#### In The Name of God



#### **Model Predictive Control**

Fall Semester of 2024 Dr. A. Nikoofard



## Exercise 4 **Hybrid MPC and Explicit MPC**

#### **Analytical and Simulation Questions**

## **Question 1**

## **Problem Description**

• Consider the Two-DOF quarter-car model with an active suspension depicted in Figure 1:

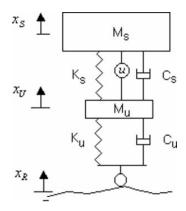


Figure 1: Two-DOF quarter-car model with an active suspension

The state-space model of the system is as follows:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \\ \dot{x}_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{c_S}{M_S} & -\frac{k_S}{M_S} & \frac{c_S}{M_S} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ -\frac{k_U}{M_U} & \frac{c_S}{M_U} & \frac{k_S + k_U}{M_U} & -\frac{c_S + c_U}{M_U} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{c_S c_U}{M_S M_U} \\ -\frac{c_U}{M_U} \\ (\frac{c_U}{M_U})(\frac{k_U}{c_U} - \frac{c_S}{M_U} - \frac{c_U}{M_U}) \end{bmatrix} d + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{M_S} \\ 0 \\ -\frac{1}{M_U} \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} d + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$

Table 1 presents the parameter values:

Table 1: Vehicle Parameter Values

Parameter	Value
Vehicle Mass $(M_S)$	2500 kg
Unsprung Mass $(M_U)$	320 kg
Suspension Stiffness $(k_S)$	80,000 N/m
Tire Stiffness $(k_U)$	500,000 N/m
Suspension Damping $(c_S)$	350 Ns/m
Tire Damping $(c_U)$	15,020 Ns/m

• Incorporate the first disturbance signal (see Figure 2) as the disturbance d.

## Part A: Design of Linear MPC with the First Disturbance

- Choose prediction horizon  $N_p$  and control horizon  $N_c$ .
- ullet Choose weights Q which penalizes deviations in state variables, and R which penalizes control effort.
- Apply constraints on control inputs (u) and states (x) as necessary.

#### **Implementation**

- Discretize the continuous-time state-space model.
- ullet Simulate the system using MATLAB with the disturbance d.

#### **Analysis**

- Evaluate system performance: root-mean-square error (RMSE) of  $x_1$  and  $x_3$ , and control effort (u).
- Compare with a baseline (e.g., uncontrolled system or PID controller).

#### Part B: Tube MPC with the First Disturbance

#### **Motivation for Tube MPC**

- Address model uncertainties or external disturbances.
- Ensure robust performance and constraint satisfaction.

#### **Tube MPC Design**

- Use Linear MPC as a nominal controller.
- Augment with a PID controller to define a robust invariant tube around the nominal trajectory.
- Define tightened constraints and weights to ensure the nominal trajectory remains feasible under disturbance d.

#### **Implementation**

- Include the given disturbance (Figure 2) in the analysis.
- Simulate the Tube MPC with MATLAB/Simulink, observing how the control effort *u* compensates for *d*.

#### **Analysis**

- Compare performance metrics, control effort u) against Linear MPC.
- Highlight improvements in robustness and disturbance rejection.

# Part C: Explicit MPC and Explicit Tube MPC with the First Disturbance Explicit MPC

- Tube MPC Design:
  - Design a Explicit MPC controller using the parameters obtained in part A.

## • Implementation:

- Implement the explicit MPC controller in simulation.
- Evaluate the performance of the Explicit MPC controller with the given disturbance (Figure 2).

## • Analysis:

- Compare the performance of Explicit MPC with Linear MPC in part A.

## **Explicit Tube MPC**

- Tube MPC Design:
  - Design a robust tube MPC controller using the techniques discussed in Part B.

## • Implementation:

- Implement the explicit tube MPC controller in simulation.
- Evaluate the performance of the explicit tube MPC controller with the given disturbance (Figure 2).

## Analysis:

Compare the performance of explicit tube MPC with standard tube MPC.

## **Figures**

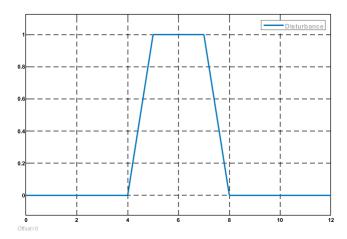


Figure 2: Disturbance Signal

#### Hint

- For the stability of system you should change and tune the MPC blocks weights.
- For the range of states in Explicit MPC, you should consider 8 states.

## **Question 2**

## **Problem Description**

Design a Hybrid Model Predictive Controller (MPC) for a two-state switched dynamical system, named the **Two-State Switched Oscillator**. The system has the following dynamics:

## 1. Continuous Dynamics (Two Modes):

• Mode 1:

$$\dot{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} x(t) + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$

• Mode 2:

$$\dot{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 \\ -4 & -4 \end{bmatrix} x(t) + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$

- 2. Switching Conditions:
  - The mode switches from **Mode 1 to Mode 2** when  $x_1(t) > 5$ .
  - The mode switches from **Mode 2 to Mode 1** when  $x_1(t) < -5$ .
- 3. Output Equation:

$$y(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x(t)$$

- 4. Constraints:
  - State constraints:  $-30 \le x_1(t) \le 30$
  - Control constraints:  $-30 \le u(t) \le 30$
- 5. Weights:
  - Output weight: Q = 5
  - Control weight: R = 0.1
- 6. Initial states:
  - Use the initial states  $x(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- 7. Reference Signal: The reference signal is a sinusoidal trajectory defined as:

$$r(t) = 20\sin(\frac{2\pi}{20}t)$$

This represents the desired output trajectory that the system should track.

#### **Tasks**

- 1. Hybrid MPC Problem Formulation:
  - Incorporate the state and control constraints.
- 2. Performance Analysis:
  - Simulate the closed-loop system with the Hybrid MPC controller for 50 seconds.

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- Plot:
  - Output trajectory y(t)
  - Control input u(t)
  - Mode switch signal S(t) over time.

- Reference signal r(t) alongside the output y(t).

#### 3. Discussion:

- Discuss the behavior of the system under Hybrid MPC, particularly focusing on:
  - How the controller manages switching between modes.
  - How the controller handles constraints and tracks the sinusoidal reference.

## **Notes on Submission**

- Submit a single PDF with analytical solutions, simulation reports, and explanations.
- Include MATLAB and Simulink files in a folder named Simulation.
- Use LaTeX for a 10% bonus and include source files in a folder named LaTeX.
- Submit a single ZIP file named HW#-StudentID-StudentName.
- Late submissions will incur a 10% deduction per day.