

Day 3 - API Integration Report General E-Commerce

API Integration and data Migration Process

1. Objectives:

- **Integrate APIs to fetch and dynamically display data on the frontend.**
- **Establish seamless communication between Sanity CMS and the frontend using Next.js.**

2. Steps Followed:

- **Identified the required APIs to retrieve product, category, and user-related data.**
- **Configured API endpoints within the Next.js application.**
- **Utilized the fetch function in useEffect hooks to make API calls.**
- **Validated API responses using TypeScript interfaces for type safety.**
- **Debugged and resolved discrepancies in the API responses to ensure accuracy.**

3. Challenges and Solutions:

- **Challenge: Handling inconsistent API data formats.**
Solution: Mapped API responses to predefined TypeScript interfaces to standardize and ensure type safety.

- **Challenge: Slow response times during API calls.**
Solution: Implemented caching mechanisms and optimized API queries for enhanced performance.
-

Adjustments Made to Schemas

1. Sanity CMS Schemas:

Updated the product schema to include additional fields for API integration:

- **_id**
- **title**
- **price**
- **productImage: productImage.asset->url**
- **description**
- **isNew**
- **tags[]**
- **_type**
- **category**

Migration Steps and Tools Used

1. Migration Process:

- **Configured the .env file with the following values:**

NEXT_PUBLIC_SANITY_PROJECT_ID="abc "

NEXT_PUBLIC_SANITY_DATASET="xyz "

SANITY_API_TOKEN="a-z "

- **Imported data from the given API into Sanity CMS:**
 - **Created a custom script file (importData.mjs) to handle data transformation.**
 - **Executed the script with the command: node importData.mjs.**
 - **Successfully imported data into Sanity CMS.**

2. Tools Used:

- **Sanity CLI: For exporting and importing datasets.**
- **Custom Scripts: Script written in importData.mjs for data migration and transformation.**
- **Postman: Used for testing API endpoints during the integration process.**

The screenshot shows the VS Code editor with the file explorer on the left displaying the project structure. The main editor area shows the `products.tsx` file. The code defines a `productFetcher` function and a `useEffect` hook that fetches product data from a client. The `fetchData` function is also visible.

```
src > app > api > product > products.tsx > [productFetcher] > [useEffect] callback > [fetchData]
1  "use client"
2  import { client } from "../../sanity/lib/client";
3  import { useEffect, useState } from "react";
4  export const productFetcher = () => {
5
6    const [products, setProducts] = useState([]);
7
8    console.log(products);
9
10   useEffect(() => {
11     const fetchData = async () => {
12       try {
13         const response = await client.fetch(
14           `*[_type == 'product']
15           {
16             _id,
17             title,
18             price,
19             "productImage":productImage.asset->url,
20             description,
21             isNew,
22             tags[],
23             _type,
24             category,
25           }
26         `);
27         setProducts(await response);
28       } catch (error) {
29         console.error("Error in fetching products", error);
30       }
31     };
32     fetchData();
33   }, []);
34   return products;
35 }
```

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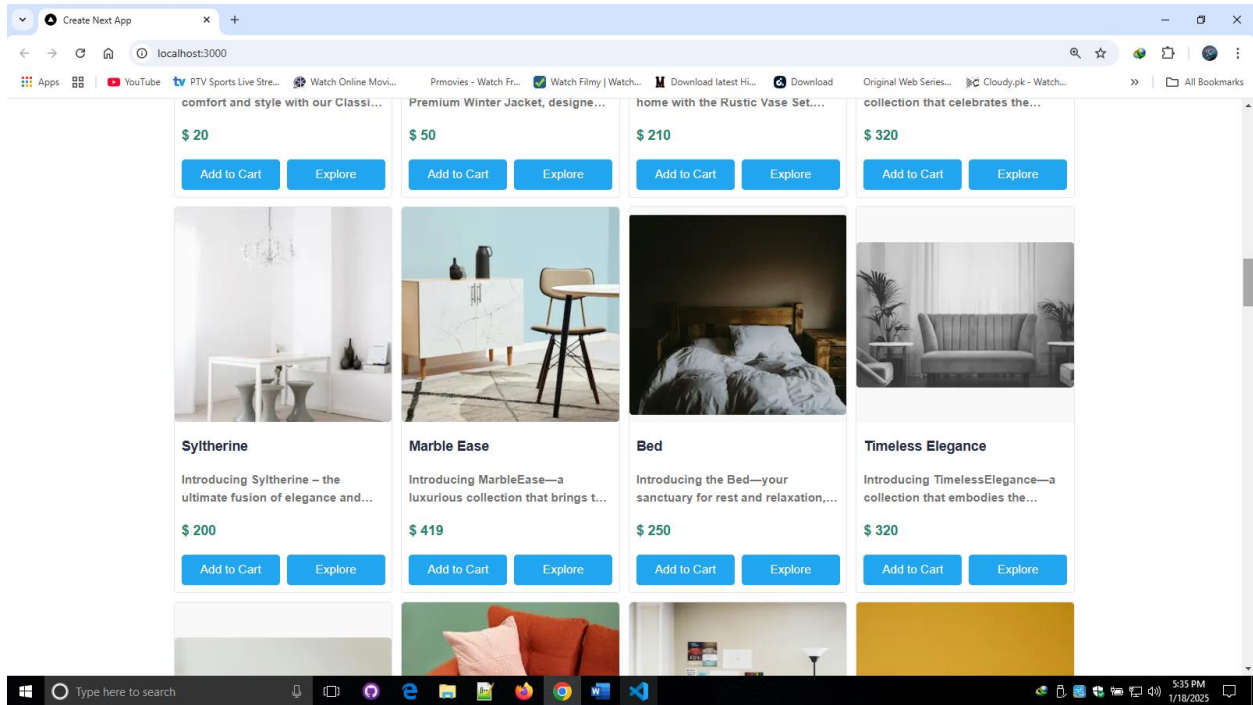
The screenshot shows the VS Code editor with the file explorer on the left displaying the project structure. The main editor area shows the `categories.tsx` file. The code defines a `householdFetcher` function and a `useEffect` hook that fetches household data from a client. The `fetchData` function is also visible.

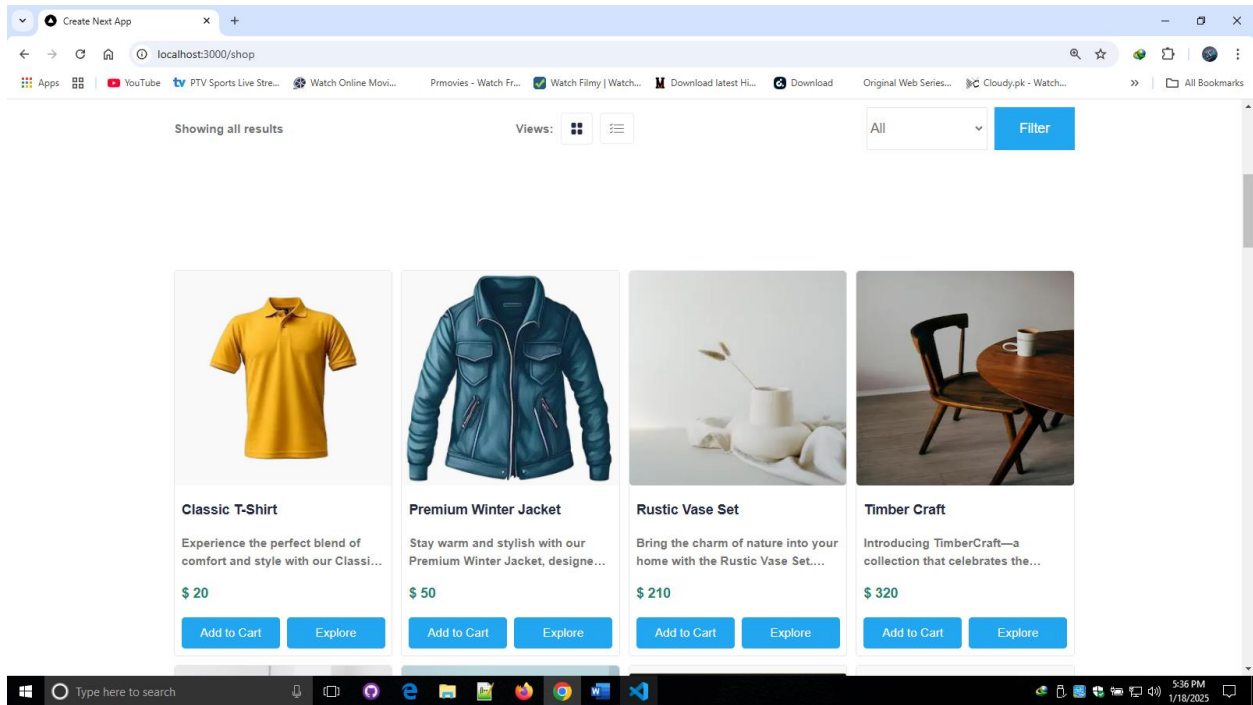
```
src > app > api > category > categories.tsx > [householdFetcher]
7  export const householdFetcher = (props) => {
8    const [category, setCategory] = useState([]);
9    console.log(category);
10
11   useEffect(() => {
12     const fetchData = async () => {
13       try {
14         const response = await client.fetch(
15           `*[_type == 'product'][category == 'household']
16           {
17             _id,
18             title,
19             price,
20             "productImage":productImage.asset->url,
21             description,
22             isNew,
23             tags[],
24             _type,
25           }
26         `);
27         setCategory(await response);
28       } catch (error) {
29         console.error("Error in fetching products", error);
30       }
31     };
32     fetchData();
33   }, []);
34   return category;
35 }
36
37 export const clothFetcher = () => {
38   const [category, setCategory] = useState([]);
39   console.log(category);
40
41   useEffect(() => {
42     const fetchData = async () => {
43       try {
44         const response = await client.fetch(
45           `*[_type == 'product'][category == 'cloths']
46           {
47             _id,
48             title,
49             price,
50             "productImage":productImage.asset->url,
51             description,
52             isNew,
53             tags[],
54             _type,
55           }
56         `);
57         setCategory(await response);
58       } catch (error) {
59         console.error("Error in fetching products", error);
60       }
61     };
62     fetchData();
63   }, []);
64   return category;
65 }
```

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2. Data Rendered on the Frontend:

- Screenshots showcasing successfully fetched data displayed on the website's homepage, product listings, and category sections.





3. Populated Sanity CMS Fields:

- Screenshots highlighting the fields populated in the Sanity CMS dashboard after successful migration and API integration.

