

# Project 2

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21/06-23

# Outline

1 methodology

2 results

3 Conclusion

The methods used is.:chatGPT, tutorials, code and analysis afterwards

# Task 2

average size of NEO per day, proportion of potential dangerous NEO's,  
closest approach,

```
Mean NEO size: 208.35781432387117
Median NEO size: 76.9201245487
Mode NEO size: ModeResult(mode=array([47.21064988]), count=array([52]))
Standard deviation of NEO size: 408.8787261666672
Mean size of hazardous NEOs: 608.8294786782687
Mean size of non-hazardous NEOs: 180.88824836491438
```

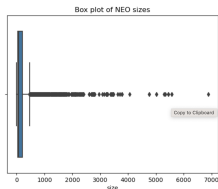
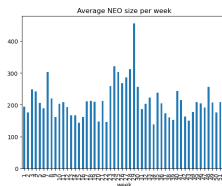
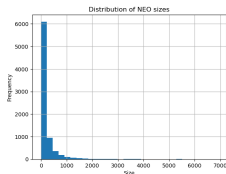
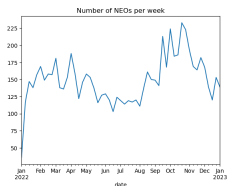
# Task 3

first plot.: date on x-axis and number of NEO's on y-axis.

second plot.: distribution of NEO sizes: size on x-axis and frequency on y-axis.

third plot.: week on x-axis and average NEO size on y-axis.

fourth plot.:boxplot, size on the x-axis

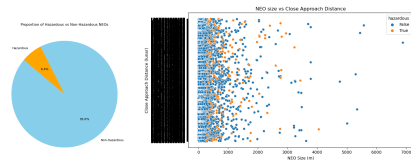


# Task 4

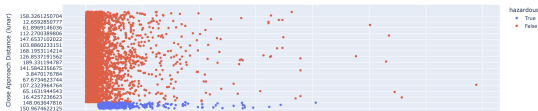
Plot 1.: most of the NEO's are non-hazardous, but still potential for hazardous NEO's close to earth.

Plot 2.: Larger NEOs correlate with a higher proportion of dangerous NEOs

Plot 3.: X-axis: Represents the size of NEOs. Y-axis: Indicates the close distance to the Moon measured in kilometers. blue dots are NEOs that are considered to be high-risk due to their size and distance.



NEO Size vs Close Approach Distance



# Task 5

Part A: Variation of NEO sizes over time. Monitoring NEO's.

Part B: Line chart, bar chart and box plot. Recommendations and predictions. Relevant scientific article.

# Conclusion

Overview over NEO's, size, distance, non-hazardous and hazardous.  
Most NEO's non-hazardous, common occurrence