

The chronology of the Revelation of The Holy Quran

Secured in Preserved Tablet

بَلْ هُوَ قُرْآنٌ مَّجِيدٌ (٢١) فِي لَوْحٍ مَّحْفُوظٍ (٢٢) سورة البروج

Rather, it is the glorious Quran in the Preserved
Tablets

Descension took place twice

1. The whole of it had been sent from “*Bait Ul Izzah*” also known as “*Bait-ul-Mamoor*” a place of worship for angels that exists in the firmament facing ka’aba.
2. This descending took place at the night of **Qadr**.
3. This descending aimed to demonstrate the **exalted majesty** of the **Holy Quran**, and to tell the angels the finality of **Prophet Muhammad ﷺ** and this book.
4. Second time, it was revealed to the Holy Prophet gradually **as needed**.
5. Two-timed descending also aimed at stressing that this book is beyond all **doubts**.

Continued

6. It is preserved in two more places than the blessed heart of the Prohphet Muhammad ﷺ.
7. It completed in **23 years**.
8. Second descending began at the age of **40 year**.
9. the descending of the Holy quran in the month of Ramadhan. However, the exact date is not definite. **17th of Ramadhan**, the day of the **Battle of Badr**. **27th of Ramadhan** etc.

The verses that come first.

- ✓ Dreams
- ✓ Seclusion
- ✓ Angel came in **Cave of Hira.**

Continued

The very first verses to come were the **first five** verses of **Surah Al-Alaq**.

”إِقْرَأْ بِاسْمِ رَبِّكَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ (أ) خَلَقَ الْإِنْسَانَ مِنْ عَلَقٍ (ب) اقْرَأْ وَرَبُّكَ الْأَكْرَمُ (ج) الَّذِي عَلَّمَ بِالْقَلَمِ (د) عَلَّمَ الْإِنْسَانَ مَا لَمْ يَعْلَمْ“

Recite: In the Name of your Lord, who created.

Created man from a clinging clot.

Read: And your Lord is the Most Generous.

He Who taught by the pen. Taught man what he never knew.

Wahy discontinued for **three years**

- ✓ The wahy discontinued for three years.
- ✓ This era of discontinuation is also known as “Time of Fatrah”
- ✓ Then the same angel the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ had seen in the cave of came again and recited before him the verses of ***Surah Muddathir.***

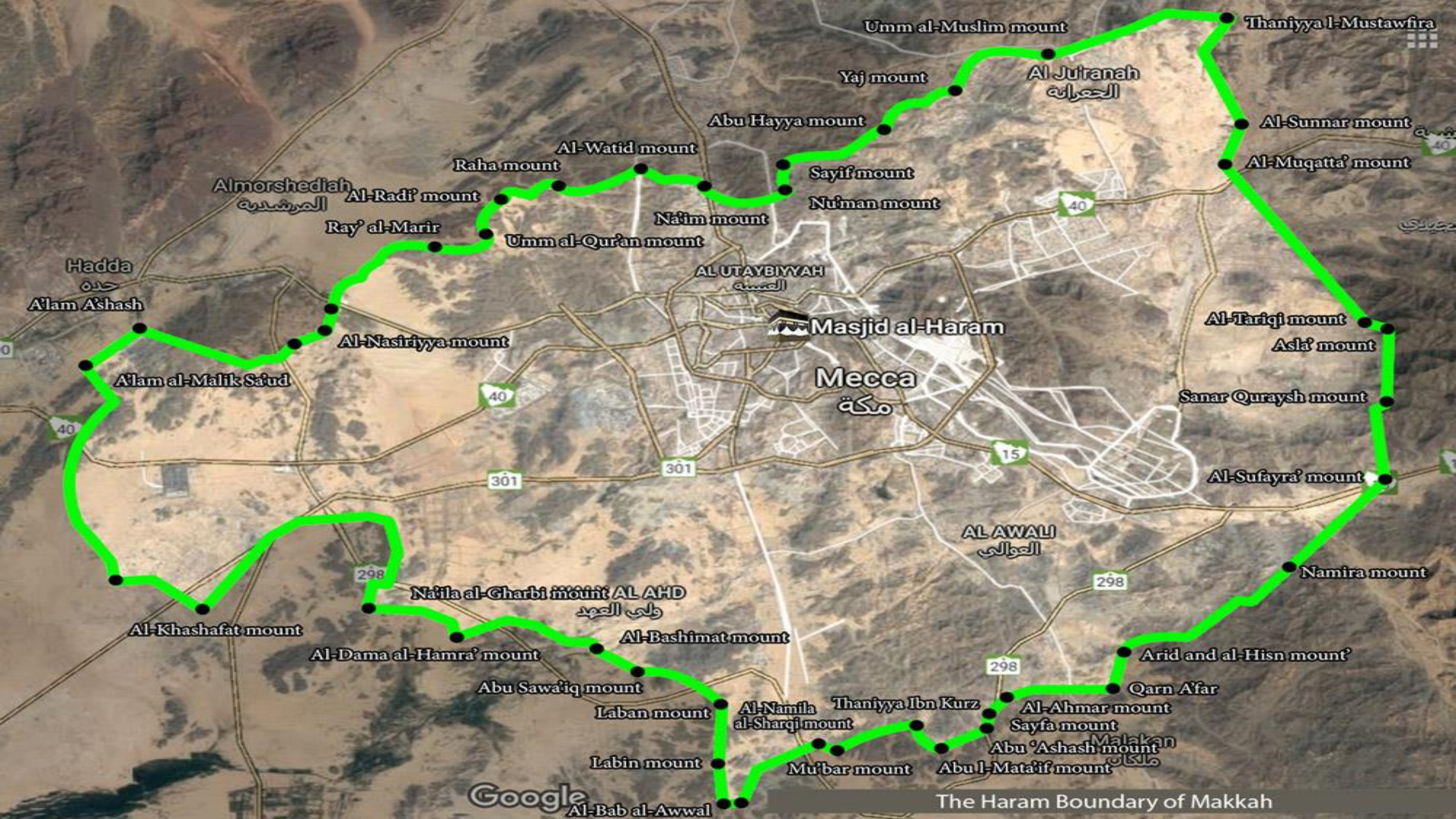
The Makki and Madani Verses

- ❖ Verses revealed **before migration to Medina** are called “**Makki Suras**” even in **Arafat, Mina** or during the **journey of Mairaj**.
- ❖ Verses revealed **after the migration to Medina** is called “**Madani Suras**”.
- ❖ Some verses revealed during the journey to M.edina are also “Makki”

إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَأْمُرُكُمْ أَنْ تُؤَدُّوا الْأَمَانَتِ إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهَا ۚ

Surely, Allah commands you to fulfil trust obligation towards those entitled to them.

- ❖ This verse is Madani although it was revealed in Makkah.



Umm al-Muslim mount
Yaj mount
Abu Hayya mount
Al-Watid mount
Raha mount
Al-Radi' mount
Ray' al-Marir
Umm al-Qur'an mount
Na'im mount
Sayif mount
Nu'man mount
Masjid al-Haram
Mecca
مكة
AL UTAYBIYAH
العتبة
Al-Nasiriyya mount
Alam al-Malik Sa'ud
Hadda
حده
A'lam A'shash
Almorshediah
المرشدية
Al-Ju'ranah
الجرانة
Thaniyya l-Mustawfira
Al-Sunnar mount
Al-Muqatta' mount
Al-Tariqi mount
Asla' mount
Sanar Quraysh mount
Al-Sufayra' mount
Namira mount
Arid and al-Hisn mount'
Qarn A'far
Al-Ahmar mount
Sayfa mount
Abu 'Ashash mount
Abu l-Mata'if mount
Mu'bar mount
Thaniyya Ibn Kurz
Al-Namila
al-Sharqi mount
Laban mount
Abu Sawa'iq mount
Al-Dama al-Hamra' mount
Al-Khashafat mount
Na'ila al-Gharbi mount
AL AHD
ولي العهد
Al-Bashimat mount
AL AWALI
العوالي
298
301
40
15
The Haram Boundary of Makkah
Google



مطار الأمير محمد بن
عبد العزيز الدولي
Prince Mohammad
Bin Abdulaziz
International Airport

المدينة
المنورة
Medina

حديقة
الملك فهد
King Fahd
Garden

جامعة طيبة
Taibah
University

الدعينة

الأمام البخاري
Imam Bukhari
Al Imam Muslim

Naif bin Abdulaziz

نايف بن عبدالعزيز

عبدالله بن الفضل

ميم بن يعز
زيد بن الدثنه

طريق الملك عبدالعزيز

King Abdullah Rd - Second Ring

حارة الأحامدة

حي الوبرة

عروه

Al Hijrah Rd

طريق الهجرة

طريق الملك عبدالله - الدائري الثاني

طريق الملك خالد - الدائري الثالث

طريق تبوك

Tabuk Rd

طريق السلام

As Salam Rd

Al Imam Muslim

العزيرة

الأمام ابن ماجة
Imam Tirmidhi

Yung Saud Rd

Naif bin Abdulaziz

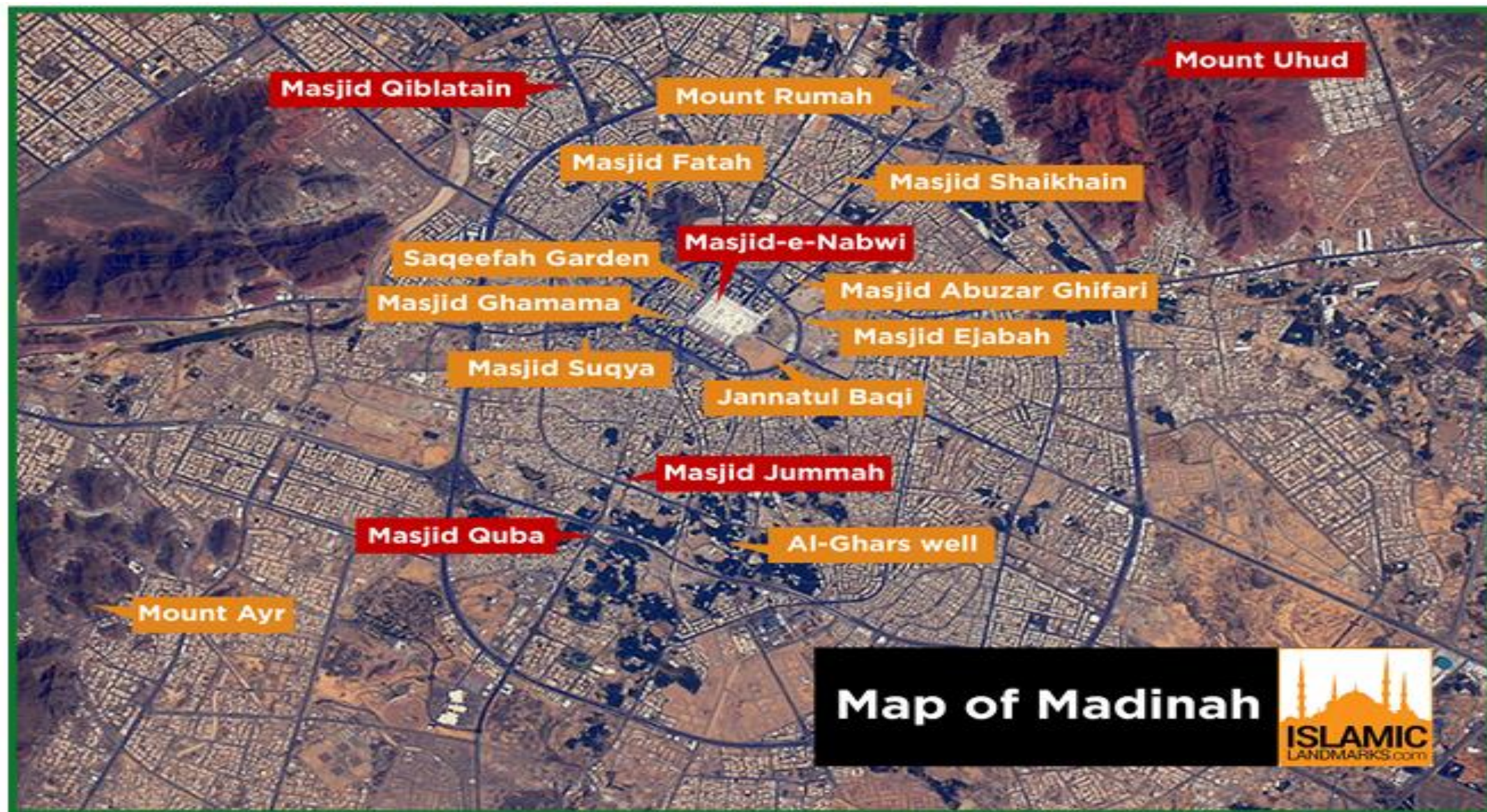
عمر بن الخطاب

طريق الهجرة

Omar bin Alkhattab

Al Malik Khawid Rd - 3rd Ring Rd

الخطبة الدائرية الثالثة



Map of Madinah



Characteristics of Makki and Madani Verses.

Some of the universal rules are as follow:

1. Every surah in which the word “ﻻ” appears is Makki. This word used 33 times in 15 verses. (All these are in the last half of the Quran.)
2. Verse of sajda are Makki Surahs, According to Hanafi school of thought.
3. Surah having the story of Adam (A.S) and Iblees, except Surah Baqara, is Makki.
4. Having permission of Jihad is Madani.
5. Mentioning the hypocrites of Madina is Madani.

Characteristics of Makki and Madani Verses. (continued)

General and mostly frequent characteristics.

1. يَا أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ Makki surah
2. يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا Madani surah..
3. Makki surahs are short and brief while Madani surahs and chapter are long.
4. The subject of Makki suras are Oneness of Allah, Prophethood, Qayamah...affirmation of life hereafter, panorama of resurrection, while in Madani surahs family, social laws, jihad etc.
5. In makki suras, the confrontation is with idolaters, while in madani suras is with the people of books, hypocrites.

The gradual revelation of the Holy Quran

Many purpose...

جزاكم الله خيرا

Thank you very much

The End.

