

Feedback — Module 3 Quiz

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Thank you. Your submission for this quiz was received.

You submitted this quiz on **Tue 22 Sep 2015 9:58 PM PDT**. You got a score of **10.00** out of **10.00**.

Question 1

Which of the following statements is FALSE:

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input type="radio"/> Different versions of a gene resulted from genomic mutations are called alleles.		
<input type="radio"/> Differences in the genomes of individuals are strong contributors to their phenotypic variations.		
<input type="radio"/> SNV refers to a Single Nucleotide Variant.		
<input checked="" type="radio"/> SNP refers to a Single Non-defined Polymorphism	✓ 1.00	
Total	1.00 / 1.00	

Question 2

Which of the following statements is FALSE:

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input type="radio"/> The VCF FORMAT lines specify the format used for the genotype data.Option text		
<input type="radio"/> The BAM format is a binary compressed representation for		

alignments of next generation sequencing reads.

- ☐ The mpileup format produced by SAMtools can be used to represent sites of variation.
- ☒ The VCF format shows the changes in amino acid resulting from the nucleotide mutation, in column 3. ✓ 1.00

Total 1.00 / 1.00

Question 3

What program can be used to generate a list of candidate sites of variation in an exome data set:

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input type="radio"/> bwamem		
<input type="radio"/> samtools view		
<input type="radio"/> bowtie2-build		
<input checked="" type="radio"/> samtools mpileup	✓ 1.00	
Total	1.00 / 1.00	

Question 4

In a comprehensive effort to study genome variation in a patient cohort, you sequence and call variants in the exome, whole genome shotgun and RNA-seq data from each patient. Which of the following is FALSE when comparing these three types of resources:

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input type="radio"/> RNA editing can confound the detection of variants from RNA-seq data.		
<input type="radio"/> RNA-seq will only capture variants in the expressed genes.		

☒ Exome sequencing comprehensively captures variants in the 3' and 5' UTRs of genes. ✓ 1.00

☐ Exome sequencing can capture variants in a pre-defined set of coding exons and their immediate surrounding area.

Total 1.00 / 1.00

Question 5

Which of the following options can be used to allow bowtie2 to generate partial alignments?

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input type="radio"/> -N		
<input checked="" type="radio"/> --local	✓ 1.00	
<input type="radio"/> --sensitive		
<input type="radio"/> -S		
Total	1.00 / 1.00	

Question 6

Select the correct interpretation for the snippet of 'mpileup' output below.

```

  ...
Chr3    11700316      C      8      .$. . . . .      8C@C;CB3
Chr3    11951491      G     16     AAAA, . . . . .aA..A      C2@2BCBCCCA
C2CC4
  ...

```

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
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☒ Only site 2 shows potential variation; the alternate letter for site 2 is A; site 1 has 8 supporting reads, and site 2 has 16 ✔ 1.00

☐ Both sites show potential variation; the alternate letter for site 1 is \$, and for site 2 is A; site 1 has 8 supporting reads, and site 2 has 16

☐ None of the sites shows potential variation; site 2 has support from 1 forward and 15 reverse reads

☐ Only site 2 shows potential variation; the alternate letter for site 2 is ‘.’; site 1 has 8 supporting reads, and site 2 has 16

Total	1.00 /
	1.00

Question 7

Given the set of variants described in the VCF excerpt below, which of the following is FALSE?

```

...
##INFO=
##INFO=
##FORMAT=
##FORMAT=
Chr3    11966312      .      G      A      15.9      .  DP=5;MQ=15      G
T:PL    1/1:43,9,0
Chr3    11972108      .      TAAAA   TAAA   32.8      .      INDEL;ID
V=7;IMF=0.636364;DP=11;MQ=22  GT:PL   0/1:66,0,2
Chr3    13792328      rs145271872  G      T      5.5      .      D
P=1;MQ=40      GT:PL   0/1:32,3,0
...

```

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input type="radio"/> The sample contains both alleles for variant 2		
<input checked="" type="radio"/> The sample contains only the alternate allele for variant 3 ✔ 1.00		
<input type="radio"/> The alternate allele for variant 1 is A		

☐ Variant 1 has read depth 5

Total

1.00 / 1.00

Question 8

What does the following code do:

```
bowtie2 -x species/species -U in.fastq | grep -v "^@" | cut -f3 | sort | uniq -c
```

Your Answer

Score

Explanation

☐ Run bowtie2 with a set of single-end reads, reporting the best alignment only; then list the total numbers of forward and reverse complemented reads, respectively

☒ Run bowtie2 with a set of single-end reads, reporting the best alignment only; then determine the number of matches on each genomic sequence

✓ 1.00

☐ Run bowtie2 with a set of single-end reads, reporting up to 5 alignments per read; then determine the number of matches on each genomic sequence

☐ Run bowtie2 with a set of paired-end reads, allowing up to 10 matches per read; then report the number of matches on each genomic sequence

Total

1.00 /
1.00

Question 9

What does the following snippet of code do NOT do:

```
```  
samtools mpileup -O -f genome.fa in.bam | cut -f7
```
```

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input type="radio"/> Produce a 7-column intermediate mpileup file that is piped to 'cut'		
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Generate intermediate output in uncompressed BCF format	✓ 1.00	
<input type="radio"/> Take in the input BAM file in.bam		
<input type="radio"/> Generate intermediate output in mpileup format		
Total	1.00 / 1.00	

Question 10

What does the following code do NOT do:

```
```  
bcftools call -v -c -O z -o out.vcf.gz in.vcf.gz
```
```

Your Answer	Score	Explanation
<input type="radio"/> Report output in compressed VCF format		
<input type="radio"/> Report variant sites only		
<input type="radio"/> Call variants in a single sample		
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Skip indels	✓ 1.00	
Total	1.00 / 1.00	

