INTRODUCTION TO WEB APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT KARIM ALIBHAI



TODO:

- Get to know each other
- A welcome to the course
- Your cumulative projects
- **Lesson 1:** What on Earth is a web app?
- Lesson 2: How Web Servers Chat
- **Lesson 3:** The Black Screen with the Green Text



INTRODUCTIONS

- Your name
- Your current/future career path
- Something you are passionate about
- An interesting fact about your passion that the average person wouldn't know

THE CATCH

- Everyone will be assigned a random partner.
- You must introduce your partner, not yourself.

BEGIN: 00:10:00.

TIME'S UP!

TEACHING ASSISTANTS

- Diana Dai
- Farhan Kanjiyani
- Jeff Peng

DIANA DAI

- Studying Computer Science.
- I < 3 _.
- TODO: interesting fact.

FARHAN KANJIYANI (@FARHAN5498)

- Studying Business & Computer Science.
- I < 3 Video Games & Technology.
- Todo: interesting fact.

JEFF PENG (@JEFFTHEHAUTBOIS)

- Studying Electrical Engineering.
- I < 3 _.
- TODO: interesting fact.

TEACHER KARIM ALIBHAI (@KARIMSA)

WHO AM I?

- My name is Karim. (?!)
- I'm a Developer.
- I <3 JavaScript, W3, & teaching.
- Although JavaScript is a web language, it can be used to create:
 - robots
 - complex Als
 - mobile & desktop apps

WELCOME!

PACE

- In-class teachings will keep up with class average.
- TAs are present for the purpose of helping students who would like extra help.
- TAs as well as the teacher will be available via email outside of class time to answer questions.

ASSIGNMENTS

- There will be regular assignments to help you learn to properly apply the lessons.
- All assignments are mandatory.
- There are supplemental exercises for people that would like extra practice.
- There are advanced exercises for people that would like to challenge themselves.

READINGS & QUIZZES

- There will be regular readings **required** to keep up with the course.
- There will be **no quizzes**.
- Whenever possible, we will live code projects together.
 - Every person will be responsible for creating a separate part of the project.
 - Due to this, if you do not keep up with readings, your entire group will suffer.

CUMULATIVE PROJECT

- The best practice for a working environment is a working environment.
- Think of a family member or friend that would benefit from a web application.
- Either contact this person and ask if you can create it for them,
- or create it just for fun.

REQUIREMENTS & TIME SPENT

- You may work in pairs of two or alone.
- There will be time after some classes to work on your projects.
- You must also work on your projects at home.
- Try to incorporate as many of the lessons you learn as possible.

THE GRAND PRIZE

• The top 3 projects will receive a secret grand prize.

se-cret

adjective

not known or seen or not meant to be known or seen by others.

"how did you guess I had a secret plan?" synonyms: confidential, top secret, classified, undisclosed, unknown, private, under wraps; More

noun

1. something that is kept or meant to be kept unknown or unseen by others.

"a state secret" synonyms: confidential matter, confidence, private affair; skeleton in the closet

"he just can't keep a secret"

Translations, word origin, and more definitions

LESSON 1: WHAT ON EARTH IS A WEB APP?

THE LAYERS OF A COMPUTER

- Basic Input and Output System (BIOS) is responsible for communication with all hardware.
- Operating System (OS) is the software responsible for acting as a host.
 - It runs user-level applications.
 - Provides software known as "drivers" for application to communicate with hardware.
 - Controls the remaining layers.

THE FILESYSTEM LAYER

- Filesystem is responsible for long-term data storage and retreival.
- The hardware behind the filesystem is the hard drive(s).
- There are two means of data organization:
 - A packet of data is referred to as a file.
 - A group of these packets is known as a directory (often referred to as a folder).
 - A file cannot be within another file, only within a directory.
 - A directory can be within another directory.

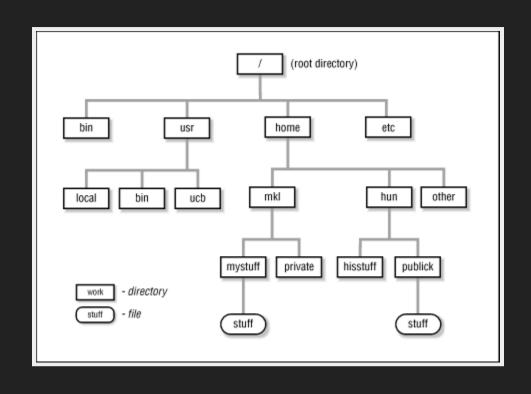
NOTES ON THE FILESYSTEM

- The location of a file or directory is referred to as the path.
- Within a path, names of files and directories as separator using a path separator.
 - On Unix-based systems, the path separator is / . (i.e. /path/to/my/file.txt)
 - On Windows, the path separator is \ . (i.e. \path\to\my\file.txt)

QUESTION

- Given the principles of the filesystem, how would you tell what names belong to files and which ones are directories?
- For instance: /a/b/c/d (name the type for each of the letters).

THE FILESYSTEM TREE



THE FILESYSTEM TREE

- The top-most directory in any OS is referred to as the root directory.
- The name of the directory is not root, that is simply what it is referred to as.
- The name of the root directory is the same as the path separator.
- When a file or directory is nested in another directory, we can say that it is the child of the other directory.
- Therefore, the other directory is the parent of this file or directory.

LESSON 2: HOW WEB SERVERS CHAT

LESSON 3: THE BLACK SCREEN WITH THE GREEN TEXT