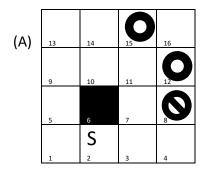
Intro to AI – Spring 2020 Homework 4

Description

In this programming homework, you will write a program that uses Q-learning algorithm to determine the best path to a goal state.

Format

Similar to the format described in the class, you will work with a 4*4 board. Each of the 16 squares has a unique index, as shown on the corner left of the two example boards in Figure 1. There are five special squares on the board. These five squares have the type of start, goal, forbidden, and wall squares. The remaining 11 squares are empty ordinary squares. The starting square (shown with the letter S) is fixed and always at square 2. The location of the two goals, forbidden, and wall squares are determined from the input. An agent has four possible actions of going to the north, east, south and west. The board is bounded from the sides.



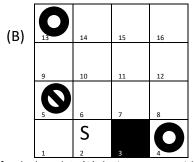


Figure 1 – Two of the possible formats for the board. In (A) the input starts with "15 12 8 6" and in (B) starts with "13 4 5 3".

Input

The input to your program consists of four numbers, one character, and possibly an additional number [# # # X (#)]. The first four numbers show the location of the goals, forbidden and wall squares respectively. Figure 1 shows two possible inputs and the corresponding board configuration based on each of those inputs. The remaining items in the input, determine the output format. The fourth item is either character "p" or "q", and if it's "q", there will be an additional number at the end. Item "p" refers to printing the optimal policy (Π^*), and "q" refers

to the optimal Q-values (Q*). You can assume that the five special square are distinct (not overlapping).

Implementation

You should use Q-learning to calculate the best action for each square to reach to the goal square. At the beginning, all of the Q-values are set to zero. The (hypothetical) agent should start from the S square. The agent iteratively updates the Q-values for each state, by following the main formula discussed in the class:

$$Q(s,a) \leftarrow (1-\alpha)Q(s,a) + \alpha[R(s,a,s') + \gamma \max_{a'} Q(s',a')]$$

In this problem, the living reward for every action (each step) is r=-0.1. The discount rate is γ = 0.2 and learning rate α = 0.1. The reward for performing the exit action (the only available action) in both two goal squares is +100, and for the forbidden square, is -100. The agent cannot enter or pass through the wall square. After hitting the wall, the agent's position will not be updated. It will remain in same square and will keep getting -0.1 reward every time it hits wall. For the purpose of exploring the board, use an ϵ -greedy method with ϵ = 0.1. This means that with the probability ϵ , the agent acts randomly, and with the probability 1- ϵ , it acts on current policy.

Convergence

If needed, you can consider two-digit precision (#.##) for checking for conversion (i.e. for checking if any Q-value changes). You can also set a maximum number of iterations to 10,000. After conversion, you can set ε = 0. In other words, stop when either of the two criteria was met.

Output

If the input contains "p", your program has to print the best action that should be chosen for each square or in other words print Π^* . To do this, in separate lines print: each state's index and the action. Here is an example:

Input:

15 12 8 6 p

Output (possible):

 $2 \rightarrow$

3 ↑

4 ←

5 个

7 个

9 →

10 →

11 →

If the input contains "q" following a number n, the program has to print the four Q-values associated with each of the four possible actions in the state that has index n. Here is an example:

Input:

15 12 8 6 q 11

Output (possible):

↑ 0 → 99.23

← 90.45

↓ 78.39

Programming Language

As previously discussed you can use any language that the TA approves. Name the submitted file "hw4", so that a program in Python can be run as follows:

\$ python hw4.py <input>

User Interface

Only basic text (command line) interface is required. If you want, you can use a visual user interface (like textbox and buttons) for input and output. You are welcome to show the board and the agent's movement and learning process. Make sure it's clear how the program operates and how the output can be interpreted. The steps taken to reach the goal have to be clear from the output. Show Π and Q-values clearly.

Checking Results

You can and are encouraged to post your results (input-output pairs) on Piazza to double-check them with other students.

Grading

Total points will be 100. You will receive 30 points for printing correct output (10 for Π , and 20 for Q-values). Do not worry about slight differences among your outputs, as long as the code works fine. The remaining 70 points will be given to your implementation.

Final Note

Note that this homework might take longer than the previous programming homework for you to finish. The late sublimation policy will be strictly followed.

Questions?

Post them on Piazza.