

# Problem Set 1

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## Problem 1

**If a and b are two even integers, then a + b is even.**

**Solution:**

Direct proof: Since a and b are two even integers, there exist two integers x and y such that  $a = 2x$  and  $b = 2y$ .

Then,  $a + b = 2x + 2y = 2(x + y)$ ,

Since  $(x + y)$  is an integer,  $a + b$  must be an even integer.

## Problem 2

**Prove that  $\sqrt{2}$  is irrational.**

**Solution:**

Prove by contradiction: Assume  $\sqrt{2}$  is rational, there exists  $\frac{p}{q} = \sqrt{2}$  such that p and q are integers, p and q have no common divisor.

Calculation steps:

$$\frac{p}{q} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{p^2}{q^2} = 2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow p^2 = 2q^2$$

Since  $p^2 = 2q^2$ ,  $p^2$  must be even, so p must be even as well, there exist an integer k such that  $p = 2k$ . So,  $p^2 = (2k)^2$

$$\Leftrightarrow (2k)^2 = 2q^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 2k^2 = q^2$$

(This implies that both  $p^2$  and  $q^2$  contain a common divisor 2, leads to a contradiction)

Therefore,  $\sqrt{2}$  must be irrational.

### Problem 3

**Prove that if  $n^2$  is even, then  $n$  is even.**

**Solution:**

Prove by contrapositive: Rewrite the predicate as "if  $n$  is odd, then  $n^2$  is odd."

Since  $n$  is odd, there exists an integer  $k$  such that  $n = 2k + 1$ .

$$n^2 = (2k + 1)^2 = 4k^2 + 4k + 1 = 2(2k^2 + 2k) + 1$$

Since  $2k^2 + 2k$  is an integer,  $n^2$  must be odd, proving the predicate. Therefore, the original predicate is proven.

### Problem 4