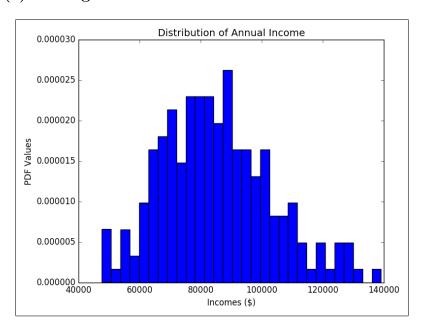
Problem Set #2

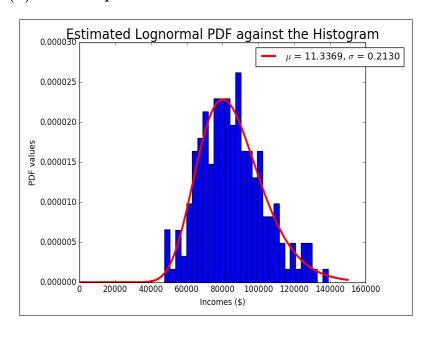
Perspectives on Computational Modeling MACS 30100, Dr. Evans HyungJin Cho

Problem 1.

Part (a). Histogram



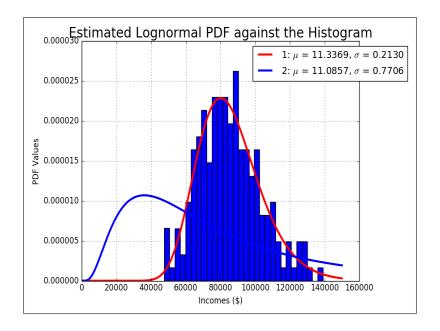
Part (b). One step GMM



GMM lognormal parameters: mu = 11.3369, sig = 0.2130

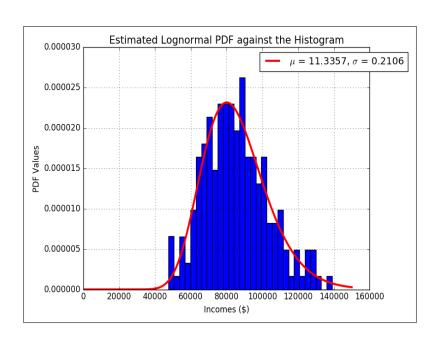
Data moment: mu = 85276.8236, std = 17992.5421Model moment: mu = 85276.7904, std = 17992.5391Value of GMM criterion: 1.794297513712258e-13

Part (c). Two step GMM



GMM lognormal parameters: mu = 11.0857, sig = 0.7706 Model moment: mu = 85276.8236, std = 17992.5421 Value of GMM criterion: 0.009984728414565325

Part (d). One step GMM

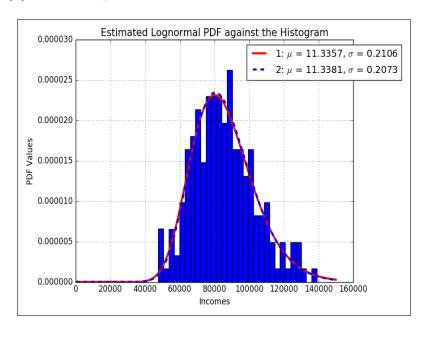


Data moment:

The proportion of income less than 75,000 = 0.3The proportion of income between 75,000 and 100,000 = 0.5The proportion of income more than 100,000 = 0.2Model Moment:

The proportion of income less than 75,000 = 0.3000 The proportion of income between 75,000 and 100,000 = 0.5000 The proportion of income more than 100,000 = 0.2000Value of GMM criterion: 2.534788361602213e-11

Part (e). Two step GMM



Model Moment:

The proportion of income less than 75,000 = 0.2931

The proportion of income between 75,000 and 100,000 = 0.5073

The proportion of income more than 100,000 = 0.1996

Value of GMM criterion: 91.95874552987516

Part (f). Estimation comparison

The PDF generated from 2-step GMM with 3 data moments(Part.(e)) best fits

the actual data and the model moments from 2-step GMM with mean and std (Part.(c)) least fits the data. Other five figures also fits the data well.

Problem 2.

Part (a). Linear regression

 $\beta_0 = 0.252$

 $\beta_1 = 0.013$

 $\beta_2 = 0.401$

 $\beta_3 = -0.010$

Value of GMM criterion: 0.001821