322_Project1

2023-10-21

```
merge_final_v3 <- read_csv("merge_final_v4.csv")</pre>
## New names:
## Rows: 3143 Columns: 16
## -- Column specification
                                          ----- Delimiter: "," chr
## (2): county, state dbl (14): ...1, pop_county, num_county, pop_state, rep_vote,
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i
## Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
## * `` -> `...1`
#stratification based on state
H = 51 # number of strata = state
N = 3143 # total number of counties in the US
n = 300 # total number of sample size
merge_final_v3$num_sample_county = (merge_final_v3$num_county / N) * 300 # this is n_h
merge_final_v3$num_sample_county = round(merge_final_v3$num_sample_county)
#create unique identifier for county
merge_final_v3 <- merge_final_v3 %>%
 group_by(state) %>%
 mutate(state_id = cur_group_id())
merge_final_v3<- merge_final_v3 %>% group_by(state) %>% mutate(count = sequence(n()))
merge_final_v3$county_id = 1000 * merge_final_v3$state_id + merge_final_v3$count
#Proportional allocation based on size
merge_final_v3\u00a4weights = merge_final_v3\u00a4pop_state / (merge_final_v3\u00a4num_sample_county * merge_final_v3\u00a4
# weights = t_x / (n*x_i)
merge_final_v3 <- merge_final_v3 %>% filter(num_sample_county != 0) #drop states that have a sample siz
sort_str<-merge_final_v3[order(merge_final_v3$state),] # sort by stratum</pre>
sample_data <- sort_str[ppssstrat(sort_str$pop_county,sort_str$state,num_sample_county_vector),]</pre>
svydes = svydesign(id =~ county_id, strata =~ state, weights =~ weights, fpc = ~num_county, data = samp
options(survey.lonely.psu="adjust")
```

Questions

1. What is an estimate of the average population density per county in the U.S. in 2020?

```
svymean(~ pop_county, svydes)
##
                 mean
## pop_county 110838 10852
  2. What is an estimate of the total number of people in the U.S. in 2020 who identify as Hispanic or
     Latino, any race?
svytotal(~ total_hispanic_2020, svydes)
##
                            total
                                        SE
## total hispanic 2020 61067748 5780359
  3. What is an estimate of the total change in the number of people in the U.S. who identify as Hispanic or
     Latino, any race, between the 2010 and 2020 censuses?
sample_data2 <- sample_data %>% mutate(hispanic_diff = total_hispanic_2020 - total_hispanic_2010)
sample_data2$hispanic_diff[is.na(sample_data2$hispanic_diff)] = 0
svydes2 <- svydesign(id =~ county_id, strata =~ state, weights =~ weights, fpc = ~num_county, data = s</pre>
svytotal(~ hispanic_diff, svydes2)
                     total
                                SE
## hispanic_diff 11471893 870947
  4. What are estimates of the percentages of people in 2020 in the U.S. who voted Republican? How about
     Democrat? How about a third party?
total_vote_pop <- sum(merge_final_v3$vote_pop) # total number of people who voted
svytotal(~rep_vote, svydes)
##
                total
## rep_vote 88186122 4130536
88186122 / total_vote_pop
## [1] 0.5642405
svytotal(~dem_vote, svydes)
##
                            SF.
                total
## dem_vote 64853308 3070263
64853308 / total_vote_pop
## [1] 0.4149504
third_vote <- total_vote_pop - 88186122 - 64853308
third_vote / total_vote_pop
## [1] 0.02080912
  5. Answer one other question that interests you from the data that you could collect from the website.
```

We will estimate percentage of population who did not vote in 2020 election.