

# Mohasebati

September 26, 2024

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[22]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from skimage.morphology import skeletonize
from skimage.draw import polygon

#
def read_points(file_path):
    points = []
    with open(file_path, 'r') as file:
        for line in file:
            x, y = map(float, line.strip().split(','))
            points.append((x, y))
    return np.array(points)

#
def create_binary_image(points, img_size):
    img = np.zeros(img_size, dtype=np.uint8)
    rr, cc = polygon(points[:, 1], points[:, 0])
    img[rr, cc] = 1
    return img

#
def compute_medial_axis(binary_image):
    skeleton = skeletonize(binary_image)
    return skeleton

#
def find_contours(binary_image):
    contours = []
    visited = np.zeros_like(binary_image, dtype=bool)
    directions = [(-1, 0), (1, 0), (0, -1), (0, 1)]

    def is_border(x, y):
        for dx, dy in directions:
            nx, ny = x + dx, y + dy
            if nx < 0 or nx >= binary_image.shape[0] or ny < 0 or ny >= binary_image.shape[1]:
                return True
        return False

    for y in range(binary_image.shape[0]):
        for x in range(binary_image.shape[1]):
            if binary_image[y, x] == 1 and not visited[y, x]:
                if is_border(x, y):
                    contours.append((x, y))
                visited[y, x] = True
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        continue
    if binary_image[nx, ny] == 0:
        return True
    return False

for i in range(1, binary_image.shape[0] - 1):
    for j in range(1, binary_image.shape[1] - 1):
        if binary_image[i, j] == 1 and is_border(i, j) and not visited[i, j]:
            contour = []
            stack = [(i, j)]
            while stack:
                x, y = stack.pop()
                if visited[x, y]:
                    continue
                visited[x, y] = True
                contour.append((x, y))
                for dx, dy in directions:
                    nx, ny = x + dx, y + dy
                    if 0 <= nx < binary_image.shape[0] and 0 <= ny <
→binary_image.shape[1]:
                        if binary_image[nx, ny] == 1 and not visited[nx, ny]:
                            stack.append((nx, ny))
            contours.append(contour)
    return contours

#
def plot_medial_axis(points, medial_axis):
    plt.figure()
    plt.imshow(medial_axis, cmap='gray')
    plt.scatter(points[:, 0], points[:, 1], c='red', s=1)
    plt.title('Medial Axis')
    plt.show()

#
def reconstruct_shape(contours):
    plt.figure()
    for contour in contours:
        contour = np.array(contour)
        plt.plot(contour[:, 1], contour[:, 0], 'b-')
    plt.title('Reconstructed Shape')
    plt.gca().invert_yaxis()
    plt.show()

#
file_path = 'horse-2D.txt' #
#

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points = read_points(file_path)

#
img_size = (int(points[:, 1].max()) + 1, int(points[:, 0].max()) + 1)

#
binary_image = create_binary_image(points, img_size)

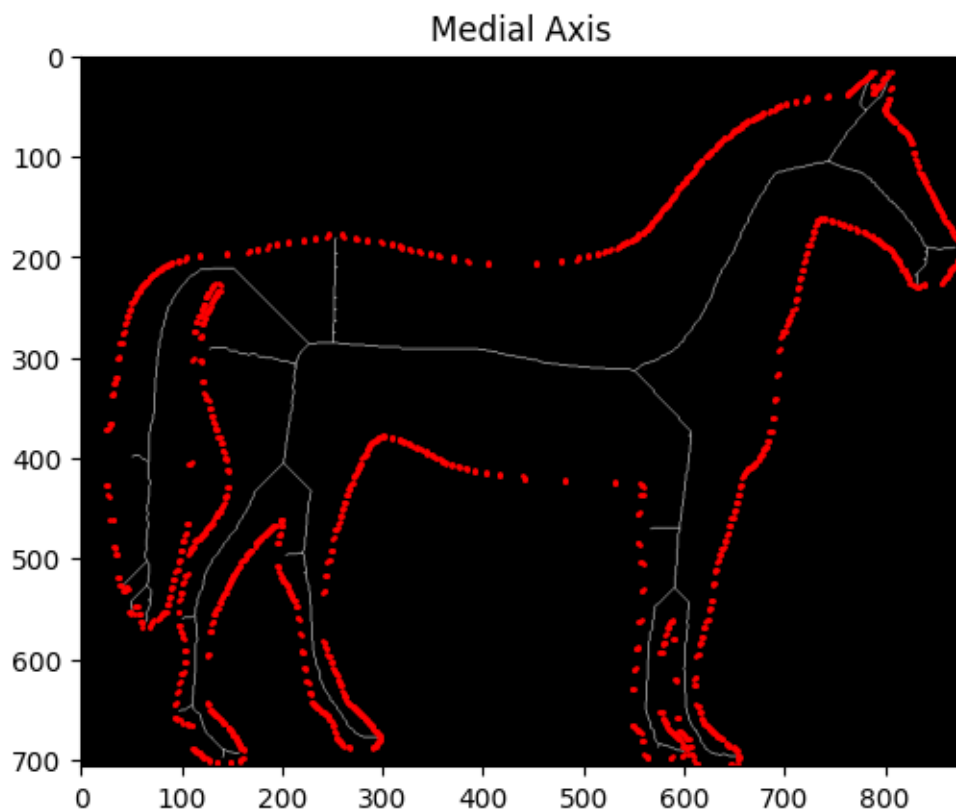
#
medial_axis = compute_medial_axis(binary_image)

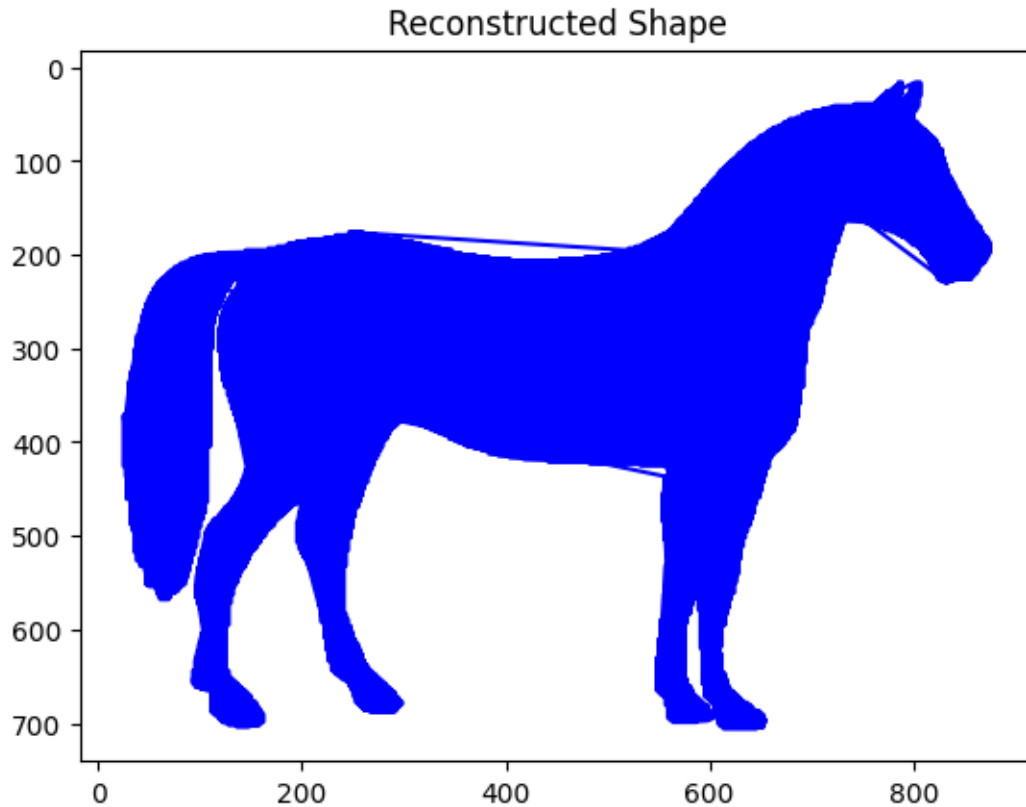
#
contours = find_contours(binary_image)

#
plot_medial_axis(points, medial_axis)

#
reconstruct_shape(contours)

```





```
[20]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from skimage.morphology import skeletonize, dilation
from skimage.draw import polygon
from scipy.ndimage import binary_fill_holes

#
def read_points(file_path):
    points = []
    with open(file_path, 'r') as file:
        for line in file:
            x, y = map(float, line.strip().split(','))
            points.append((x, y))
    return np.array(points)

#
def create_binary_image(points, img_size):
    img = np.zeros(img_size, dtype=np.uint8)
    rr, cc = polygon(points[:, 1], points[:, 0])
    img[rr, cc] = 1
    return img
```

```

#
def compute_medial_axis(binary_image):
    skeleton = skeletonize(binary_image)
    return skeleton

#
def reconstruct_shape_from_medial_axis(medial_axis):
    dilated_image = dilation(medial_axis, footprint=np.ones((3, 3)))
    filled_image = binary_fill_holes(dilated_image)
    return filled_image

#
def plot_original_points(points):
    plt.figure()
    plt.scatter(points[:, 0], points[:, 1], c='red', s=1)
    plt.title('Original Points')
    plt.gca().invert_yaxis()
    plt.show()

#
def plot_binary_image(binary_image):
    plt.figure()
    plt.imshow(binary_image, cmap='gray')
    plt.title('Binary Image')
    plt.show()

#
def plot_medial_axis(medial_axis):
    plt.figure()
    plt.imshow(medial_axis, cmap='gray')
    plt.title('Medial Axis')
    plt.show()

#
def plot_reconstructed_shape(reconstructed_shape):
    plt.figure()
    plt.imshow(reconstructed_shape, cmap='gray')
    plt.title('Reconstructed Shape')
    plt.show()

#
file_path = 'horse-2D.txt' #

#
points = read_points(file_path)

```

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#
img_size = (int(points[:, 1].max()) + 1, int(points[:, 0].max()) + 1)

#
plot_original_points(points)

#
binary_image = create_binary_image(points, img_size)

#
plot_binary_image(binary_image)

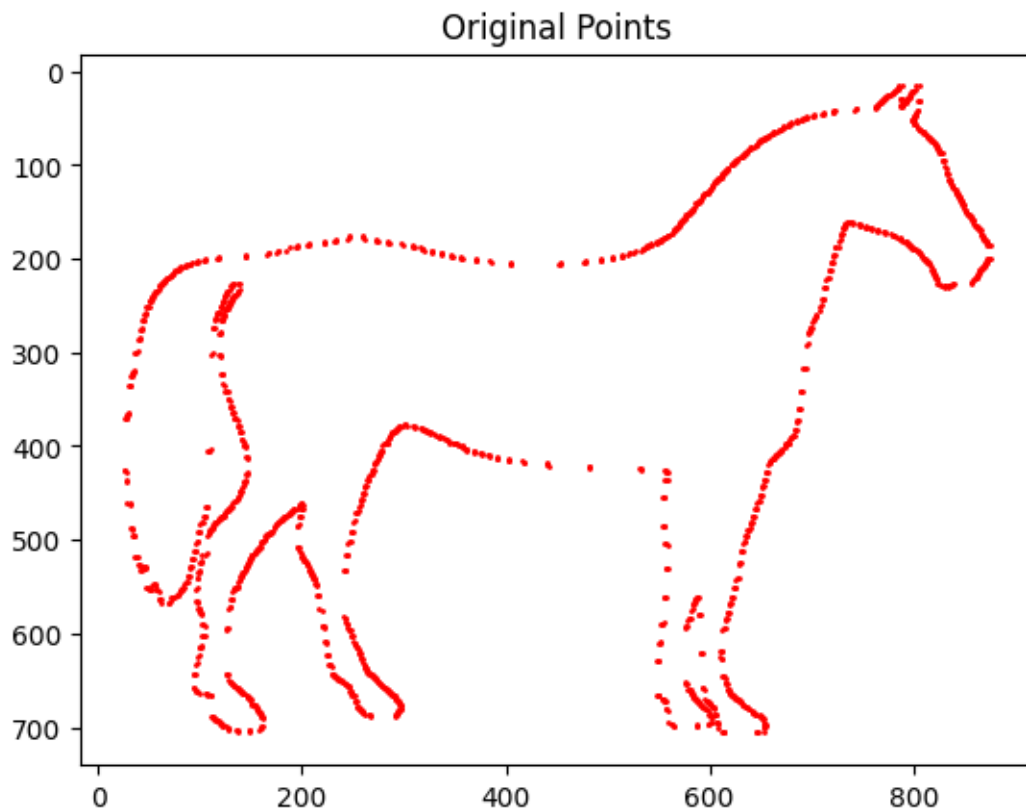
#
medial_axis = compute_medial_axis(binary_image)

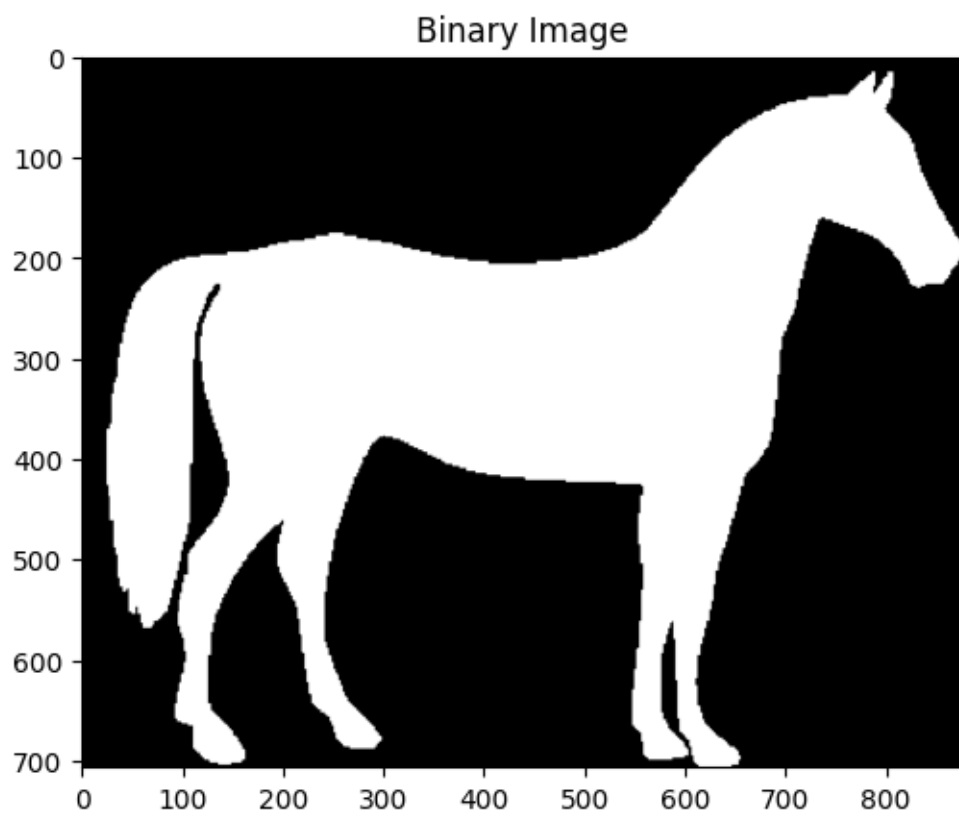
#
plot_medial_axis(medial_axis)

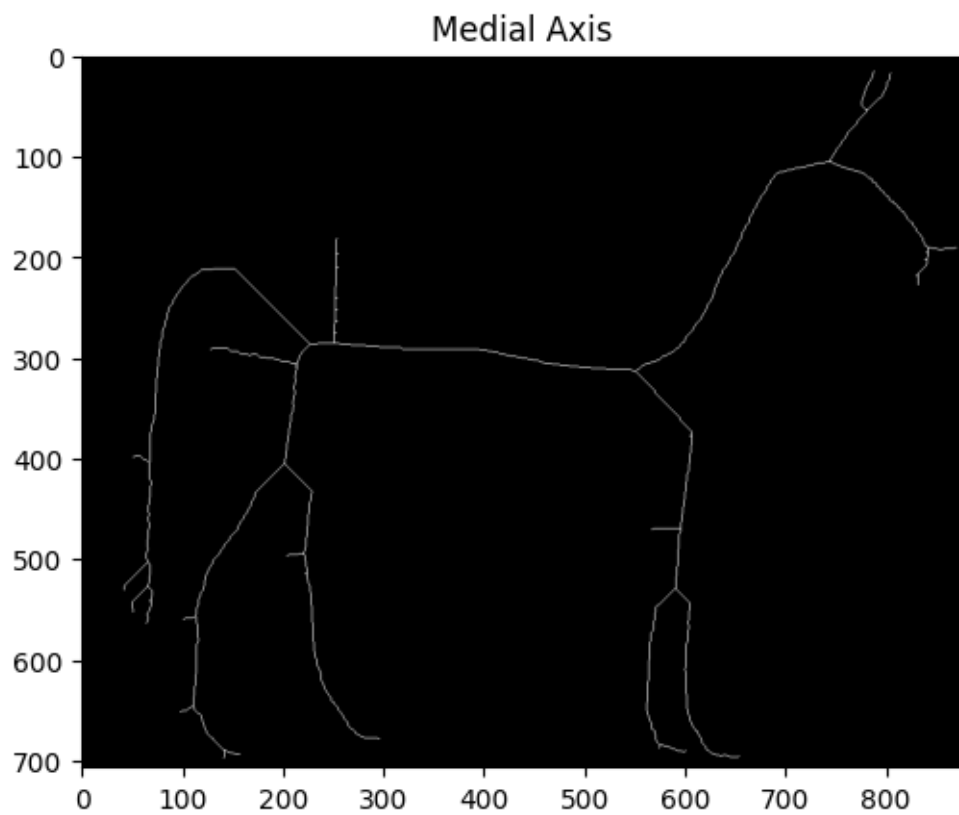
#
reconstructed_shape = reconstruct_shape_from_medial_axis(medial_axis)

#
plot_reconstructed_shape(reconstructed_shape)

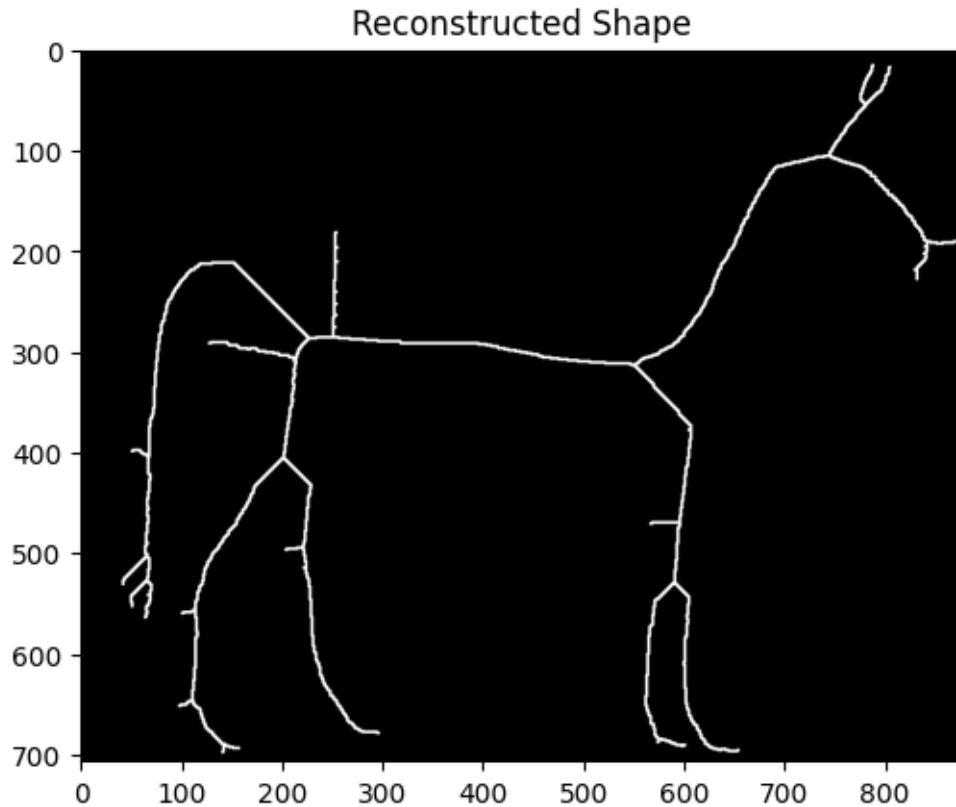
```











```
[21]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy.spatial import Delaunay
from skimage.morphology import skeletonize
from skimage.draw import polygon

#
def read_points(file_path):
    points = []
    with open(file_path, 'r') as file:
        for line in file:
            x, y = map(float, line.strip().split(','))
            points.append((x, y))
    return np.array(points)

#
def create_binary_image(points, img_size):
    img = np.zeros(img_size, dtype=np.uint8)
    rr, cc = polygon(points[:, 1], points[:, 0])
    img[rr, cc] = 1
    return img
```

```

#
def compute_medial_axis(binary_image):
    skeleton = skeletonize(binary_image)
    return skeleton

#
def reconstruct_shape_with_delaunay(points):
    tri = Delaunay(points)
    return tri

#
def plot_original_points(points):
    plt.figure()
    plt.scatter(points[:, 0], points[:, 1], c='red', s=1)
    plt.title('Original Points')
    plt.gca().invert_yaxis()
    plt.show()

#
def plot_binary_image(binary_image):
    plt.figure()
    plt.imshow(binary_image, cmap='gray')
    plt.title('Binary Image')
    plt.show()

#
def plot_medial_axis(medial_axis):
    plt.figure()
    plt.imshow(medial_axis, cmap='gray')
    plt.title('Medial Axis')
    plt.show()

#
def plot_reconstructed_shape(points, tri):
    plt.figure()
    plt.triplot(points[:, 0], points[:, 1], tri.simplices)
    plt.plot(points[:, 0], points[:, 1], 'o')
    plt.gca().invert_yaxis()
    plt.title('Reconstructed Shape')
    plt.show()

#
file_path = 'horse-2D.txt' #

#
points = read_points(file_path)

```

```
#
img_size = (int(points[:, 1].max()) + 1, int(points[:, 0].max()) + 1)

#
plot_original_points(points)

#
binary_image = create_binary_image(points, img_size)

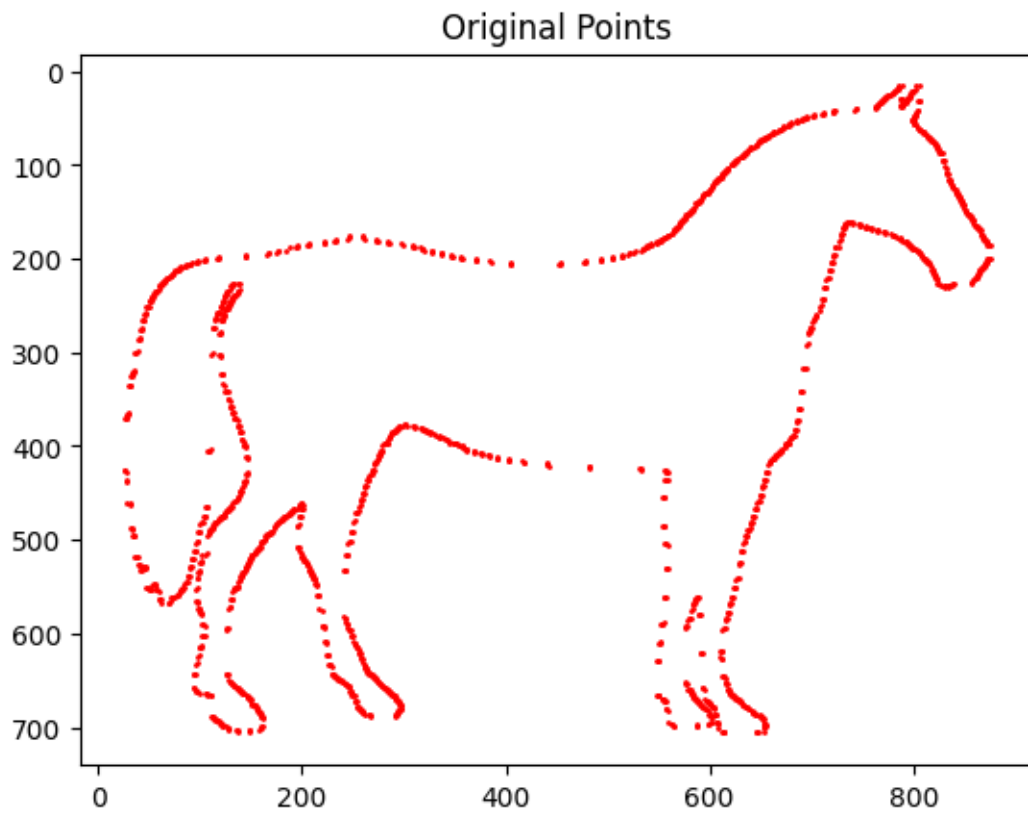
#
plot_binary_image(binary_image)

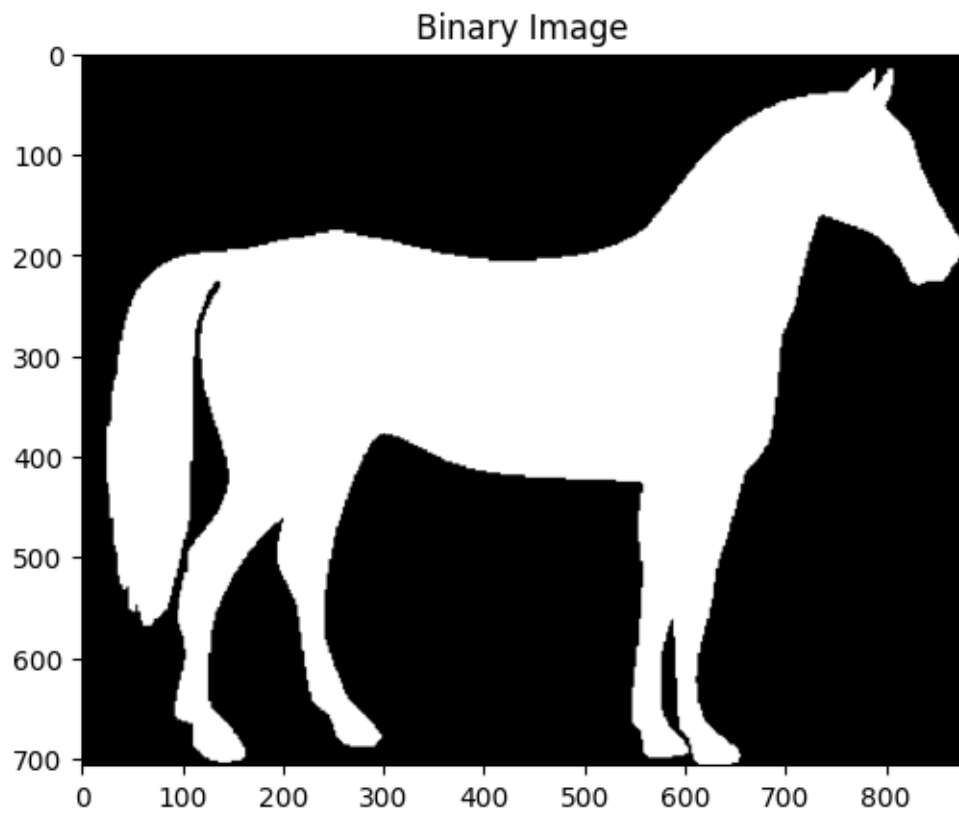
#
medial_axis = compute_medial_axis(binary_image)

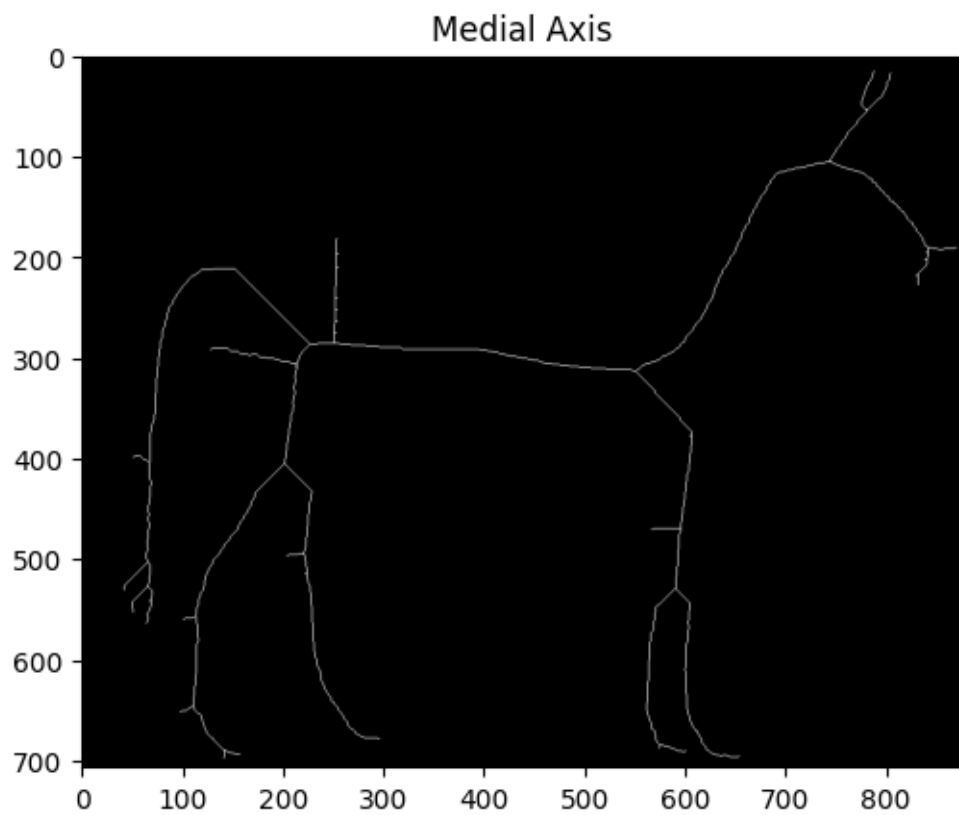
#
plot_medial_axis(medial_axis)

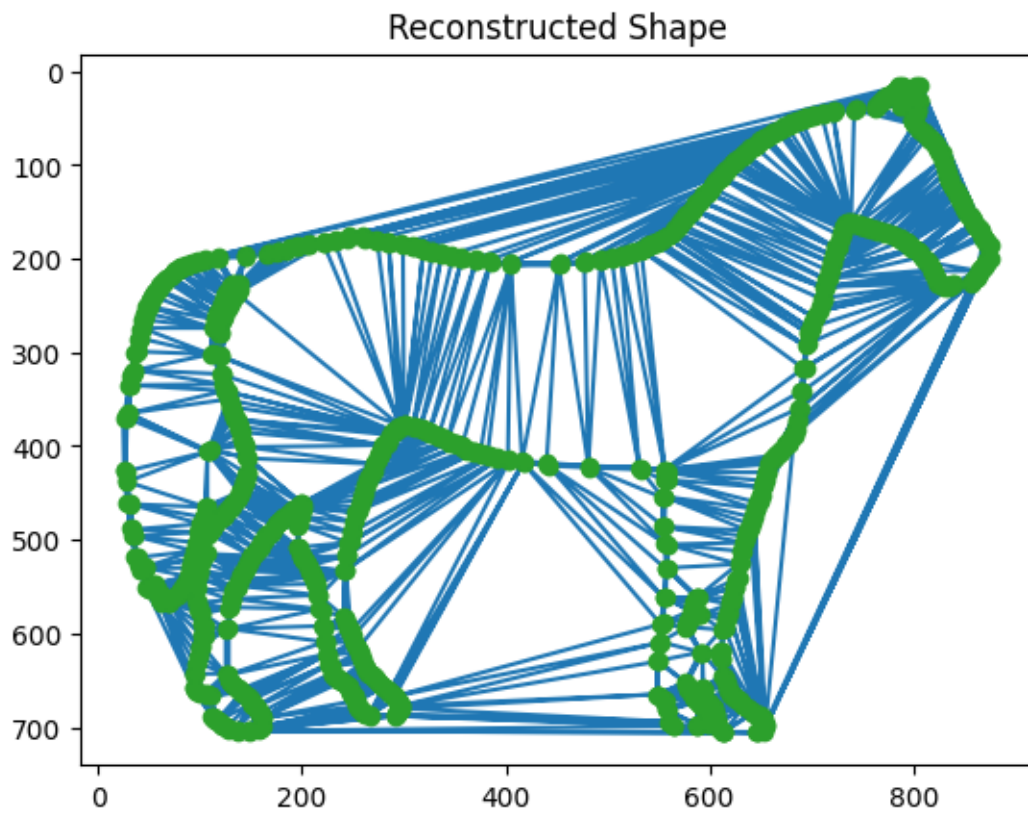
#
tri = reconstruct_shape_with_delaunay(points)

#
plot_reconstructed_shape(points, tri)
```









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