>>b;
12
13     cout<<"Sum = "<<add(a, b);
14 }
15
16 float add(float x, float y) {
17
18     if(x == 0 )
19         x = 1;
20
21     if(y == 0)
22         y = 1;
23
24     int r = x + y;
25     return r;
26 }
27
```

OUTPUT (COMPILATION, DEBUGGING & TESTING):

Here are the screenshots of the output of above code.



```
"D:\uni\2nd Semester\CP\CP Lab\Lab Reports\Lab 7\Task 2\main.exe"
Enter a
23
Enter b
12
Sum = 35
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 4.393 s
Press any key to continue.
```



```
"D:\uni\2nd Semester\CP\CP Lab\Lab Reports\Lab 7\Task 2\main.exe"
Enter a
0
Enter b
0
Sum = 2
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 3.110 s
Press any key to continue.
```

TASK # 3:

Title:

Write a function to find Sum of N natural numbers using Recursion.

CODE SCREENSHOTS:

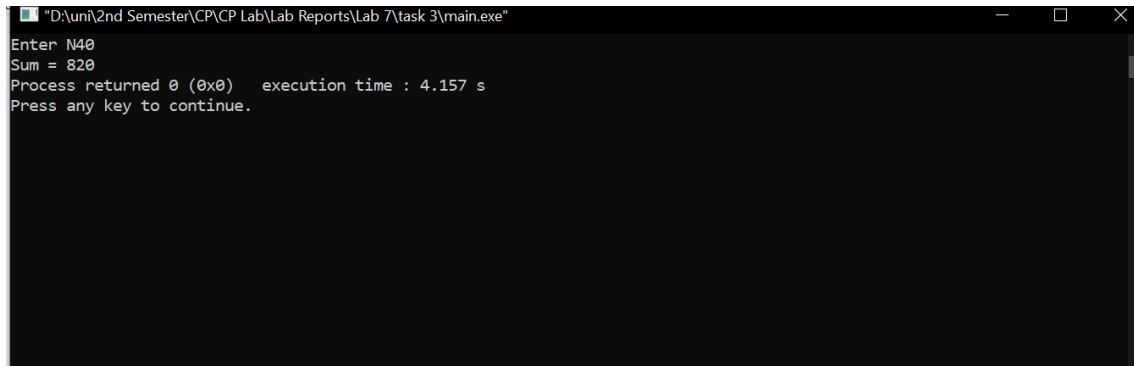
Here is the screenshot of the code.

```
*main.cpp x
1  #include<iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3
4  void sum(int);
5
6  main() {
7      int N = 0;
8
9      cout<<"Enter N";
10     cin>>N;
11
12     sum(N);
13 }
14
15 void sum(int n) {
16     static int s = 0;
```

```
*main.cpp x
11
12     sum(N);
13 }
14
15 void sum(int n) {
16     static int s = 0;
17
18     if(n >= 0) {
19         s += n;
20         n--;
21         sum(n);
22     }
23     else{
24         cout<<"Sum = "<<s;
25         exit(0);
26     }
27 }
```

OUTPUT (COMPILATION, DEBUGGING & TESTING):

Here is the screenshot of the output of above code.



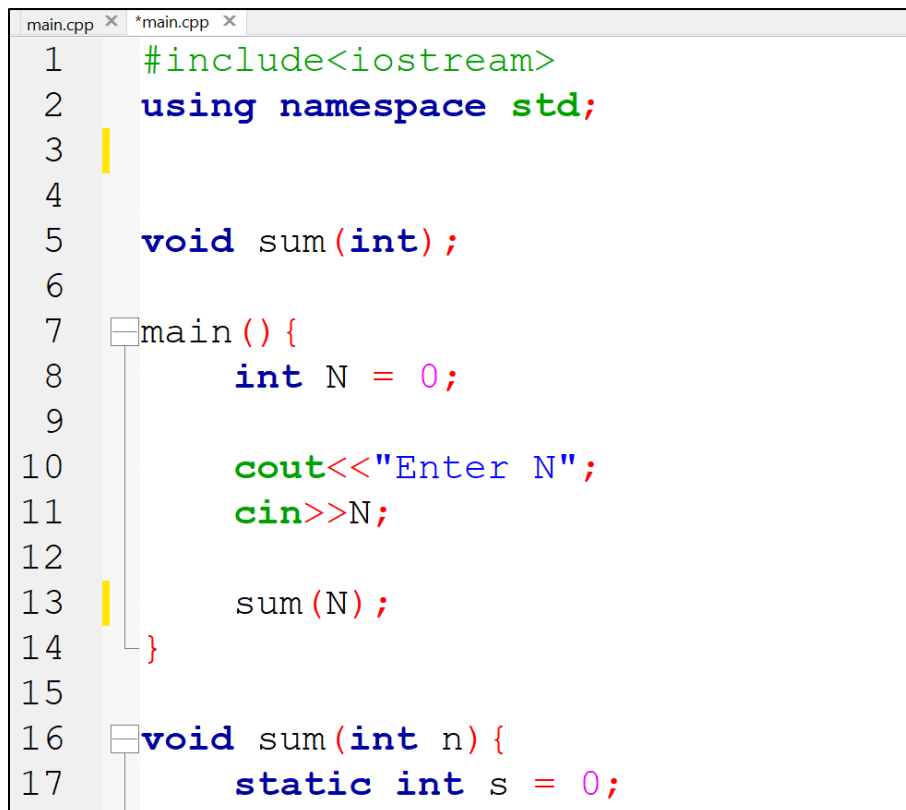
```
"D:\uni\2nd Semester\CP\CP Lab\Lab Reports\Lab 7\task 3\main.exe"
Enter N40
Sum = 820
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 4.157 s
Press any key to continue.
```

TASK # 4:**Title:**

Calculate the sum of odd natural numbers $1+3+5+7+\dots + n$ using Recursion.... n as input from user.

CODE SCREENSHOTS:

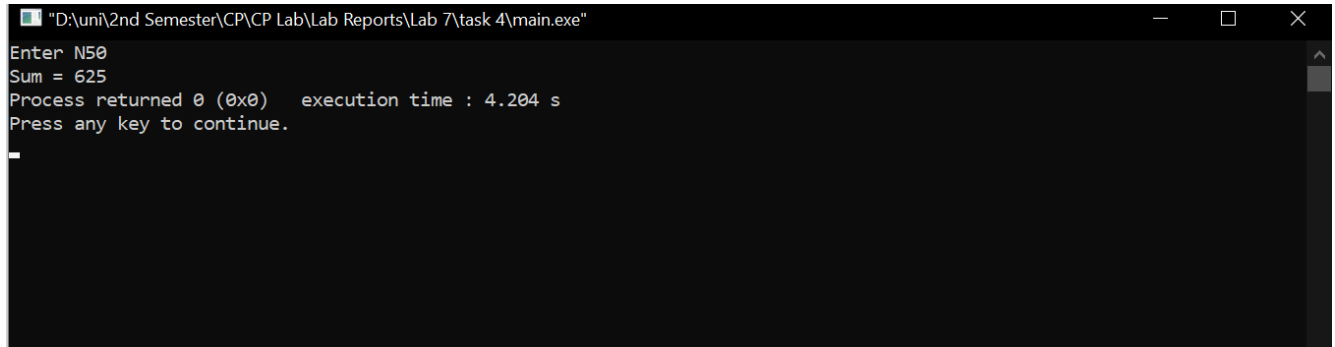
Here is the screenshot of the code.



```
main.cpp x *main.cpp x
1      #include<iostream>
2      using namespace std;
3
4
5      void sum(int);
6
7      main(){
8          int N = 0;
9
10         cout<<"Enter N";
11         cin>>N;
12
13         sum(N);
14     }
15
16     void sum(int n){
17         static int s = 0;
```

OUTPUT (COMPILATION, DEBUGGING & TESTING):

Here is the screenshot of the output of above code.



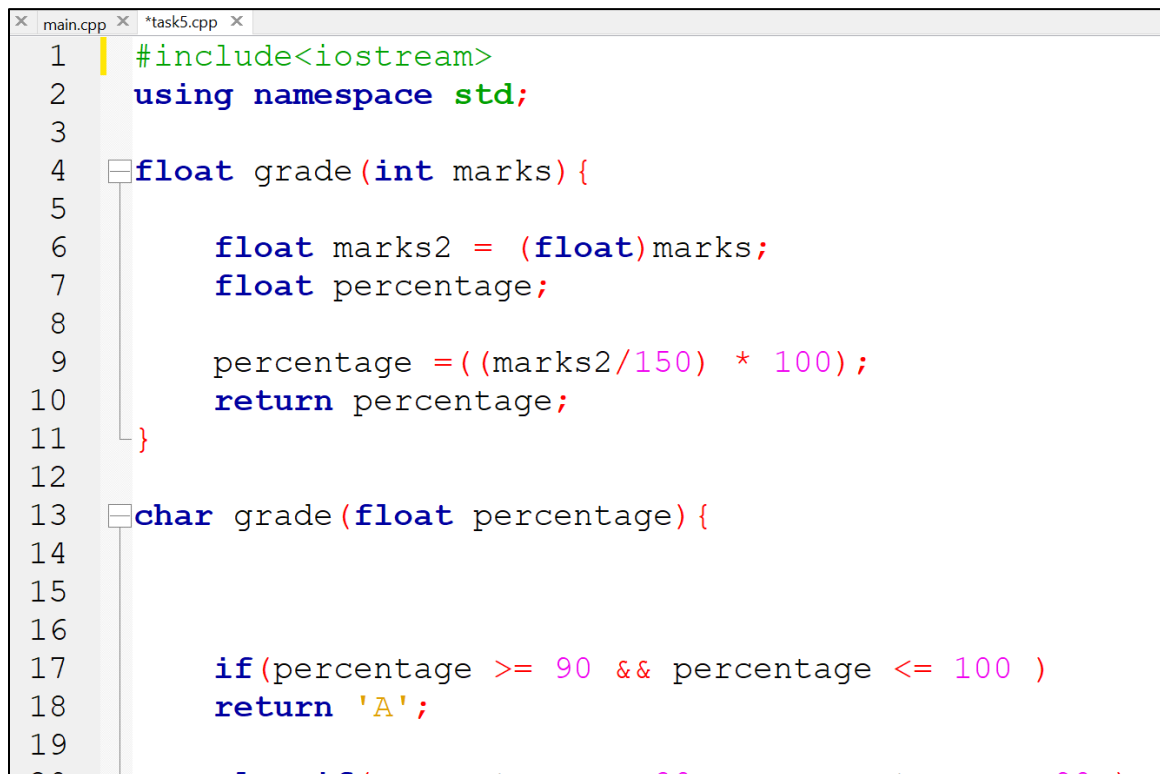
```
"D:\uni\2nd Semester\CP\CP Lab\Lab Reports\Lab 7\task 4\main.exe"
Enter N50
Sum = 625
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 4.204 s
Press any key to continue.
```

TASK # 5:**Title:**

Overload three functions with name "grade"..... Consider total marks = 150.

CODE SCREENSHOTS:

Here are the screenshots of the code.



```
main.cpp *task5.cpp
1  #include<iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3
4  float grade(int marks){
5
6      float marks2 = (float)marks;
7      float percentage;
8
9      percentage = ((marks2/150) * 100);
10     return percentage;
11 }
12
13 char grade(float percentage){
14
15
16
17     if(percentage >= 90 && percentage <= 100 )
18     return 'A';
19
20 }
```

```
main.cpp x *task5.cpp x
19
20     else if (percentage >= 80 && percentage <= 90 )
21     return 'B';
22
23     else if (percentage >= 70 && percentage <= 80 )
24     return 'C';
25
26     else if (percentage >= 50 && percentage <= 70 )
27     return 'D';
28
29     else
30     return 'F';
31
32 }
33
34 void grade() {
35
36     int marks = 0;
37     float percentage = 0;
```

```
main.cpp x *task5.cpp x
34 void grade() {
35
36     int marks = 0;
37     float percentage = 0;
38
39     cout<<"Enter marks..."<<endl;
40     cin>>marks;
41
42     percentage = grade(marks);
43
44     cout<<"Marks is "<<marks<<endl;
45     cout<<"Percentage is "<<percentage<<"%"<<endl;
46     cout<<"Grade is "<<grade (percentage);
47
48 }
49 main() {
50     grade();
51 }
52
```


OUTPUT (COMPILATION, DEBUGGING & TESTING):

Here is the screenshot of the output of above code.

TASK # 6:**Title:**

Write a C++ Program to Find Factorial of a Number Using Recursion.

CODE SCREENSHOTS:

Here are the screenshots of the code.

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3
4  int64_t re(int64_t);
5
6  main() {
7      int64_t num = 0;
8      int64_t fact = 1;
9      cout<<"Enter number"<<endl;
10     cin>>num;
11
12     fact = re(num);
13     cout<<"Factorial = "<<fact;
14
15 }
16
17 int64_t re(int64_t n) {
```

```
main.cpp × task5.cpp × factorial.cpp ×
9      cout<<"Enter number"<<endl;
10     cin>>num;
11
12     fact = re(num);
13     cout<<"Factorial = "<<fact;
14
15 }
16
17 int64_t re(int64_t n){
18
19     if (n==0 || n==1)
20         return 1;
21
22     else
23         return n*re(n - 1);
24 }
```

OUTPUT (COMPILATION, DEBUGGING & TESTING):

Here is the screenshot of the output of above code.

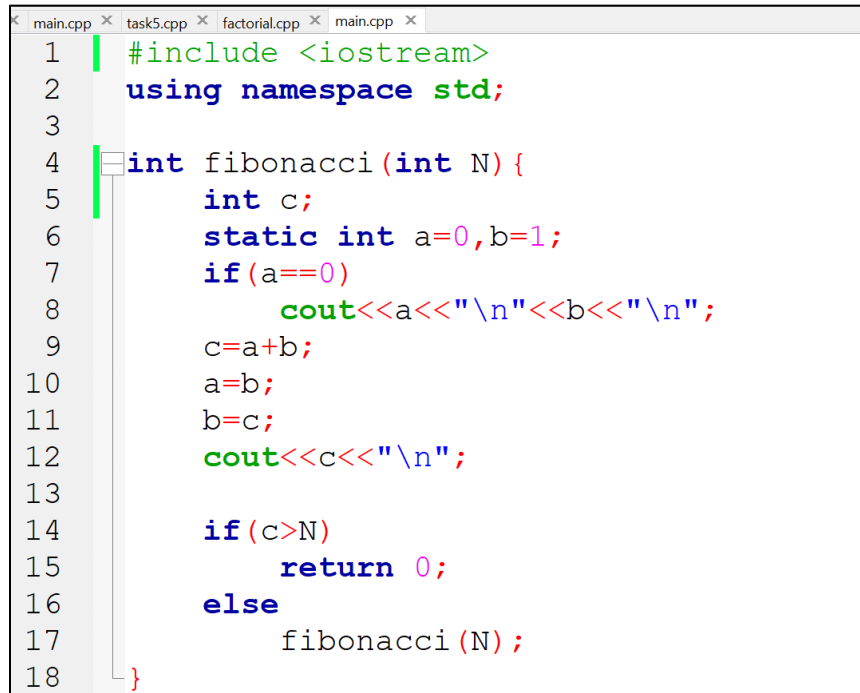
```
"D:\uni\2nd Semester\CP\CP Lab\Lab Reports\Lab 7\task 6\factorial.exe"
Enter number
34
Factorial = 4926277576697053184
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 2.579 s
Press any key to continue.
```

TASK # 7:**Title:**

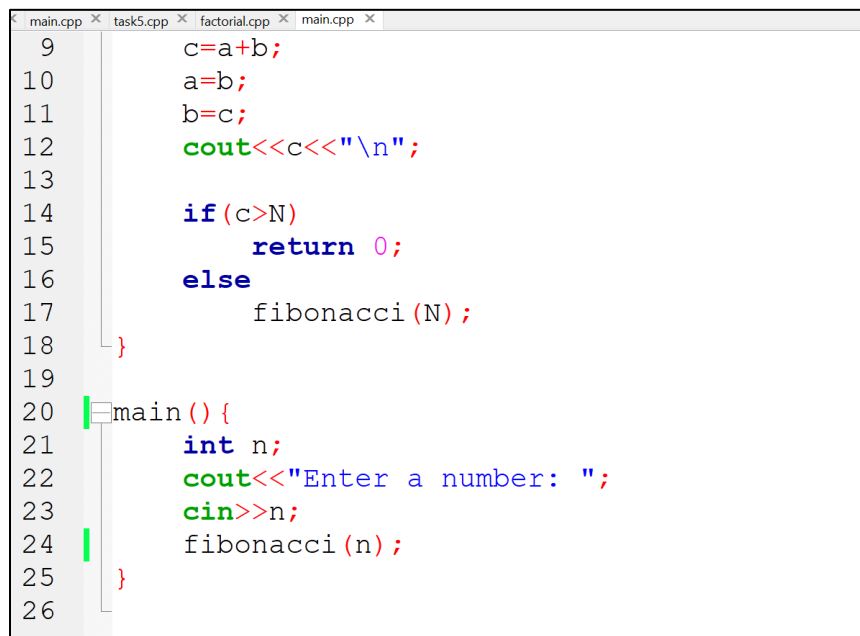
C++ program to print Fibonacci series using recursion.

CODE SCREENSHOTS:

Here are the screenshots of the code.



```
1  #include <iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3
4  int fibonacci(int N){
5      int c;
6      static int a=0,b=1;
7      if(a==0)
8          cout<<a<<"\n"<<b<<"\n";
9      c=a+b;
10     a=b;
11     b=c;
12     cout<<c<<"\n";
13
14     if(c>N)
15         return 0;
16     else
17         fibonacci(N);
18 }
```



```
9      c=a+b;
10     a=b;
11     b=c;
12     cout<<c<<"\n";
13
14     if(c>N)
15         return 0;
16     else
17         fibonacci(N);
18 }
19
20 main(){
21     int n;
22     cout<<"Enter a number: ";
23     cin>>n;
24     fibonacci(n);
25 }
26
```

OUTPUT (COMPILATION, DEBUGGING & TESTING):

Here is the screenshot of the output of above code.

TASK # 8:**Title:**

C++ program to calculate power of a number using recursion.

CODE SCREENSHOTS:

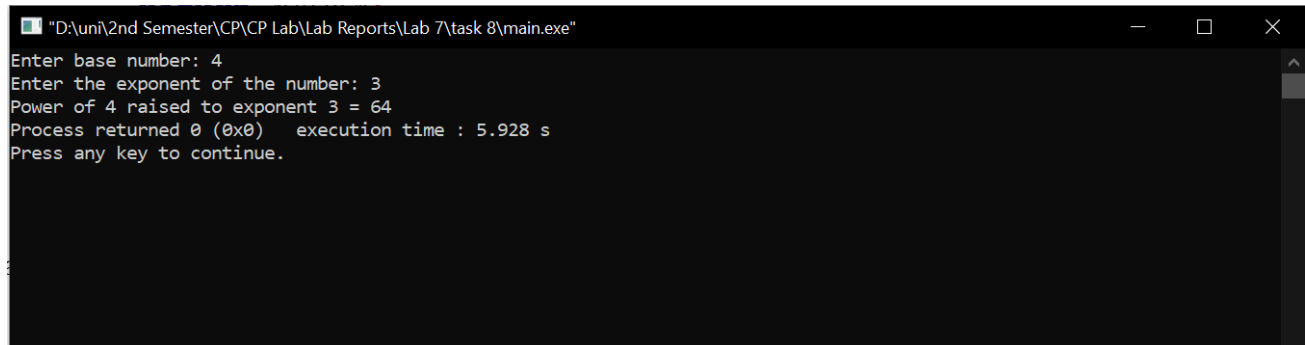
Here are the screenshots of the code.

```
1 | #include <iostream>
2 | using namespace std;
3 |
4 | int powerFunction(int B, int E){
5 |
6 |     static int power = 1;
7 |
8 |     power = power * B;
9 |     E--;
10 |
11 |     if(E == 0)
12 |         return power;
13 |
14 |     else
15 |         powerFunction(B,E);
16 |
17 | }
18 |
19 | main(){
20 |     int b,e;
21 |
22 |     cout<<"Enter base number: ";
```

```
9      E--;
10
11      if(E == 0)
12          return power;
13
14      else
15          powerFunction(B,E);
16
17  }
18
19  main(){
20      int b,e;
21
22      cout<<"Enter base number: ";
23      cin>>b;
24
25      cout<<"Enter the exponent of the number: ";
26      cin>>e;
27
28      cout<<"Power of "<<b<<" raised to exponent "<<e<<" = "<<powerFunction(b,e);
29  }
```

OUTPUT (COMPILATION, DEBUGGING & TESTING):

Here is the screenshot of the output of above code.



```
"D:\uni\2nd Semester\CP\CP Lab\Lab Reports\Lab 7\task 8\main.exe"
Enter base number: 4
Enter the exponent of the number: 3
Power of 4 raised to exponent 3 = 64
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 5.928 s
Press any key to continue.
```