Mobiumi introductive privind controlul (comanda)
ristomelor dimanuice (partea I)

Siviem dinami'c

(manu'c

$$\frac{1}{2}(t) = f(n(t), u(t)), \quad \text{while: } \hat{x}(t) := \frac{dx(t)}{dt}$$

$$y(t) = g(x(t), u(t)), \quad ||||$$

unde

we R - rectoral statutor (in carul satetitutu x=[wx wy wy]

we iR - rectoral cornecisitor

y ER - rectoral ieșititor manutate

Aproximales prom limativare a sistemelor dinamice

Definitive Se numerte princt de echilibri, perechea (x_0, u_0) puntou care $f(x_0, u_0) = 0$

Dervoltatie in serve Toylor in juril princhitus de éclitor (20,40) $\int (x,u) = \int (x_0,u_0) + \frac{1}{1!} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right) \left(x-x_0\right) + \frac{1}{1!} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial u}\right) \left(x-u_0\right) + \frac{1}{1!} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial u}\right) \left(x$

Resulte affet:

$$\vec{x} = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)_{(x_0, u_0)} (x - x_0) + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial u}\right)_{(x_0, u_0)} (u - u_0)$$

Notand x-xo= Sx ni u-uo = Su

$$=) \quad \dot{x} = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)_{(20, 40)} \delta_{x} + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial u}\right)_{(20, 40)} \delta_{u}$$

2 = Adx + Bdu

Dar $\hat{x} = \overline{x-x_0} = \delta \hat{x}$ dea dea dre + Bolu

Poutru simplificalea notatiei, Sx = x à Jue u

resultind affel

L'ecatile (2) represente forma liviarisata in jurul punchehi.

de echilibre (20, 40) a sistemale relieure (1).

Observatie Peutru un alt punct de echilibre (Xo, Wo) se oblin alle matrici A, B, C, D in eauchile (2).

Depivitive Representation (1) in (2) se numed representation my apatical Adaritor ale sistemation dissaurice coveri derast.

Solutia ematiei di perendah (2)

$$2(4) = e^{4t}$$

$$2(0) + \int e^{4(t-7)} \beta u(7) d7$$
(3)

unde $e^{At} = I_n + \frac{1}{1!}(At) + \frac{1}{2!}(At)^2 + \dots$ $\left(e^2 + 1 + \frac{2}{1!} + \frac{2}{2!} + \dots\right)$

e At se sumeste matricea fundamentalà a sistembui (2)

Keptercentatea intrare-venire a sistemetor dinaemice limitare Fre 24) = Ax4) + Bud) an 200) = 0. Aplic transformata Laplace Left) = Je fast =: Fa; 170) = A70) + BUG), 160! => (xa)= 65-A) Bun) (4) = > (JJ-A)2a) = Bua) Aplicand transformata Laplace is in ecuation 74) = (24) + Duct), ya) = (20) + Dua) deci, utilisand expresia xcs) du (4) se obtine ya)= ((15-A) B+D] ua) (5) Defiliate Expressa HW)= = (15-A) B+D (6) se numerte function de transper a sistemulii (2).

Observatio a notation (6), eccentia (5) de vine

ya)= Ha). ha)

Stabilitatea sistemelos dinamice limiare

Definitive Sistemal limiar $\hat{x} = Ax + Bu$ or numeric statil exponential (intern) dacă peutru udt) = 0, solutia xdt) a ecuchiei di fetentiale $\hat{x} = Ax$ are proprietatea că line xdt = 0 + x(0) (sau, echivalut, dacă line $e^{At}x(0) = 0$) $e^{At}x(0) = 0$) $e^{At}x(0) = 0$

Terema fundamentala

nume ai dacë volorite propri ale matricie A au pathea heale me gativa
b) Sixtual climiar cu functia de transfer 1765) este statil

daca a numeai daca polis functies H(S) au palka heala

negativà.